IT'S YOUR VICTORY AND YOUR LOAN—INVEST IN IT!

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers Thursday and Friday; moderate winds, mostly south.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,377 .... NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1919. THIRTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HOPE SEEN OF ITALY ACCEPTING ADRIATIC COMPROMISE; KIAO-CHAU QUESTION SETTLED; MUNICH SOVIET OVERTHROWN; DISCOVER PLOT, NATION WIDE, TO KILL WITH BOMBS IN MAILS

36 WERE MARKED AS VICTIMS BY BOMB CONSPIRERS

Infernal Machines, All Mailed Here, Sent Broadcast on Different Dates.

FIND 16 AT POST OFFICE

Authorities Declare Them the Most Deadly Contrivances in Their Experience.

NOTED MEN PICKED OUT

Burleson, Rockefeller, Landis, Justice Holmes, and Palmer Among Intended Recipients.

A nation-wide bomb conspiracy, which the police authorities say has every earmark of I. W. W.-Bolshevik origin, directed against the lives of some of the most prominent men in this country, including Postmaster General A. S. Burleson, Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, Justice O. W. Holmes of the Supreme Court, Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis of Chicago, Mayor John F. Hylan, John D. Rockefeller, J. P. Morgan, Mayor Ole Hanson of Seattle, and more than a score of other persons of prominence in the official or business life of the country, has been discovered as a result of the receipt of bombs by Mayor Hanson and ex-United States Senator Thomas W. Hardwick of Georgia. Up to 10 o'clock last night thirty-six of the bombs, all of which were found in the mails, had been accounted for by the Post Office authorities, who frankly admit that they expect to find more in the next forty-eight hours.

All of the bombs accounted for thus far were mailed from this city. Those sent to the Pacific Coast were mailed on April 22, and those found in this city addressed to persons in this city or other Eastern points were received at the general Post Office, Thirty-third Street and Eight Avenue at 8 o'clock on last Saturday night, just four days after the bombs addressed to the Far West were mailed. The difference in dates, the Federal authorities pointed out, plainly indicated that the conspirators had sought to arrange for a delivery of the bombs on the same day in all parts of the country.

The names of the persons to whom the bombs were addressed, with the exception of fourteen now held in post offices on the Pacific Coast, were made public yesterday afternoon by the postal authorities in this city. The names disclosed were:

Associate Justice OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES of the Supreme Court of the United States.
Attorney General A. MITCHELL PALMER.
Postmaster General ALBERT S. BURLESON.
United States Judge KENESAW MOUNTAIN LANDIS of Chicago.
Mayor JOHN F. HYLAN of New York.
Mayor OLE HANSON of Seattle.
Secretary of Labor WILLIAM B. WILSON.
JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.
J. P. MORGAN.
Police Commissioner RICHARD ENRIGHT of New York.
FREDERIC C. HOWE, Commissioner of Immigration on Ellis Island.
ANTHONY CAMINETTI, United States Commissioner of Immigration, Washington.
WILLIAM H. LAMAR, Solicitor of the Post Office Department, Washington.
W. H. FUNCK, Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation, New York City.
THOMAS W. HARDWICK, Atlanta, former United States Senator from Georgia.
CHARLES M. FICKERT, District Attorney, San Francisco.
EDWARD CUNHA, Assistant District Attorney, San Francisco.
W. M. WOOD of Boston.
Governor WILLIAM C. SPROUL of Pennsylvania.
W. J. SHAFFER, Attorney General of Pennsylvania.
T. LARRY EYRE of Chester, Penn.
JOHN L. BURNETT, Chairman of the Immigration Committee of the House of Representatives.

Basis of I. W. W. Suspicion.

The I. W. W.-Bolshevik suspicion entertained by the Federal and local authorities is strengthened because of the past activities of some of the men to whom the bombs were mailed. Judge Landis presided at the great I. W. W. trial in Chicago last year, which ended with the conviction of nearly 100 I. W. W. members, including William D. Haywood, the national leader of that organization. District Attorney Fickert of San Francisco prosecuted the famous San Francisco bomb case which ended with the conviction of Thomas J. Mooney, in whose behalf the radical elements in this country have been agitating for months. Justice Holmes has sustained the decisions of the lower courts in a number of cases involving the loyalty of ultra-radicals, while Commissioner Caminetti, Commissioner Howe, and Attorney General Palmer were all concerned in the orders issued some weeks ago for the deportation of alien agitators who were concerned in the Seattle, Spokane,

Continued on Page Three.

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST, WARDMAN PARK HOTEL. Write for information. H. Albert, (formerly Mgr. The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.) —Advt.

Swiss Will Build a Palace as Seat of League of Nations

GENEVA, April 29.—A palace for the permanent seat of the League of Nations will be constructed on one of several beautiful sites along Lake Geneva, near the city. In the meantime the city authorities will place the Palais Eynard, near the university, at the disposition of the delegates.

Flags and other decorations were flung out in Geneva today and tomorrow will be a public holiday. The State Council will hold a special session in the morning in honor of the selection of Geneva as the seat of the League.

GREAT TIEUP FACES PARIS ON MAY DAY

Transportation, Hotels, and Every Form of Public Service Will Shut Down Today.

PEACE ENVOYS MUST WALK

No Car for Wilson, Street Accidents Being Feared — European Disorders Not Expected.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless and Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—In addition to the other precautions taken to prevent disorders on May Day, General Harts, commanding the American troops in Paris, has issued orders that no American military motor cars be operated tomorrow.

It is explained that this was done for fear of accidents due to the great crowds expected to be on the streets. The cars of members of the American peace delegation are affected. Even President Wilson will have to walk.

The general strike for one day will mean a complete suspension of transportation, including taxicabs. All restaurants will be closed except possibly those occupied by various Peace Commissioners.

Secretary Lansing, Colonel House, and other American plenipotentiaries who reside at the Hotel Crillon have taken the precaution, however, to lay in a supply of food. At the hotel where some members of THE NEW YORK TIMES staff are quartered, food for tomorrow was placed in their rooms by the hotel management tonight, with a statement that there would be no waiters to serve it.

The Paris labor unions have decided to make the demonstrations against the advice of the French Labor Syndicate. The Government has forbidden parades and will hold Colonial and Provincial troops in reserve. On previous May days troops have been stationed at central points. There is a widespread opinion that there will be no trouble. Yet it is doubtful if any press dispatches leave Paris tomorrow on account of the absence of telegraph operators.

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—In the May Day suspension of work the drug stores will not even fill urgent prescriptions. The theatres, music halls and other places of amusement will not be open, and no newspapers will be published.

The decision of the restaurants and hotels not to serve food means that about 750,000 persons in Paris will go hungry, unless they have the foresight to lay in supplies, as it is estimated that this number of persons take all their meals at public eating places. In the hotels there will be no service of any character—not even hot water for a bath or a shave.

As a prelude to the day, the "midinettes" began yesterday and continued today strike demonstrations in the Rue de la Paix and the Place Vendome districts, where the great milliners' shops are situated, much to the amusement of visitors, notably Americans, who flocked to the scene to watch the vivacious working girls resist the gendarmes and denounce their employers.

Strike Pledge Gives Demands.

The General Labor Federation today distributed cards giving the reasons for the general strike. The cards, which are being sent to all members of labor unions for signature, read:

"May 1, 1919. I strike to demand, first, the eight-hour day; second, total amnesty; third, rapid demobilization, and, fourth, a just peace and disarmament. I strike to protest against, first, intervention in Russia; second, income taxes on wages; third, martial law, and fourth, the censorship."

The Government has found a way to escape one of the most difficult situations which the May Day strike threat-

Continued on Page Six.

FALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

JAPAN TO GET KIAO-CHAU

Will Later Transfer to China Area Taken from Germany.

UNDER LEAGUE GUARANTEES

Tokio Government Pledged to Withdraw Her Troops as Early as Possible.

ECONOMIC COMPACTS STAND

China and Japan Will Be Allowed to Settle on Means for Carrying Them Out.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—It is officially announced tonight that all former German concessions in Kiao-chau will be transferred without reservation to Japan, who on her part undertakes to restore full sovereignty in the Shantung Peninsula to China, retaining there only economic privileges.

Japanese troops are to be withdrawn as soon as possible, the whole transaction to be under the guarantee of the League of Nations.

APRIL 29.—Relative to the suggestion of a compromise by which Japan would be allowed, under sufficient guarantees, to restore Kiao-Chau to China herself, a member of the Chinese group said today:

"The proposition to allow Japan to restore what belongs to us in her own way and time, instead of ordering her to restore it at once, does not interest us. That has been proposed for the sole purpose of saving Japan from diplomatic humiliation. But the adoption of such a suggestion would not only mean a complete diplomatic defeat to China, but also jeopardize tangible rights in our own territory. It also would lend support to Japan's claim of the validity of the secret treaties of 1915, the abrogation of which we demand.

"Then there is another vital consideration. Nothing could be worse for China's future welfare than to have it established as a precedent that Japan has a right to regulate Chinese affairs."

Handed to Japan Without Reserve.

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—The agreement regarding the Shantung Peninsula and Kiao-Chau which has been reached between the Council of Three and the Japanese delegates, provides for their transfer without reserve to Japan, which voluntarily engages to hand the Shantung Peninsula back to China.

Japan, as an economic concessionaire, gets only such rights, under the agreement, as are possessed by one or two others of the great powers. The whole future relation between Japan and China, as well as the territorial integrity and political independence of China, is to come at once under the guarantee of the League of Nations.

"The Kiao-Chau settlement is a clear victory for Japan," says the Reuter correspondent. "The Council of Three, after hearing both Chinese and Japanese delegates, arrived at the conclusion that the Japanese demands must be satisfied.

"Japan receives free disposition of Kiao-Chau in accordance with her treaty with China in 1915."

It is added that Japan's other agreements with China will not be affected. It will be left to the Chinese and Japanese Governments to agree upon the details of the carrying out of the treaty of 1915 and the agreements made in 1918.

Another version of the reported agreement is that Kiao-Chau is to be restored to China under certain conditions within a stipulated time.

The Council of Three met today a half hour earlier than usual. While no program was announced, it was believed that the Italian situation as developed by the Parliamentary indorsement of the Italian delegation's position was to be considered and the discussion over Kiao-chou resumed.

Baron Makino and Viscount Chinda of the Japanese delegation joined the Council at noon. Jules Cambon of the French delegation also was called in.

MAKINO SAYS JAPAN WILL KEEP PROMISES

Therefore Resents Demand for Date on Which She Will Restore Kiao-Chau.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—Stéphane Lauzanne, according to today's issue of his paper, the Matin, expressed regret to Baron

Page Two.

LAKE [illegible] Victory Meeting at Lenox Lodge, Friday evening, May 2d. A. Natives, [illegible] Louvain, Belgium [illegible] system. [illegible] —Advt.

Germany to Lose 70% of Iron and One-third of Her Coal

By G. H. PERRIS.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 30.—The territorial terms to be presented to Germany involve the loss of 70 per cent. of her iron ore, a third of her coal, 20 per cent. of her potash, and between 7,400,000 and 8,000,000 of her pre-war population.

BRITISH BUDGET IS $7,500,000,000

Austen Chamberlain Tells of Huge Financial Needs of the Empire.

FOR COLONIAL PREFERENCE

Wide Range of Imports to be Affected by the Chancellor's Proposals.

LONDON, April 30.—A statement on the Government's budget was made to the House of Commons today by Austen Chamberlain, the Chancellor of the Exchequer. It was his third appearance before the House in that capacity, he previously having outlined the budget in 1904 and 1905.

On the previous occasions the budgets were comparatively easy tasks and there was no difficulty in making the national revenues and expenditures balance. For this financial year, however, the Chancellor of the Exchequer has to find £1,500,000,000, to meet which, on the present basis of taxation, he can count on £936,000,000, including the outstanding excess profits tax.

Therefore some new taxation is necessary, and there has been much anxious speculation as to what form this would take. The expectation is that the Chancellor will attempt to raise £1,000,000,000 by taxation and the remainder by loans.

Of the total expenditures for 1918-1919, Mr. Chamberlain said, 34.4 per cent. had been provided from revenue and the rest by borrowing. The British record in this respect during the last five years, he added, was one which no other belligerent would equal.

The expenditures for the current year, he added, had been estimated at £1,434,019,000. The Chancellor estimated that the revenues in the current year would be £1,159,050,000 without new taxes, or £270,000,000 more than last year's receipts.

The national debt on March 31, he continued, was £7,435,000,000, compared with the estimate of a year ago of £7,980,000,000 and £645,000,000 at the outbreak of the war.

Demobilization Costly Since War.

The Chancellor stated that from April 1, 1918, to Nov. 10 the daily expenditure had been £7,463,000, and since the latter date, £6,476,000. The reduction, he said, would have been greater but for the expenditure in connection with demobilization, the payment of £52,000,000 for gratuities, and £13,000,000 for unemployment allowances.

The national assets, Mr. Chamberlain announced, included £1,739,000,000 due from the Allies and the Dominions. Russia alone, he said, owed £588,000,000. Other assets were indemnities due from enemy nations.

The Chancellor said the Exchequer issues last year were less than had been estimated by £393,000,000. The estimated daily expenditure had been £8,143,000 and the actual expenditure £7,067,000.

Of the actual debt incurred, the internal debt accounted for approximately £6,085,000,000 and the external debt for aproximately £1,350,000,000.

War saving certificates, the Chancellor continued, were issued at 15s 6d and are repayable with £1. This involves an additional obligation of £65,000,000.

A large part of the internal debt, he said, was represented by national war bonds, repayable at a premium, and this premium represented a further liability of £51,716,000.

The duty on benzol will be withdrawn, the Chancellor declared, in order to encourage production. The license duty on gasolene also will be withdrawn. The land tax and the gasolene tax will remain unchanged, pending a detailed review.

Mr. Chamberlain estimated the expenditures of a normal year at £706,000,000.

"It is anticipated," he said, "that the deficit from a normal year, therefore, will be £114,000,000, and I propose this year's budget with such a deficit in view."

Of the amounts due the Government, he continued, £171,000,000 were owed by the Dominions, £434,000,000 by France, £412,520,000 by Italy, £88,799,000 by Belgium and £18,843,000 by Serbia, as well as £47,915,000 by other Allies.

"There is also remaining," the Chancellor added, "the liability of India in

Continued on Page Three.

BAGNIFICO—the Different Cigar. Mild and fragrant. Don't forget. Sold by leading dealers throughout United States and Canada.—Advt.

ITALY IS CALMING DOWN

Apparently Disposed to Take Less Uncompromising Position.

SENATE UPHOLDS ORLANDO

Unanimous Vote of Confidence Given on Fiume, Following Action by Chamber.

PREMIER FOR CONCILIATION

Tells Deputies Alliance Must Not Be Broken Up—Press Speaks of Sacrifices.

ROME, April 30, (Associated Press.)—The excitement throughout Italy has abated since the vote in the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate yesterday expressing confidence in Premier Orlando and the Government.

Everybody is waiting to see what effect the vote will have on the attitude of President Wilson and the allied powers. The hope is generally expressed that the Peace Conference will see the necessity of satisfying the Italian claims, thus avoiding a complete rupture, which, it is asserted in some quarters, might lead to graver consequences.

The Popolo Romano sums up this idea, saying:

"The world is now confronted with the following dilemma: Either the five great powers must agree on the Italian question or Italy will be obliged to act independently of the others."

The Italian newspapers are less vehement in their attacks on President Wilson, though the Messaggero sarcastically refers to him as "Professor Wilson," while the Tempo speaks of President Wilson's "obstinate savagery."

Ambassador Page had a long interview on the situation today with Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino, after which he sent a telegraphic report to Paris, giving a full account of the point of view of the Italians and the Italian Government.

The hope is expressed in Government circles here that there will be an acknowledgement at Paris that full powers have been given by the people and Parliament of Italy to the Cabinet, and, therefore, to the Italian delegation, and also that a conciliatory solution of the Adriatic problem may be reached.

Senate Unanimous for Orlando.

Premier Orlando's Government received a unanimous vote of confidence in the Italian Senate last night, following the vote of confidence given to the Government in the House of Deputies. A great demonstration followed the Premier's address before the Senate.

The scene in the Chamber of Deputies as the Premier delivered his address to a crowded house was, as in the Senate, a notable one. Enthusiastic cheers greeted the arrival in the Chamber of the Premier and of Foreign Minister Sonnino, and these were repeated as telegrams were read from Fiume, Zara, Sebanico Spalato, and the island of Brazza demanding their annexation by Italy.

The Prime Minister, pale from emotion, received an ovation which lasted several minutes. The result of the vote on the motion of Deputy Luzzatti—the vote of confidence—was hailed with a deafening storm of cheers.

The resolution adopted by the Chamber read:

"The Chamber, the guardian of the dignity and the interpreter of the will of the Italian people, declares itself in unison with the Government and confirms its full confidence in it for the defense of the supreme rights of the nation and for securing a just and durable peace."

The vote on the resolution was 382 to 40. The opposing ballots were cast by the intransigeant Socialists.

Outlines the Negotiations.

In his address the Premier laid before Parliament the details of his demands for Fiume and the Dalmatian coast districts to which Italy had laid claim. He began by saying that the international situation was grave, adding that it was "very grave" for Italy. He said it was the duty of Italy to preserve an attitude of "calm and serenity."

An outline of the exchanges between himself and President Wilson was given by Signor Orlando, who made it clear that the President's action in making public his statement as to Italy's claim to Fiume had made it impossible to either accept or reject any proposals that might be made. He said he believed it his duty to come at once before the Parliament to receive authority in carrying forward his work at the conference. Until April 14, when he received from President Wilson the Amer-

Continued on Page Two.

German Envoys to Present Credentials Today; Treaty May Be Delayed By Question of Bavaria

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—The credentials of the German delegates will be handed over to an allied commission, headed by Jules Cambon, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

The adequacy of the powers conferred upon the German delegates and the question as to the extent to which the delegates are qualified to speak for Bavaria, which came suddenly to the front today, may furnish an occasion to defer the presentation of the treaty by the Allies.

The first exchanges with the Germans will probably take place without the participation of Italy, and it is said in American quarters that this procedure will go forward steadily up till the signing of the treaty. The first reading with the Germans, according to opinion early tonight, might come Friday or Saturday.

A day or two will be given for questions concerning interpretations of different phases of the convention, without, however, involving a prolonged discussion. The French view is that the Germans may ask for two weeks' delay to permit them to return to Weimar, with an additional week for discussing points presented after their return from the temporary German capital.

The first session of the Peace Congress will be held in the room now used by the Supreme War Council. The text of the peace treaty will be presented to the Germans in the dining room of the Hotel Trianon.

RED TRIUMVIRATE ABANDON MUNICH

Quit When Their Troops Voted to Parley with Advancing Constitutional Army.

STARNBERG IS CAPTURED

Communist Prisoners Beaten by the Citizens, Then Tried by Court-Martial and Shot.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, April 30.—According to the Berlingske Tidende an unconfirmed report has reached Berlin that the Soviet Government at Munich has been definitely overthrown. Lewien, Axelrod, and Toller have resigned, and control of the city has been assumed by an Executive Committee.

The Red Army has, as a result, been thrown into confusion, and loose, undisciplined bands are plundering within the Spartacide zone around Munich. The only organized action by the soldiers seems to have been support of a resolution in favor of negotiating with the advancing Government troops, acceptance of which apparently led to the downfall of the Spartacides.

News of the advance on Munich is scanty, but the Constitutionalists appear to have taken the town of Starnberg, which was occupied after very weak opposition, the Spartacides losing twelve killed and fifty wounded.

As the town had been practically starved during its fourteen days' occupation by the Spartacides, the citizens accorded the Government troops a great ovation. Revenge, too, was quickly taken on the prisoners, who were first mauled by the crowd, and finally placed before some sort of court-martial and shot. Their number is not stated.

Premier Hoffman has issued a proclamation to the people in order to allay the fears generated by the calling in of external help and closing with the words:

"Munich's distress cries aloud to heaven. Speedy action was imperative and it was impossible to wait till the troops raised in Bavaria were strong enough to take the field. In its need, your Government turned for help to the Imperial and Württemburg Governments."

General Attack Had Begun.

By GEORGE RENWICK.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 28 (Via London, April 30.)—A general attack on Munich has begun from all sides, and the River Glonn line is already in the hands of Government troops. To the north of the city Petershausen and Allershausen, 117 miles away, have been occupied by the Hoffman Government forces, while good progress also has been made in the south, where Altoetting and Neuketting, both forty-seven miles east of Munich, and Southofen, about seventy miles southwest, have been taken from the Spartacides.

Hoffman's Government has moved from Bamberg to Ingolstadt. The arrival is reported there of members of the Soviet Government, and it is believed that negotiations are in progress for surrender of the Soviet administration.

Messages from Munich report violent disagreements in the ranks of the Soviet Government, several members having resigned. Lowien, Levien, and Axelröd, the Russian Bolshevik, are in favor of fighting to the last, while those who resigned did so after an attempt to

Continued on Page Five.

McK[illegible] & R. CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

When you think of Writing Think of WAHLING.—Advt.

GERMANY TO MAKE SHOW OF PROTEST

Assembly to Resist the Peace Terms and Fictitious Cabinet Crisis May Be Staged.

LEADERS DECIDE PROGRAM

Brockdorff Confident at Berlin Conference That He Can Win Vital Concessions.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, April 27.—I learn from reliable sources that a confidential conference took place on Saturday in Berlin to which the Government invited most of the influential leaders of the National Assembly, in order to discuss the situation once more before the German peace delegation departed.

Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, in a long statement, outlined the policy he intends to pursue in Paris. The details have not transpired, but I have good authority for asserting that he confidently expressed belief in his ability to gain vital concessions on the Sarre question, and that he repeated his assurance that the German delegation would positively refuse to sign peace terms involving what he called the veiled annexation of that industrial district.

Brockdorff also informed the party leaders that negotiations between the Berlin Government and the Russian Soviet with a view toward the conclusion of an armistice were progressing favorably. He added that while this military truce with the Bolsheviki was desirable in order to give Germany a free hand to use all her troops in the East against the Poles, he did not consider it wise to go farther and accept Lenin's offer of an alliance. The latest reports received by Wilhelmstrasse, he explained, pointed to Bolshevist rule in Russia being more seriously shaken than ever before. It would therefore be folly for Germany to compromise her future relations with the Russian people by allying herself with Lenin at a moment when his fall seemed almost certain. The German policy should now rather be to seek to establish good relations with the Russian anti-Bolsheviki by offering them more effective support than the Entente seemed to be willing to grant.

Brockdorff's declarations made a strong impression on all the political leaders present.

Perhaps the most interesting feature of the conference was the adoption at its close of a detailed plan concerning the part which the National Assembly is to play during the peace negotiations. It was arranged that the Assembly should ostentatiously oppose the signature of the peace and that popular demonstrations throughout Germany and even a fictitious Cabinet crisis should be resorted to in case Brockdorff's arguments proved insufficient to induce the Allies to alter the terms. Instructions are to be used daily to the well-disciplined German press on how best to support these maneuvers.

GERMANS CONFIDENT OF SWAYING ALLIES

Officials Close to Ebert Count on Reaching an Agreement on Peace.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 29. — Despite stirring editorials in most of the morning papers, and protests by mass meetings and

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER relieve Sour Indigestion.—Don't forget.—Advt.

RIFT IN THE ITALIAN CLOUD

Intimations That Rome Would Welcome Overtures from Paris.

PRESIDENT AS PEACEMAKER

Said to be Willing to Soothe Italy's Pride if She Will Make Concessions.

MUST ABANDON FIUME AIMS

Italy Seems More Reconciled to a Compromise Giving Her Dalmatian Ports.

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—There is a slight rift in the Italian cloud, which gives hope of the clearing of the difficulties that have arisen in the Peace Conference over the Adriatic problem. No movement for the resumption of relations thus far have been made by either side, but there are intimations from Rome that overtures from Paris would not be unacceptable and would receive every attention.

The prevailing sentiment among the delegates, including several of the Americans, is against soliciting a return of the Italian representatives, and it was at first believed that President Wilson shared this view. Those nearest the President, however, assert that if Italy is disposed to relinquish Fiume and accept the compromise the President suggested, he could doubtless, in the interest of harmony, make such friendly suggestions as would permit the resumption of relations by the Italians without any sacrifice of dignity or self-esteem.

These personal susceptibilities are felt to be more of an obstacle at present than the territorial merits of the case. While popular sentiment in Italy still insists on holding Fiume, the recent official attitude has been less insistent and apparently tends toward acceptance of one of the various plans proposed by the Council of Three, whereby Fiume would be internationalized, and some Dalmatian outposts given to Italy.

It is the declared purpose of the Council, as well as President Wilson, not to yield on Fiume, even if the Peace Treaty is signed without Italy's participation. But, should the recent official tendencies at Rome take the definite form of acceptance of a compromise, the President's friends say they are sure that no feeling of pride will restrain him from taking steps which will fully restore the Italian delegation to its former agreeable status in the Conference.

A message from a French source in Rome says that Thomas Nelson Page, the American Ambassador to Italy, has offered his good offices to Premier Orlando with a view to finding a solution of the Adriatic difficulty.

In conference circles it is believed that the Italian delegates will soon return.

In the meantime the work of the conference is proceeding uninterruptedly toward the signing of the peace treaty. The situation was summed up in the remark of one official who said that it was inconceivable that the peace of the whole world should be prevented by one nation because of a dispute over one city.

It became known today that the memorandum written by President Wilson and made public yesterday by Premier Orlando was given to the Premier on April 14 with the privilege of immediate publication. The Premier, however, refrained from making it public until he delivered his speech.

FRENCH OPTIMISTIC OVER ITALIAN CRISIS

Paris Press Reads Conciliation in Orlando's Address and Expects His Return.

PARIS, April 30.—The moderate tone of Premier Orlando's speech in the Italian Parliament produced a good impression here, and the prospects of a settlement of the differences over the Italian problem are regarded in French circles at the Peace Conference as distinctly better. It is pointed out that the Parliament has given Premier Orlando a free hand, while the publication of President Wilson's memorandum has

also helped to create the feeling of optimism indicated.

The French press finds a spirit of conciliation marking the address. As a result, the newspapers express the conviction that a resumption of the conferences over the Italian question will be possible, and that ground for a satisfactory understanding may be found.

"Given the spirit of willingness which is growing on both sides," remarks the Petit Parisien, "there is no reason whatever why a settlement of this Adriatic dispute, essential in itself, but more essential still for the peace of the world, should not be effected rapidly."

The Figaro expresses similar sentiments. "A desire for conciliation exists," it says, "and one feels that there are no interests or principles which cannot be molded into that harmony upon which the world's peace depends. This is the impression which Premier Orlando's speech gives, as does the action of the Chamber in almost unanimously indorsing the Government. This is also, let us add, the impression which President Wilson's memorandum leaves."

Newspaper reports crediting Salvatore Barzilai, a member of the Italian peace delegation who left Paris with Premier Orlando, with saying that he did not intend to return to Paris are denied in a statement issued from the Italian delegation here. The statement reads:

"We are authorized to declare that the report stating that Signor Barzilai had told a member of the Tribuna's staff that he would not return to Paris is absolutely groundless. The understanding is perfect between Signor Barzilai and his colleagues of the delegation, and, like them, he will adopt the course upon which the Parliament decides."

MAKE PLANS TO LAUNCH LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Details of Organization Discussed at a Luncheon Given by Colonel House.

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—Plans for launching the League of Nations were pretty definitely outlined at a luncheon which Colonel E. M. House gave today to Sir James Eric Drummond, Secretary General of the League, Lord Robert Cecil and others.

The plans are divided into three main stages: First, preparatory details, which will be worked out at headquarters to be established at London during the coming Summer; second, the inaugural meeting of the League at Washington next October, under the Presidency of Woodrow Wilson; third, the permanent establishment of the League at Geneva next Fall or Winter.

The preparatory details will begin soon after the signing of the treaty, and will be in the hands of the Committee of Nine designated by President Wilson's resolution before the last plenary session of the conference. Colonel House, Lord Robert Cecil, and the Greek Minister, Elentherios Venizelos, will be among the members.

Leon Bourgeois will probably not be the French member as he does not speak English. Most of the proceedings will be in English, and it is expected that only members of the committee will be chosen who speak that language.

Colonel House, with a considerable staff, will remain in Europe after the conference closes, and headquarters will be removed to London, which is more convenient for preliminary work. President Wilson will fix the date of the first meeting and ask the nations to name their three delegates to attend the inaugural gathering at Washington.

JUGOSLAVS ARE INSISTENT.

Agents in Switzerland Say They Will Fight for Fiume.

By JULIAN GRANDE.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, April 29.—When I asked an Italian diplomat passing through Switzerland from Paris on his way to Italy what is now going to happen, he replied: "We are going to stick to Fiume. Possession is nine points of the law. If we get Fiume go, it will always be a pistol pointed at our heads."

The Jugoslav leaders in Switzerland say that if necessary they will fight for Fiume. Opinion in Switzerland in general supports President Wilson's policies.

In Germany Italy's action has caused great delight, for the Germans still hope that a misunderstanding among the Allies may save them from punishment.

FRIENDS OF AMERICA MAY SWAY ITALY

Some Hope Entertained in Paris That Controversy May Be Adjusted.

WHY WILSON WAS POPULAR

President's Main Hold on Italians Was Won by His Efforts for Peace.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 29.—Peace Conference officials are awaiting without an attempt to conceal their anxiety for the news from Rome concerning Italy's final attitude in the Fiume controversy. Some hope of solution is afforded by the fact that a considerable number of the members of the Italian Parliament are extremely friendly to the United States and are presumably using every effort to lessen the effect of the popular outburst against President Wilson. These men, it is believed, will not permit themselves to forget the sincere friendship America has shown Italy on many occasions, particularly since the United States entered the war.

One cause of Wilson's popularity in Italy was his veto of the Burnett Immigration bill; but his main hold on the Italian people was found in his effort to bring peace. Many people here who are acquainted with the close relationship established between Italy and America cannot understand the sudden change of sentiment, even under pressure of an attempt to make it appear that the President outraged Italian pride by issuing his statement of the Fiume question.

Hope and fear balance each other in Conference circles; but it is significant that the more general feeling is that the Italian Parliament will see the situation in such a way as to permit Premier Orlando to return to Paris to renew negotiations over Fiume and Dalmatia with the other members of the Council of Four.

No Italian representative took part in yesterday's plenary session of the Conference at which the League of Nations covenant was adopted. It is taken for granted, however, that if Orlando returns to Paris he will give his assent to the action of the Conference, as Italy has been in thorough accord with the provisions of the covenant and has made no reservation to any article.

It is hardly likely that Orlando and the other Italian plenipotentiaries will be back here in time to participate in the first meeting of the allied peace delegates with the German plenipotentiaries, which is scheduled for May 1. This, however, will be no detriment to the proceedings, as they will be purely formal, consisting merely of the delivery to the Germans of those parts of the peace treaty which have been agreed upon in draft form.

Another big contingent of German peace officials, with advisers, experts, translators, and clerks, is scheduled to reach Versailles this evening. Many newspaper men have arranged to go from Paris to see them arrive, but will not be permitted to interview them. Placards have been posted on the walls near the Hotel des Reservoirs, where the Germans have their headquarters, asking people not to congregate there.

When the first German contingent reached Versailles Monday night the members ran the gauntlet of photographers whose flashlight explosions brought the enemy representatives into sharp relief. There were thirty women—mostly stenographers and typewriters—in this party. Gendarmes guarded the station, and the streets through which the Germans passed in automobiles to their hotel were picketed by troops. Ten gendarmes were in charge of the train from the time of its arrival at the frontier.

JAPAN TO GET KIAO-CHAU

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Makino that the latter did not press the settlement of the Japanese demand for recognition of race equality in the League Covenant and insist on a vote of the full Conference for or against it. M. Lausanne added that France was with Japan and differentiated between nations only according to honor or lack of honor, not blood.

"You would have had a majority vote," said M. Lausanne.

"I know it," replied Baron Makino, "but there would have been a minority also, which is always bad in principle. It would have been particularly bad in this case, because in that minority would have been such great friendly nations as America and England, with which we have particularly confidential relations, and which are precisely the nations that would have to apply the principle we demand. It is in certain regions of America and Australia, not in Europe, that antiquated, unjust prejudice must disappear. We contend that these very regions will in honor abolish this prejudice in the near future."

As to Kiao-Chau, Baron Makino said: "I have confidence that Japan will have satisfaction in Kiao-Chau. We are accused of intending to occupy Kiao-Chau permanently. That is inexact. We have agreed to restore it to China. Our agreement will hold—our agreements always hold. There is no example in history of Japan breaking her word. It is just because nobody has the right to doubt our honor that we ourselves should be allowed to arrange restitution and not be compelled in a way that would indicate unjust suspicion."

Baron Makino added that no repetition of the Italian situation would occur, and that Japan would remain with the Allies.

GERMAN CONCESSIONS EXTINCT, CHINESE HOLD

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 27.—The Chinese have reduced their case to a simple formula of mathematical simplicity. The adoption of this by the other powers represented at the Peace Conference would clean off the slate another batch of secret promises, because those promises are to support something which the Chinese declare no longer exists.

When England, France, and Italy gave these promises in February, 1917, to support Japan's claims to all German rights in Shantung, such rights did technically exist. They were covered by Germany's ninety-nine years lease of Kiao-Chau. But when China entered the war in August, 1917, she announced her abrogation of that lease and all other arrangements or treaties with Germany. Furthermore, when China notified all the other powers at war with Germany of such abrogation, none objected, but replied in terms accepted by China as acquiescence. Therefore, the Chinese say, the Paris Conference is not now bound by any secret promises made in February, 1917, to support in 1919 Japan's inheritance of the lease which expired in August, 1917.

Unfortunately, Japan does not take this simple view, but bases her claim chiefly on the fact that it was Japanese troops that ousted Germany from Kiao-Chau. [Chinese troops were not permitted by Japan to participate in that campaign.]

The Chinese are hoping that their formula will appeal to President Wilson. His action on Fiume gives them great hope that it will.

"The Kiao-Chau question is the acid test of the Peace Conference," said V. K. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister to the United States, and the chief of the Chinese delegates here, to the oriental and occidental correspondents. "Japan claims these holdings," Mr. Koo continued, "because Japanese troops have been in possession since their capture. But if military occupation of territory belonging to an associate in war gives a valid claim, it would mean that the United States was entitled to have St. Mihiel and Chateau-Thierry. Just as Germany's control of Kiao-Chau endangered China's national safety, so will its control by any other power endanger our national safety. The Chinese people have established the first republic in Asia and now desire to enjoy the fruits of free government. They ask the Peace Conference to make the world safe for Chinese democracy; but more than the welfare of China is now involved. It is, perhaps, only through a democratized Asia that harmony and not antagonism will develop and peace between the East and the West."

STRAUS ACCLAIMS LEAGUE COVENANT

More Than Satisfied, Says the Paris Representative of Taft Organization.

THINKS RATIFICATION SURE

He and Other Paris Observers Cannot Conceive of Its Rejection by Senate.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 27.—There is at least one American Republican who is satisfied, and more than satisfied, with the covenant of the League of Nations now adopted. It is Oscar S. Straus, the representative in Paris of the League to Enforce Peace.

"Far better than I had dared to expect we should ever get," exclaimed Mr. Straus at the Hotel de Crillon. "For the first time in the history of the world the necessities of nations are in accord with the ideal to realize which the nations have come together. In other words, this world has now got something that will work, something to which all subscribe, that is both practical and ethical. There is not a shadow of a doubt now as to ratification by the American Senate."

Commenting on the fact that Italy was not physically represented at the plenary session which adopted the covenant, although still technically a member of the Conference, I asked Mr. Straus if he considered that Italy was a member of the League who would have to give two years' notice to get out, regardless of her recent declaration that she would not participate in the conference of the Fiume decision.

"It is not necessary to raise such technical questions now," Mr. Straus replied. "Italy will be a member of the League because she needs such membership as much as any nation on earth."

The same question put to Judge Julian W. Mack, of the United States Federal Court, for a judicial ruling.

"The ruling of this court," said Judge Mack, with a smile, "is that Italy is not a member unless she chooses to be. There is no necessity for her this time to give two years' notice that she will get out. But the court hopes and expects that Italy will be a charter member."

Another speculation with which people at the various peace headquarters are amusing themselves with is: "Did the League of Nations become an accomplished fact yesterday, or must it wait till it is incorporated in the peace treaty?"

The opinion most generally held is that the League is now an accomplished fact morally, although no signatures yet have been affixed to the covenant. Two technical processes remain to be completed: First, the signing by the plenipotentiaries in Paris; second, the ratification by the legislatures of all countries where such ratification is necessary. But the danger of an obstacle arising to either process anywhere is now considered in Paris as unthinkable.

BELGIANS ASK ADVANCE.

Reported to Have Been Assured of 2,000,000,000 Francs.

PARIS, April 30, (Associated Press.)—The Belgians have asked the Council of Three for a first advance of 2,000,000,000 francs on their share of the German indemnity, according to French circles.

It appears that they have received definite and satisfactory assurances.

GERMANS CONFIDENT OF SWAYING ALLIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

public orators in Berlin and other large German cities against signing the peace conditions, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed by the most competent persons here that they believe the Versailles Conference will most probably have satisfactory results.

The very fact that President Wilson's intercession in the case of the Jugoslavs was pressed so far as to lead to the Italians' departure from Paris has strengthened the belief of German statesmen that Wilson will not permit his colleagues to burden Germany with impossible conditions, but will compel moderation; and as Germany is already of one mind for paying for the crimes of her former Government to any degree possible, there is held to be no reason why peace should not be signed.

This, I am told, is the opinion around President Ebert and Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, the leading spirit of the German Peace Delegation, who left for Paris too much impressed with his responsibility to be inclined to advise any course for extending Germany's present agony. Brockdorf and his associates are fully empowered to discuss, sign, or reject any treaty submitted to them after having first consulted the home Government.

At present it is not contemplated to submit the treaty either to the National Convention or a plebiscite, which course would only be resorted to in case of extreme necessity. The German Delegation left Berlin convinced that the Entente will be open to frank discussion of the most essential points; and as Germany, they hold, only wishes to avoid being compelled to sign absolutely impossible conditions, they believe that common sense will induce the Entente statesmen to listen to the German arguments, verbal or written.

"We don't believe," said my informant, "that Wilson will consent to the plan of making Germany sign her own death sentence at the point of a revolver. But that is exactly what it comes to if the reports are true, that in case Germany refuses to sign, Generalissimo Foch has forces raeyd to invade and destroy our most prosperous provinces."

Theodor Wolff in the Tageblatt advises Germany to sign only that peace "which the democratic conscience even of the Entente countries would not reject."

Prussian Minister of Justice Heine, talking to a large mass meeting, threatened that "we shall gather our strength until we are powerful enough to make good this great injustice with which it is intended to burden us." The well known Centrist leader, Dr. Pfeiffer, at the same meeting, went even further, saying:

"We must retain all Germany. If they use force, the hour will come when we will recapture what we are now robbed of."

Such sentiments are largely entertained in reactionary circles, but are certainly not shared by the men in power now.

DOUBT GERMANY WILL SIGN.

Bernstorff Sees Great Obstacles in Sarre and Danzig Terms.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 28.—Recently I wired my opinion that Germany would not sign a peace without discussion, and that it was highly improbable that she would sign even after discussion, as the belief is firmly held that it will be impossible by negotiation to reach a decision to which the German Government can agree. After nearly a week of further inquiries and study of the situation I see no reason to amend that estimate of what is likely to happen.

Professor Shücking, one of the chief peace delegates, as I have already reported, may be optimistic, but personally I must confess that I cannot find any one to share his rosy outlook.

This afternoon I had a short conversation with Count von Bernstorff. He is the head of the peace department of the permanent organization which is the connecting link between Spa and the German Government, and which, during the time the peace delegation is at Versailles, will be the halfway house of consulation and decision between the Trianon Palace and Wilhelmstrasse.

Bernstorff is undoubtedly one of the greatest influences in Germany today. He, like Scheidemann, would go a long way to be able to sign peace, but there are factors and influences which probably make a stronger combination than even he with all his authority can wage war against successfully. He is a power behind the Government.

This afternoon I found him extremely pessimistic. According to his view a peace treaty which means the annexation in any form of the Sarre region and the handing over of Danzig will not be signed. In other quarters today I found that view fairly general, so much so that I think it may be taken as definitely representing the attitude of those factors in and around the German Government, which will have the deciding voice on the national destiny within the next few weeks.

Bernstorff holds the view that all the great questions which have arisen and will arise as a result of the tremendous world conflict must be classified as labor problems. What will happen, he asks, if the French authorities are installed in the Sarre region and have to deal with German workers? What will be the result if for the next generation or so the Germans of that district know they have to work solely for France; that on them is laid the burden of paying a considerable portion of the indemnity which most reasonable people recognize as just?

Would it not be better, he asks, if Germany were allowed to distribute that burden; if she were permitted to draw the necessary tribute of coal from the various coal fields of the country? Germany is quite ready, and there are few serious persons who will deny this, to provide enough coal to fill the gap created by so many of the mines of France being out of the reckoning. But why, it is asked, place the whole burden on one particular district?

All labor questions, Bernstorff argues, sooner or later come to this point: that you cannot force a man to work and that, he adds, is what would have to be done before the Sarre region miners would produce the supplies of coal in question. The demand that the Sarre region should be forced to provide all those supplies of coal, linked with the idea of annexation—he means the annexation of regions which object to it and can only be annexed by force—will enormously strengthen, in his opinion, the forces in the Government, in the National Assembly, and in the country which believe it would be better not to sign peace.

It will, of course, be clearly understood that I am not criticising the justice of any fixed or probable demand on the part of the Entente. That, for me, is a question apart. It is merely my business here and now to set forth the German view and outline the condition of affairs in this country as I see it.

I may claim, I think, to have forecast accurately during more than two years the trend of events here. In September, 1917, I insisted that a revolution in Germany was inevitable. As far back as that time I maintained that starvation, as a result of the blockade, was gradually defeating Germany. Now, as a result of the most careful study on the spot, I must in duty bound say that I think that chaos here is the only prospect.

There are two things which must be taken into consideration. The first is the mentality of the people, and the second is the position of the Government. The mentality of the German people is as that of a person who has suffered from a mental breakdown for more than five years. Their mental and physical strength has been strained to the utmost.

For generations they had their thinking done for them. They are now in bulk really like children. They accept beliefs without argument or reason. They are largely incapable of either.

They simply believe what is most forcibly told them. They are not, the more's the pity, enlightened by speeches by members of the Government or by other persons of balance and authority. They are mainly left to the tender mercies of agitators and agitators of the extreme type who are inspired by Moscow.

These agitators argue that any probable peace will be had and that Bolshevism, or one may call it Communalism, will certainly provide the means of development and progress. Drowning men clutch at straws. The people seeing no hope in the West turn toward the East.

The menace of the blockade does not alarm them. All the talk about food has not yet brightened the situation. No raw materials have arrived.

These arguments are backed up by money. The amount of funds at the disposal of the Communalist and Bolshevist agents here is almost unbelievable. Money, indeed, is the ruling factor in Germany today. Patriotism, and German patriotism as a plant of recent growth, has gone.

Money keeps the troops on the side of the Government. Money, more money, settles labor disputes. Money keeps vast armies of the unemployed tranquil. The Hamburg unemployed have just forced their out-of-work pay up to the equivalent of $3.75 per day, and any man can have more money for being a Bolshevist agent than for doing an honest day's work.

In short, the great majority of the German people, led by evil agitators, see a ray of hope in the East only. Germany is smashed, so many declare, that perhaps the Commune will do something for us. If it takes us over the precipice, then let us savagely drag somebody with us.

The psychological problems to be studied here are indeed almost fascinating. Within the limits at my disposal I cannot deal with them fully, but I have perhaps said enough to show why it will not be surprising if the German people, consulted on peace or no peace, take a desperate course.

The menace of Bolshevism in Germany is made all the worse by the fact that numerous powerful industrialists are practically negotiating with it. They hope by vaccinating it with the serum of compromise to render it comparatively harmless to themselves in Germany, but they hope also to be able to spread it westward, where they believe it will grow like the Spanish sickness and work infinite evil to the advantage of Germany and German industry.

And now as to the position of the German Government. It cannot but think that its position is extremely weak. More and more one sees the influence of the old régime become more powerful.

Harden, in this week's Zukunft, chastises it not merely with whips but with scorpions of biting rhetoric. In the Government is Dernburg, who only a day or so ago wrote an Easter article in which he condemned America's alleged breach of her pledged word and England's so-called war guilt. Then there is Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, the only diplomat in an important post who did not speak against the U-boat war.

Harden wonders how the British Peace Delegates will like to negotiate with Professor Schücking, who was the head of the commission which recently confirmed the sentence on Captain Fryatt.

Field Marshal who devastated large tracts of France in 1917 and 1918 is still at the head of the army. The Chief of the Imperial Chancellor is Albert.

Albert's right-hand man is a journalist, who was General von Bissing's assistant in Belgium. The list could certainly be extended. All these antiquated and reactionary factors have a tremendous influence on the Government.

I am personally convinced that it is only the strong hand of Noske that holds the shaky Government edifice together. There is no other Government possible from the Entente's point of view, though there may be one other power, that of Noske. Indeed, I am convinced that things have gone so far that a Noske dictatorship is planned and contemplated by those outside the Government who do not wish to see the situation allowed to reaction or degenerate into chaos. But I cannot persuade myself that even a Noske dictatorship would stand, and after Noske the deluge.

Not only is the Government badly split on questions connected with the signing of peace, but one has only to look around the country to see how highly restricted its power is. It is no exaggeration to say that its writ only runs as far as its machine guns will carry. The recent vast paralyzing strike in the West, the continued chaos in Bavaria, and in less degree throughout the southern regions, the disorders in Hamburg, Bremen, and many other places, the dark tragedy in the Baltic provinces, the horror of which passes all description, the insecurity everywhere in the midst of that whirlwind of woe Berlin manages to keep quiet.

But how long can such a state of affairs last? How long can a Government exist which has to pay its soldiers to be loyal and the workers and unemployed to be tranquil? How long can it face that situation with reaction watching its chance on the one hand and Bolshevism openly active on the other?

Germany today is a country in which it is almost impossible to travel by train. The distribution of food is suffering seriously. The people are on the verge of desperation, and when into this colossal confusion the judgment of Paris is thrown who cannot think, no matter what that judgment may be, that dire results will supervene?

Such, to my mind, is the situation on the departure of the German peace delegates. I have tried hard to prove myself wrong, but on the eve of days when the world is about to live its most vital and historic hours and in the midst of the almost indescribable confusion existing where once stood imperial Germany, I can only come to the conclusion that the situation here is rapidly getting out of hand and that chaos approaches with seven league boots.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Twenty-six.

ITALY IS CALMING DOWN

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

ican viewpoint on Fiume, he said, he thought an agreement was probable.

The Premier spoke of the attitude taken at Paris by the British and French Governments, which, he said, had been loyal to promises made in the Treaty of London, framed in 1915. He admitted, however, that neither France nor Great Britain stood with Italy in her demand for the annexation of Fiume. He added that they might have agreed, in principle, to the creation of Fiume as an independent free State.

Discussing the American memorandum, which was handed to him on April 14 and which was distributed among the members of Parliament yesterday by the Premier, Signor Orlando said:

"Inasmuch as this memorandum denied Italy's rights over the Dalmatian islands, accorded only incomplete liberty to Fiume and even went so far as to break up the unity of Istria, I told Mr. Wilson it was absolutely impossible for me to agree to peace on the conditions indicated. I added that, under such conditions, the Italian delegation felt it could not continue to participate in the conference with any benefit for others or dignity for Italy, but said I would communicate with representatives of the allied powers with which Italy was bound by special agreements.

President Wilson's Action.

"President Wilson showed great regret for such a hypothesis, adding he would do everything possible to prevent it. He said he thought it opportune and useful that France and England should undertake to find a means of conciliation, while he would have the question re-examined by his experts to see if further concessions could be made to Italian aspirations.

"The Italian delegation did not maintain an obstinate attitude, but co-operated during the following days in efforts to find a way to conciliation. It was anxious not to delay peace and to avoid compromising the union of the allied peoples, even by a mere appearance of disagreement. It was continuing patiently to seek a means of conciliation and was discussing the subject with the British Premier when the Presidential message appeared.

"This new fact seemed to the Italian delegation of enormous gravity, as it made public a dissension which, until then, although deep, was confined inside the conference. Besides making statements addressed to the sentiment and will of peoples in general, and, therefore, to the Italian people, the full authority and prestige of the Italian delegates was doubted, just in the grave and decisive hour when it was most needed."

Addressing himself to the attitude of Italy at the Peace Conference and the justice of her demands, the Premier continued:

"Italy did not measure her sacrifices by the letter of the treaty with the allied powers and did not ask for help when she had to withstand the shock of the Austrian Army, as she might have done under the treaty. There she only did her duty, as the Allies have done, but that fact transformed friendship into blood fellowship, and it was in that sense that Italy appealed to the allied peoples and Governments.

"The question of Fiume was not first brought forward by Italy, but by a thrilling act of spontaneous will, which began with the declaration of Fiume's representative in the Hungarian Parliament, and which was subsequently confirmed when Fiume proclaimed herself an Italian town. Can our great nation remain inert and unmoved by the vehement and despairing appeal of this people, whose blood is of our blood? No! Italy does not need to put forward a formal thesis in support of her demands, feeling sure that violence will not be done to the will of this Italian town."

Want Alliance Preserved.

Premier Orlando reiterated that the Treaty of London did not prevent the Allies from considering the Fiume question from the Italian point of view and that, moreover, the Allies had admitted they were in no wise bound regarding Fiume, since they considered themselves capable of agreeing to the freedom of the city.

"It is our desire and firm resolve," he said, "that the alliance shall not be broken up. We wish to remain loyal to it for the sake of the solemn pledge which binds our word of honor, but still more for the holiness of blood shed in a common cause."

After paying tribute to all the allied soldiers, the Premier continued:

"The Allies of yesterday must be the Allies of today, and all their peoples, above all the American people, who sacrificed themselves for the victory of an ideal, must remain at the helm together in the tie of loyal friendship.

"Obeying the supreme command of the Italian Government and realizing the solemnity of the hour, I affirm before this Parliament that Italy is animated by all that spirit of conciliation which is compatible with the unavoidable exigencies of national conscience and dignity. With the same sincerity, I say that I cannot determine in this difficult moment in what forms or by what means we can reach that object, because in the last solemn conversation, that occurred on April 24, there arose a difference, not only regarding our point of view, but also between that of our allies and our associated powers. Therefore, in the present state of affairs, Italy is not facing a solution in which the allied and associated Governments agree with an insurmountable measure of agreement; nor is there a proposal of compromise upon which all are agreed. Instead, she is facing a difference of opinion which virtually denies the actual possibility that special territorial conditions reserved to Italy can be contained in the peace treaty accepted by all the allied and associated powers.

Must Face Outcome With Calm.

"The members of the Government and of the Italian delegation, therefore, await your verdict with serene hearts. With serene hearts the people also await events. They who keep their faith unshakable, their nerves firm and sound, their soul firm, and their spirits high, even when the appalling misfortune of war fell upon them—why should they feel or act differently now when facing difficulties which, while certainly hard, are bringing about peace? Without weakness, without overboldness, not overcome with doubts which would be injurious, nor carried away by an exultation unworthy of a great people, Italy in this new trial must show conscious and austere calm.

"The principal necessity now is that all, in common fervor and devotion to the mother country, should determine, with sincerity and harmony, to face the outcome of this great battle which fate might have spared us. Once again, I plead in this hour of immense responsibility for all, the truce may continue between men's differences and the conflicts of parties. Let us wait until tomorrow to renew our struggles. They will be illuminated by the glory of a greater Italy."

Comment of Rome Press.

The Rome newspapers, in commenting on Premier Orlando's speech before Parliament and the vote of confidence, declare that, now that the Italian people and Parliament have voiced their solidarity with the Government, it remains only for the Entente to revise its decision regarding the Adriatic adjustment. The view taken is that President Wilson appealed to the Italian people, now they have given their answer, and that is bound to have its effect upon President Wilson's attitude.

The Corriere D'Italia sees in the demonstration in the Chamber of Deputies an indication that it is the will of Italy to help in bringing about a prompt peace and that she is ready to make reasonable sacrifices to promote it.

The press is unanimous in praising what it refers to as the spirit of justice and moderation pervading the speech of the Prime Minister.

ROME PRESS JUBILANT OVER CHAMBER VOTE

Italian Unity as to Fiume Held to Have Been Shown by Vindication of Government.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 29.—The press is unanimous in declaring today to have been a great triumph for Orlando and Sonnino, saying the Italian nation has given an incontrovertible manifestation of its unity.

"Rome," says the Giornale d'Italia, "has spoken. The Italian Parliament has demonstrated its complete accord with the nation and the King. In this way the Italian Parliament has answered President Wilson as the people had already answered him in the public squares. It is now undeniable that the Government delegation represents the unshakable will of the whole nation. It is up to the Allies to revise their decisions, if they want to. Italy has made hers known."

The Epocha says Orlando's task was very difficult. On one side he had to satisfy national enthusiasm; on the other he did not wish to burn his boats with the Peace Conference; therefore, conscious of his responsibility, he preferred to speak with serenity and counsel moderation."

The Corriere Italia says: "Orlando did not say which course the Government intends to follow in this grave situation. But could he say so? We don't think so, as the next move must come from the Allies. The Premier, however, did well to reaffirm the conciliative spirit that animates the Italian Government, which, however, must be in accord with the exigencies of national dignity. We believe this is the will of the country."

Excitement Continues.

The excitement and enthusiasm caused by Premier Orlando's return continues, demonstrations occuring hourly. Now and then Americans in uniform, belonging to the Y. M. C. A., the Red Cross, or the military police, can be seen wandering about, but no one molests them, but stare at them with the same curiosity as upon their first appearance.

A hundred Senators and Deputies met in the Senate Chamber to discuss the advisability of organizing two commissions, one representing the Chamber and the other the Senate, to examine the international and national situation and determine the attitude of Parliament. Deputy Luigi Luzzatti illustrated the gravity of the moment by saying:

"After Caporetto, we had to win, and we defeated all our enemies. Today we have to grapple with great difficulties caused through the unusual behavior of a friend and ally in whom the whole civilized world of oppressed peoples put their trust."

After eloquently setting forth reasons for Italy's claims to Fiume and Dalmatia and the necessity for Parliament and the Government to be strongly united, he ended:

"We cannot brook any friend or ally dividing the Italian people from its Government."

Deputy Theodoli, speaking of the impressions of President Wilson gained by a member of the Italian delegation just back from Paris, said:

"He is a true autocrat. The English and French, impatient with his attitude, are within their hearts glad Orlando has broken off negotiations."

Deputy Theodoli said the King of England, upon receiving General Mola, Italian military attaché before his departure for Italy, said: "What are you Italians preoccupied about? Isn't there an Italian motto which says 'We are there, and we remain there'?"

Telegrams from Fiume and Dalmatia give vivid descriptions of the impression produced there by President Wilson's attitude. The first feeling was one of incredulity and stupor, as the President had been considered a true friend to the Italians and their just and honest claims. When further particulars arrived no doubt could be held. The whole population, in Trent, Trieste, Gorizia, Fiume, Dalmatia, rose as one man to protest against a "treacherous act," and swear fealty to Italy.

Fiume at Fever Heat.

Fiume is in a state of fever heat. People taking part in demonstrations fill the streets. Men, women, and children wear the tri-color, while the city walls are placarded with manifestoes and the Italian royal march, a patriotic air, is played almost incessantly. The people passed a resolution taking a solemn oath "rather to blow up their beloved town than have it fall in the hands of their hereditary enemies and implacable persecutors."

D'Annunzio, answering an invitation to come to Rome and address the people, as he did in 1915, when Italy was entering the war, answered, saying now was not a moment for words, but for action; and adding:

"Therefore my place is at my aviation camp, next to my machine, until further orders."

The towns in the Province of Venetia invaded during the war have not been behind the rest of the country in expressing their feeling with regard to their brothers still under the foreign yoke. In Treviso, Conegliano, Udine, and many other towns still showing the ravages of war, with houses tumbled down and big shell holes everywhere, the people, who are painfully trying to resume their former life, collect in the chief squares and cry:

"We will be ready to undergo the same suffering we did during the conflict. For what good was the blood of our husbands, sons, and brothers shed if the ideals for which they died are not to be realized? We demand Fiume and Dalmatia. Viva Orlando and Sonnino!"

The Mayors of the different towns have sent resolutions unanimously supporting the Government.

In a previous issue the Giornale d'Italia published a leading article saying that President Wilson was supposed to have exclaimed: "If they see my message before they vote I shall have a majority of the Italian people on my side." The newspaper says that the Italian nation, after having read the President's note, has given its answer.

"In the name of Wilsonian principles, in the name of eternal justice, no one has a right to prevent the Italian lands and people from uniting themselves freely and spontaneously to the mother country," it says. It continues, asking: "What Italian would have the courage and strength to tell his brothers from Fiume that they must remain under Croatian rule, after knowing what struggles and suffering they have gone through to remain faithful to the mother country? The Italian nation has answered Wilson's note with a formidable 'No,' saying: 'Mr. President, great is our admiration for you; but that does not prevent us from saying that you have committed an error.'"

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LIST 64 SENATORS FOR LEAGUE DRAFT

League to Enforce Peace Finds Enough Votes in Poll to Ratify Covenant.

ONLY TWELVE OPPOSED

Twenty, Some of Whom May Vote Favorably, Are Now Counted as Doubtful.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Ratification of the treaty of peace is assured in the Senate, according to a prediction made tonight by the League to Enforce Peace, based upon the attitudes of Senators as expressed in the newspaper interviews, letters to the league, and personal talks. Of the ninety-six Senators, the league says, sixty-four, or two-thirds, have declared themselves in favor of the Covenant, while twelve have expressed disapproval, and twenty are put down as doubtful. To ratify the League of Nations requires a two-thirds vote.

The poll, as predicted by the league, is as follows:

For the Covenant.

Alabama—Bankhead and Underwood.
Arizona—Ashurst and Smith.
Arkansas—Robinson and Kirby.
California—Phelan.
Colorado—Thomas.
Delaware—Wolcott.
Florida—Fletcher and Trammell.
Georgia—Smith and Harris.
Idaho—Nugent.
Iowa—Cummins and Kenyon.
Kansas—Curtis and Capper.
Kentucky—Beckham and Stanley.
Louisiana—Ransdell and Gay.
Maryland—Smith.
Michigan—Townsend.
Minnesota—Nelson and Kellogg.
Mississippi—Williams and Harrison.
Missouri—Spencer.
Montana—Walsh and Myers.
Nebraska—Hitchcock and Norris.
Nevada—Pittman and Henderson.
New Hampshire—Heyes.
New Jersey—Edge.
New Mexico—Jones.
North Carolina—Simmons and Overman.
North Dakota—Gronna and McCumber.
Ohio—Pomerene.
Oklahoma—Gore and Owen.
Oregon—Chamberlain and McNary.
Rhode Island—Gerry.
South Carolina—Smith and Pollack.
South Dakota—Sterling and Johnson.
Tennessee—Shields and McKellar.
Texas—Culberson and Sheppard.
Utah—Smoot and King.
Virginia—Swanson and Martin.
Washington—Jones.
West Virginia—Sutherland and Elkins.
Wyoming—Kendrick.
Total—64.

Against the Covenant.

Idaho—Borah.
Illinois—Sherman.
Indiana—New.
Massachusetts—Lodge.
Missouri—Reed.
New Hampshire—Moses.
New Jersey—Frelinghuysen.
New Mexico—Fall.
New York—Wadsworth.
Pennsylvania—Penrose and Knox.
Washington—Poindexter.
Total—12.

Doubtful.

California—Johnson.
Colorado—Phipps.
Connecticut—Brandegee and McLean.
Delaware—Ball.
Illinois—McCormick.
Indiana—Watson.
Maine—Fernald and Hale.
Maryland—France.
Massachusetts—Walsh.
Michigan—Newberry.
New York—Calder.
Ohio—Harding.
Rhode Island—Colt.
Vermont—Page and Dillingham.
Wisconsin—Lenroot and La Follette.
Wyoming—Warren.
Total—20.

In analyzing the poll the league says: "There may be listed in the doubtful group those who are not doubtful at all. But also there are three listed as 'against' who may be said to be doubtful. Again, there are names in the 'for' column that may cause some surprise. The name of Senator Smoot is one of these, but reports declare that Utah is firm in support of the covenant.

"Moreover, it is asserted that the changes in the covenant meet the objections heretofore expressed by both of the Senators from Utah. Senator King, who was opposed to the original draft, in an interview in Salt Lake a few days ago expressed his belief that the Senate would ratify the peace treaty, including the League of Nations.

"Senator New of Indiana expressed his conviction that the United States should keep out of any League of Nations and that he does not believe the people of Indiana favor the League. 'But this does not mean that I will not vote for ratification,' he said. 'I have only read the covenant once, and I have not heard all of the explanations nor the arguments for it.'

"Perhaps Senator New could be listed as 'undecided,' but his opinion is expressed so strongly that it seems fairest to put him in the 'against' column, for the time being at least. Some of Senator Lodge's friends assert that the changes in the covenant will meet his objections. Senator Lodge most vigorously urged them. And he has not, to date, declared that he will oppose ratification. However, it also seems only fair to list him as against the covenant in endeavoring to figure out the array of proponents and opponents.

"Senator Sterling of South Dakota, one of the signers of the so-called 'round robin,' has not expressed himself in favor of the new covenant, but with the strong favor of the League of Nations that has developed in South Dakota it is assumed that he will respond to the will of his constituents.

"Senator Watson of Indiana does not entirely agree with his colleague, Senator New. He is for 'a' League of Nations, and he urged the amendments that were made. He is, therefore, placed in the 'doubtful' group, with many of his friends confident that he will be won over.

"The list as given seems to balance. Perhaps the list of those who are unalterably against the covenant may be slimmered down to Senators Reed, Borah, Poindexter, and Sherman. Those in the doubtful group most likely to swing over to support of the covenant are Senators Harding of Ohio, Page and Dillingham of Vermont, Phipps of Colorado, Johnson of California, and La Follette of Wisconsin."

SENATORS PROPOSE LEAGUE RESERVATION

Opponents Incline to That Method for Limiting Clauses Objected To.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Although Republican Senators at the Capitol today hesitated to discuss publicly the League of Nations covenant as adopted at the Peace Conference, pending the conference to be called by Senator Lodge, the statement was made in Republican quarters that there was unmistakable evidence of growing opposition to the covenant.

Senator Curtis, the Republican whip, who with Senator Lodge signed the telegram sent to Republican Senators urging them to withhold comment on the League until the matter could be taken up in conference, said he had heard from five of the Senators, but did not indicate the nature of their messages, merely saying: "So far as I can see there is no change in the situation."

Opposition to the League covenant is rapidly crystallizing along the line indicated by THE NEW YORK TIMES dispatches. The principal points of attack will be against Article XXI., which assumes to safeguard the Monroe Doctrine; Article X., binding the United States, with other members of the League, to preserve against external attack the territorial integrity of individual members; Article XI., which would throw disputes construed as threats of war to the League for determination, and the alleged failure of the covenant definitely to stipulate that matters of immigration be left to the individual nations.

But Republican leaders realize that pressure is apt to be applied from the White House to accept the covenant as adopted and that wavering Senators may be inclined to vote against any amendment rather than delay the peace program. If a majority of the Senate should refuse to amend the covenant two alternatives would be left for its opponents: First, to defeat the covenant through failure to give the necessary two-thirds vote for ratification; second, to adopt qualifying resolutions reserving to the United States the right to dissent from any of the covenant obligations that run counter to the long-established policy of sovereignty of the United States.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, who two days ago expressed doubt if the League covenant allowed the United States to assume control over immigration to this country, came out today in favor of the covenant as adopted at Paris. He said he believed the immigration question would be safe under the covenant. His attitude in favor of the Senate adopting the covenant as drawn, he said, was actuated by a desire to have the peace program speedily adopted.

BRIEF GREETING GIVEN TO GERMAN MISSION.

Bald Formalities Characterized the Reception of the Enemy Envoys at Versailles.

VERSAILLES, April 30, (Associated Press.)—The German peace plenipotentiaries who arrived in Versailles last night were greeted by cold, raw weather, with occasional rain squalls.

The German Foreign Minister, who removed his hat while the French official spoke, replied merely by bowing.

When the German delegation reached Versailles it was received in the name of the French Government by M. Chalière, Prefect of the Department of Seine-et-Cise, to whom the Count expressed thanks on behalf of the delegation. The Count's Secretary, Herr Rudiger, subsequently remarked to the newspaper men present:

"Words fail to describe my feelings as I crossed your devastated regions. I hope the peace which we are about to sign will give satisfaction to all the nations which participated in the war."

The fifteen German newspaper men who accompanied the German representatives to the Peace Congress here are Paul Block, Friedrich Stampfer, August Abel, Rolf Brandt, Prosper Mollendorf, and Drs. Redlich, Muehlins, Kaufmann, Guttmann, Goldmann, Hirth, Loughringer, Baumann, Wertheimer, and Flock.

No censorship will be imposed upon the newspaper men's dispatches to Germany, but they will not be allowed to communicate with the allied diplomats or newspaper men. Their status is the same as that of the German delegates and they will receive the same treatment.

When the first train pulled into the Vaucresson Station M. Chalière and Maron von Lersner, followed by 100 newspapermen, approached the car occupied by Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau. Baron von Lersner entered the car and reported to the Foreign Minister, who then stepped out. The head of the German delegation was received with a brief and formal speech of greeting, the text of which had been carefully studied by the Foreign Ministry in order to give it the exact tone suitable for the occasion.

POINCARE GREETS ITALIANS.

Says Break with France Would Be a Catastrophe for World.

PARIS, April 30.—The continued friendship of France for Italy was expressed by President Poincaré in a message today to the Italian people, sent through the Association of France and Italy. The message said:

"Italy and France, as closely as in war, will remain united in peace; nothing will separate them. A break in their friendship would be a catastrophe for Latin civilization and for humanity. France remains faithful to its engagements, its sympathies, and its traditions."

POSTAL OFFICIALS BEGIN WIDE SEARCH

Fifteen Divisions in Inspection Service Ordered to Examine All Packages Closely.

OTHER DEPARTMENTS AID

Federal Officials Whose Names Were on List of Victims Are Directing the Hunt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—What is regarded as a bold plot against the American Government and the forces of law and order was discovered today when Federal Post Office inspectors in the New York City Post Office found seventeen infernal machines, which had been mailed in sealed packages as first-class matter destined for delivery to prominent Federal, State and municipal officials and others.

Feeling certain that a large number of these bombs were sent through the mails, and hoping to prevent their delivery, Federal Post Office officials throughout the country, especially those connected with the distribution of mail, have instructions to make a thorough search for undelivered packages containing bombs. By direction of Postmaster General Burleson, orders have been issued to fifteen railroad mail superintendents and fifteen division inspectors in charge of the postal service in all parts of the country to push the investigation throughout the United States. Chief Inspector George M. Sutton is directing the search.

There could be no doubt, Federal officials asserted, after a careful analysis of the list of persons to whom the bombs were addressed, that those responsible for the plot are identified or in some way interested in this country's treatment of anarchists, convicted I. W. W.'s, Bolshevism and the work of other radicals. All the Federal officials selected for destruction by the plotters are men who have been responsible for, or identified with, the prosecution and handling of cases involving anarchists, I. W. W. agitators, espionage cases and the investigation of the spread of Bolshevist propaganda, the publication of Bolshevist newspapers and similar matters.

Postmaster General Burleson is the highest Federal officer in charge of the enforcement of the espionage act and William H. Lamar, solicitor of the Post Office Department, is the official who has been handling espionage matters and investigating the use of the mail by members of the I. W. W. Bolshevist publications which have sprung up in this country in large numbers, are still being established, and are under varying stages of investigaiton by the Post Office Department.

Debs Case Recalled.

Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes of the United States Supreme Court, to whom one of the bombs was addressed, is the member of that court who on March 10 last handed down the unanimous opinion of the court in the case of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader and four times a Presidential nominee, and Jacob Frohwerk, a newspaper editor of Kansas City. These men had been tried under the Espionage act, and both were sentenced by the lower courts to ten years' imprisonment. The Supreme Court, in the opinion which Justice Holmes rendered on March 10, sustained the convictions under the Espionage act, with the result that Debs must serve ten years in a Federal penitentiary.

Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer is not only the principal law officer of the Government in charge of all Federal prosecutions in United States courts against anarchists, I. W. W.'s, and other extreme radicals accused of violating Federal laws, but is also the particular Federal official who, on April 7 last, formally announced that he would not recommend executive clemency in the Debs case. Mr. Palmer declared at that time that he would be doing a grievous wrong to the country and striking a blow at law enforcement if he adopted any course which would interfere with the normal administration of justice in this case.

Mr. Palmer received several letters containing threats of violence if he refused to intercede on behalf of Debs. Other letters were received by Joseph P. Tumulty, private secretary to President Wilson. Mr. Tumulty did not divulge the contents of these communications, but turned them over to the Attorney General.

Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis, of the Federal Court in Chicago, to whom one of the bombs was addressed, presided at the recent trial of more than 100 members of the Industrial Workers of the World who were tried and convicted for violation of various Federal laws.

Those involved in the gigantic plot for the simultaneous destruction on or about May 1 of State, Federal, and municipal officials who had been active in handling cases against reds, anarchists, and others of this class, did not confine their attention to law officers of the Government, but devoted also some attention to Federal officials and legislators who have been most active recently in seeking to amend the immigration laws to safeguard the nation against the influx of dangerous radicals and others of real Bolshevist tendencies, and legislators actively identified with this move for legislative reform are so far discovered as having been singled out for victims by the plotters. These five are William B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor; the Commissioner of Immigration, Anthony Caminetti; Commissioner of Immigration F. C. Howe, who has been handling the anarchist deportation cases at Ellis Island; John L. Burnett, of Gadsden, Ala., Chairman of the House Immigration Committee, and Thomas W. Hardwick, of Georgia, who, until March 4 last, was a member of the United States Senate, and Chairman of its Committee on Immigration.

As Chairmen of the Immigration Committees in Congress, Senator Hardwick and Representative Burnett were in charge of the bills introduced in Congress, shortly before adjournment, providing for restriction upon immigration. In urging these measures upon the attention of members, Chairmen Burnett and Hardwick declared their belief that, if enacted into law, these measures would have struck right at the foundation of the Bolshevist and I. W. W. movement.

Caminetti Deported Reds.

The bills would have limited the immigration of foreigners for a period of four years after the war. They were Administration measures bearing the indorsement of Secretary of Labor Wilson and Commissioner General Caminetti. Commissioner Caminetti also had been in charge and very actively in control of the recent cases under which a large number of anarchists and I. W. W. agitators were rounded up in different parts of the country and sent to Ellis Island for deportation because they advocated the overthrow of the American Government.

William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor, has not only strongly indorsed every step taken by Commissioner Caminetti for the deportation of anarchists, but has fought the propaganda of the Industrial Workers of the World. Recently he has been active in fighting Bolshevist and Soviet efforts to stir up trouble in organized labor. He presided over the recent conference of Governors held in the White House, where he condemned revolutionary strikes and the attempt to start a Soviet revolution in this country. This was the speech in which Secretary Wilson said:

"It is not very generally known, but it is nevertheless a fact that the strikes that took place at Seattle, at Butte, at Paterson, at Lawrence, and at a number of other places recently, were not industrial or economic disputes in their origin, no matter how much economics may have been involved. A deliberate attempt was made to create a social and political revolution that would establish a Soviet form of government in the United States and put into effect the economic theories of the Bolsheviki in Russia. It failed because for three years the Department of Labor and other agencies of the Government have been fighting that false philosophy."

Plot, Not Coincidence.

Officials also are certain that there is no mere coincidence in the fact that one of the bombs was addressed to William Madison Wood, President of the American Woolen Company and also President of the Wood Worsted Mill and the Washington Worsted Mills of Lawrence. Lawrence is one of the places mentioned by Secretary Wilson at the Governors' conference on March 3 in his statement that a deliberate attempt was made to start a social and political revolution to establish a Soviet form of government in this country.

Governor William C. Sproul of Pennsylvania, another of the men on the list, also attended and took a prominent part in President Wilson's conference of Governors. During that conference a telegram was sent to the conferees by the Central Federated Union of New York, protesting against the plan of Secretary Wilson and Commissioner Caminetti for the deportation of aliens, "on account of their union or strike activities."

Secretary Wilson told the Governors no one was being deported for union activities. He assumed full responsibility for the pending deportations and announced his determination to continue to deport all aliens who advocated the overthrow of the American Government by force. Governor Sproul moved that a copy of the remarks of Secretary Wilson be telegraphed to the Central Federated Union of New York City as answer to its protest. Governor Sproul drafted the message, which was sent to that union, in which it was stated on behalf of the Governors' and Mayors' Conference that "no one is being deported for union or strike activities, but only those who have advocated the overthrow of our Government by force."

BOMBS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Two Sent to the District Attorney and His Assistant.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—Two bombs were delivered by mail to the District Attorney's office of San Francisco on Saturday morning. One was addressed to Charles M. Fickert, the District Attorney, and another to Edward Cunha, the Assistant District Attorney. They were mailed from New York.

One of the bombs, addressed to Mr. Cunha, was opened and found to contain percussion caps, an explosive, and some acid. Both were delivered in wooden boxes. The bombs were contained in a cardboard box inside. The packages were marked "Novelty," with the name of a New York shop on the outside of the package.

The box containing the bomb was cylindrical, seven inches long and one inch in diameter. The top contained a copper nail, being fastened so that it would be necessary to twist the top. Beneath was a small bottle of acid, to be broken by the copper nail twisting into it. Lower were five high-power percussion caps, facing upward, so as to explode when the acid dropped on them. They were held in place by cotton, evidently to hold the acid to cause it to work on the caps. Both Fickert and Cunha are now in a San Francisco hospital, having been confined there for some time with illness. They were the principals in the prosecution of Thomas J. Mooney in connection with the preparedness day bomb explosion on July 22, 1916.

SEES BOMB SENT IN REVENGE.

Hardwick Believes His Immigration Bill Incensed an Anarchist.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 30.—The person who mailed the infernal machine to ex-Senator Thomas W. Hardwick, which exploded when opened at the Hardwick apartment, 789 Peachtree Street, on Tuesday afternoon, seriously injuring Mrs. Hardwick and tearing off both hands of a negro maid, Ethel Williams, was, in the opinion of Mr. Hardwick, an anarchist incensed over the efforts made by the former Senator to prohibit foreign immigration. Mr. Hardwick said today that this was the only motive that he could assign for the act.

"During the last week of my term in the Senate," said Mr. Hardwick, "I introduced a bill to prohibit foreign immigration, and I am sure that it was my efforts to prohibit and restrict the immigration of foreigners to America that caused some one to attempt so dastardly a thing as to send an infernal machine through the mails.

"I have been too outspoken in my defense of the rights of the people, I am sure, to lead to any attack upon me by the labor forces or any of their people.

"I a malso convinced that the person who sent the package to me is the same person, or the same type of person, who addressed the bomb to Mayor Ole Hanson of Seattle. My regret is that I could not have borne the brunt of it, instead of my wife and a helpless negro being the sufferers."

BOMB FOR J. L. BURNETT.

GADSDEN, Ala., April 30.—Representative John L. Burnett, Chairman of the Immigration Committee of the last House, narrowly escaped injury today from an infernal machine received through the mails. The lid on the package stuck, when Mr. Burnett attempted to open it, aroused his suspicions and he turned the machine over to the police.

BRITISH BUDGET IS OVER $7,500,000,000

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

respect of the 5 per cent. war loan, amounting to about £30,000,000, but when proper allowance is made for all these assets, the amount and value of them, as well as the date at which we might expect to receive payment for them, necessarily makes uncertain the burden of debt. The burden is still a very formidable one.

Currency notes, which last year stood at £228,000,000, said Mr. Chamberlain, have risen to £349,000,000. This extension could not be allowed to continue indefinitely.

Mr. Chamberlain announced that there would be no change in the income tax pending the report of a Royal Commission dealing with this matter.

Mr. Chamberlain stated that brewers would be allowed to increase their output by 50 per cent. over the 1918 barrelage, bringing the authorized barrelage for the year to 20,000,000 barrels, as compared with a pre-war barrelage of 36,000,000.

The new tea duties will be ten pence per pound on teas grown in British possessions, and a shilling on all other teas.

The chief critic of the budget was William Adamson, the opposition leader, who characterized it as extremely disappointing. He criticized fresh borrowing, reduction of the excess profits tax, and the introduction of colonial preference, which he regarded as the thin edge of the protection wedge.

Sir Donald MacLean, Liberal leader, said that the Liberals were opposed root and branch to the principle of preference.

Thereupon, Mr. Chamberlain gave assurance that there would be ample opportunity later on to challenge the preference policy, and the House adopted the budget resolution without division.

Offset Debt to Canada.

"In accordance with a proposal outlined by a predecessor, a setoff has been effected between the Canadian and British Governments in respect to our liability to them and their sterling obligations to this country. It has reduced the debt of Canada to this country, and, on the other hand, the debt of this country to Canada, by the sum of £80,650,000. I am not without hope that we might be able to carry through a similar transaction in the coming year."

The Chancellor said he proposed to carry out the decisions of the Imperial War Cabinet and the Conference on Imperial Preference. The reductions from this would be substantial in amount, with the rates few and simple. Preference on commodities to be consumed, except alcohol, would be a sixth of the duty, and on articles like clocks, watches, and musical instruments it would be one-third.

The preference agreement, he continued, will particularly affect tea, cocoa, and rum. A committee will be appointed to consider the rates on food commodities, motion picture films, and a number of other articles.

The luxury tax, the Chancellor declared, would be dropped. An increase in the supply and quality of beer will be allowed at the present prices. The duty on beer will be raised from 30 shillings to 50 shillings a standard barrel, while that on spirits will be increased from 30 to 50 shillings a proof gallon.

Main Products Affected.

The principal colonial products affected by the introduction of colonial preference in the budget, as announced today by Austin Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, will be tea, cocoa, and rum, but there are other products, like cotton, sugar, tobacco, and wine, in which there will be great opportunities for the development of trade. It is considered that never was there a time when the imperial development was so important.

The preference on alcohol is one-third, while the preference on tea, nearly 92 per cent. of which is grown within the empire, will be equivalent to reducing the duty and involve a loss of £2,200,000 in revenue. It is expected the preference will greatly increase the consumption of tea. Fifty per cent. of the cocoa is produced within the empire, and at a preference of 7 shillings a hundredweight the loss in revenue will be £200,000.

The preference on manufactured tobacco will be 1 shilling 4 pence a pound, which is considered a substantial concession and should increase production in India and the colonies. The estimated revenue from tobacco is £47,000,000, but only 2 per cent. of it comes from empire sources.

The estimated sugar revenue is £39,000,000. Seven per cent. of it comes from the empire. The preference will be worth 4 shillings per hundredweight, meaning a loss of £500,000 in revenue.

The preference on wine duties is levied at two rates, one shilling threepence and three shillings, according to the strength of the wine. Preference is given by a reduction of sixpence on the lower class and a shilling on the higher class. This will prove of importance to South America and Australia. The Chancellor said he was unwilling to raise the duties on account of the interest of Great Britain's allies, France and Portugal.

The Chancellor added that spirits presented the hardest problem. Excise taxes produced a large revenue and preference could not be in the form of reducing this revenue, and to give preference by reduction would necessitate a corresponding reduction in excise rates. Therefore preference was given by increasing the duty on foreign spirits 2 shillings 6 pence per gallon.

LLOYD GEORGE LOSES THIRD BYE ELECTION

Liberal Defeats Coalition Unionist and Laborite for Seat in Commons.

LONDON, April 30.—The Coalition Government of Premier Lloyd George has lost another seat in the House of Commons, the third in four bye-elections since Parliament was elected in December, in the victory in the central district of Aberdeen and Kincardine of Major M. Wood, a Liberal. Major Wood defeated the Coalition Unionist and Labor candidates. The vote was: Major Wood, 4,970; Mr. Davidson, (Coalitionist,) 4,764; Mr. Duncan, (Laborite,) 3,342.

Major Wood contested Ayr in the December elertion the central district of more than 5,000 votes by Sir George Younger, Coalition Unionist. In the December election the Central district of Aberdeen and Kincardine was carried by Lieut. Col. A. T. Gordon by 638 votes out of a total of more than 12,000, over J. M. Henderson, Liberal.

RECALLS GERMAN BISHOPS.

Pope Recognizes France's Sovereignty Over Alsace-Lorraine.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, April 30.—According to the Berlin correspondent of the Berlingske Tidende, the Vatican has now recognized French sovereignty over Alsace-Lorraine. The German Bishops of Strasbourg and Metz have been relieved of their office and the Bishoprics are now being held by Bishop Ruch, at present Bishop of Nancy, who goes to Strasbourg, and by Mgr. Pelf, appointed to Metz.

This is the first recognition of the new status of the negotiations carried on between the Pope and Cardinal Amette, who was sent to Rome by Premier Clemenceau.

Croydon Sack Suits are first choice of many business men.

Croydon Garments are tailored by Hickey-Freeman.

CROYDON LTD.
7 EAST 44TH STREET
Next to Delmonico's

There's something about them you'll like—

Twenty to the package

Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

F. R. TRIPLER & Co.

Covert - Gabardine

TOPCOATS

$37.50

Waterproofed

An exceptionally light weight cloth of a gabardine-covert construction for Spring and Summer wear, suggested as ideal for motoring.

INVEST V INVEST

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

Victory Liberty Loan Meeting

Under the Auspices of the

Metropolitan Canvass Committee

at the

22d Regiment, Engineers, Armory,
168th Street, near Fort Washington Avenue

Tonight at 8 o'Clock

THE SPEAKERS WILL BE

Congressman FREDERICK C. HICKS
Lt.-Col. JOHN A. HUGHES of the Marines
Col. LEWIS D. CONNELLY, 69th Regiment
Congressman JEROME F. DONOVAN

ENTERTAINMENT WILL BE FURNISHED BY

Miss Camilla Poncella, Mr. John Finnegan, Virginia Corcoran, pianist, and the Yip Yip Yaphank Quartette.

ALL WELCOME

36 WERE MARKED AS BOMB PLOT VICTIMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

and other strikes in the Far West, and all of them affiliated with the I. W. W. movement.

Sixteen bombs are now in the New York Post Office and were not sent on to their destination because of two little red paper seals which the plotters had pasted on either end of the packages containing the bombs. The postage on the packages was sufficient had the packages not been sealed, but the pasting of those little red papers called for the first-class rate, with the result that the bombs were held up pending the receipt of the additional postage from the concern whose name was forged on the outer wrappers of the boxes containing the explosive substances.

Clerk Discovers the Plot.

It was due, however, to the quick wit of Charles Caplan, a clerk in the Parcel Post Division, that the nation-wide scope of the plot was discovered in time yesterday to warn every post office in the United States and Canada and to put to work every Federal and local police and detective agency in the country. Caplan was on his way to his home in Harlem at 2 o'clock yesterday morning when his attention was attracted to a newspaper article about the receipt of a bomb at the home of Senator Hardwick in Atlanta, which had exploded and seriously injured Mrs. Hardwick's in Harlem at 2 o'clock yesterday morning when his attention was attracted to a newspaper article about the receipt of a bomb at the home of Senator Hardwick in Atlanta, which had exploded maid. The article contained a description of the mail package in which the bomb had been received, and Caplan immediately thought of the sixteen little brown packages in the parcel post storage room at Thirtieth Street and Eighth Avenue.

The Atlanta package, according to the newspaper article, was wrapped as were those in the Post Office here, but unlike them apparently had sufficient postage to carry it as first-class mail. Caplan left the train at the next station and hurried back to the Post Office, and told Henry Meyer, the Night Superintendent of Mails, about his suspicions. Together Meyer and Caplan went into the Parcel Post Division and scrutinized the sixteen packages. They were alike and tallied in every respect with the published description of the package in which the Hardwick bomb had been received. Mr. Meyer then called William E. Cochran, Chief of Postal Inspection for the New York District on the telephone, and Mr. Cochran gave orders for no one to touch the packages—an order that was quite unnecessary according to the parcel post staff—until he arrived at his office early yesterday morning.

As soon as he arrived at his office yesterday morning Chief Cochran notified the city authorities and Inspector Owen Egan, and Inspector John F. Dickson of the Bureau of Combustibles went to Mr. Cochran's office to participate in the examination of the paskages. One of them was at once taken to the house of Fire ftruck No. 24 at Thirty-third Street and Sixth Avenue.

Description of the Package.

A cursory examination showed quickly that the package contained an infernal machine. So cleverly was the bomb made that the greatest precaution was necessary in removing it part by part and it was six hours before the job was finished. When at last the whole machine was exposed Inspector Dickson said emphatically that it was the work of an expert and that he had never examined a bomb of more skilfull construction or deadlier possibilities. Inspector Egan indorsed what Dickson said.

Carefully dissecting the package the authorities found first a wrapper of paper over a collapsible box, and inside this a wooden tube. The bomb itself was inclosed in the wooden cylinder or tube, which fitted snugly into the box in which it was mailed. The wooden tube was made of basswood and was highly polished. The box containing the tube was what is known in the confectionery trade as a "Japanese candy box." The box was white inside and green on the outside, and was done up in a wrapper which bore the forged name of Gimbel Brothers. It was officially stated by the Federal authorities that an investigation had proved beyond all doubt that the firm had never had any such boxes in its possession and that the wrapping paper used was not of the kind used by the firm.

The wrapper was of good quality paper and was brown in color. Printed on the wrapper above the forgery was the single word, "Novelties." This was in black letters, while on another part of the wrapper was the name of the person to whom the bomb was mailed, with a picture of a mountain climber with an alpenstock in his hand.

The wooden tube was seven and a quarter inches in length, one and five-eighths inches in diameter on the outside, while the interior diameter was seven-eighths of an inch. To open the tube it was necessary to unscrew the top and when this top was removed a glass vial was disclosed in which was liquid explosive. The cork of the vial was made doubly secure with putty. Detonating mechanism which consisted of three fulminate of mercury percussion caps was in the bottom of the tube pressed tightly against the bottom of the vial. The whole thing was so arranged that in trying to remove the bottle it would be broken by coming in contact with two small pieces of brass, which would cause the percussion caps to function and explode the chemical in the vial, which was described at the Post Office last night as "liquid dynamite."

Bombs All Alike.

Within half an hour after the first of the New York bombs had been dissembled and examined Chief Cochran received a telegram from Stephen H. Morse of the San Francisco Postal Inspection Service, informing him that bombs had been received by District Attorney Fickert and Assistant District Attorney Cunha. Chief Morse wired that the bomb addressed to Mr. Fickert had been taken apart and he gave a description of the bomb, which tallied in every detail with the contents of the bomb opened and examined by Inspectors Egan and Dickson in this city. After the mechanism of the first bomb was discovered the examination of the other fifteen bombs in the Post Office, for all the packages contained bombs, proceeded with greater speed and up to 9 o'clock last night several others had been taken apart and in each instance the bomb was identical with the first one examined.

Chief Cochran after the examination of the first bomb, was asked by several persons if he believed that the country-wide conspiracy was an I. W. W.-Bolshevik undertaking, timed as a "May Day" demonstration.

"I am not naming at this time the outlaw groups that I believe to be responsible," Chief Cochran replied, "but I think you will have no difficulty in drawing a correct conclusion as to the responsibility, especially if you take into consideration the recent official activities of some of the gentlemen to whom packages containing bombs were addressed."

By noon yesterday all the police and detective forces of this country as well as those of Canada had been warned that a cleverly conceived and widespread conspiracy involving the assassination of men prominent in official and private life had been discovered and that the headquarters of the conspiracy was in this city. Every post office clerk in the nation was ordered to watch for suspicious looking packages, particularly those bearing New York City postmarks, both in the parcel post and regular mail service. At the same time the police began an investigation which included every known haunt of the I. W. W., Bolsheviki and kindred movements in this city, and it was predicted that a round-up of the agitators and disturbers who are identified with these movements might be expected. Similar round-ups, it is believed, will follow in Chicago, San Francisco, and other cities.

At the outset of the investigation in this city the postal authorities and the police were handicapped by not knowing from what part of the central parcel post district the packages were mailed. It was ascertained that the sixteen now in the Post Office reached there at 8 o'clock last Saturday night. The district in which they were mailed extends north from Twentieth to Thirty-sixth Street and west from Sixth Avenue to the North River. The parcel post wagon collectors were unable when questioned to tell from what station or parcel mail box they had been collected.

The Federal as well as the local authorities have the names of hundreds of persons in this city who are openly or secretly identified with the I. W. W. and other radical movements.

For months past Postmaster Patten has been in touch with the spread of Bolshevist, anarchistic, I. W. W., and similar propaganda through the mails and has urged that the strictest kind of watch should be maintained against these disturbers.

Postmaster Calls It Appalling.

"This whole thing," said Postmaster Patten yesterday, "is absolutely appalling. I do not recollect anything of the kind in our history more diabolical than this conspiracy. That everything possible will be done to run down the persons responsible for this wholesale murder plot of course goes without saying."

At Police Headquarters it was said that the department was alive to its responsibilities in the matter and that it was working hand in hand with the Federal authorities to get at the bottom of the conspiracy and to bring those responsible to justice. The entire detective force of the department was said to be at work on the case.

Those to whom the bombs were addressed were uncommunicative and it was the impression that they had been requested by the Federal authorities not to say anything for the present. Mayor Hylan was not at his office and no one in City Hall made a statement in his behalf. At the home of J. P. Morgan in Glen Cove, L. I., it was said last night that Mr. Morgan had "nothing to say" regarding the sending of bombs to himself or other prominent men.

No comment was made at the office of John D. Rockefeller at 26 Broadway. Mr. Rockefeller, it was said, had not been in his office in several months. It was recalled yesterday that in the Summer of 1914 two anarchists were killed in upper Lexington Avenue through the premature explosion of a bomb which it was subsequently proved was intended for Mr. Rockefeller. That plot against the life of Mr. Rockefeller followed a series of I. W. W. demonstrations in Tarrytown, which is near the Pocantico Hills estate of Mr. Rockefeller.

The enmity of the I. W. W. and the Bolsheviki against Judge Landis of Chicago is easily understood. It was before Judge Landis that William D. Haywood of the I. W. W. and more than 100 of his followers were tried on indictments charging conspiracy to obstruct the war activities of the United States Government. After a trial that lasted several months the jury in that case on Aug. 29, 1918, returned a verdict of "guilty as charged" against ninety-five of the defendants. That case was prosecuted by Frank K. Nebeker as a Special Federal Attorney.

In sentencing Haywood and his co-defendants Judge Landis told them that their activities were aimed directly at the sovereignty of the United States and were of a nature to give aid and comfort to Germans. He sentenced Haywood and fourteen of his chief lieutenants to fourteen years in the Federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan. Thirty-three of the others received ten-year sentences, and thirty-three more five-year terms in the same prison. Twelve of the lesser lights of the organization received sentences of a year and one day while two insignificant and unimportant members of the I. W. W. were sentenced to ten days in the Chicago Workhouse.

On Jan. 15 last forty-six members of the California I. W. W. organization were convicted at Sacramento for the conspiracy that culminated in the dynamiting of the home of Governor Stephens in Sacramento. This case was tried before Judge Frank H. Rudkin of the California Supreme Court. In that case Robert Duncan, the chief prosecutor, denounced the I. W. W. as an organization that "recognizes no flag, no country, no color line."

Justice Holmes of the Supreme Court has been the subject of bitter criticism by the radical groups because on March 10 last he handed down the decision of the United States Supreme Court which affirmed the conviction of disloyalty of Eugene V. Debs, the Socialist leader.

In Chicago on Feb. 12 last the Secret Service announced that it had discovered an I. W. W. plot, the purpose of which was the assassination of President Wilson. The leader of this plot, who was arrested, was Pietro Pierre, an I. W. W. agitator, who had served a term in Leavenworth for violating the draft law and was released from prison last October. It was announced that twenty other I. W. W.'s were concerned in that plot which, according to the Secret Service announcement was hatched in Leavenworth.

Several months ago in this city five outspoken followers of Lenin and Trotzky—all of them Russian and all non-citizens—were convicted before Judge Clayton charged with conspiracy against the American Government. Judge Clayton gave them the limit under the law which was twenty years in the penitentiary at Atlanta.

Solicitor Lamar's Activities.

Solicitor Lamar of the Post Office Department, to whom a bomb was addressed, is the Federal official who on March 9 last, submitted to the Senate Committee that investigated Bolshevism the memorandum in which the Post Office Department charged that "the I. W. W. anarchists, radical Socialists, and other groups of extreme radicals," were combining for the overthrow of the American Government through a "bloody revolution" with the intention of establishing in this country a Bolshevist Government similar to the reign of terror percipitated in Russia by Lenin and Trotzky and their followers. That memorandum of Judge Lamar's was read into the Senate record by Major Lowry Humes of Pittsburgh, the United States District Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

Attached to the Lamar memorandum were excerpts from various radical newspapers and pamphlets published in the United State since the signing of the armistice. One of the papers submitted by Judge Lamar was published in Chicago, under date of Feb. 1 last. This paper, which he said had been scattered broadcast among the foreign-born population, called upon the "slaves of America to awake" and added that "things will hereafter change no matter whether the American Huns, the industrial Kaisers, their associates and hirelings like it or not."

The enmity of the radicals against Congressman Burnett, and Immigration Commissioners Caminetti and Howe is due to the expressed determination of the Government to deport all alien disturbers found in America. Mr. Burnett was Chairman of the Committee on Immigration in the last Congress and is said to favor a drastic law to keep agitators and other undesirables out of the country.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Twenty-six.

Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

"Hard-to-Fit-itis"

Some men get a lot of fun in thinking they can't wear ready made clothes—just as some women enjoy poor health.

It gives them a bully chance to tell what their tailors said about their breadth of shoulder or barrel-like chest, their glorious girth, or majestic height.

There is no hope for such men—they don't want to be

GLOBE SPRINKLERS

STOPS THE FIRE AT THE START

Canada's Sprinkler record

The Canadian Government Commission of Conservation reports, "During the last thirty years sprinklers have checked and conquered over 35,000 fires, saved more than $700,000,000 worth of property from destruction, rendered possible insurance savings of $800,000,000."

Let GLOBE protect your property.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
149 Broadway Cort. 6790

The large plant of the Gier Pressed Steel Co., Lansing, Mich., is protected with GLOBE Sprinklers.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES

Inefficiency
VERSUS
Intelligence

A THOUSAND oysters or more may be opened to find a single Oriental Pearl, but you must pay for opening nine hundred and ninety-nine before you can buy the pearl yielded by one!

The fabulous price of Orientals is thus due to Nature's inefficiency.

The moderate price of Técla Pearls is due to human intelligence.

TÉCLA
398 Fifth Avenue
NEW YORK
10 Rue de la Paix, Paris

Every Time the Clock Ticks

Some man dies and leaves his family either well provided for or in dire want—dependents.

Seven-eighths of all estates are left in the form of Life Insurance. You have only one chance in eight to leave an estate sufficient to adequately provide for your family other than through life insurance.

You can protect your family most economically and efficiently under our plan.

Write, phone, or call on

BRILL & SCOTT
516 Fifth Avenue
PHONE MURRAY HILL 1149
"Life Insurance on a Business Basis"

FOWNES
KID FITTING
SILK GLOVES

Fownes silk gloves will not disappoint. Their style is apparent—their fit and durability a pleasant surprise.

Double tipped. For men, women and children.

Fownes shades. At shops everywhere.

Soothe tired nerves for restful sleep. At night apply

BAUME ANALGÉSIQUE BENGUÉ

on the forehead and back of neck. Keep a tube handy

Thos. Leeming & Co., N. Y.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY
204 FIFTH AVENUE
Broadway at Fourth—Broadway at 72nd

ASKS VOLUNTEERS TO HELP IN LOAN

Benjamin Strong, Head of Federal Reserve District, Issues a Call.

CAMPAIGN HALF OVER

City Has Subscribed Only 18 Per Cent. of Quota, and Workers Are Needed.

SEES PROSPERITY AT STAKE

Francis Sisson Says Living Cost Will Grow If Banks Must Buy Up Notes.

With the Victory Loan campaign half over and New York's subscriptions only 18 per cent. of the city's quota, a call for more volunteer workers and for greater activity in canvassing on the streets, in public places, and in homes was issued yesterday by leaders of the campaign.

New York's total subscriptions, as announced yesterday by the Federal Reserve Bank, amounted to $180,864,200, as against New York City's quota of $1,000,501,600. Contributions of $12,031,000 were reported for the day by banks and financial institutions, and additional subscriptions amounting to a few million dollars obtained through the Rainbow Division and other committees are not included in the $180,364,200, but calls for more canvassers by the Rainbow Division and other groups of workers indicated that a more intensive selling campaign is necessary to insure the success of the campaign and to give it a popular and patriotic character.

The following official statement was issued yesterday from Liberty Loan Headquarters at 120 Broadway by Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Second Federal Reserve District:

The Liberty Loan Campaign needs active volunteer workers immediately.

One of the most vital factors in obtaining success in previous campaigns has been the tireless and continuing effort of hundreds of men and women who offered their services to the Government.

Owing to the cessation of hostilities these volunteers are not yet coming forward in sufficient numbers to establish the personal contact necessary to the success of a Government loan from the standpoint of wide distribution.

If the Victory Loan is to be the success which we all are determined to make it, redoubled efforts on the part of the present committees will be necessary and we shall need the assistance of many additional active workers, particularly those who have had previous experience in this work. I therefore urge the business men of New York to contribute to the committees covering the trades with which they are allied a part of their organizations for the balance of the campaign, and I likewise urge those who are not engaged in trade to volunteer their services to the Metropolitan Canvass Organization, which has headquarters in every police precinct in the city.

Women workers should apply to the Woman's Committee, 509 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

This is the last popular loan campaign, and New York City must again make it an unqualified success.

An additional appeal for more volunteer workers was issued by Craig Colgate, Chairman of the Advisory Trades Committee, which is supervising the drive of the Rainbow Division. Mr. Colgate pointed out that many of the volunteers who helped in previous campaigns were not coming forward now.

Sisson Sees Notes at Par.

Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, who addressed a crowd of 15,000 persons from the steps of the Sub-Treasury, said yesterday that Victory notes would never go below part and would certainly increase in value.

"There have been rumors," said Mr. Sisson, "that some people were chary of the Victory note because previous bonds depreciated. As a banking man I wish to say the comparison is not well taken. I firmly believe the present notes will go above part and stay there. If it should happen that they go below, you will see a rush for them and a consequent jump. Unfortunately for some investors in previous loans, they had to get rid of their bonds. That is their misfortune, not Uncle Sam's fault. He stands ready to pay his bills and to pay the interest.

"Just as soon as the banks put their money in the notes, just so soon will there follow an inflation of credit. Money will have to be had from the Federal Reserve banks, the cost of living will go skyward and there will be financial stringency in the economical world.

"The United States today is on the threshold of the greatest business era in its history. But team-work is essential in the game we are having. Every American must know his signals in the game and he must follow them."

The official figures of the Federal Reserve Bank on the progress of the loan so far are as follows:

NEW YORK CITY.

	Quota.	Total to Date.	P. C. of Quota.
Manhattan	$927,023,200	$160,899,700	17.3
Brooklyn	59,457,400	18,302,250	30.4
Queens	7,076,000	1,141,950	16.1
Bronx	4,975,600	856,350	7.1
Richmond	1,650,400	274,950	16.5
New York City.	$1,000,561,600	$182,364,200	18

SUB-DISTRICTS.

	Quota.	Total to Date.	P. C. of Quota.
No. 1 (Buffalo)	$55,440,000	$8,079,200	14.7
No. 2 (Roch.).	31,661,100	6,409,700	20.8
No. 3 (Syracuse and Utica).	45,007,700	5,384,250	12
No. 4 (Bingh.).	14,175,000	4,663,950	32.9
No. 5 (Albany).	52,086,800	10,924,050	20.9
No. 6 (Long Island, N.Y.C.).	8,151,100	1,903,400	23.3
No. 7 (North'n New Jersey).	107,887,500	20,019,999	18.5
No. 8 (Fairfield Co., Conn., Westchester & Rockl'd Cos.).	26,400,400	4,881,300	18.6
Total outside N. Y. City.	$349,455,400	$62,419,050	18.1
Total for dis.	$1,350,000,000	$244,783,250	18

The sums actually raised by boroughs and the amounts which should have been raised at this period of the campaign, if its full proportion of the quota had been subscribed on every day of the campaign, is given in the following table:

	Proportion of Quota.	Actual Subscriptions.
Manhattan	$412,009,250	$160,381,700
Brooklyn	26,903,200	18,203,250

Queens	3,144,900	1,141,950
Bronx	2,211,400	856,350
Richmond	734,000	274,950
Total for N. Y. City.	$444,994,050	$180,864,200

For the remaining business days of the Victory note campaign subscriptions must average $130,621,650 if the district is to subscribe the $1,350,000,000 allotted.

The largest single subscription yesterday was one of $5,000,000 by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The following are the purchasers reported yesterday by banks and financial institutions:

Kuhn, Loeb & Co.	$5,000,000
American Car and Foundry Co.	2,000,000
William Salomon & Co.	500,000
Singer Sewing Machine Co.	500,000
American Hide and Leather Co.	500,000
Llomallo Perera & Co. (additional).	500,000
Mexican Petroleum Co., Ltd.	375,000
Pan American Petroleum and Transport Co.	375,000
Mutual Chemical Co. of America.	250,000
S. H. Kress & Co.	225,000
James McCreery & Co.	200,000
American Exchange Underwriters.	100,000
George H. Gardiner.	100,000
Vaccaro Bros. & Co., New Orleans, La.	100,000
American Surety Co.	100,000
A. H. Bull & Co.	100,000
Rogers Peet & Co.	100,000
Dunlevy Milbank.	100,000
Jeremiah Millburn	100,000
Sinclair Gulf Corp.	100,000
Bertha Streat.	75,000
Allied Mutual Liability Insurance Co.	60,000
Manhattan Savings Institutions (additional)	55,000
Power Specialty Co.	50,000
Sidney Blumenthal & Co., Inc.	50,000
H. P. McKenny & Co.	50,000
John Simmons Co. (additional)	47,000
New Process Metal Co.	41,000
H. Baker & Co.	35,000
Greene & Co.	30,000
William G. L. Batsch.	25,000
O'Sullivan Rubber Co.	25,000
Mme. Maria Barrientos.	25,000
James Street.	25,000
Sperling & Sperling.	20,000
J. R. Melcher.	15,000
Boynton Furnace Co.	10,000
Ledy & Rosenthal.	10,000
James A. Ashley.	10,000
William H. Jacobus.	10,000
Abe Jacobus.	10,000
Eugene Jacobus.	10,000
David Schoenfeld.	10,000
David Blustein & Co.	10,000
Lederle Antitoxin Co.	10,000
	$12,031,000

The United States Railroad Administration, Eastern Region, announced yesterday that $14,474,750 in subscriptions to Victory Notes had been received from railroad men in the region up to the close of business on Tuesday night. Out of a total of 345,995 employes, 157,276 have so far subscribed.

MORE SPEED IS NEEDED TO FILL VICTORY QUOTA

Head of Rainbow Division Appeals for Canvassers to Carry on Note Sale in Industries.

In a statement issued yesterday Craig Colgate, Chairman of the Advisory Trades Committee and head of the Rainbow Division of Victory Loan canvassers, declared that to date the division had only turned in 16 per cent. of its quota of subscriptions. He put one of the causes for the failure of the division to achieve success in its drive as the lack of workers, and appealed to all those who stood by the Rainbows in previous loan campaigns to lend a hand now.

"The results of the campaign to date in the Rainbow Division show that the committees that are working actively are obtaining fairly good results," said Mr. Colgate. "A number of the committees have made no reports at all, and many are showing small returns to date in comparison to the amounts they are expected to raise.

"We find that almost all of the committees are complaining that they have not the services of the large number of volunteer workers who assisted them in the previous loans. I cannot too strongly urge that all of those who have worked with the trades organization in the past and who can give at least a part of their time during the remainder of this campaign rally to the help of the trade organizations and help them reach their quotas. Without the help of these volunteer workers the Rainbow Division has had in the past it will be practically impossible to obtain the kind of distribution of the notes of the Victory Loan desired by the Secretary of the Treasury.

"On the corresponding day of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign the Rainbow Division had reached nearly 40 per cent. of its quota, whereas it has only raised 16 per cent. of its much smaller quota for the Victory Liberty Loan to date."

A list of the units of the division arranged alphabetically with their standing in regard to work in the loan as given out yesterday at Liberty Loan headquarters follows:

Committee Titles.	Quota.	Subscribed to Date.
Allied Music Trades	$3,750,000	$6,100,000
Art Dealers, Art Printers and Allied Trades	2,700,000	90,450
Automotive and Accessory Trades	13,000,000	532,900
Baking Industry	4,500,000	775,000
Belts, Suspenders, and Garters	250,000	46,000
Building and Allied Trades	6,200,000	695,200
Business Women's Committee	430,000	178,600
Butter, Cheese and Eggs	790,000	.....
Carpets, Rugs and Floor Coverings	1,440,000	174,450
Chemicals, Drugs, Paints and Allied Trades	23,000,000	5,575,750
Children's and Infants' Wear	1,188,000	622,700
China, Glassware, Toys and Housefurnishings	1,975,000	43,700
Cloaks, Suits and Skirts	7,175,000	1,900,000
Clothing Men's and Allied Trades	5,000,000	2,075,000
Clubs	9,750,000	.....
Coal Trade	10,000,000	621,700
Coffees, Teas, & spices	2,000,000	389,550
Commercial Schools	500,000	59,400
Confectionery, Confectionery Supplies, Chocolate	2,750,000	611,200
Contractors and Civil Engineers	4,400,000	.....
Corsets, Corset Materials	600,000	418,650
Country Produce and Fruits	750,000	20,100
Decorators, Interior	1,200,000	48,900
Department Stores	13,500,000	3,154,550
Dry Goods, Wholesale	25,000,000	4,848,500
Dyers and Cleaners	200,000	.....
Electrical Industry	13,000,000	101,150
Export, Import and Shipping	43,500,000	4,665,150
Fancy Goods, Notions, Novelty and Buttons	1,500,000	350,000
Fish	500,000	50,000
Florists and Allied Trades	250,000	48,900
Fur Industry	5,000,000	1,661,700
Furniture	3,400,000	152,500
Gloves — Leather and Fabric	600,000	175,150
Groceries and Grocery Specialties	3,500,000	1,161,850
Hardware, Metals and Allied Trades	20,000,000	21,167,050
Hats and Cap Industry	3,000,000	121,550
Hides and Leather	8,500,000	3,430,700
Hospitals and Sanitariums	300,000	236,250
Hotels and Restaurants	12,500,000	1,008,350
Ice	750,000	.....
Jewelry Stocks and Kindred Lines	6,000,000	1,110,000
Laces and Embroideries	1,800,000	369,650
Laundries and Allied Industries	850,000	200,000
Leather Goods, Trunks and Bags	750,000	94,000
Lumber, Cabinet Woods and Veneers	3,000,000	441,300
Meats, Meat Products	1,750,000	486,053
Machinery, Machine Tools and Railroad Supplies	20,000,000	900,000
Milk, Dairy Products	1,750,000	85,450
Millinery, Dress Trimmings and Allied Trades	6,000,000	3,000,000
Mining	33,000,000	3,000,000
Neckwear, Men's	475,000	54,150
Neckwear, Women's	550,000	60,000
New York Cotton Exchange	5,575,000	.....
Paper Industry	3,000,000	91,850
Patriotic Household League	300,000	111,900
Pawnbrokers	400,000	90,000
Petroleum and Allied Products	18,500,000	3,163,500
Poultry	475,000	89,600
Private Schools	1,500,000	603,250
Public Accountants	600,000	84,250
Publishing, Printing, Advertising and Allied Trades	7,375,000	903,800
Real Estate	4,000,000	2,590,200
Rubber Industry	6,500,000	1,174,700
Shoe Industry, Wholesale	2,500,000	75,250
Shoe Industry, Retail	500,000	227,450
Silk Industry	8,000,000	2,154,200
Stationery, Stationery Specialties	2,000,000	69,250
Storage Warehouse, Moving and Carpet Cleaning	900,000	115,700
Theatrical, Motion Pictures and Amusement Interests	37,500,000	2,882,250
Tobacco Industry	18,000,000	6,567,600
Toilet Goods	1,600,000	146,900
Umbrellas, Canes and Parasols	540,000	75,000
Upholstery and Lace Curtains	1,000,000	394,500
Women's Cotton and Silk Underwear, Wrappers and Kimonos	1,500,000	353,650
Woolens and Worsteds	19,000,000	3,256,550
Yarns and Art Goods	2,000,000	473,100
Women's Clubs	450,000	1,118,900
Total	$368,128,000	$106,184,400

Subscriptions officially reported for the entire Rainbow Division yesterday totaled $31,224,200, which is about the best day the organization has seen so far. To obtain its quota a daily average of $38,000,000 from the beginning of the drive is necessary.

'LOST BATTALION' UNIT TO PARADE FOR LOAN

Two hundred and fifty men of the "Lost Battalion" of the Seventy-seventh will form in front of the New York Public Library at 11:45 o'clock this morning and march to Victory Way, Park Avenue, between Forty-fifth and Fiftieth Street. The men belong to Company D of Colonel Whittlesey's famous unit, and will march under the command of Captain Knight, headed by the 150th Coast Artillery. They will take a prominent part in the "Argonne Day" exercises at Victory Way.

At 9 o'clock in the evening the 249th Supply Train will give an exhibition on Victory Way of the loading of a motor truck troop train under rush orders from the front and the method of handing the train when in motion. This unit will come over from Camp Mills under the command of Colonel Taylor. The unit will also show some of its special automotive repair equipment in operation, including a complete machine shop on wheels and a traveling repair shop.

The complete program for the day is as follows:

Victory Way.

"ARGONNE DAY."

8 A. M.—Reveille; flag raising.
10:20 A. M.—Guard mount in area south of Forum.
12 Noon.—Presiding officer, Martin Vogel. Presentation of colors, military squad; "The Star-Spangled Banner," band; introductory address, Martin Vogel.
Address—General Henry W. Hodges.
Selection—106th Artillery Band.
Address—Major Gen. Barnett.
Selection—Argonne Players.
Address—Major Gen. Robert Alexander.
Address—Colonel Reginald L. Foster.
Vocal Selection—Argonne Players.
Address, (Long-Distance Telephone)—Benedict Crowell, Assistant Secretary of War.
Selection—Argonne Players.
12:30 P. M.—Posting first relief of guard.
1 to 2 P. M.—Forum. Band concert.

Women's Liberty Loan Committee, With Bureau of Outdoor Activities.

PULPIT.

1:30—Address, Lieutenant Avrome H. Hexter; cartoons, Winsor McCay; address, Private Tully; address, Mischa Applebaum; vocal selection, Senor Ordonez, baritone; instrumental selections, Florence Stern, violinist; instrumental selection, Edith Zola Friedman, pianist; address, Lieutenant John J. Quinn; address, W. T. Watmore, President Minute Men of America; address, Jerome A. Myers, Chief of Outdoor Activities, Liberty Loan; address, Jeff Davis, "King of the Hobos;" address, James F. Kelly, Knights of Columbus Secretary; address, Max Rosenwald; address, Radio Electrician Harold Schwab; address, Private Galloway U. S. M. C.; vocal selection, W. Shafer and Vivian Piero; vocal selection, Signor Piotti.

FORUM.

2 to 2 P. M.—Children's Hour, Public School No. 62.

EVENING PROGRAM.

7:30 P. M.—Retreat.
7 to 8 P. M.—Band concerts.

BELGIAN NIGHT.

8 to 10 P. M.—Address, Joseph Hartigan, Manager Foreign Languages Bureau; tableau, women and children in Belgian costumes; vocal selection, Jan Collingnon, baritone; address, Rev. Father Stillemans; folk dance; vocal selection, Alice Verlet, soprano; address, Rev. W. T. Manning, rector Trinity Church; folk dance; address, Rev. O. S. Nye; dance and songs, Belgian children; "Star-Spangled Banner," bands and audience.
10 P. M.—Taps.

Van Cortlandt Park—War Show by Your Army.

2 P. M.—Balloon ascension by U. S. Signal Corps and leap by military observers from captive balloon.
2:30 P. M.—Trench warfare, staged by Army Ordnance Department. Tanks assaulting infantry in trenches, infantry going "over the top," guns of large and small calibre in action.
3:30 P. M.—"The Breath of Death," showing how attacks are made with various kinds of gases, incendiary bombs, and liquid fire, and how the Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. Army, has perfected defensive measures against such attacks. (Opportunity will be given spectators to study all kinds of gases in the specially constructed gas houses. Army officers say no harm will come to the spectators while watching demonstration.)
Exhibition throughout the day of all types of war material, including railway artillery. Demonstration of work by veteran Coast Artillery troops of 44th Artillery, at Broadway Battery. Arrival at Camp Victory of final contingents for the Panorama of Victory, staged by your army, on Fifth Avenue, Saturday afternoon, May 3.
8:30 P. M.—Night warfare exhibition, staged by Army Ordnance Department. Thrilling exhibition of military pyrotechnics.

Subtreasury.

12 M.—Victory Liberty Loan campaign meeting. Speakers will include Abram I. Elkus, Bainbridge Colby, Captain Douglas Campbell, (American ace,) and Sergeant Walter F. McManus. Vocal selections by Naval Glee Club of Hampton Roads, Va.

Tanks.

8 A. M.—Squads of whippet tanks continue tours of New York City, New York State, and New Jersey.

Times Square.

"ARGONNE FOREST"—Addresses by Arthur E. Harrell, Judge Leonard Hand, Arthur Cavanaugh, Mischa Applebaum, and Corporal Irving Klein. Special attraction will be Senor Ordonez, baritone; Miss F. Stern, violinist; Edith Z. Friedman, pianist. First-run war moving pictures.

Altar of Liberty.

11:45 A. M.-2 P. M.—National League for Women Service in charge; Joseph P. Day and Rev. Milo, speakers.

Liberty Bank.

11:45 A. M.-2 P. M.—National League for Women Service in charge; Joseph P. Day and Rev. Milo, speakers.

Grand Central.

9 A. M.-11 A. M.—Women's Liberty Loan meeting.
4 P. M.-6 P. M.—Meeting in concourse, Grand Central Station; prominent speakers will be in attendance.

Union Square.

12 M.—Girls of the Art Students' League, repainting S. S. Recruit.

Liberty Theatre.

11:45 A. M.-2 P. M.—Public Library, Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street.
4 P. M.-6 P. M.—War Camp Community Service in charge.
7:00 P. M.-10 P. M.—Prominent speakers, music, and vocal selections.

City Hall Park.

11:45 A. M.-2 P. M.—Business Women's Committee, Victory Liberty Loan.
4 P. M.-6 P. M.—Prominent speakers, music, &c.

UC-97—German Submarine.

UC-97 touring Northern New Jersey rivers, stopping at towns and cities en route.

Movie Making.

12 M.—Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, filming Victory Liberty Loan photoplay, Aeolian Hall, Forty-second Street. Celebrated actors and actresses appearing in the leading roles. An additional attraction will be an auction of personal effects of leading motion picture actors and actresses.

The Lost Battalion.

8:30 A. M.—Headed by the 150th Coast Artillery Band, Company D, of Colonel Whittlesey's "Lost Battalion," will march from Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street to Victory Way, Forty-fifth Street and Park Avenue.

The Victory Attack.

9 P. M.—The 249th Supply Train, Motor Transport Corps, and Machine Gun Company of the 22d Infantry, U. S. A., will unite in attack on Victory Note Wires, on Victory Way. Transport Corps will obey emergency call sent to Governors Island. Machine Gun Company will obey call from Fort Hamilton; both will be rushed to Battery and then to Victory Way.

Victory Ride.

12 M.-8 P. M.—Van Cortlandt Park. Passenger planes will carry purchasers of $50,000 Victory notes or more.

"Movies."

6 P. M. to 12—181st Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, Ninety-sixth Street and Broadway, Sixtieth Street and Fifth Avenue, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, Tenth Street and Second Avenue. Motion pictures, vocal and instrumental selections. Traveling movies, down Broadway from 110th Street to Thirty-seventh Street.

Victory Loan Festival.

SCHOOL PAGEANTS.

P. S. 96, Manhattan, "Winter's Last Blow-Out"; P. S. 187, Manhattan, "Seeds of Service"; P. S. 11, Manhattan, "Patriotic Pageants"; P. S. 11, Manhattan, "Seeds of Service"; P. S. 77, Brooklyn, "The Flag in Birdland."

Bowling Green Festival.

8 to 9:30 P. M.—War Camp Community Service festival and rally at Bowling Green Neighborhood House.

22d Regt. Eng. Rally.

8 P. M.—Auspices Metropolitan Canvass Committee. Congressman Frederick C. Hicks and Lieut. Col. John A. Hughes, speakers. Entertainment—Miss Camilla Poncella, John Finnegan, Yip Yip Yaphank Quartet.

Meetings.

8:30 P. M.—Open-air meeting, 1,036 Park Avenue. Father Duffy of old 69th, Judge Mulqueen, Lieut. Col. Anderson of old 69th, and George Gordon Battle, speakers.
9:45 A. M.—Marshall Field & Co., 1,104 Broadway. Captain Thompson, speaker.
12 M.—Fruits and Produce Trades Committee, 304 Franklin Street. G. M. Drake and Corporal Hallahan, speakers.
11:30 A. M.—Rose L. Fritz School, 534 Fifth Avenue. Mrs. Louise Pratt, speaker.
12:30 P. M.—Hotel McAlpin, Better Goods Committee. H. Sisson, speaker.
12:45 P. M.—Hotel McAlpin, Woolens and Worsteds Committee. Dr. Thomas Travis and P. J. Walsh, speakers.
2:30 P. M.—Wanamaker's Auditorium, Broadway and Ninth Street. Dr. O. H. L. Mann, speaker.
7:15—Jack's Restaurant, Electrical Committee. Col. Cyrus, speaker.
8 P. M.—Lincoln Club, 1,026 Park Avenue. Captain T. P. Wood, speaker.
8:30 P. M.—Central Opera House, Sixty-seventh Street and Third Avenue; Bloomingdale employes' ball. Walter P. McManus and Corporal Grainger.

Twelve officers and 230 enlisted men, the first detachment of the Eleventh Cavalry, which is to take part in the Panorama of Victory next Saturday, arrived here yesterday after being fourteen days in the saddle on the way here from Fort Meyer, Va.

TANKS IN MIMIC WARFARE.

In the course of the battle exercises at Van Cortlandt Park under auspices of the Victory Liberty Loan Committee two soldiers were injured yesterday. Both were in Tank J-26, one of the thirty-six-ton war machines that served with the 27th Division on the fields of Flanders. The injured men were Lieutenant Joseph Brown, in command of the land battleship, and Private William H. Waite, pilot of the tank.

About 25,000 persons witnessed the mimic trench warfare yesterday which the Government is staging here for the purpose of impressing upon the people the uses to which the money of this and previous war loans was put. Yesterday Miss Marie Wells of 309 West Eighty-Sixth Street, as the purchaser of $20,000 worth of Victory notes, won a ride in the air in the big military kite balloon which makes an ascension at Van Cortlandt every day. Every person who subscribes for a large amount of notes is entitled to a flight in the craft.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Twenty-six.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

PARIS MADE, PARIS INSPIRED AND ORIGINATIONS FROM OUR WORKROOMS IN

LINGERIE BLOUSES

EXCEPTIONAL is the word to describe this collection of blouses—there is not a commonplace style. Each and every one measured from every standpoint is EXCEPTIONAL, whether the price is seven dollars and fifty cents or ten times that amount.

Smart blouses made entirely by hand of batiste, voile, handkerchief linen, novelty crepe or drop stitch voile, enriched with hand embroidery and dainty laces, including real filet, Venetian, cluny or Valenciennes lace.

7.50 to 75.00

(Illustrated)

WHITE BATISTE BLOUSE with the new saw-edged frills 16.50

WOMEN'S and MISSES' WAIST SHOP
Third Floor

B. Altman & Co.

The Camera Department

is featuring, in anticipation of the out-of-door season,

A High-grade Pocket Camera at $25.00

It is compact, easy to carry and is equipped with an extremely sharp lens and a rapid shutter. Negatives, 2¼x3¼ inches, are clear and sharp; and make exceptionally satisfactory enlargements.

(First Floor, Thirty-fourth Street side)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

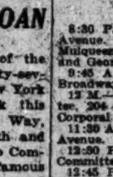
V

INVEST!

We will loan you money on your *Victory Loan Notes*

SUBSCRIBED THROUGH US BEFORE *MAY 10th* on the *FOLLOWING TERMS:*

4 3-4% for 90 days and one renewal for 90 days at 4 3-4%



Franklin Trust Company

Established 1836

New York Offices:
46 Wall Street. Madison Ave. & 40th Street

Brooklyn Offices:
166 Montague Street 569 Fulton Street
1005 Wallabout Market

FACTS ABOUT FIGURES
FIGURES ABOUT FACTS

Are your Federal tax returns accurate?

In order to have Federal tax returns accurate, the Internal Revenue Department has extended the time to June 15 for filing complete corporation tax returns (form 1120), fiduciary returns (form 1041) and all partnership and other information returns.

This is a recognition of the fact that, in most cases, the making of required returns is complicated and difficult—no small task. In this connection, our expert accounting ability and technical knowledge of the Internal Revenue laws and regulations are available to you. Our organization is prepared to assist you—is equipped to prepare your returns in full accordance with the requirements of the law.

Take time, to get your tax returns correct.

We will be glad to have you communicate with us.

D. B. Lewis & Company
Certified Public Accountants
45 Milk Street, Boston

Lewis, Murphy & Company
141 Broadway
New York

Shoe Specialists since 1857

ANDREW ALEXANDER

548 FIFTH AVE. (A-A) NEW YORK

Men's Oxford Shoes at $12.00

No better Cordovan Oxfords are to be had at any price

MAHOGANY color Cordovan leather or calfskin, black waxed calf and patent leather. Extra care given throughout the making to secure the finest quality possible in ready-to-wear shoes. These are exceptionally handsome and good fitting.

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30
Continuing Tomorrow (Friday) and Saturday at the same hour

At The American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York

"The Art of the Italian Renaissance"
The Very Important
Tolentino Galleries Collection

"Comparable with the famous Davanzati Palace and the Bardini Collections."

The sale will be conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistants, Mr. Otto Bernet and Mr. H. H. Parke, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
Madison Square South, Entrance 6 East 23d Street, New York

you remember—

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

—"always fresh"

A Supply of the New Nineteen-Nineteen Pressing is Now Available

Sold Everywhere

QUARTER OF LOAN IN; DRIVE IS HALF OVER

Trebled Speed Is Required in Remaining Nine Days' Campaign Throughout Nation.

$1,130,697,550 TOTAL NOW

St. Louis District Is Leading, with Over Half Its Quota—Victory Ship Nearing Panama.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Official announcement was made by the Treasury Department tonight that, at the close of the ninth day of the Victory Liberty Loan today, $1,130,697,550 had been officially reported as subscribed. This means that in the first half of the loan, which is the time now elapsed, approximately one-quarter of the $4,500,000,000 minimum sought had been subscribed.

If the loan is to be successfully floated subscriptions totaling $375,000,000 must be rolled up daily from now until the end of the loan drive on May 10. How slowly subscriptions are coming in is made clear by comparison with the figures at the close of the ninth day of the Fourth Liberty Loan. At that time $1,-901,656,900, or 26.52 per cent., of the enormous $6,000,000,000 quota had been subscribed.

Only one district, St. Louis, has more than half of its quota. With a total subscription of $101,437,050 officially reported tonight, this district had 52.01 per cent. of its quota. Chicago was running second with about 35 per cent. and Minneapolis third with almost 34 per cent. Over night Minneapolis jumped from fifth to third place, shoving Boston one step down the ladder. Atlanta also advanced seven points.

Subscriptions by districts follow:

District.	Subscription.	P. C.
St. Louis	$101,437,050	52.01
Chicago	228,973,700	35.08
Minneapolis	53,395,000	33.90
Boston	122,859,000	32.76
Kansas City	53,639,550	27.45
Richmond	53,725,400	27.88
Cleveland	111,088,200	24.46
San Francisco	54,879,150	18.20
Atlanta	26,132,300	18.14
New York	243,700,000	18.05
Philadelphia	66,977,450	17.86
Dallas	14,889,750	15.54
Total	$1,130,697,550	25.12

The southern tier of Indiana counties is leading all sections of the St. Louis District with 81 per cent. of its quota subscribed. These are the subscriptions by divisions throughout the district:

Indiana	$11,423,900
Tennessee	10,552,400
Mississippi	7,395,500
Arkansas	10,872,450
Kentucky	12,271,400
Missouri	16,390,100
Illinois	13,337,900
St. Louis City	18,238,600

The remainder of the subscriptions in the district were scattered through St. Louis suburbs, bringing the total $101,437,050.

Chicago reported tonight that it had 853 communities "over the top." Thus it took the lead for the entire country. The Boston district tonight had 11,893 individual subscribers and 194 communities over the top. Hartford, Conn., today exceeded its quota of $12,000,000 by $2,000,000 additional.

The Cleveland district has 261 communities over, as compared with 190 at the same stage of the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign. Atlanta not only went up eleven points today, but declared by telegraph that it probably would make another jump tomorrow. Two hundred banks in the district, it was said, had failed to report $15,000,000 in subscriptions.

The New York district's subscriptions are divided as follows:

New York City and State	$221,527,500
Northern New Jersey	20,019,950
Fairfield County, Conn.	2,236,400

With the passing of the billion dollar mark, the Victory Ship turned her nose eastward this afternoon, towards Panama, intent on making up for lost time, caused by the lagging subscriptions of the last few days. In response to a series of radios from the U. S. S. Orane, which is making the San Diego-Panama leg of the Victory journey, Rear Admiral Cowie, Navy Loan Officer, today directed the Victory Ship to speed up her engines somewhat.

"The country is beginning to 'match the navy,' and although you are not yet called upon to make full speed ahead, I expect that this order will be flashed to you within the next few days," was the conclusion of the Admiral's message.

Tomorrow will be Dewey Day, the anniversary of the battle of Manila Bay. On all ships and at all shore stations, men of the Navy will do honor to the memory of Admiral Dewey by intensifying their efforts in the Victory Loan drive. Admiral Dewey's old flagship, the Olympia, now serving in European waters, showed the old fighting spirit by sending in a subscription of $23,000 today, one of the largest subscriptions yet reported from a warship.

"Take the example of the Olympia to heart; carry on the Dewey tradition and send your Victory Loan totals soaring," was the message flashed through navy yards and naval stations today.

From the Leviathan, just arrived from France, laden with returning soldiers, came a report of a subscription of $33,-550 from the navy personnel on board.

"The navy goes across and the navy comes across," was the slogan that accompanied this report.

Competition among the battleships of the fleet is becoming more intense. The Louisiana is leading with $43,000, while the Nevada, Delaware and Kentucky are fighting for second place.

Navy Yards throughout the country are putting on full steam to pass the million-dollar mark. The Philadelphia yard is leading with $830,000 and Mare Island is second with $727,000.

A telegram from the Great Lakes Naval Training Station announced that 80 per cent. of the station's quota had already been obtained, "and the gobs are still going strong with the famous Great Lakes spirit." The quota for the Great Lakes Station is $500,000, and $400,000 has already been subscribed.

The 11th Regiment reports 100 per cent. of its personnel in the "Victory Honor Roll," and the 19th Regiment is close behind with 97 per cent.

COL. DONOVAN ASSAILS LOAN DRIVE APATHY

Colonel William J. Donovan, who commanded the 165th United States Infantry, New York "Fighting 69th," in the battle on the Vesle River and the St. Mihiel drive, told the crowds at Victory Way yesterday, in what he termed "straight soldier talk," that they must get over their indifference to the Victory Loan and act in a manner worthy of the splendid fighting troops New York City sent to the front.

"Get out of your shell holes," said Colonel Donovan. "Get up in front and make your drive. That is the only way you can show your loyalty concretely."

It was St. Mihiel Day at Victory Way, and the Park Avenue esplanade just above the Grand Central Terminal was crowded to capacity. In addition to the Colonel of the Fighting 69th, the speakers included Frederick P. Keppel, Assistant Secretary of War, who made the trip from Washington to New York by airplane yesterday morning so as to be here in time to participate in the exercises; Major Gen. Charles T. Menoher, Director of the Air Service, formerly Commander in Chief of the Rainbow Division in France, and Count de Chambrun, Chargé d'Affaires of the French Embassy, who spoke from Washington by the long-distance telephone into the electric megaphones.

Colonel Donovan, who was the last speaker on the program, stirred his audience from the outset, and upbraided it for not subscribing more eagerly to the Victory notes.

"The gentlemen who have preceded me have, in my opinion, been altogether too polite," he said. "As I sat there I remarked the strange contrast between you people standing so complacently and without enthusiasm and those men here who after two years of war are on their toes and full of pep.

"You are not on your toes and that is indicated by the report that I read this morning in the newspapers that this Loan shows a curious lack of popular interest, that the coupon books, which enable you to take these bonds on small weekly payments, are not going as they should and are far behind previous campaigns; that all through the country and particularly here, now that the inspiration and the enthusiasm of the fight is over, you are lying back.

RED TRIUMVIRATE ABANDON MUNICH

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

bring about a decision to negotiate for peace on the ground that the Soviet administration could no longer maintain its position.

Some Red Leaders Fled from Munich.

BERLIN, April 28, (Associated Press.)—(Bavarian.)—Communist leaders are fleeing from Munich as the situation there caused by the advance of Bavarian Government troops becomes worse. According to reports received here Herr Landauer, Minister of Popular Enlightenment, disappeared Sunday and was followed by Herr Fechenbach, former secretary of the late Premier Eisner. Fechenbach was arrested at Ulm later in the day.

The military preparations of the Communists, it is reported, are suffering from lack of coal. In order to keep a few trains running in the Communist section of southern Bavaria they are using wood. For heating in Munich the Communists have cut down a number of the great trees in the principal streets.

The Communist Government has changed its headquarters from the Hofbrau Haus to the German Theatre so that there will be room for an audience to hear the speeches and announcements. The Executive Council is showing uneasiness and has shifted its meeting place from the former royal palace to the Krupp works, which is fortified. A revolutionary tribunal has replaced the regular courts. The new Chief Justice is said to be a man named Cronauer, who is said to have been imprisoned a number of times for theft.

Dr. Levien is said to be the only Communist who insists upon holding out at any price.

North of Munich Government troops Sunday captured a Communist airdrome and arrested the commander.

MAGYARS RETREAT BEFORE RUMANIANS

King Ferdinand's Troops Take Karczag, 85 Miles East-Southeast of Budapest.

BASLE, April 30, (Havas.)—Hungarian Communist troops have withdrawn east of Karczag, eighty-five miles east-southeast of Budapest, before superior Rumanian forces, a Hungarian official statement from Budapest says. The Rumanians continue their advance down the river valleys leading to Budapest east of that city.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, April 25.—According to a Budapest report, terroristic measures against the aristocracy and bourgeoisie are continuing with doubled force. Most of the members of the proudest aristocratic families have left Hungary for Vienna and Switzerland:

Nearly every prominent man in public life under the former order, in art, literature, business, or society, has been arrested, to be kept as hostages. The old men are treated rudely and are denied every comfort. Most of the arrests have taken place during the night, without regard to sickness, debility, or old age.

The Workmen's and Soldiers' Council has suspended its functions, the Executive Directorate governing the city consisting of five men—Kun, Pogany, Vago, Szamuely, and Bohm. All the offices have been filled by insignificant persons.

Find Suit of Drowned Airman.

CHATHAM, Mass., April 30. — A leather flying suit and a pair of gogles, believed to have been worn by Ensign John G. Howard, one of three men lost in a seaplane from the naval air station here, was brought into Provincetown by a fisherman today. Ensign Howard was a son of Clinton N. Howard of Rochester, a member of the National War Work Council.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

GIRLS' and CHILDREN'S SHOES

With Comfort and Service In-built

FEET are as different as personalities—especially children's feet. From the day a child is born until it is twenty-one years old, its feet are constantly changing, so growing feet must be dealt with as a problem in expansion—not alone expansion in length and width but expansion of ball, arch, instep, heel and ankle. These qualities in order to insure comfort and service must be in-built into every pair of shoes

AND THEY ARE IN-BUILT INTO EVERY PAIR OF FRANKLIN SIMON SHOES

CHILDREN'S LACED SHOES

3.50

Black or tan Russia calfskin; spring heels.

Sizes 8½ to 10½—B to E.

GIRLS' LACED SHOES

6.50

Of highest quality tan or black Russia calfskin.

Sizes 11 to 2—B to E.

GIRLS' WHITE BUCKSKIN SHOES

6.75

Buttoned or laced shoes of genuine white buckskin.

Sizes 11 to 2—B to E.

GIRLS' and CHILDREN'S SHOE SHOP—Third Floor

Broadway at 34th St.

Saks & Company

In the heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

On Sale Beginning This Morning

600 Girls' and Misses' Smocks at $2.39

Regularly $3.95 to $4.95

The ideal Summer garment for the growing girl or miss is the smock—but seldom are they to be had at such a remarkably low price. The models are in button-front, slip-over and smart sleeveless effects, richly hand-embroidered in colorings of contrasting hue. Fashioned of Japanese crepe, ramie and cotton pongee—the finest trio of wash fabrics loomed. Sizes 14 to 20 years. Three of many styles pictured.

Second Floor.

The Victory Loan Is Lagging!

What will our lads in khaki think of the *favored* ones at home who refuse to pay the price to bring them home?

Stir yourself to action as they have done, and help finish the biggest thing America ever tackled.

Buy Your Victory Bond Today

and show your Americanism in a forceful, practical fashion.

Unequalled!

Women's Smart Pumps

Special

at $6.95

One of the smartest welt pumps seen in many seasons, skilfully produced in a new shade of Russia Calfskin, or gun metal calfskin.

Obtainable in sizes 2 to 8 and in widths AA to D.

Second Floor.

Today—Special!

Women's Dressy, Sports and Tailored Suits

Reduced to

$33

Broken assortments of our much higher-priced models, in strictly tailleur and dressy effects, handsomely developed in

Gabardine, Poiret Twill, Men's Wear, Serge and Wool Jersey

Dainty vestee and gilets give an added touch of distinction to many of the models, and quite a number are trimmed with Silk Braid and Embroidery. Each suit beautifully lined with plain or fancy silk. Sizes 34 to 50½.

Fourth Floor

An Important Purchase Brings—

200 Women's Smart Capes and Wraps

Today Special at $19.50

Silvertone

Men's Wear Serge

The finest capes and wraps seen in New York for a long, long time at anywhere near such a price. *In line*—truly representative of Fashion's newest edicts. *In material and workmanship—superior*, to anything before seen at the price. The models are in

Stunning full ripple, coatee and flared effects

developed in silvertone, Spring-weight velours and men's wear serge. Two styles pictured.

Fourth Floor.

55 Women's Higher-Cost Tricotine Frocks

Formerly $69.50 and $79.50

Now $45

The remaining stock of our fine man-tailored tricotine dresses, all exact duplicates of very costly importations, displaying beautiful trimming of hand or machine embroidery, hand-made buttonholes, and a wealth of style treatments seen only in the very best of frocks.

Colors: Navy blue, black and tan. Sizes 34 to 40, but the majority are in sizes 36 to 38.

Be prompt! Such values are rare!

Exceptional Values Today

Women's Silk Lisle Drop Stitch Hose at 45c

A special purchase of three thousand pairs makes this low price possible. They are made with double sole and heel, are seamless and have deep double top to prevent ripping from garter strain. Here are the colors:

Ko-Ko Brown, smoke, grey, navy, blue, bronze, black, white

Main Floor.

$3.85 $2.50 $3.50 $1.85

Exquisite Silk and Cotton Underthings

Priced very low for today

All new, dainty, crisp undergarments, priced much below regular, and so beautifully made as to merit commendation even from the most critical.

At $3.50

Dainty Envelope Chemise in charming Empire effect, fashioned of Crepe de Chine, trimmed with bands of Georgette Crepe and hand embroidery.

At $1.85

Satin-striped Voile Pajamas in Billie Burke sleeveless model. Obtainable in white, with pink or blue stripings.

At $2.50

Fine washable satin Envelope Chemises, in charming hemstitched model, with hand-embroidered wreath and ribbon shoulder straps. To be had in pink only.

At 85c

Dainty Washable Satin Bodices in ribbon-trimmed style, with band of wide lace and ribbon shoulder straps.

At $3.85

Shadow-Proof Washable Satin Petticoats in straight line model with scalloped edge. Lined throughout with white batiste. Obtainable in pink and white.

At $1

Cotton Crepe Bloomers, in pink with blue-bird or floral design, ruffle edge and narrow ribbon edging.

Just One Special Lot of Nightgowns at $1.50

All exceptionally good values

Included are nightgowns of white or colored cotton crepe, and others in pink batiste with embroidery in contrasting color. Also a choice collection in fine nainsook, lace or ribbon trimmed.

Third Floor

The May Sale of

CORSETS

affords an exceptional opportunity for the purchase of a high-grade corset at much below regular. Here are two values of unusual interest for today and Friday.

American Lady Corsets, made of flesh color silk broche, trimmed with silk lace and beading. Low bust models, with straight back line. **Regularly $7.** *Special* **$3.95**

American Lady Corsets, in novelty white batiste with elastic top. **Regularly $3.50** *Special* **$2.25**

Bandeaux and Brassieres of Pussy Willow Silk, Tricot, Silk Mesh, and Broche Silk. **Regularly $1.50.** *Special* **85c**

Third Floor.

As Usual

The largest real estate transaction of the year is the purchase by the United States Steel Corporation of the Empire Building at Broadway and Rector Street.

Following the practice which has now become almost universal in such matters, the Steel Corporation has asked the Title Guarantee & Trust Company to examine and guarantee this title.

There are very few large transactions in Greater New York now-a-days that do not pass through our hands.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO

Capital $5,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000

176 Broadway, 137 W. 125th St. 370 E. 149th St.
175 Remsen Street Brooklyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica 67 Jackson Ave. L.I.City
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There's good news for you in this advertisement. It tells where you can find shirt satisfaction as represented in quality fabrics, expert cutting, finishing, fast colors and unexpectedly moderate prices.

A money back guarantee goes with every shirt in any of our twenty-three shops.

For the neat dresser, we offer a special value

WHITE OXFORD SHIRT
At $2.35

You can't say "we won the victory" unless you have subscribed to the Victory Loan.

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

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26 Cortlandt St. 1484 Broadway
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110 Chambers St. 97 W. 145th St.
38 Delancey St. 264 W. 125th St.
BROOKLYN SHOPS
367 Fulton St. 461 Fulton St.
NEWARK SHOP, 170 Market St.
Bridgeport Waterbury Scranton

Convert your superfluous
JEWELRY, SILVER, etc.,
into cash and your cash into
VICTORY BONDS
Highest Cash Prices
paid for old and modern jewelry, diamonds, pearls and other precious stones. Silver, Tapestries, Oriental Porcelains and Antiques.
JAMES ROBINSON,
402 Madison Ave., at 47th St.
Murray Hill 5333.

All Vogel Shoes made on the premises. For fit, style and wearing qualities they cannot be equalled.
Perforated Wing Tip Oxfords, Black or Tan.....$11.50
Shoes made to order $14 up.
E. VOGEL, Inc., 64 Nassau St.

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(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Uric Acid.

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Bottled at the Springs

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

PROTESTS ON PEACE BARRED IN COBLENZ

Americans Firm to Maintain Quiet After Abandoned May Day Parade.

SAY GERMANS WILL SIGN

Speculation as to Treaty Terms is Largely on Possibility of Concessions at Paris.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, April 27.—Those in command of the American Army of Occupation are determined that nothing untoward shall happen in the German territory occupied by the Americans when the peace terms are announced. There will be no demonstrations of a public character allowed. The prohibition applies to a million Germans under control of the Third Army.

This policy was emphasized today when the leaders of the Social Democratic Party received a sharp refusal of their application for a permit to hold a big demonstration and parade on May 1, which is Labor Day. This application appeared innocent enough at first glance. The Americans had permitted a parade on Good Friday, so why not on May 1? the German delegation asked.

An American officer, looking over the notice for a permit, saw that it mentioned that after a mass meeting in the Schloss Platz there was to be a parade in which banners were to be flown. The officer ordered the Germans to produce at once copies of the inscriptions to be carried on these banners. There were fourteen of them.

One of the inscriptions said:

"We want Wilson's fourteen points."

Another read:

"The Sarre Basin must remain German."

Others referred to the demand for no indemnities, still another to self-determination. The whole of the fourteen, it was declared, comprised a neat bit of propaganda, a fitting lead to anti-allied demonstration against acceptance of the peace terms.

The German delegation, instead of obtaining the desired permission, had to listen to a stern lecture on the conduct of the people in the occupied area, and the American officer concluded by telling them the best thing to do was to go home and sit still.

There is no lack of feeling among the Germans hereabout as to the peace terms, but it has to stay under the surface. Our censors permit the newspapers to carry on no discussions of the armistice of a nature to be construed as criticism of the Allies, and, of course, that takes all force out of what the editors wish to say.

Sentiment among the leading Germans in the Coblenz and Treves area seems to be about two to one that the German delegation will accept the terms laid down by the Allies. Germans who have studied the situation believe that their delegation will be able to obtain some favorable changes. If there were not a prospect of that, they argue, then why do the Allies keep the terms secret until after the conference with the German delegation?

Local newspapers give prominenc to the crisis the Italians have precipitated at Paris. They publish President Wilson's note, and the Germans in discussing it do not fail to see in the President's stand against the Italian acquisition of Fiume a possible argument against the French getting the Sarre basin or the Poles getting Danzig.

These German critics talk rather vehemently about what will happen if the Germans do not sign. They ask what Foch will do. They do not expect any further occupation of Germany, nor do they expect that food supplies will be cut off.

Some of them declare that America is supplying the Germans with food as a business proposition, and will not stop now after a market has been arranged for its products. The average German, however, having had a taste of American bacon and flour, is beginning to like our food and would be sorry to see the supply cut off.

Indications coming to the Third Army from the interior of Germany give little support to local speculations as to what the German peace delegation will do. Four commercial salesmen from the interior of Germany, when questioned yesterday, said that Germany would not sign, but they had no facts to back up their boast.

One report today says the envoys will sign, another that they will not. Most of the reports come direct from Berlin, where the German politicians who are prominent in the public view declare their delegation will defy the Allies if the Sarre Basin and Danzig are taken away from Germany.

As a matter of fact, the Germans themselves, even those in authority, far from knowing whether they will sign peace terms, do not yet know in detail what these terms provide. If they did know precisely what these terms were, they would still have to learn if they can obtain concessions. Further than that, they do not know what Foch will do if they refuse to sign.

They expect that Brockdorff-Rentzau will play his hand shrewdly for concessions, and they say when that stage is reached he is probably the man who will make the decision as to what course to follow.

As for the Germans here on the Rhine, they have made up their minds that they will have allied soldiers in their fortresses for some time to come, despite the talk of Berlin politicians about ridding the occupied territory of allied soldiers.

Another material factor in the situation is that they look forward to the return of the German prisoners of war in the near future, and a stand by the Allies for retention of these prisoners indefinitely, should the German delegation not sign, would have a strong effect on the sentiment of the German population.

BIG SHUTDOWN IN HAVANA.

Union Labor to Tie Up Many Industries There for One Day.

HAVANA, April 30.—May Day will be celebrated here by organized labor of all classes by an almost complete tying up of industries in which union labor is employed.

Street car traffic will be shut down for twenty-four hours, beginning at midnight tonight. Interurban cars and railway trains will come to a standstill for fifteen minutes at a given time, and work will cease in electric plants for the same length of time.

Not a single newspaper, either morning or afternoon, will be published, the linotypists, printers, and other union employes having presented written notices that they will cease work.

No trouble is expected and no fear is felt that an attempt will be made to convert the demonstration into a general strike movement, in spite of recent reports that another strike was in course of preparation for May 1.

BOLSHEVIKI GAIN IN SOUTH.

But Meet with Reverses and Retreat on the Western Front.

LONDON, April 30.—Bolshevist successes on the southern front have been counterbalanced by reverses on the western front, according to a Russian wireless message reporting the Russian official statement of Sunday.

The statement said that on the western front the Bolsheviki had abandoned Sergelevsk and Chistopol.

On the southern front, in the region of Bachimut, northwest of Rostov, the Bolsheviki, the statement says, captured Korsun, crossed the Northern Donetz, and occupied points along the railway running north. In the region of Tikholietsk, south of Rostov, the Bolsheviki claim to have defeated their opponents, to have captured 3,000 prisoners, and to have gained possession of most of the fords along the River Manitch.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS REGISTERED WIDELY

Washington and San Jose Record Disturbances—Great Loss in San Salvador.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—A very severe and prolonged earthquake, estimated to have centred between 4,000 and 4,100 miles from Washington, was recorded early today at the Georgetown University Seismological Observatory.

The first record of the tremors began at 3:35 o'clock this morning. The shocks continued, growing more severe, and reaching their maximum from 4:17 to 4:20 A. M. It was not until after 7 A. M. that they ceased.

In what part of the world the quake was centred experts would not venture an opinion.

SAN JOSE, Cal., April 30.—An earthquake of rather severe intensity, not more than 400 miles distant, was recorded early today at Lick Observatory, Mount Hamilton, near San Jose. The shock occurred at 12:51 o'clock, and continued forty-five minutes. The main direction of the shock was north and south.

SAN SALVADOR, April 28.—The damage to life and property caused by the severe earthshocks here Monday cannot yet be estimated, but it is large. The Government has proclaimed a state of siege, and engineers and many workmen are engaged in draining Lake Ilopango, the extraordinary increase of the waters of which is attributed to the earthquake. The temperature of this lake has risen and the surface is covered with the bodies of dead fish and debris.

Many persons have been injured and the Red Cross is working actively to help the sufferers. The number of dead is not known.

The Western Railroad was badly damaged and the railroad service has been interrupted.

Daniels Guest of King George.

LONDON, April 30.—Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the United States Navy, took luncheon with King George at Windsor today.

GREAT TIEUP FACES PARIS ON MAY DAY

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

ened. When the strike took place on the subway system at the end of January, the Government militarized the system and the strike ended at once, as militarising meant bringing the system under martial law, and the men were unwilling to face court-martial for not continuing work. It was a repetition of the measure by which Premier Briand put an end to the great railway strike of 1910.

When it became certain that the subway employes would join this year's May Day strike, the question arose as to how the Government would meet the situation. It avoided the dilemma by suddenly demobilising the system, dating from Monday last, on the ground that the municipality had voted in favor of increased rates on the subways which would enable them to meet the men's demands that caused the January strike.

At Versailles the proprietor of the Hotel des Reservoirs, where the German delegation has its headquarters, hopes that his official guests will not go hungry or unattended. He says that his help, appreciating the delicacy of the situation, is indicating a willingness to work. Unless demonstrators interfere, meals will be served at that hotel as usual.

GERMANS STOP WORK TODAY.

BERLIN, April 28, (Associated Press.)—Not content with having just survived three consecutive Easter holidays, with three more holidays to come at the end of May, the workers of Berlin and Germany generally will rest on May 1, the latest and newest Socialist holiday in this country.

All transportation will be suspended on the Berlin street cars, the suburban trains and subways. Long distance train service will be limited to food and milk trains. Not even coal shipments will move.

Almost the only workers on May Day will be the postmen and postwomen, who will carry out the Sunday schedule of deliveries, and the telephone operators.

The theatres will be closed, and even the restaurants will shut down, unless the swelling protest of the thousands who depend upon public eating places is heeded. It is proposed that such restaurant employes as can cook, serve food and clean dishes shall work at least part of the day in restaurants where food, rather than drink, forms the major portion of the business.

The Minister of Defense, Herr Noske, has lifted the martial law regulations in Berlin slightly by allowing gatherings in closed buildings and parades to such gatherings, but there must be no demonstrations. Stores and business houses of all kinds will be closed and strikes are expected, as during the Easter holidays.

NORTH RUSSIAN REDS REPULSED ON DVINA

Leave Prisoners in Hands of an American and British Outpost.

ICE PASSING FROM RIVERS

Provisional Government of North Uneasy at Advance of Finns Into Olonetz Province.

ARCHANGEL, April 28, (Associated Press.)—American and British troops at Kurgoman, on the right bank of the Dvina, repulsed a strong Bolshevist attack on Sunday night, taking thirteen prisoners.

The Provisional Government of Northern Russia evinces considerable uneasiness regarding the invasion by Finnish troops of the Province of Olonets for a campaign against the Bolsheviki. While anxious to co-operate with any forces fighting the Bolsheviki, the North Russian Government probably will ask the Allies to synchronize the efforts in this territory in order to prevent friction.

Karelians form the great part of the population in the Olonets district and fine roads connect it with Finland, whereas communication with Russia proper is not so good. In February the Karelians of the Kem, Urozzero and Povienetz districts held a secret meeting and expressed the desire that Karelia should be declared an independent stae. The meeting wanted to send delegates to the proposed Princes Islands conference and to enter into diplomatic negotiations with the Government of Northern Russia and the Soviet Government. A petition to this effect was presented to the allied commander in the Murmenak region and by the allied Governments referred to the Russian authorities.

LONDON, April 30.—The Dvina River is believed to be open for navigation as far south as Kotlas, says an official statement issued by the War Office today on the situation in Northern Russia. At Beresnik, on the Vaga, fifteen miles south of the junction with the Dvina, the river is flowing rapidly and has risen two or three feet. It is believed that the main ice has passed from the Dvina.

URGE PORTO RICAN SUGAR.

Planters Say Big Crop Waits for Ships and Buyers.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, April 30.—The sugar growers of Porto Rico, through the Porto Rican Senate, have sent an appeal to the Secretary of War at Washington urging that the present discrimination against local sugar in favor of Cuba be ended. They assert that ships are being sent from the island to Cuba in ballast for sugar, and that shipping and equalization boards refuse to buy or ship local sugar. The boards are said to have advised the sugar men that there is no market for their sugar in New York, Boston, or Philadelphia.

REVEALS ERZBERGER AS A JINGO IN 1914

Draft of Peace Terms He Framed Called for Annexing Belgium and French Coast.

WANTED GREAT INDEMNITY

Allies, He Urged, Must Pay Full War Cost and Germany's Public Debt.

PARIS, April 29.—The terms that Mathias Erzberger was in favor of imposing upon the Allies if Germany had been victorious, as set forth in a memorandum written by him in 1914, are outlined in a Geneva dispatch to the Journal, having been received at Geneva from the private secretary of the late Kurt Eisner, the former Bavarian Premier.

"Germany, in the first place, cannot tolerate the presence on her frontiers of so-called neutral States insufficiently strong to preserve their neutrality, or which do not want to remain neutral," said Erzberger. "Her second aim must be to free herself from the insupportable leading strings of England on all questions of world policy. In the third place, she must break up the Russian colossus.

"Consequently, Germany must have sovereignty, not only over Belgium, but the French coast from Dunkirk to Boulogne, and possession of the Channel islands. She must also take the mines in French Lorraine and create an African German empire by annexing the Belgian and French Congos, British Nigeria, Dahomey, and the French west coast.

"In fixing indemnities, the actual capacity of a State at the moment should not be considered. Besides a large immediate payment, annual instalments spread over a long period could be arranged. France would be helped in making them by decreasing her budget of naval and military appropriations, the reductions to be imposed in the peace treaty being such as would enable her to send substantial sums to Germany.

"Indemnities should provide for the repayment of the full costs of the war and the damages of war, notably in [illegible] Prussia; the redemption of all of Germany's public debt and the creation of a vast fund for incapacitated soldiers. The memorandum was received by Theobald von Bethmann-Hollweg, Imperial Chancellor, with reserve. General Falkenhayn, in acknowledging its receipt, wrote that "the white bear and the whale will give us many hard nuts to crack yet," a view which was shared by General von Moltke and Admiral von Tirpitz.

EXPECT PEACEFUL PARADES.

Report of Probable Trouble in Holland Not Fully Credited.

LONDON, April 30, (Associated Press.)—May Day promises to pass uneventfully in Europe, as far as reports received in London indicate, with the notable exceptions of Paris and Berlin, where the workers intend to indulge in a one day's strike or rest, and at Budapest, where the Soviet Government has issued orders to make the town red with flags and other decorations.

London and other English cities will witness the customary parades and mass meetings, and the Scandinavian cities will celebrate in a like manner. Reports of plans for a revolutionary demonstration in Holland have filtered through, but may be baseless.

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A FEATURE VALUE—$30
In Fine Suits From The Kirschbaum Shops

Representing at $30 a saving of at least 25%

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Flannels *Cheviots*
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MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR
Convenient Roomy Sun-Lit

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5TH AVE at 46TH ST
PARIS NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

PRESENTING NEW DESIGNS IN STREET FROCKS
Also
AFTERNOON GOWNS

of cloth, Canton crepe, Pompadour chiffon or Georgette crepe; in tailored models, or novel expressions of the drape.

"When I stamp the Emerson trade-mark on the sole of a shoe I place my reputation in your hands, and I know that your continued patronage depends on the shoe value I give you."
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HONEST ALL THROUGH

The Hill Model is one of the famous Emerson Stylish, Comfort Lasts. Thousands of men have worn the Hill model exclusively for the past 40 years.

The straight London toe, and the soft, glove-like vici kid and kangaroo leathers make the Hill a shoe not to be found elsewhere.

THE wearing quality and actual retail value of Emerson Shoes are guaranteed to you because we brand our trade-mark and the price, based on net factory costs, on the soles of every pair in the process of manufacture.

Come in and let us show you a wide variety of stylish, comfortable shoes. There is no need to have foot troubles in any town that has an Emerson Store.

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**Open every evening.

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GINGER ALE

GERMAN WAR LORDS RUSH INTO PRINT

Von Tirpitz, von Stein, Bethmann Hollweg, and von Jagow Writing Memoirs.

NO POPULAR EDITIONS

Publishers Demanding High Royalties for American and English Editions—One Wants $250,000.

BERLIN, April 29. — Associated Press.)—The Spring book lists continue to feature memoirs by former governmental, political and military leaders, the newest being two comprehensive volumes by former Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethman Hollweg. The first volume deals with political developments preceding the outbreak of the war.

Another work soon to appear will be Dr. Gottlieb von Jagow, former Minister of Foreign Affairs, which is reported to be a defense of Germany's pre-war policies.

German publishers are apparently putting an extraordinary appraisal on the foreign interest in these books, as they are demanding fat royalties for American and English editions. A Leipsic firm is offering for $250,000 the foreign rights on a combination work by Admiral von Tirpitz, former Minister of the Navy; Lieut. Gen. von Stein, former Prussian Minister of War and State and Colonel von Lettow-Vorbeck, Commander of German troops in German East Africa.

The proposal is made in some quarters that the Government seize manuscripts compiled by leaders of the old régime and include them among the foreign securities which are being requisitioned for paying for food shipments from abroad. The speed with which distinguished authors are rushing into print has also prompted the suspicion that they are running to get under cover and that forthcoming publications promise interesting recriminations and revelations.

This is said to be especially true of the book by Admiral von Tirpitz, who is said to have been in a fighting mood when writing it. No popular editions have been announced for the forthcoming publications and the public will be forced to pay high prices to satisfy its curiosity.

Mexican Editor Flouts Presidency.

MEXICO CITY, April 30.—Declaring that, under prevailing conditions, a civilian candidate could neither hope to obtain nor hold the Presidency of Mexico, Felix F. Palavicini, editor of The Universal, denied in his paper this morning current reports that he would be a candidate in the Presidential campaign in 1920.

MORE UNITS OF 77TH ARRIVE.

Rescuers of "Lost Battalion" Among Troops to Return.

More than 4,000 troops returned yesterday from France on the transports Louisville and Regina d'Italia, among whom were several units of the 77th Division who were all glad to be home in time for the parade next Tuesday.

The Louisville, which had 2,338 officers and men on board, brought Companies F, G, and H of the 2d Battalion of the 307th Regiment, and the Headquarters Company, under the command of Major A. Tillman of 365 West Twenty-third Street, which rescued the "Lost Battalion" in the historic battle of the Argonne last September-October. Major Tillman, who joined the army three years ago as a Lieutenant, has been cited four times for bravery, wears the D. S. C., and has been recommended for the Congressional Medal of Honor.

Company H, which returned on the Louisville, bore the brunt of the enemy attack while rescuing the Lost Battalion in the Argonne and was commanded then by Captain "Eddie" Grant, former Giant third baseman, who was killed leading his men as they cut their way through the German lines to Whittlesey's missing men. Lieutenant Harry C. Smith, Jr., of 5,919 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, is the only veteran officer who arrived yesterday with the company, which lost seventy-five killed and 151 wounded.

Company G, which took part in the rescue of the Lost Battalion, with Company M, lost 30 per cent. in casualties in the Argonne. Captain Dudley Davis of 982 Park Avenue, in command of Company F, and Lieutenant J. M. Adrian, Jr., of 305 East Broadway, received the D. S. C. for gallantry at Mareval.

Also on the Louisville was the 302d Field Signal Battalion commanded by Major Joseph Powers, who wore the D. S. C., and a number of casuals. There were sixty-four soldiers' brides and ten sailors' brides on the transport.

The members of Captain Grant's company have subscribed a fund of $106 towards a memorial for him.

The Regina d'Italia followed the Louisville with 1,819 troops from Marseilles, chiefly the 114th Field Signal Battalion, 39th Division, and thirty-one casual companies.

GERAGHTY THREATENS SUIT

If Wife Sues for Divorce Will Act Against French Family.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 30.—"Jack" Geraghty will file suit against members of the French family, charging alienation of his wife's affections, if divorce action is brought by his wife, Mrs. Julia French Geraghty, according to a statement by Frederick Wingersky, Geraghty's counsel.

Denial was made by Geraghty that he had knowledge of a suit being brought by his wife. He denied having trouble with his wife and asserted he knew of no reason why she should seek divorce.

According to a dispatch from Newport a few days ago Mrs. Geraghty had filed suit for a separate maintenance there.

B. R. T. TO PURCHASE 300 SURFACE CARS

Yields to Service Board's Order After Litigation of Two Years.

TO INCLUDE 100 TRAILERS

Cost of New Equipment for the Company Will Run Into the Millions.

Having failed in the courts to have the order of the Public Service Commission directing the purchase of 250 new cars for its surface lines set aside, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company announced yesterday that it would buy 300 cars, thus yielding to the commission after litigation lasting two years in both the State and United States courts.

One hundred of the cars have been ordered by the company and the others are to be purchased within a short time. The total cost will run into the millions.

It was said at the office of the Public Service Commission yesterday that 100 of the new cars would be trailers, so that two cars could be used for the heaviest traffic; 100 would be cars of the centre entrance type, and the other hundred would be of the older style, with four motors and power enough to haul trailers.

VENETIAN TABLE FOR $500.

Jules Bach Purchaser at Art Workers' Sale—Total, $38,834.

There was enthusiastic bidding at the Venetian art workers' sale at the Silo Galleries, 10 East Forty-fifth Street, yesterday afternoon, and returns of $18,000, making a grand total to date of $38,834. A beautiful antique carved walnut cupboard table brought the highest price, going to Jules Bache for $500. Mrs. W. S. Davis paid $375 for a fine old sixteenth century drop leaf cabinet desk, and $470 for a lacquered Venetian secretary with serpentine front.

Mrs. Munn of Washington paid $330 for a set of carved, damask seated dining room chairs, and A. Calvari $210 for a pair of Louis XV. armchairs upholstered in crimson velvet and $280 for an antique walnut refectory table. H. B. Villa paid $250 for an antique Italian marquetry, ivory inlaid, drop front secretary, and H. V. Dunnam $210 for an antique walnut credence. Mrs. William Henderson of Roslyn, L. I., paid $200 for an antique inlaid Florentine cassone, and Mrs. Frederick Hausman $240 for a Venetian cut velvet spread. S. Bachetto paid $220 for an antique walnut credence and Mrs. C. W. Feigenspan $300 for a painted Venetian desk. An antique wrought iron and copper font and stand went to E. C. Hoyt for $250 and Martin Beck paid $200 for an antique Italian marquetry secretary cabinet with bronze mounts.

Beautiful laces and embroideries, many of them made by Venetian women to the sound of the falling bombs of the Austrians, will be in the sale today.

HOSPITAL FUND GROWS.

Meeting Held in Aid of American Memorial at Rheims.

The New York Branch of the American Fund for French Wounded held a meeting in the Grand Ball Room of the Hotel Commodore yesterday. Many contributions for the American Memorial Hospital to be erected at Rheims ad received. Mrs. Benjamin Girault Lathrop, President of the Paris Administration A. F. F. W., said that the greatest enthusiasm had been shown in the founding of a memorial bed in the hospital for Colonel Roosevelt and that if contributions continue to come in in large amounts as they have been doing it may be possible to endow a Roosevelt ward. The contributions have already nearly reached the amount for a single bed. The money has come from all over the United States by telegrams, and even before leaving France Mrs. Lathrop received a contribution before it had been decided what form the memorial would take. In addition to the $100,000 which will put up the framework of the building $7,000 has been given for the kitchen, and $10,000 for a sun parlor. Two more of these latter are needed and contributions asked for nurses' quarters, $3,000; two roof gardens, $5,000 each; one hundred endowed beds, $6,000 each; laundry, $10,000; two convalescent sun parlors, $10,000 each; garage, $10,000.

Contributions may be sent to the headquarters of the fund, 6 East Sixty-first Street. Mrs. Charles M. Chapin is Chairman and Mrs. Walter Phelps Bliss, Treasurer.

Comforts Committee Sale Today.

A special closing out sale will start today at the headquarters of the Comforts Committee of the Navy League, 407 Madison Avenue, at which wool will be sold at 55 cents a hank and $2 a pound in lots of one pound or more. These prices are below half of the original cost. In urging women to buy the remaining stock of wool, which comprises all service colors in addition to white, the committee pointed out that American soldiers and sailors as well as refugees in Europe will need warm garments next winter, and that this is an excellent opportunity to purchase material for summer knitting.

It's a duty and a privilege—Buy Victory Loan Notes

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

FASHION ADVOCATES as COOL and SUMMERY

MISSES' FIBRE SILK SUITS

Misses' Short Capes

SMART capes for the Miss are as varied in length as they are in style, but the newest models scarcely reach to the knee and interpret a very youthful mode.

There are short capes of silk duvetyn, tricotine, Evora cloth, Bolivia cloth, serge, soft silks and fibre silk fabrics.

14 to 20 years.

29.50 to 89.50

THERE is a distinction about every Franklin Simon Suit, made of any one of the attractive fibre silk weaves.

The fabrics have many charming characteristics. They are lustrous and silky in appearance, rich in color tones, varied as to weaves and just the correct weight to wear during the warmer days.

Tricolette is a closely woven fabric. Dominette is blocked in design, and there are also novelty fibre silk weaves in plain or Persian colorings.

Beside the fascination of the fabrics, there are entirely new suit models, with coats that are considerably lengthened. Coats that hang gracefully from the shoulders in straight lines, also bloused, belted or designed with wide embroidered borders—all feature the slender silhouette in both coat and skirt. 14 to 20 years.

59.50 to 195.00

(Illustrated)
Misses' Tricolette Suit
69.50

Misses' Silk Dresses

WITH SWIRLING DRAPES

Individualized by bouffant drapes, puffed under tunics, frills, flutings, wide lace collars, and other refreshing little touches that attract attention to dresses of plain or two-tone taffeta silk, plain or flowered Georgette, satin, foulard or moire silk; many are embroidered, beaded or braided. 14 to 20 years.

29.50 to 125.00

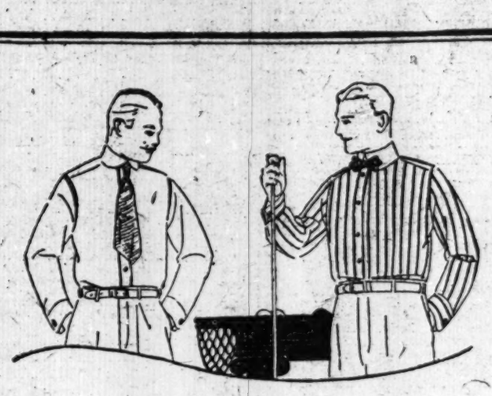
Misses' Cotton Frocks

WITH THE APPROVED SHORT SLEEVES

That are cool and summery. Many with the new short sleeves that are cap to elbow length. Organdie frocks pastel tinted and in darker shades are lace and ribbon trimmed. Plain, figured or flowered voiles feature quaint fichus. Linen, Scotch gingham and English prints are frequently combined with organdie. 14 to 20 years.

14.50 to 98.50

MISSES' APPAREL SHOPS—Second Floor



At SAKS To-day

A Very Unusual Sale of

2400 Men's Shirts

Everyone an Exceptional Value

At $2.50

¶ Everything has been done in the development of these fine shirts to make them compare favorably with to-order productions of a much costlier variety. Their skilful needlework would be difficult to improve upon, and the materials are among the finest loomed for Spring by European and American mills. Those represented include:

Woven Madras from Bonnie Scotland, Rich Mercerized Cloths, that have all the beauty of silk, a new striped cloth that has no peer in cotton fabrics, and fine silk and cotton mixtures.

At Half Price!
All Our Tan Cotton Shirts

¶ Made of silk and cotton mixtures, and mercerized cloths of excellent quality, in neckband and collar attached styles. Splendid for Hunting, Fishing and all Outdoor Sports.

Regularly $4.50 - - Now $2.25
Regularly $3.00 - - Now $1.50
Regularly $2.50 - - Now $1.25

1200 Men's 'Kerchiefs
6 for $1.00

¶ Nothing like them in Manhattan, made of soft, silky Egyptian Cotton, with white or colored embroidered initials.

Beginning at Saks Today

An Important Reduction

Sale of Men's Soft Hats and Caps

Broken selections of some of the best hats we have in stock, reduced for prompt disposal so that we may have ample room for incoming Summer merchandise. Reductions such as these are exceptional—*and so is the quality of every hat in the collection.*

Men's Soft Hats were $2.85 now $1.95
Men's Soft Hats were $4 & $5 now $2.85
Men's Cloth Caps were $2 & $3 now $1.50

None C. O. D., exchanged or on approval

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

The Gimbel Gallery of BLOUSES

is an inspiration for costumes of a new distinction and a charm inimitable

Pictured—
A Casaque
of navy blue or black satin; with blouse back where a sash lies in a crush bow. Bordered with embroideries of peasantry vividness.

$29.75

GIMBEL BLOUSE SALON—Third Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

On such merchandise as is subject to Federal Tax, the price quoted includes the tax.

An Interesting Collection of Distinctive Spring Models in

Women's Black Suits

In An Important Sale

$29.50, $39.50, $45.00, $50.00 and Upward

The demand for Black Tailor-mades has been anticipated in this diversified showing of smart Suits.

The many women who wear Black by preference, others who require it for mourning, will find in this assortment the latest fashions, in the accepted fabrics. Suits notably well tailored and with all the fine finishing details which, especially in Black Suits, are so important.

Fine Black Serges
Poiret Twills, Tricotines
Hairline Stripes
Faille and Taffeta Silks

in strictly tailored, semi-tailored and dressy models, on the newest lines.

Extra Size Black Suits
$45.00, $50.00, $60.00, $75.00 and Upward

Third Floor

Saks

CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

IT is hard to describe a Brown in black-and-white, particularly when they are *tinge-tinted* and *subtly-shaded* as ours are. We show more browns than any store in New York and almost as many as the Directory itself.

In smooth worsteds and cheviots; plain or striped

$30 UP

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

TO-DAY
our clients are receiving
$595,000
Mortgage interest paid the day when it is due. If a SURE income is Wanted buy our
GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. **$9,000,000**
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
189 Montague Street, Brooklyn

CHAMPAGNES
BRANDIES
SCOTCH WHISKIES
BORDEAUX WINES
BURGUNDIES
SHERRIES, PORTS
VERMOUTHS, GINS, &c.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
Grosvenor Nicholas & Co.
INCORPORATED
26-28 BEAVER ST.
14-16-20 SO. WILLIAM ST.
Phone Broad, 3108-3109-1866-2740

TELEPHONE BRACKETS
For office or home use in great variety of style and price.
Send for descriptive circulars, or representative to call with samples.
INSTALLED ON TRIAL FOR ONE WEEK
SCOFIELD & CO.
Tel. Beekman 4411. 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

ASSISTING IN RECOVERY.
Assis in the recovery of a loss by an advertisement in The New York Times.
—Advt.

WILL INVESTIGATE STOCK SWINDLERS

District Attorney Says Reports Indicate That "Wildcat" Promoters Are Busy.

INNOCENT INVESTORS LOSE

Secretary Sturges Says Curb Market Association Will Aid In Investigation.

The District Attorney ordered an investigation yesterday of conditions in the curb market in Broad Street as reported to him in numerous complaints of losses by innocent investors in the schemes of "wildcat" promoters and "freelance brokers," who, he said, would be arrested and prosecuted as rapidly as evidence was gathered. Mr. Swann said he would ask the co-operation of the Board of Governors of the Curb Market Association as an aid to the authorities in an effort to eliminate the fakirs and swindlers from this part of the financial district.

"Among the complaints I have received are some from business men and others from poor persons, both men and women, having little practical knowledge of stock market operations and the different stocks and their values," said the District Attorney. "In most instances their entire investments represent complete loss because properties on which the stocks purported to be based were non-existent or entirely worthless. The alluring inducements made to the purchasers to buy these stocks were nothing less than a common swindle. The swindlers used the rising market in legitimate oil stocks to unload millions of dollars of worthless oil securities."

Assistant District Attorney Theodore L. Waugh, who was assigned to make the investigation, asserted that under the present system of curb selling any one may have stocks listed. This, he said, gave apparent standing to the worthless securities, and inexperienced investors were induced thereby to speculate. He claims that some of the fake stocks were so listed among curb securities, which were handled mainly by brokers not members of the Curb Association. Mr. Waugh said information had reached him identifying one of the swindlers and brokers as a convict from the West, who had sold worthless stock amounting to $300,000.

Chairman E. R. McCormick of the Curb Market Association could not be reached last night. Secretary A. B. Sturges of the association announced that the association would gladly assist the District Attorney in any way possible for the good of the public.

100TH BIRTHDAY FOR GENERAL SEMINARY

Entire Episcopal Church Joins in Observing Anniversary of Divinity School.

The celebration of the 100th anniversary of the General Theological Seminary at Ninth Avenue and Twentieth Street, the only seminary under the jurisdiction of the entire Episcopal Church, was begun with a public meeting in St. Peter's Church, on Twentieth Street, near Ninth Avenue, yesterday afternoon. Rt. Rev. David H. Greer, Bishop of New York, presided. This morning at 11 o'clock a service of thanksgiving will be held in the Chapel of the Good Shepherd, with Rt. Rev. Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, a graduate of the school in 1862, and President Bishop of the Church, as preacher.

The procession formed in the seminary library at 3:30 o'clock in academic costume and marched to the church, where Bishop Greer made the opening remarks. He spoke briefly of the history of the seminary, which, he said, was established May 1, 1819, in a vestry room over St. Paul's Chapel, with two professors and six students.

Dr. Elmer Ellsworth Brown, Chancellor of New York University, brought greetings from the university, the council of which on Monday of this week adopted resolutions felicitating the General Theological Seminary upon rounding out its century of service. Chancellor Brown extended to the seminary an invitation, the first to be issued, to be represented at the 100th anniversary of New York University in 1931. He reviewed briefly the growth of theological seminaries in New York.

Hon. Frederick Paul Keppel, Litt. D., former Dean of Columbia University, and Assistant Secretary of War, reviewed the work of the American soldiers in the recent world war, and asserted that the "American soldiers now being disbanded are American gentlemen in the truest sense of that much abused word." Dr. Keppel said that one thing with which he was particularly pleased in the recent war was the rehabilitation of the Jew as a fighting man.

ASK NATION TO RAISE ROOSEVELT FUND

Memorial Association Plans a Country-Wide "Drive" for Week of Oct. 20 to 27.

$10,000,000 MAY BE NEEDED

William Boyce Thompson Chosen President at Election of Officers and Committees.

The Roosevelt Permanent Memorial National Committee announced after a meeting at Madison Avenue, yesterday, that a national drive for funds to defray the expenses of the memorials will be held during the week of Oct. 20-27. Until a meeting of the Executive Committee, chosen yesterday, has been held, no definite goal has been set for the drive, though it was estimated the sum will be in the neighborhood of $10,000,000.

Estimates varied as to the cost of purchasing suitable property at Oyster Bay and the creation of a park, but it was said $750,000 probably would be required for this purpose.

The roster of officers of the association elected follows:

Honorary Presidents — William Howard Taft, Charles Evans Hughes.

Honorary Vice Presidents—Henry Cabot Lodge, Hiram W. Johnson, John Mitchell, A. T. Hert, John T. King.

President—William Boyce Thompson.

Vice President—William Loeb, Jr.

Secretary—Harry M. Blair.

Treasurer—Albert H. Wiggin.

Executive Committee—Joseph W. Alsop, R. Livingston Beekman, John S. Cravens, Coleman du Pont, Mrs. Mary A. Gibson, James P. Goodrich, Hermann Hagedorn, Will H. Hays, Otto H. Kahn, Irvin R. Kirkwood, Mrs. C. Grant La Farge, William Loeb, Jr., Mrs. Medill McCormick, John Mitchell, Dwight Morrow, Gifford Pinchot, Elihu Root, Mrs. C. A. Severance, Harry F. Sinclair, Henry L. Stimson, William Boyce Thompson, Henry C. Wallace, Albert H. Wiggin, Luke E. Wright, William Wrigley, Jr., General Leonard Wood.

Campaign Executive Committee—William Boyce Thompson, Chairman; Joseph W. Alsop, John S. Cravens, Will H. Hays, Irvin R. Kirkwood, William Loeb, Jr., Henry L. Stimson, Henry J. Whigham, Albert H. Wiggin, Horace Wilkinson, William Wrigley, Jr.

Committee on Monumental Memorial at Washington—Elihu Root, Chairman; James R. Garfield, James P. Goodrich, Hiram W. Johnson, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Raymond Robins, William Boyce Thompson, ex-officio; General Leonard Wood, Luke E. Wright.

Committee on Oyster Bay Park Memorial—William Loeb, Jr., Chairman; Henry L. Stimson, John F. Bermingham, Colgate Hoyt, Howard C. Smith, Mortimer L. Schiff, Acosta Nichols, George B. Cortelyou, William W. Cooke.

The meeting of the Executive Committee to decide on the sum needed to carry out the program will be held either in the last week of May or the first week of June.

Ebert Tightens His Grip on Bremen.

BERLIN, April 27, (Associated Press.)—Sanguinary conflicts have been so numerous during the last few days in Bremen and the outlying districts, due to Spartacide uprisings, that President Ebert had added to the existing martial law régime there extraordinary military courts to try persons charged with insurrectionary crimes.

JUSTICE SHEARN TO RESIGN.

Will Quit Bench to Resume Private Practice Soon.

Justice Clarence J. Shearn of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, who was elected to the bench five years ago and was assigned to the Appellate Division by former Governor Whitman, announced yesterday his intention to retire and resume private law practice.

"I have decided to resign as soon as I finish my pending work in the court," he said. "I have formed a partnership with Montgomery Hare, a friend of long standing, and shall resume general practice under the firm name of Shearn & Hare at 22 William Street. It has been a pleasure and privilege to work with my associates in the court, and for many reasons I regret to leave them; but having devoted nearly five years to the public service and feeling strongly the call to the active lawyer's career in times like these, have concluded that I am justified in laying down my commission."

Genuine
Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin
TABLETS
Tinpocket boxes of 12
Bottles of 24
Bottles of 100
CAPSULES
Sealed packages of 12
Sealed packages of 24
Sealed bottles of 100
Demand Original Packages
The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

The Commander-In-Chief Of Silk Hosiery Is Cordovan Color

EVERY Summer brings its outstanding color in Men's Socks which outshines all others. This season my Cordovan Silk Hosiery is two feet ahead of any other shade. It's a *burnished mahogany brown*, which pairs off perfectly with the fashionable tint in Low Shoes.

Made by the Phoenix Silk Hosiery Company—there's no fuller compliment for Half-Hose. Also Navy, Black, White, Tan and all usual and unusual colors, 80c, $1.05, $1.50, $2.

Women's Phoenix Silk Hosiery of exceptional quality at the ruling prices—all colors and variants—$1.10, $1.35, $1.80 and $2.15 the pair.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

If wages don't come down?

THERE'S a closer connection than you realize between your new foreign trade and our peace-time wage scale in America. Wages determine the standard of living. This, in turn, decides the extent of your market both at home and overseas. SYSTEM is fortunate in being able to give you another of its concise and thoughtful discussions on the trend of the world's trade and commerce—this time by John Hays Hammond—Mr. Hammond is a far-sighted business man and engineer of world-wide experience. Read "Your Marketing Problems Today," in May SYSTEM.

Winning the double "O. K." for credit

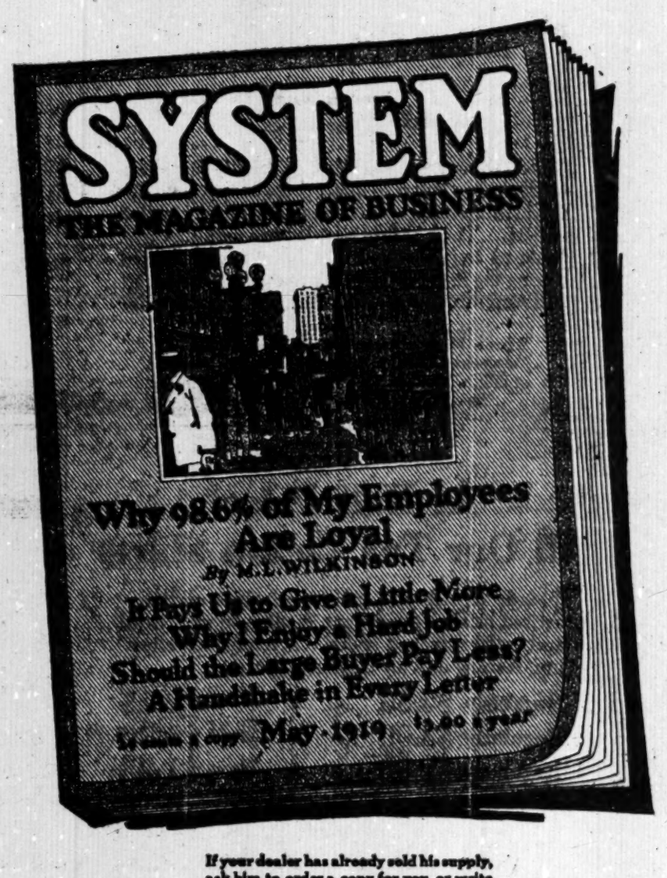
YOU refused a man credit and kicked yourself afterwards? The next day you had to charge off a whopping bad debt because you extended credit too easily! Is there a system that avoids such costly extremes? The plan at Endicott, Johnson and Company calls for one extra entry, but the advantages of this double credit O. K. count tremendously in both profits and satisfied customers. C. M. Jackson, Credit Managers of the company, tells in May SYSTEM how this idea works so well.

Advertising that's bound to pay

NOTHING in advertising equals the word-of-mouth endorsement of friend to friend. L. M. Davenport of Spokane has found the secret of making every customer an advertisement. The way they please people at the Davenport Hotel has built up a wonderful clientele for them. Read Mr. Davenport's article in May SYSTEM. "It Pays Us To Give A Little More" and see how many of these ideas can be adapted readily to your business.

Where executives come from

NEED every stenographer be as mechanical as her typewriter? No indeed! Behind fingers that turn shorthand into type you'll often locate real executive brains. Josephine Tague shows, step by step, how first class executives are developed by giving stenographers more rein and bigger jobs to do. Miss Tague presents a real idea here. Read her article in May SYSTEM.


SYSTEM
THE MAGAZINE OF BUSINESS
Why 98.6% of My Employees Are Loyal
By M.L. WILKINSON
It Pays Us to Give a Little More
Why I Enjoy a Hard Job
Should the Large Buyer Pay Less?
A Handshake in Every Letter
May 1919 $3.00 a year

If your dealer has already sold his supply, ask him to order a copy for you, or write direct to the publisher—A. W. Shaw Company—at either Wabash Ave. and Madison St., Chicago, or 299 Madison Ave., New York, and ask to receive SYSTEM regularly. It will be billed you at 25c a copy or $3 for a full year.

No more "come and go" help

IN 1918 the "come and go" average among plants neighboring the Jordan Motor Car Company was 55%. At the Jordan factory that year labor turnover was just 30%. Edward S Jordan tells in May SYSTEM, just how he creates steady morale in his factory. His idea produces more profit for employer and employee and better satisfaction for the customer. "My Knack of Getting The Men To Give Their Best" will interest any man who squarely faces today's big problems.

Simple ways to push ahead

HOW is it that the other fellow seems to keep business booming in spite of every obstacle? Location no better than yours. Product about the same. Employees and methods no more than average. But there's a "kick" to his methods that speeds the day when he will increase his capital stock. In the May issue of SYSTEM you will find two score of "Short-cut Ideas" proved out by leaders in many businesses. Spend a few minutes at this round-table of ideas and make *your* business grow.

He wouldn't stay "broke"

FIFTY-FIVE years old, not a cent of money—and no credit at the bank! It would mean the poor-house for most men. But not for J. H. Long, the San Francisco coffee merchant. He pledged his furniture to a money lender, bought a few sacks of coffee, roasted it himself, and rang every doorbell in Oakland trying to sell it. It took grit to do it. But today he is the proprietor of "Long's Market" and sells 30,000 pounds of coffee every month. His story is a real inspiration. Read the interesting experiences of *three* such "Builders of American Business" as related in May SYSTEM.

Better salesmen

THEY'VE gone at the misfit problem in earnest at the executive offices of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. They sell the job to the man in advance. The payroll is never encumbered with floaters who are "just trying their hand" at selling. Here's a system that *works* a staff of satisfied, satisfactory, permanent salemen. H. S. Robinson, President of the Company tells the whole story in May SYSTEM. You can profit by this experience.

What Are These Ideas Worth!

No real limit, is there, to the value of a good business idea! Woolworth built a $65,000,000 fortune on his idea of 5 and 10 cent stores. Ford's idea—"the people's machine"—sells nearly three thousand cars a day. Everywhere in business, men who hit on fresh ideas—just average sort of men—are increasing sales, collecting money, trimming down costs, settling labor troubles, revolutionizing profits. *For business makes or breaks on ideas.* That's why SYSTEM, the Magazine of Business—literally packed with ideas and methods and practical plans—is such valuable and interesting reading for every business man. Stop at the nearest newsstand and see what a wealth of ideas a quarter will bring you—today.

186 Business Ideas for 25 Cents—Get May SYSTEM—at all Principal Newsstands

—how to get rid of dead stock
—how to deliver goods with less labor
—how to boost summer sales
—how to cut transporting costs
—how to "ginger up" salesmen
—how to get more out of window displays
—how to write letters
—how to say "no" without offending
—how to reduce office errors
—how to buy—and what
—how to check up on stock
—how your association can help you
—how to save time in conference
—how to economize on paper
—how to ensure morning promptness
—how telephone courtesy helps
—how to adjust Mass to your business
—how to save time in buying
—how $50 in cash grew to $14,000,000
—how to know what your workmen think
—how to systematize catalog files
—how to locate employees automatically
—how to sell the job to the man
—how to locate prospects
—how to make workers loyal
—how to make your service talked about
—how to make employees work as partners
—how giving good measure pays well
—how to insure industrial harmony
—how to cut high labor costs
—how to increase production
—how to please hotel guests
—how to build your foreign sales
—how to select new markets
—how to let your people choose their own manager
—how cheap help cuts down business
—how to save time in the office
—how to arrange a better memo system
—how to handle salesmen's reports
—how the soldiers will return to business
—how to gauge distortion cylinders
—how to get the outside point of view
—how to locate letters in file
—how to find your workers good will
—how to finance export shipments
—how to make sure of customer's credit
—how to do without a stock-keeper
—how to speed up the shipping

STANDARD EIGHT
A Powerful Car

YOU don't need to take all the steep hills in high gear—but you want to.

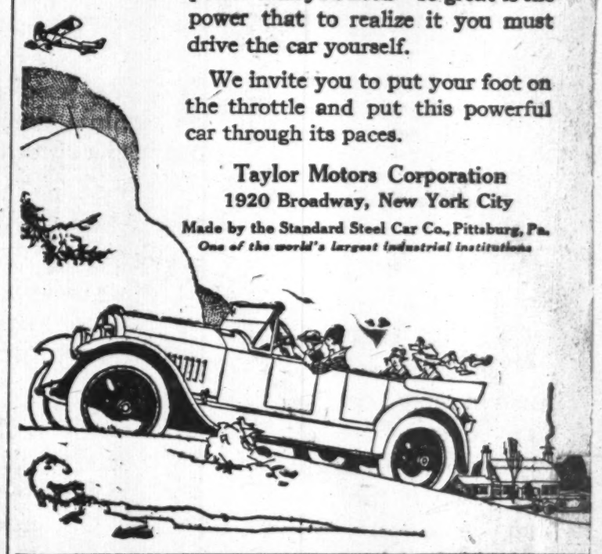
You don't need to pick your way through crowded traffic in high gear—but it is very convenient.

Great power means easy driving and motoring comfort.

The Standard Eight has more power than you need—so great is the power that to realize it you must drive the car yourself.

We invite you to put your foot on the throttle and put this powerful car through its paces.

Taylor Motors Corporation
1920 Broadway, New York City
Made by the Standard Steel Car Co., Pittsburg, Pa.
One of the world's largest industrial institutions



An Unusual Sale
Cadillac Used Cars

The largest selection of used Cadillacs, bought direct from Cadillac dealers throughout the United States, now on sale at the

Rebuilt Car Salon
of
DOUGLAS C. BURRELLE

These cars cannot be told from brand new and we guarantee them for four months.

1919 *Victoria* (2)
1919 *Touring*, 7 *Pass.* (3)
1919 *Touring*, 4 *Pass.* (5)
1918 *Touring*, 7 *Pass.* (2)
1918 *Victoria* (2)
1917 *Victoria* (7)
1917 *Touring*, 7 *Pass.* (5)

An Opportunity You Should Not Miss.
Immediate Delivery.

1680 Broadway Telephones Circle 5252, 5253 and 153.
Formerly Iceland. Between 52nd and 53rd Streets.
(Open Evenings)

The MOTOR TRANSPORT CORPS moves the army. Enlist in the M. T. C.

Revillon Frères

Russian Sable
Canadian Marten
Ermine
for spring wear

5th Avenue at 53d Street
New York

IT'S WEAR LIKE THIS THAT CUTS YOUR SHOE EXPENSE

Stepping on small pieces of hot metal, walking on sharp chips of steel, standing in hot sand—these, and other harsh conditions of walking surfaces, in a steel plant, have no apparent effect on Neolin Soles. So says R. J. Doty, plant superintendent of the Sivyer Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

"The best oak tanned leather soles last about three weeks under the abuse given them in the foundry, while I have been wearing a pair of Neolin Soles for more than three months. And to all appearances, they are as stout as when first put on my shoes," says Mr. Doty.

Only Neolin Soles can resist wear and abuse like this. They are created by Science to be very tough and durable — flexible and waterproof, too. To reduce your own shoe expense, and to cut the family shoe bills, buy Neolin-soled shoes. You can get them in many styles for men, women, and children.

And have your worn shoes re-bottomed with Neolin Soles. These long-wearing soles are manufactured by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outlast all other heels.

Neolin Soles
Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

IDEAL PIANO PURCHASES
CHRISTMAN SONS OFFER THEIR
UNIQUE STUDIO GRAND
with its unequaled tone values
The Christman Player Piano
famous for its superior interpretation and the
VERTICAL GRAND UPRIGHT
which represents the nearest approach to grand tone quality.
Bargain: Steinway Baby Grand $375.
CHRISTMAN SONS,
753 6th Av., bet. 42d & 43d.

FEDERAL SLEUTHS TO WATCH BREWERS

Will Learn What Ones Violate Law Forbidding Use of Foods in Making Beer.

FURTHER POLICY VAGUE

No Prosecution Pending Decision on 2.75 Beverage—New York Has Beer to Last Until July 1.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Agents of the Department of Justice have been instructed to obtain evidence showing what brewers continue to manufacture beer after midnight tomorrow, when prohibition of the use of foods in manufacture of beer, wine, or other intoxicating liquors becomes effective.

This evidence may or may not be used in prosecution of brewers, depending largely on what the Federal Court in New York decides in the beer case now pending there. Whether production of near-beer after tomorrow midnight is prohibited, the Department of Justice has not ruled.

Manufacturers of wine or beer who continue to operate after May 1 will do so at their own risk, although the department has not indicated any intention of causing immediate arrests.

The act of Nov. 21, 1918, considered by the Department of Justice purely as a food conservation measure, provides that "after May 1, 1919, until the conclusion of the present war, and thereafter until the termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and proclaimed by the President of the United States, no grains, cereals, fruit, or other food products shall be used in the manufacture or production of beer, wine, or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquor for beverage purposes."

If near-beer is to be considered beer because of the similarity in name or manufacturing process, its production will be prohibited after tomorrow night. If it is to be considered merely a malt liquor, the prohibition will depend on whether it is intoxicating. Determination of this question has not been undertaken by the Department of Justice, and no action to seek a court interpretation is contemplated at this time by the Department.

This apparently leaves the initiative in the determination of this question to manufacturers of near-beer. It was emphasized authoritatively today that, pending a decision of the Federal District Court at New York in the case brought by brewers to test the legality of the production of beer containing 2¾ per cent. of alcohol, any person manufacturing wine or beer will do so at his own risk and without any understanding with the Department of Justice.

The department has given no statement as to whether it will cause arrests to be made at once or await the decision of the Federal Court. The evidence to be gathered by department agents will be available in support of prosecutions at once or after a decision of the pending suit in New York.

New York brewers yesterday announced that they had stocks of full-strength beer on hand sufficient to last until July 1, and also that they would continue producing 2.75 per cent. beer pending a ruling by the courts on their contention that such fluid is not intoxicating.

Added strength came to the brewers' contention that the new-style beer is non-intoxicating through statements by Elihu Root and William D. Guthrie, handling the brewers' case in the courts, that last week's arguments in the Federal Court had confirmed their belief that the Government would be unsuccessful in stopping the brewing of the 2.75 drink.

A suit to test the wartime prohibition law, following closely the lines of the action undertaken by the Jacob Hoffmann Brewing Co., was entered in the Federal Court yesterday by Jacob Ruppert, Inc., the nation's largest beer bottlers, the suit being started, it was said, so the bottling industry would be represented in the litigation.

LA PRENSA EDITORS STRIKE.

Other Buenos Aires Newspapers May Be Affected by Union Action.

BUENOS AIRES, April 30.—A strike of the editorial staff of La Prensa today prevented the publication of that newspaper. La Prensa had discharged one of its editors and an employe of the business office who were among the organizers of the new union of journalists, which has demanded their reinstatement.

The union of journalists, which is supported by the Graphic Federation, including the printers, pressmen, and others, called a strike. There is a probability, it is believed, of the strike spreading to other newspapers which discharged editors and reporters who were members of the union.

APPEAL BY LUXEMBURGERS.

50,000 Demand Autonomy and a Place in the League.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXEMBURG, April 28.—After an imposing procession through the streets of Luxemburg a great mass meeting unanimously passed the following resolution:

"Appealing to the Paris Peace Conference and the Governments of the Allies, the people of Luxemburg, represented by their agricultural, industrial, commercial, professional, and labor federations, supported by the national press, at a mass meeting of 50,000 Luxemburg citizens of both sexes, forming a sacred union, submit their unanimous wishes to the powers.

"Remembering the sufferings endured through the German invasion and occupation; recalling the sacrifice of 3,000 Luxemburg volunteers in the allied armies who have fallen on the field of honor; invoking the good will shown to them by their liberators; relying on the solemn treaties which guarantee to Luxemburg complete independence and autonomy, and claiming the rights of small nations to protest against foreign interference threatening their national liberties, they insist upon the integral application of the principles proclaimed by the Entente, demand their place in the League of Nations and maintain their right to dispose freely of their political and economical future through a referendum to the whole people."

ADVERTISEMENT.

Children Love the Taste of
"California Syrup of Figs"
The Safe, Pleasant Laxative

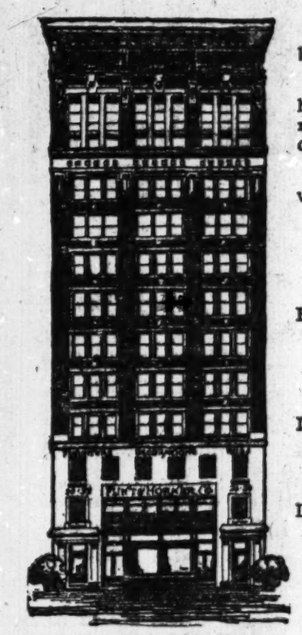
All druggists sell the genuine "California Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna." Full directions as a laxative for children of all ages are plainly printed on the bottle label. Look for the name "California" and accept no other "Fig Syrup" except that made by the originators.

The California Fig Syrup Co.

ADVERTISEMENT.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE
GETTING BACK TO
PEACE-TIME PRICES

GEO. C. FLINT CO. | R. J. HORNER & CO.



OUR NEW BUILDING

A return to the normal conditions of Peace-Time is anticipated by this bold revision in the prices of our entire stock.

This occasion should appeal especially to the makers of new homes who realize the economy of starting with dependable furniture backed by the FLINT & HORNER GUARANTEE of quality and service.

Selections made now will be held for delivery at your convenience.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS

BEDROOM SUITE—
4 Pieces—Mahogany, Full Size Bed, Dresses, Chifforobe, Toilet Table.
$447.00 NOW $298.00

DINING ROOM SUITE—
9 Pieces—Walnut—Decorated.
$750.00 NOW $550.00

LIVING ROOM SUITE—
2 Pieces—Mahogany Davenport and Arm Chair, Covered in Velour and Damask.
$432.00 NOW $288.00

ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS
DRAPERIES AND INTERIOR DECORATIONS

TWELVE FLOORS OF SAMPLES TO SELECT FROM

And a Store House 100 by 110 Feet with Reserve Stock

Flint & Horner Co. Inc.
20-26 West 36th St.
New York

Painted at the Front

SERGEANT PEARL J. WINES
(Company E, 358th Infantry, 90th Division)

"For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, September 12th. After being shot in the side by one of a German party of five, Sergeant Wines engaged the five Germans, killed three and captured the other two—all unaided. This about one kilometer north of Fey-en-Haye, September 12th."

Official Citation for Distinguished Service Cross.

Sergeant Wines made good—in the old two-fisted, hard-hitting American fashion.

You couldn't go and fight—but you can still be American. There's a Victory Loan on.

Be a Yank! Make good!

Invest!

This space contributed to Help Finish the Job by

WILLIAM SALOMON & CO.

GOVERNMENT LOAN ORGANIZATION
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 Broadway, New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

No. 12

DEAR FOLKS:

I am sure you will be interested in learning that workers in the Wilson & Co. plants in Chicago and in ten other cities are an American loving group of citizens with a genuine regard for American institutions and customs.

A great many of these workers came to America from foreign countries and found here an opportunity to enjoy liberty of thought and action—to educate their children—to acquire comfortable homes—and to live under conditions that bring them happiness and prosperity.

It will astonish you to learn, as it did me, that the workers in the Chicago plant alone saved $1,700,000 from the first of May until the end of December, 1918. This means that every worker averaged a saving of over $226 during this period,—and they are saving at the same ratio during 1919. Furthermore, these Wilson workers throughout the country are buying $1,000,000 of Victory Liberty Bonds. Does this not represent substantial citizenship?

Does it not also indicate that Wilson & Co. are standing by their workers in a helpful, practical way?

There is another angle about this thing that I want to bring to your attention.

The workers are engaged in producing Pure Foods. They buy the foods they produce for use in their own homes.

They have learned how to use these foods in an economical way.

They know that Good, Wholesome, Honest Food, bought and used carefully, is more sustaining, more nourishing, more economical, than the buying and using of indifferent foods.

Quality in food counts for far more than Quantity.

Workers are enabled to buy the foods they produce at the retail stores maintained in connection with the Wilson & Co. plant in Chicago.

They buy them at cost, plus the expense incurred in maintaining a sales force and setting apart space for the purpose in the main building, which stands at the entrance to the plant.

The workers are not allowed to run bills or to buy extravagantly. They are advised to buy only enough to nourish life in a wholesome, satisfactory, healthy manner—to fit them for their work.

Furthermore, the Wilson & Co. plan of service to their workers includes definite and helpful suggestions as to how they can use the foods they produce in the most intelligent and most economical way.

These suggestions come from the Domestic Science Department, at the head of which is a young woman who started to learn to cook when she was eight years old—due to the necessities of her household. Her father had died and she was the eldest of several children. Her mother needed her help.

The mother—a wonderful woman—taught her daughter to use the best materials in cooking, telling her that a little of the very best went so much farther than a whole lot of stuff of poor quality.

Well, this little girl grew up to be a wonderful cook. She became fascinated with this great art. She educated herself on profits realized from teaching others how to cook. She studied the food question from every angle. She knows what is what.

She is a wonderful help in the Wilson & Co. organization by suggesting to workers how to use good foods economically.

Isn't there a suggestion in this story to you, Dear Folks?

Shouldn't you buy only those foods whose quality you are sure of?

Mind you, Wilson & Co. send their food products all over the world bearing this significant slogan "The Wilson Label Protects Your Table."

That means what it says.

Workers see to it that everything sent out represents integrity and quality.

Why not? Don't they know what is good? Don't they themselves eat what they produce? Would they eat what they produce if it weren't good? Would they eat the Wilson & Co. foods if they did not feel they got more of satisfaction and strength and physical power out of them than if they bought something not protected by their own honor and that of the house for which they worked?

I never saw such a spirit in an organization as that which is exhibited by the workers in the Wilson & Co. plants.

Their faith is wonderful to me.

They are proud of the Wilson & Co. Certified Brands, which embrace now pretty nearly everything in the food line—such as Ham, Bacon, Canned Vegetables, Meats, Fruits, etc.

They are likewise proud of the Meats, Poultry, Eggs, Coffee, Butter, Lard, Oleomargarine, etc., which go under the slogan "The Wilson Label Protects Your Table."

Story No. 14.
Don't you think you should buy Wilson & Co. food products?

Sincerely, William C. Freeman
250 Fifth Ave., New York City.

ST. JOHN'S AIRMEN HELD UP AGAIN

Raynham and Hawker Ready to Start When Bad Weather Reports Arrived.

HAD ENGINES WARMED UP

Took Maps, Attended "Godspeed" Exercises, and Received Testimonials—Are Still Waiting.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., April 30.—A large crowd which gathered to witness another heralded start of the transatlantic flight was again disappointed today when Captain Frederick P. Raynham, the Martinsyde pilot, and Harry G. Hawker, pilot of the Sopwith plane, were compelled by last-minute weather reports to abandon their plans.

Both had announced their intention of making the "hop-off" today, Raynham setting the hour for his start at 3 o'clock and Hawker announcing he would get away fifteen minutes later.

The aviators had attended "godspeed" exercises, conducted by Mayor Gosling of St. John's, and had even gone so far as to warm up their engines for the take-off when the report came of a belt of southeasterly winds with stormy propensities about 900 miles off the Newfoundland coast.

Local conditions were entirely favorable. Early reports from ships at sea were generally favorable, but later high winds were reported by the Meteorological Bureau, and this report was followed by reports of a gale and heavy fog off the Grand Banks and a snowstorm at Belle Isle.

Both aviators took naps after luncheon to prepare for the test which they believed they were about to undergo, and both were bubbling over with optimism when they appeared at the "Godspeed" exercises.

Mayor Gosling presented each with an illumined address on behalf of the city and announced that pieces of plate, inscribed with the record of their prospective achievement, were being prepared in London and would be presented on their arrival in England.

It was learned that the two fliers would carry with them medals struck off by the Joan of Arc Statue Society in New York to be presented to the British Museum and the Ecole des Beaux Arts of Paris.

Raynham and Hawker today received an identic message of good wishes from the Aero Club of America, reading:

"Aero Club of America sends bon voyage, best wishes, and confidence in success of your flight across the Atlantic. Please convey America's greetings to Europe."

The naval tender Melville, in command of Commander John S. Arwine, sailed today to take her position in mid-Atlantic for the transatlantic flight. On board are representatives of press associations and motion picture concerns. The Melville also carries spare parts and fuel for the seaplanes, and has trained mechanics on board. She will also act as a "mother ship" for the destroyer patrol.

THIRD NAVY OCEAN FLIER, NC-4, LAUNCHED

Details of Construction of Seaplanes Picked for Transatlantic Flight Announced.

Following the launching yesterday of the NC-4, one of the United States seaplanes which is to compete for transatlantic honors, Commander John H. Towers, in charge of the aviation activities at Rockaway Beach, revealed the much guarded mechanical details and the power, speed, and weight of the navy's three ocean flight craft. Although twenty mechanics worked on the motors of the NC-4, the engines were not in shape to take advantage of the ideal flying weather. Crews Nos. 1 and 2 took practice flights in two F-5 airplanes.

The wing span from tip to tip of the lower spreads of the NC seaplanes is 126 feet and the upped 114 feet. The distance between the wings, which are twelve feet wide, is fourteen feet at the center and twelve feet at the outer tip of the lower wings. The over all length from the bow of the hull to the tail planes is 68 feet 3 inches, and the boat itself is 44 feet, 9 inches in length. The wing area is 2,380 square feet.

When "empty," but including the wireless aparatus and all navigating ingstruments, the type weighs 15,100 pounds. With full load for the transatlantic flight the weight will be 28,500 pounds. The weight carried for each square foot of wing surface is twelve pounds.

When carrying full load the NC boats are expected to travel seventy-nine nautical miles an hour and the speed at "light load" when the planes are nearing their destination with the gasoline tanks, &c., empty, will add fifteen miles an hour. The horse power of the four Liberty engines, which weigh 825 pounds, is 1,600. Nine 200-gallon gasoline tanks are in the hull and one ninety-gallon gravity feed tank is between the wings. The gasoline pumps are wind-driven by small wooden propellers.

NOT BOUND BY PIER STRIKE.

Longshoremen Officials Disown the Walkout of Freight Handlers.

Officials of the International Longshoremen's Association yesterday declared they would accept no responsibility for the order given to the Freight Handlers' Union to strike on all the piers of the Railroad Administration in this port, in an attempt to force their demands for an increase in pay and an agreement to permit all men to begin work at the same hour in the morning. T. V. O'Connor, President of the union, and Daniel Walsh, Chairman of Local 915, said they had not been informed of the strike order, and would not recognize it.

On most of the railroad piers work proceeded in the handling of freight, although F. Paul Vaccarelli, Chairman of the Freight Handlers' Union, said his leaders had reported 10,000 had quit work. The report from the office of the Regional Director of Railroads was that of 5,500 men employed on the piers only about one-fourth had left work. The railroad officials said that a normal amount of work had been done.

Many of the men called in to help the railrads were members of Colonel William Hayward's old 15th New York Infantry, and railroad foremen reported that some came to work wearing the Croix de Guerre.

Some officials of the Longshoremen's Association said the strike order was the result of a factional fight. Vaccarelli, besides being leader of the freight handlers, also is an officer of the Marine Affiliation, the Harbor Boatmen, and other unions. Durvng the marine strike he and President O'Connor of the Longshoremen's Union clashed. Later, officials of the Longshoremen's Union voted Vaccarelli out as Fifth Vice President. Vaccarelli said he would refuse to quit.

STRIKE ON ALBANY PAPERS.

Typographical Union Employes Demand Increase in Wages.

ALBANY, N. Y., Thursday, May 1.—Linotype machines were stopped and all members of the Typographical Union employed on the two morning papers here, The Knickerbocker Press and The Argus, ceased work at midnight because their demand for an increase of $6 a week had been refused. The newspapers, having anticipated the walkout, had their papers made up early in order to have them appear as usual this morning. The trouble will affect both afternoon papers, The Times-Union and The Journal.

Under the increase, if granted, day men would receive $32 a week and night workers $35.

SPANISH THEATRE STOPS.

Orchestra Refuses to Play and Audience Is Dismissed.

The run of the Spanish Theatre Company, which began at the Park Theater, on Columbus Circle, on April 19, with the opera "Maruxa," and a revue, and which the management intended should be the premiere of a permanent stock company to cater to the general public as well as to Spanish audiences, came to an abrupt end last night while the audience was waiting for the curtain to go up on "Los Bohemios. Some of those who had bought seats for last night's performance, the greater number of whom were Spaniards, had left the theatre when the curtain remained down at 8:15 o'clock. A representative of the company then announced that owing to the refusal of the orchestra to play the performance would not take place. The price of the seats was refunded to the patrons.

After the audience had been dismissed several reasons were given by different persons connected with the company or the management for the trouble. It was said that several of the actors were dissatisfied over money matters, and that a committee representing the players had gone to the West Forty-seventh Street station to get advice as to what they should do to protect their financial claims. They were referred to the court.

FIRE AT BRIGHTON BEACH.

Bathing Pavilion and Other Buildings Destroyed—Loss, $750,000.

Fire of unknown origin which started shortly after 8 o'clock last night in a rifle range 500 feet east of the Brighton Beach Hotel, wiped out the east end of Brighton Beach, including the Brighton Baths, nearly all the giant roller coaster and a score of dance halls, restaurants and other buildings.

For a time it seemed as if the flames, fanned by a brisk breeze, would spread to the large hotel, which is of wooden construction, but a shift of the wind saved the situation. The fire was of a spectacular character. It raged for an hour before the firemen got it under control. The damage was estimated at $750,000. So far as could be learned no one was injured.

The fire reduced the three story bathing pavilion to ashes in a few minutes. The flames then jumped to Braun's Casino and restaurant, a skating rink adjoining, the Brighton Beach shooting gallery and Pike's restaurant.

The Mother's Anxiety

Every woman who has a daughter in delicate health during these energy-sapping Spring months should read this statement by a young girl:

"Until a year ago, I was healthy and strong, and all my friends remarked how 'peppy' and full of life I was. I stood third in my class and I certainly took the lead in all social activities at our school.

"But of a sudden something happened to me. I became thin-blooded, anemic and rundown. My nerves seemed to go all to pieces.

"And ever since Spring opened, I have been suffering continuously from headaches, fainting spells, indigestion, nervousness and sleeplessness. And I can't seem to muster enough strength to do anything or care for anything."

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

This splendid Spring tonic, appetizer and blood reconstructive helps to overcome all thin-blooded and anemic conditions. It is most beneficial in supplying the blood with just the elements it needs. It increases the number of the red blood cells, and their capacity to distribute nourishment to every cell and tissue. Thus the whole system is filled with renewed health, vigor, energy and power. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is easy to digest, exceedingly pleasant to taste. Universally endorsed and prescribed by the medical profession.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY, Manufacturing Chemists, New York

FRIENDLY WARNING: There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Do you have to put in a new blade to get a clean shave?

EXPERIENCE with ordinary safety razors has undoubtedly taught you that although a fresh razor blade may give a satisfactory shave the first few days, it gets duller and duller every time you use it.

Yet there *is* a safety razor that gives you clean, comfortable, quick shaves from the same blade *over and over again*. You don't need a new blade to insure a *keen edge* if you use the AutoStrop Razor.

AutoStrop Razor Blades are made of the hardest, toughest razor steel. To keep them keen-edged as when new, the razor is made with a patented self-stropping feature.

A pressure of the thumb adjusts the blade for close, medium or light shaving.

The AutoStrop Razor is the only safety razor that *sharpens, shaves and cleans without removing the blade.*

Ask your dealer about the 30-day free trial plan.

AutoStrop Razor—*sharpens itself*

AUTOSTROP SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY, New York, Toronto, London, Paris

W. L. DOUGLAS MAKING SHOES AT SEVEN YEARS OF AGE
"THEY ARE MADE IN A WELL EQUIPPED FACTORY AT BROCKTON, MASS. BY HIGHEST PAID, SKILLED SHOEMAKERS, UNDER THE DIRECTION AND SUPERVISION OF EXPERIENCED MEN"

W. L. Douglas

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

FOR MEN FOR WOMEN

$4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 & $8.00

BOYS' SHOES
Best in the World
$3.00 $3.50 $4.00

IF you have been paying $10 to $12 for fine shoes, a trial will convince you that for style, comfort and service W. L. Douglas $7 and $8 shoes are equally as good and will give excellent satisfaction. The actual value is determined and the retail price fixed at the factory before W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York

Stamping the price on every pair of shoes as a protection against high prices and unreasonable profits is only one example of the constant endeavor of W. L. Douglas to protect his customers. The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

CAUTION
Before you buy be sure W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom and the inside top facing. If the stamped price has been mutilated,
BEWARE OF FRAUD

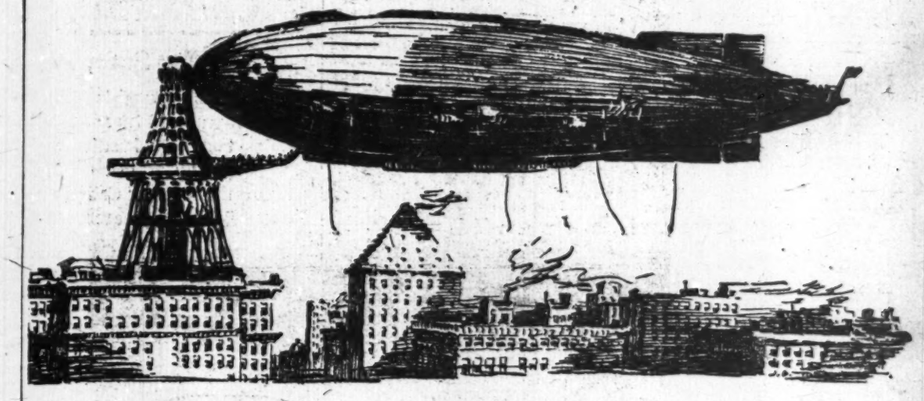
For sale by 106 W. L. Douglas stores and over 9000 W. L. Douglas dealers, or can be ordered direct from factory by mail. Parcel Post charges prepaid. Write for illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

85 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th.
★1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
★ 984 Third Avenue.
★1452 Third Avenue.
★2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
★2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
347 Eighth Avenue.
★ 250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN.
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
★ 706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
★ 478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
★859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
★UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON 192 Market St., cor. Clark
★TRENTON—29 East State Street.

Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women



Off to Europe In an Airship!

Think of elevators in an airship!

Think of eating on board just as you would on an ocean liner!

—not in an airplane, but in a huge passenger-carrying airship. What is it like to sail through the air? Is it dangerous? Where do you sleep? What do you eat?

You ask yourself a dozen such questions. Only in the Popular Science Monthly will you find your questions answered.

Read "Voyaging to Europe in an Airship" in the May issue, just out. It tells the story of the most daring plan ever worked out for crossing the ocean in passenger-carrying airships. Think of elevators in an airship! Think of living on board just as you would on an ocean liner! It's all fully explained in the May issue.

Also read "How Gold Can Make Us Poor," "Talking to Mars," "Building a Bridge Under Water," and a hundred other live up-to-date articles.

All the new inventions and discoveries in mechanics, electricity, automobiles, chemistry, aeronautics, in the May Popular Science Monthly. Over 300 vivid pictures; over 200 startling new ideas.

Keep up with the times. Read the May

Popular Science

Out Today MONTHLY *20 Cents*

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT
Cash Paid Immediately For Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry and Your Valuables Saved for You. Strictly Confidential. Est. 1885.
FORGOTSTON'S
503 Fifth Ave.
N. E. Cor. 42nd St. Tel. Vanderbilt 5331

Authorized Exchange Dealers for NEW & USED
BUICKS
Glidden Motor and Supply Co.,
239 West 58th St.
On door East of Broadway.

Cuticura Promotes Hair Health
All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6 B, Boston."

Addressed to Men Who Buy Clothes—and Men Who Sell Them

YOU, as the Average Man—and *you*, as a Clothier—will read this ad with equal interest.

PALM BEACH SUITS will sell this season at about one-half the price of well-tailored worsteds.

PALM BEACH SUITS, because of the peculiar blend and twist of the patented weave, will wear as long as imported wool and wash as often as needs be.

PALM BEACH SUITS will be shown in 100 different shades and patterns, ranging from the plain natural tan to solid blacks and hairline blues. There will be browns and grays and Oxfords - tans and greens - "sand" and heather mixes - solids, stripes and checks - and many novelty patterns, resembling the finest worsteds - but made of GENUINE PALM BEACH CLOTH, and that means much cooler, much more comfortable, and much less expensive.

PALM BEACH SUITS will be tailored by the best Clothing Manufacturers of the country - men who consider *workmanship* their hobby, and who have made a special study of building exceptional suits from this remarkable cloth. The showings will include those particularly smart Young Men's models that so aptly fit this season's fancy.

We realize that today, when you see this ad, you may say: "Later perhaps. Not now." Quite true. But we feel that you will be glad to know of this economy in dress that will ideally suit the Summer weather, now but a few weeks off -- And that you will be glad to know that GENUINE PALM BEACH, with its reputation for quality and its unique beauty of finish, will present so varied a selection and so inviting a purchase.

THE PALM BEACH MILLS

GOODALL WORSTED CO., SANFORD, MAINE

SELLING AGENT: A. ROHAUT, 229 FOURTH AVE., NEW YORK

AND to you, Mr. Clothier, a word in private:

You recall the hardships encountered this year in making and delivering good clothes—the difficulty you experienced in getting what you wanted when it was most needed.

Well then, have you considered that only a limited quantity of GENUINE PALM BEACH CLOTH was distributed for 1919? Many merchants covered usual requirements, and are now pressing for deliveries—but even they do not realize that the demand promises to be very great. Our educational work will be of a vast, impressive, far-reaching kind—its purpose to drive home a final consciousness of PALM BEACH, THE GENUINE CLOTH, and teach the public to recognize in the Trade-marked Label, the safety sign to Summer style and comfort.

If you are not amply prepared—let this announcement serve as a timely reminder.

WE show below, a schedule of National announcements to come:

Saturday Evening Post

June 14th - full page
June 21st - half page
June 28th - full page
July 5th - full page
July 12th - half page
July 19th - center spread in color
July 26th - full page
Aug. 2d - half page

Collier's Weekly

June 21st - half page
July 5th - full page
July 12th - center spread in color
July 26th - full page

Literary Digest

June 28th - center spread in color

Country Gentleman

June 21st - half page
July 5th - full page
July 19th - half page

The Spur

June 15th - full page
July 1st - full page
July 15th - full page

And the principal newspapers of the principal cities.

REMEMBER THERE IS ONLY ONE PALM BEACH

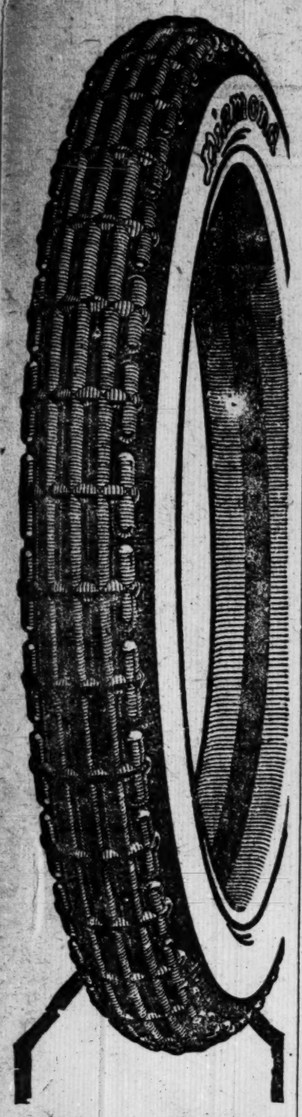
Palm Beach

REGISTERED U.S. PATENT OFFICE

THE GENUINE CLOTH

MFD. BY GOODALL WORSTED CO.

THE TRADE-MARKED LABEL ALWAYS MARKS THE GENUINE



Diamond
SQUEEGEE TREAD
Tires

When Your Tires "Cash in" Your Checks

Just as certainly as you buy a tire, you know that some day it will "cash in its checks"—and yours!

That day you'll measure its mileage against the sum you paid for it. Not until then, probably, will you know whether that brand of tires really gives you your money's worth—

Unless those tires be Diamonds. You count on Diamonds to roll up 5,000, 6,000 and 8,000 miles persistently — though they COST LESS than most other tires.

For example, in winter driving *with chains*, 341 Diamonds averaged over 5,000 miles on Quaker Cab Co. taxis in Philadelphia. The Texas Co., with over 500 cars, averages between 6,000 and 8,000 miles with Diamonds.

Why not cut *your* tire upkeep with a Diamond?

Diamond Rubber Co., Inc., Akron, Ohio.

Field Museum, Chicago

TOTAL CASUALTIES NOW UP TO 287,315

New Army List, Containing 107 Names, Is Given Out at the War Department.

INCLUDES SIX DEAD MEN

One Missing Man and a Hundred Wounded Also Named In Latest List Reported by Pershing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—One army casualty list was issued at the War Department today, containing 107 names, bringing the total for the army up to 281,365. This total for the army includes 4,534 prisoners released from German prison camps and returned to the American Expeditionary Forces. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously reported for that arm of the service was 5,950. The total for the army and Marine Corps now is 287,315.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported April 30.	Total.
Killed in action	32,154	1	32,155
Lost at sea	733	..	733
Died of wounds	13,467	..	13,467
Died of accident	4,567	2	4,569
Died of disease	22,880	3	22,883
Total	73,801	6	73,807
Wounded (85% returned to duty)	198,790	100	198,890
Missing and prisoners (not including prisoners released and returned)	4,133	1	4,134
Prisoners released and returned	4,534	..	4,534
Total	281,258	107	281,365

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

Gen.	General.	Corp.	Corporal.
Col.	Colonel.	Bgl.	Bugler.
Maj.	Major.	Mch.	Mechanic.
Capt.	Captain.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
Lt.	Lieutenant.	Mus.	Musician.
Sgt.	Sergeant.	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

(DA) Died from Accident or other Cause.
(DD) Died from Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

Casualty List.

NEW YORK CITY.

FAGAN, W. G., 552 9th Av.—Wagn...(WL)
KIRCHNER, W. J., Jr., 635 9th Av...(WU)
KLEIST, W. B., 153 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn ...(WL)
LAWSON, A. E., 949 55th St., Brooklyn—Lt. ...(WU)
McGINNIS, R., 12 3d Place, Brooklyn..(WU)
PHILLIPS, D., 216 E. 85th St. ...(WL)
PHILLIPS, E. J., 161 W. 94th St. ...(WL)
REGGIN, A., 7 Ilvington St. ...(WL)
RIEHL, W., 52 Edison St., Corona—Sgt.(WL)
SCHULZ, F. W., 454 Cleveland St., Brooklyn ...(WS)
SCULLY, J. P., 332 E. 63d St. ...(WL)
SLATTERY, J. J., 555 Henry St., Brooklyn ...(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

HOLMES, W. H., Celuse. ...(WL)
KURDZIEL, P., Buffalo. ...(WL)
PASCO, M., Johnsburg. ...(WL)
PHILLIPS, F., Athol Springs. ...(WU)

NEW JERSEY.

BURKE, J. E., Camden—Corp. ...(WL)
McGRATH, J. H., Newark. ...(WL)
SCULTHORPE, H., Asbury Park—Cook.(WL)

CONNECTICUT.

SEDON, A. E., New Haven. ...(WL)
QUINN, E. J., Wallingford. ...(WL)

OTHER STATES.

KERLLE, C., Oklahoma City, Okla. ...(DA)
STARKE, E. F., Bristol, Va. ...(DD)
STEWART, E., Tipton, Kan. ...(DD)
TARTAR, J. W., Hartline, Wash.—Corp.(DD)
TRUMAN, T. A., Providence, R. I. ...(KA)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev Rptd.
LYNCH, F. Z., 333 E. 241st St.	(WU)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

CLEGG, A., Rochester. ...(D) (MA)
DALEY, F. O., New Lebanon Centre ...(RD) (MA)
HURCH, J., Dunkirk. ...(WU) (KA)

CONNECTICUT.

BERBERICH, J. W., Meriden. ...(D) (MA)
COSGROVE, P. L., Lakeville. ...(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BATZ, S. P., Pittsburgh, Penn. ...(WL) (DW)
BONHAM, C. R., Beaver City, Neb. ...(KA) (WU)
CORY, L. R., Grafton, Ill. ...(KA) (WU)
EDWARDS, J. G., Maud, Okla. ...(KA) (MA)
HARRIAN, J., Racine, Wis. ...(DW) (D)
NEMI, T., Arnana, Italy. ...(KA) (D)

Corrections in Reported Casualties.

The name of Private George W. Rupert of Cedar City, Mo., was omitted from the Marine Corps casualty list published in THE TIMES last Saturday. He previously had been reported killed in action, but now is reported to have returned to the United States. In the same list the three following names were erroneously given as having returned to the United States: Seaton Samuel Elliott, Petersburg, Va.; William L. McWhirter, Glen Allen, Ala.; Walter Raymond Noble, Cleveland, Ohio.

They should have been listed as having died of wounds, having previously been reported missing in action.

A Great Thing Easily Done

Get a bottle of Lysol, pour it into a large jug or bottle. Then add the right quantity of water. A 50c bottle makes 5 gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes 2 gallons, for Lysol is highly concentrated.

Then every day pour about a tablespoonful of the solution in toilet and wash-bowl and one half-tumblerful into the kitchen sink.

Also put one half-tumblerful in the garbage can each day in cold weather, and in hot weather put in two glassfuls.

In your scrubbing water, always have half a glassful of Lysol solution, and once a week sprinkle dark, sunless corners with the solution.

Take these simple, easy precautions and you will make a better fight against disease and epidemic than they can make against you.

Lysol Disinfectant

is America's standard germicide. It kills all germs at the instant of contact. Hospitals everywhere pin their faith to it. Boards of health and the medical profession urgently recommend its use.

Remember there is but one, true Lysol, the product made, bottled, signed and sealed by Lehn & Fink.

Lysol Toilet Soap
Contains Lysol, and there ore protects the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream
Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and gives the antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

Buy W. S. S.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink

ROME writes "W. Wilson —N. Lenine" on her walls, fears France, mistrusts America—why? Read "The alternative in Italy" in this week's issue of

The Nation
10c

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SOLITAIRE DIAMOND RINGS AND WATCHES
The Best Selection FOR THE SELECT
FROM THE LOWEST TO THE BEST
On Our Famous Terms.

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$100.00 — $2.00 Weekly

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CASTLE CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT
OPEN DAILY TILL 6 P.M. SATURDAY TILL 9 P.M.
1374 Broadway
2 DOORS ABOVE 37th St.
A STORE—NOT AN OFFICE

Men's
Harness Stitched Brown Cordovan Oxfords
Solid Leather
Special $7.45
PARKER & DIEMER
1376 BROADWAY, at 37th St.

The BALFOUR
$7.50 to $9.50

Men leave our store wearing this last time after time. They buy it for style. They take so much comfort in it that they want another just like it. It has a good tread, the narrow toe worn by conservative dressers, and is a shoe comfortable day in and day out. The many Walk-Over lasts assure a perfect fit.

Walk-Over

WALK-OVER SHOE STORES

New York City: 179 Broadway; 1178-75 Broadway; 1439 Broadway; 150 Bowery; 252 W. 125th St.; 622 W. 181st St.
Brooklyn: 1355 Broadway; 505-7 Fulton St.; 5406 Fifth Ave.
Bronx: 557 Melrose Ave.; Yonkers, N. Y.; 7 N. Broadway
Newark, N. J.—795 Broad St.
Paterson, N. J.—181 Market St.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—297 Main St.

CAMELS' expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos answers every cigarette desire you ever had! Camels give such universal delight, such unusual enjoyment and satisfaction you'll call them a cigarette revelation!

If you'd like a cigarette that does not leave any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste or unpleasant cigaretty odor, *smoke* Camels! If you hunger for a rich, mellow-mild cigarette that has all that desirable cigarette "body"—well, you smoke some Camels as quickly as you can!

Camels' expert blend makes all this delightful quality possible. Your personal test will prove that Camel Cigarettes are the only cigarettes you ever smoked that just seem made to meet your taste!

Compare Camels for quality and satisfaction with any cigarette in the world at any price!

18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply, or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Cigarettes

How High Will Meat Prices Go?

Swift & Company does not know whether prices will go higher or lower.

It depends upon country-wide and world conditions that Swift & Company cannot control and cannot foresee.

All the world needs meat, and only a small part of the world is raising live stock. So live stock is dear now, and meat prices must keep pace.

Competition will continue to keep the "spread" low so that the price you pay for meat will be as close as possible to what must be paid for live stock.

Our profit of only a fraction of a cent a pound, is no greater when prices are high than when they are low.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Seventeen Wholesale Distributing Markets in Greater New York
Central Office, 32 Tenth Avenue
G. J. Edwards, District Manager

THE RUSSIAN SITUATION.

This week's Annalist suggests the exchange of the accumulated stock of furs in Northern Russia and Siberia for food as a plan through which the Russian situation may be saved.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

"Why Do You Want to Marry Him?" Asked the Doctor Abruptly.

At 7.30 I first saw him
At 7.31 I fell in love
In 3 days I was engaged
Then I married him

The marvelously fascinating story of an American girl who became a war-bride: who married "a man who didn't know one soul I knew, neither had I one acquaintance of his. Moreover, he was a man whose whole outlook was diametrically opposed to a romance which, improbable as it may sound, is not only true, but which is so acutely personal that with only one motive do I consent to tell it: I may be able to help some other girl or woman who will find her part in the war begun, not when her husband, sweetheart or son went to battle, but now that the war is forever finished, and he returns to her again."

Being Courted By Buffalo Bill

The Greatest American Romance Ever Told by a Woman

She Whacked Him In The Face The First Time She Met Her Future Husband

Here is the West: when it was young, uncharted and boisterous: a No-Woman's Land into which the bride of Buffalo Bill went with him. Day by day she lived amid quick death: now in a tent: then in a wagon: again under the sky and in the back of a frontier saloon. You see the great West opening up: you see the great prairies: you see life held cheaply: you hear the death-barbed arrow of the Indian spin through the air: the crack of pistol, and in the midst of it you see an American woman—the wife of the most romantic Indian scout in history. The real American breaks through every line of this autobiography of Buffalo Bill's widow.

The May Ladies' Home Journal

184 pages: 15 cents

Over Two Million Copies

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

You Men Who Have Worn the Army Shoe:

YOU *know* how much better your feet have been ever since you changed from narrow, pointed "stylish" shoes to broad-toed sensible army shoes, that made you forget the bent bones, corns, callouses, bunions or ingrown nails of civilian life.

Keep your feet free, comfortable, happy. Put them into Educators that "let the feet grow as they should." For Educators give you all the roomy comfort of army shoes, *plus good looks.*

MADE FOR MEN, WOMEN *and* CHILDREN

Get a pair today. Put your whole family into Educators,—your children especially, for Educators start the feet growing right.

Be sure to look on the sole for EDUCATOR. There is no protection stronger than the famous Educator trademark; for it means that behind every part of the shoe stands a responsible manufacturer, Rice & Hutchins, Inc., Boston.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE

Patent Colt Button Educator for Children and Infants. Misses' with Low Heel

Diseased Kidneys

PLUTO Water, besides being a quick, gentle physic, stimulates kidney movement. A wineglassful every morning before breakfast will relieve diseased kidneys. Beneficial also in treatment of liver and stomach troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
French Lick, Ind. C30

IN MEMORIAM.

Scene at acceptance by Sir Robert Borden from Mrs. Waldorf Astor of symbolic statue erected at Cliveden, England, in memory of Canadian soldiers who died in hospital, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Adv.

WARSHIP VISITORS SAVED BY SAILORS

Submarine Chaser Crashes Into Launch, Throwing Women and Children Into Water.

ALL RECOVERED SPEEDILY

Naval Authorities Will Hold Investigation to Determine Cause of Accident.

Submarine Chaser No. 417, with a sight-seeing party of wounded soldiers on board, started to circle round the battleship Wyoming in the Hudson River opposite Ninety-sixth Street yesterday afternoon just as a party of fifty-two men, women, and children began to near the battleship on one of its motor launches.

The chaser, a speedy 110-foot craft, was right on the launch before the danger was seen. There was then no chance to avoid a collision and the U-boat hunter cut into the port bow of the launch, opening a wide breach from the gunwale to the keel. Many of those on board the launch were thrown overboard and several of the others were forced to jump overboard.

Within a few seconds lines were thrown overboard from the No. 417, Submarine Chaser No. 416, which was in the same waters, arrived a few seconds later with life-saving apparatus. Boats from the Wyoming and Pennsylvania were put off when the whistles of the chasers called for help. The rescue work was done with such speed and efficiency that all the lives were saved.

Those suffering from shock were taken to the naval training ship Granite State at the foot of Ninety-sixth Street, where they were attended by Lieutenant Eugene McGillian, U. S. N. M. C. Four persons were taken to Knickerbocker Hospital suffering from shock: Mrs. Rose Knell, 52 years old, of 185 Emerson Street, Richmond Hill, L. I.; Mrs. Mary Davis, 40 years old, of the same address, and Mr. and Mrs. Philip Davis of 608 South Main Street, Scranton, Penn.

Ensign Frederick H. Shadbolt, U. S. N., R. F., was in command of the submarine chaser. The motor launch was steered by Coxswain August Miller. An investigation to determine the cause of the accident will be held by the naval authorities today.

JEWS ATTACKED IN VIENNA.

Police Fire on Mob, Killing Two and Wounding Twelve.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, April 25, (via London, April 30.)—Demonstrations of unemployed continued today in Vienna. Communist tendencies were absent, however. In fact, the masses turned against the Jewish Communist leaders, and their demonstrations developed an anti-Semitic character.

They broke into cafés frequented by Jewish traders, pillaging the establishments and rifling the pockets of the customers.

The police attacked the plunderers, firing upon them, with the result that two were killed and twelve wounded.

Quiet has been restored and a recurrence of the disturbance is not feared.

EXPLAINS RELIEF PROBLEMS

Director Wants War Aid Sent Through the Government.

Edgar Rickard, Joint Director of the American Relief Administration, 115 Broadway, issued a plea yesterday to all war relief organizations in America to take advantage of the recent order of the Federal Reserve Board establishing the administration as the sole authorized agent for transmitting funds to the recently liberated countries of Europe and making food the only medium of exchange between the United States and these nations.

Mr. Rickard's appeal is based on the fact that many individuals and committees are still making requests that the administration handle cases of food which they wish to forward to specific points in Europe.

Mr. Rickard said that up to the end of the first week of its operations the Exchange Department had received $1,318,170.85 for dispatch to Europe.

HENRY HOLLANDER

Importers of Wines and Whiskies for the Connoisseur

149-151 West 36th Street Just West of B'way

TO-DAY'S SPECIALS

	Per Case	Per Bottle
Imperial Gin	$24.50	$2.15
Dove Gin	27.00	2.30
Gordon Gin	29.00	2.45

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ALL THIS WEEK
SEND OR CALL FOR COMPLETE PRICE LIST
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Monroe Clothes

"New York *Styles* America Monroe *Clothes* New York"

'Twas a great heartfelt welcome for our own old 69th—and nobly they earned it. A fitting appreciation of these heroes of—Ancreville, the Ourcq and the Kriemhilde Line—would be for everybody to buy one more Bond and put the 5th Victory Loan over *quick.*

Upon their release and return to their old jobs or better ones—Monroe Clothes will be just as popular with the boys of the 69th as they were before these lads went to France.

Monroe Clothes are the best Clothes in America at their prices.

They come to you

—direct from the maker
—via low rent Upstairs Shops
—from America's Largest Clothiers

and in addition to the saving in price that is yours—you are sure of the newest style ideas combined with lasting tailoring and durable fabrics.

Monroe Clothes cannot be equalled elsewhere at anything near our prices of $21, $25 and $30. Come up and see them and you'll say so, too.

$21
$25
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MANHATTAN
42nd Street cor. B'WAY
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5 CORTLAND " " B'WAY
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34th Street, Cor. B'WAY
59th. " at COL. CIRCLE
125th. " cor. 7th. Ave.
CHRYSTIE St. at CANAL

BRONX
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Monroe *America's Largest Retail Clothiers* Clothes
SUITS and OVERCOATS READY FOR SERVICE
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A SCIENTIFIC DENTAL CREAM
ACCORDING TO A FORMULA OF N.S. JENKINS, D.D.S.
CLEANSING ANTISEPTIC GERMICIDAL DELICIOUS
PRICE 30 CENTS
SOLE MANUFACTURERS THE KOLYNOS CO.

Notice the Gums of Kolynos Users

SUCH is the relation of the gums to the teeth, that *sound teeth* cannot long *remain sound* in unhealthy gums. The gums are the setting which Nature has given the teeth—and they need care and attention, just as the soil does from which a tree springs.

If you could examine the mouths of Kolynos users, you would find that Kolynos has this distinct tendency. It will keep the gums in a healthy, firm condition. It tends to remove inflammation, and gives the gums that pink color which indicates health.

The complete mouth cleanliness produced by Kolynos, and its wholesome effect on all the membranes of the mouth, and those of the throat with which it comes in contact, are responsible for the standing which it has attained with representative dentists of all countries.

It cleanses the teeth perfectly, preserving to them their natural color without bleaching them and without grit to scratch them. Get Kolynos from your druggist.

THE KOLYNOS COMPANY
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

KOLYNOS
A SCIENTIFIC DENTAL CREAM

Permanent Alignment is Natural with the "Royal"

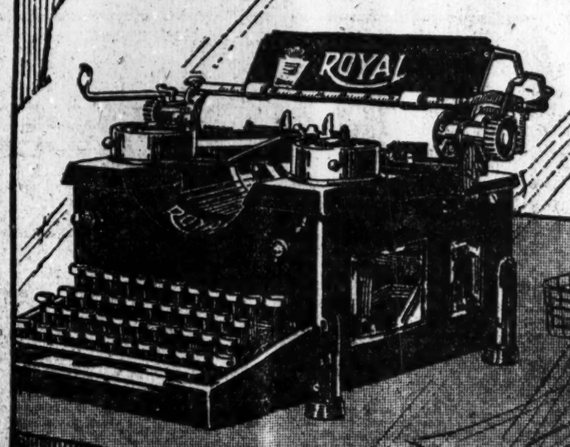
No matter how many hundred times a day the typist returns the carriage with a hearty slam for each new line, she can't spoil the alignment of the "Royal."

For the "Royal" is the only typewriter built with carriage running on a single track. It is the only one with carriage weight supported properly at the centre of gravity. Immovably rigid, gliding smoothly on spirally moving ball bearings, the "Royal" carriage does not become loose or shaky from constant wear.

Phone for a "Royal" demonstration—find out about the other exclusive features and the extra years of service that end the trading out evil. Compare the work—note the distinctive clear-cut beauty of the "Royal" type impressions—you will know why big business everywhere is selecting this machine.

ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY, Inc.
364-366 Broadway. Telephone Franklin 4400.
Branches and Agencies the World Over

ROYAL



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The Sign of a Reliable Dealer and the World's Best Gasoline

The dealers listed below carry So-CO-ny Motor Gasoline.

Manhattan and Bronx

Allen St. 89-93, Allen Garage.
Alexander Ave. 1426 St. Alexander Ave. Garage.
Amsterdam Ave. 129, Amsterdam Garage.
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Avenue A. 879, Interborough Delivery Co.
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Avenue D. 19, Avenue D Garage.
Bailey Ave. 2128, J. Whalen's Garage.
2131, Whelan's Garage.
Bainbridge Ave. 3619, Bahrenberg's Gar and Service Station.
Belmont Ave. 1297, Lion Garage, Inc.
Bergen Ave. 697, Bronx Co. Auto Co.
Boone Ave. 1421, Ferracon Garage.
Boston Road. 1015, The Spaier Gar., Inc.
1368, Rose Garage & Taxi Co.
4061, Adolph Fuhlhaven.
Broadway. 1210, Michael T. Watts.
1212, Elway Garage, Inc.
1444, Koehne Sales Company.
1904, Cimetti Garage Company.
2337, Claremont Garage.
2412, Greater New York Garage.
2416, Abe Archer Garage, Inc.
2417, C. Pilati.
2612, Brickner's Auto Sup. Co., Inc.
Broadway and 66th St. Roe Motor Car Co.
Broadway and 69th St. Lincoln Sq. Gar.
Broadway and 70th St. Winton Company.
Broadway and 70th St. Aaen Garage.
Broadway and 130th St. 130th St. and Broadway Garage.
Broadway and 132nd St. 132nd Gen. Gar.
Broadway & 218th St. S. Mudro's Gas Sta.
Bronx Park. 2115, Delmah Garage.
1094, Wm. A. Thea Witters Garage.
Broome St. 32, Broome St. Garage.
Brown Place. 144, Dieterich-Edwards Co.
Castle Hill Ave. 1146, Ettling's Garage, E.
Catherine St. 32, Catherine St. Garage.
Cherry St. 324, Sternaker Garage.
Chrystie St. 47-49 Metropolitan News Co.
Courtlandt Ave. 349, Courtlandt Garage.
Cretona Ave. 1367, Cretona Garage.
Daly Ave. 3076, Individual Garage, Inc.
Delancey St. 178, J. Servis.
Division St. 135, H. Wilkins.
Dyckman St. 144, Inwood Garage.
And B'way, McMartins Gas Station.
E. 2d St. 78, Asens Garage.
E. 4th St. 31-35, Crest Garage, Inc.
E. 6th St. 211, Revere Garage.
E. 7th St. Cor. Lewis St., 7th St. Garage.
E. 8th St. 412, Eighth St. Garage.
E. 9th St. 214, New Royal Garage.
234, 5th St. Garage.
E. F. Collins.
866, E. F. Collins.
E. 10th St. 403, Renee Garage.
E. 11th St. 722, Dry Dock Garage.
Tire Minute Garage.
E. 12th St. 18, Cleric and Bandel.
E. 15th St. 328, Stuyvesant Garage.
E. 16th St. 142, Fred Dehrmann.
E. 19th St. 597, Good Service Garage.
E. 20th St. 256, Ford Service Co.
E. 24th St. 140, Reich Garage Co.
244, Palmer Garage.
E. 30th St. 218, East 30th St. Garage.
E. 31st St. 189, Blue Sprocket Garage.
411, Express Garage.
E. 37th St. 236, 37th St. Garage, McCosh & Co.
E. 38th St. 213, East 38th St. Garage.
E. 40th St. 37, Murray Hill Garage.
83, McDermott Garage.
E. 41st St. Commonwealth Garage.
127, 41st St. Garage, Inc.
144, Republic Garage.
E. 43d St. 321, East 43d St. Garage.
E. 44th St. 323-331, Commodore-Biltmore Co., Inc.
E. 47th St. Biltmore Gar., Inc., 305 to 313, 321-25, 47th St. Garage.
E. 54th St. 215, Mercedes Garage.
415, Knickerbocker Garage.
E. 55th St. 413, C. W. Cavanagh.
E. 56th St. 215, Alme Garage Co.
239, Gothic Garage.
E. 57th St. 154, 57th St. Garage, John J. O'Hara.
E. 58th St. 25, Willett & Co.
E. 59th St. 414, Olegar's Garage, G. A. Olegar.
E. 62d St. 412, Central Garage.
E. 63d St. And Second Ave. Meadow Brook Garage.
213, State Garage.
E. 64th St. 209, Ritz Garage.
E. 65th St. 236, Halcyon Garage, Inc.
343, Tuxedo Park Garage.
346, Rhinelander.
415, Delaware Garage.
E. 66th St. 116, 66th St. Garage.
E. 67th St. 221-223, Berwick Gar. Co., Inc.
235, S. Blum.
E. 70th St. 154, Cor. 5d Ave., Pinehurst Garage.
E. 72d St. R. River Auto Club of America.
E. 73d St. 183, Brooks Garage.
E. 75th St. 112, Urban Garage.
115, Spengler Auto Company.
510, Eckstein & Alder.
E. 76th St. 238, Lind & Co., Gen.
E. 77th St. 151, Ardsley Garage.
E. 79th St. 404, Seventy-ninth St. Garage.
E. 80th St. 528, Manhattan Vehicle Co.
E. 81st St. 309, Aven Garage.
E. 84th St. 114, Belmont Garage.
117, 84th St. Garage Corp.
161, Onyx Garage.
E. 85th St. 112, Pershing Garage.
E. 86th St. 206, Yorkville Central Garage.
E. 88th St. 48, Watson Club Garage, Inc.
57, Fifth Ave. Garage.
E. 89th St. 57, Niagara Garage.
E. 90th St. 451, Arfman's Garage.
E. 94th St. 204, 94th St. Gar. Co., Inc.
E. 96th St. Upton Garage.
E. 98th St. Cor. 5th Ave. Pinehurst Gar.
216, J. P. Garage.
236, Manhattan Garage.
E. 99th St. 51, Healy's Taxi Company.
E. 101st St. 425-427, Spotless Garage.
E. 102d St. 404, Wicke's Garage A. C.
E. 104th St. 427, Market Auto Garage.
434, P. & L. Eagle Garage.
E. 106th St. Cor. 5th Ave., Michael T. Watts.
254, 106th St. Garage.
E. 108th St. 54, Lowe' Garage, E.
403, Saratoga Garage Co.
E. 110th St. 404, Aurora Garage.
E. 112th St. 159, M. Buda & Son's Garage.
E. 113th St. 205, White Star Garage.
E. 117th St. 234, Victoria Garage.
E. 120th St. 154, Strathmann Auto Co.
154-174, Arsnal Garage, Inc.
E. 121st St. 237, E. 121st St. Garage.
E. 123d St. 416, Velsntzer Garage.
E. 124th St. Chevy Brothers.
E. 125th St. 237, Phenix Garage.
317, Taube Garage.
E. 126th St. 158-165, N. Y. & Saratoga Garage.
E. 127th St. 207, Traub & Linden.
E. 129th St. and Lexington Ave., J. J. Quinn.
E. 132d St. 467, Byrnes Garage.
149, Bronx Bldrs. & Mach. Co.
34, Mrs. Mary Kelly.
E. 134th St. 22, Linwood Garage.
E. 137th St. 213, 137th St. Garage Corp.
E. 144th St. 253, Triangle Garage.
E. 149th St. Willis Ave., & 148th St., Willis Ave., Service Station.
E. 146th St. 247, Gerdes's Garage.
E. 148th St. 435, 148th St. Garage.
E. 149th St. 437, Hub Gasoline Station.
E. 151st St. 245, Columbia Garage.
E. 153d St. Cor. Borgen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage.
E. 158th St. 178, Trio Garage.
E. 163d St. 494, Melrose Garage.
E. 172nd St. 536, Supreme Garage.
E. 174th St. 446, Clarement Garage.
E. 176th St. 415, Hewson's Garage.
241, Correll Garage.
E. 200th St. Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
E. 215th St. Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
Eastchester Road. And Boston Road, Jos. McCrain.
East Blvd. & Tallman Place, Frank Gent.
East Tremont Ave. 1276, Midway Garage, Inc.
2446, Bentley's Garage.
Eleventh Ave. 414, New York Herald Gar. 444-46, West Shore Garage.
Fifth Ave. Circle Gasoline Sta. at 120th St.
First Ave. 1156, Flynn Garage.
1164, Reservoir Hotel.
1184, First Ave. Auto Garage, Inc.
Fordham Road. 441, White Motor Co.
441, Chas. L. Moore Sales & Service Co.
895, Rialto Garage.
Forest Ave. 1054, Keller's Garage.
Fox St. 1197, Simpson Garage.
Freeman St. 1930, Freeman St. Garage.
Front St. 202-205, Reardon Garage.
Gerard Ave. Roe Motor Car Co., Gerard Ave. & 164th St.
Gesrick St. 71, Eastern Garage.
Grand Ave. & E. Fordham Rd. Grand Ave. Garage.
Grand Concourse. 1542, Blue Ribbon Gar.
2110, Bergen Garage.
2408, Holland's Gasoline Station.
2421, Concourse Garage.
2455, Grand Concourse Garage.
Cor. 176th St., Moller's Gas Sta., Wm.
Cor. 187th St., Grand Boulevard Garage.
Gasoline & Oil Supply Co., Grand Concourse, cor. Echo Pl.
Grant Ave. 1424 St., Grant Ave. Garage.
Greenwich Ave. 74-6, Greenwich Av. Gar.
12th St., Jackson Sq. Garage.
Hall's Pl. 4, Hall's Pl. Garage.
Hamilton Pl. 17, Keabco, Sales Co., Inc.
Harlem River & 135d St. I. J. Sobel.
Hudson St. 651, Sullivan & Dempsey.
Irving Pl. 89, Gramercy Park Garage.
Jackson Ave. 590, Khafron's Garage.
Jerome Ave. 1934, Jerome Ave. Garage.
Cor. 167th St. Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
169th St., Stones Garage.
Kenmare St. 14, Kenmare Garage.
39, M. Shanser.
69, Service Station.
La Fontaine Ave. 2043, La Fontaine Ave. Garage.
Lafayette St. 14, Ruggins Service Station.
383, Michael T. Watts.
502, L. Klingman.
Lawrence St. 94, F. Vosilla.
Lewis St. 66, Lewis St. Garage.
Mangin St. 311, Broome St. Garage.
64, Heipenhauser Bros.
72, Heipenhauser Bros.
Metropolitan Ave. 551, Metropolitan Gar.
Monroe St. 153, S. Greenberg.
1818, Division Garage & Storage Co.
Morris Ave. 1194, Murphy's Garage.
1005, H. J. Balter.
Morris Park Ave. Cor. Mellner Av., Morris Park Garage.
Mott Ave. And 153d St., Longview Gar.
441, Dolphin Auto Wrecking Co.
Old Broadway and 130th St. Manhattanville Daylight Garage.
131st St., Bell Garage.
Oliver St. 44, Down-Town Garage.
1232 St. & East River. Paladone Motor Trucking Co.
Park Ave. 491, Stanford Auto Company.
533, W. J. Foster & Co.
1491, Gus Rothola.
4341, Palace Garage.
4455, Liberty Garage.
4806, Astna Garage Co., Inc.
1230 St., Raymond Schwaltz.
153d St., Park Ave. Garage.
Pearl St. 355, J. T. Kelly.
Pelham Pkwy & Wnashdge Rd. Morris Park Gasoline Station.
Plimpton Ave. Cor. 173d St., Cooney's Garage.
Prospect Ave. 906, Paramount Garage Co., Inc.
1423, Day & Night Garage.
2102, Tiffany Garage.
Riverside Drive. 516, Fabyvine Garage.
Saint George Crescent. Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
Second Ave. 124 St., Schaurmaker.
St. Nicholas Ave. 321, Hurlberg Garage.
335, Eureka Automobile Station.
441, College Garage.
447, St. Nicholas Garage.
1004, Dorems Garage.
South St. 210½-221, East River Garage.
334, I. Rosenthal.
Southern Boulevard. 1133, Fordham Boulevard Garage.
934, Seidman Gar., Inc.
1141, Aaron Garage.
1553, Windsor Garage.
1773, Auto Economy Accessories Co.
2073, Boulevard Auto Company.
2137, Parkview Garage.
Stanton St. 216, L. Nelburg.
Third Ave. Cor. 1234 St., California Oil Works.
66, Brown's Garage.
2196, Bronx Borough Garage.
4473, Third Ave. Garage.
Thompson St. 249, Greenwich Village Gar.
Tiebout Ave. 2244, Overlook Garage.
Tompkins St. 42, Heipenhauser Bros.
Tremont Ave. And Watson Ave., Valentine Garage.
997, West Farms Garage.
Trinity Ave. 917, Trinity Garage.
Union Ave. 1044, Model Garage.
University Ave. 1614, Kingsbridge Garage.
University Ave. Garage, University Ave. and 176th St.
Vestry St. 66, Miller's Auto Express Co.
Washington Ave. 962, Teckel Bros. Corp.
1040, Washington Garage Corp.
Washington Sq. South. 72, Washington Square Garage.
Water St. 409-413, East River Garage.
665, Cirkers, Sol.
Webster Ave. 1812, Economy Garage.
Watts St. 155, Casino Garage.
1860, Kindermann & Sons Garage.
1669, Tyrrell & Co., Inc., Geo. E.
2134, Stanley Garage.
1826, Webster Ave. Garage.
189th St., W. J. Boyd.
201st St., Merit Garage.
W. Broadway. 256, W. Broadway Gen
W. End Ave. 76, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
87, Service Motor Truck Co.
93, Fitzgerald, I. H.
102, United Garage.
W. Farms Rd. & 177th St. Junction Gasket.
W. 10th St. 325, Village Garage.
W. 15th St. 490, Fifteenth St. Garage.
W. 18th St. 157, Chelsea Garage.
239, Italian-American Garage.
120, Reliable Garage & Repair Co.
W. 129th St. 422, Rich., Fitzpatrick.
W. 130th St. 148, S. & T. Garage, Inc.
150, Twentieth St. Garage, Inc.
W. 146th St. 140, City Delivery Co.
W. 57th St. 246, Dowsley, J.
W. 60th St. 144, Penn. Terminal Garage.
W. 31st St. 146, Empire Garage, 141-143, Penn. Garage, 150, Keystone Garage.
W. 32d St. 269, Tremain & Frederickson.
W. 30th St. 264, 36th St. Garage.
W. 57th St. 137, R. H. Taylor Corp's. 213, Peter White Garage.
W. 20th St. 144, Open House Garage.
W. 46th St. 263, International Garage.
W. 41st St. 224, Hudson Garage.
234, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
W. 42d St. 342, 44 St. Garage.
351, N. Y. Auto Packard Booking Co.
W. 44th St. 247, Aster Garage.
W. 45th St. 406, Interboro Hwy.
W. 47th St. 207, J. & W. Garage.
W. 48th St. 215, Forty-eighth St. Garage.
W. 49th St. 125-134, Curtgood Garage.
141, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
147, Interboro Auto Company.
157, Northside Auto Company.
167, Daily Winchester, Inc.
W. 52d St. 212, 52d St. Garage.
W. 54th St. 134, Freud, Taylor Mfrs. Co.
134, The Corvan Garage.
137, Aviduct Garage.
141, J. & J. Garage, Inc.
247, Auto Club of America.
W. 55th St. 139, Aero Garage.
411, Peerless Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
418, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
W. 56th St. 197, Park Garage.
141, Great Northern Garage.
138, Lotos Garage.
132, Gem Garage Company, Inc.
153, Newport Trans. Co. & Rentley.
158, Flint Garage, Inc., C. Cornish.
164, Day and Night Garage.
Cor. 5th Ave, Columbus Circle Gas & Oil Co.
W. 57th St. 213, Clinton Garage.
246, Herrmann Motor Company.
421, White Company.
449, Van Cortlandt Garage Co.
57th and 12th Ave. W. I. R. Motor Truck Co.
W. 59th St. 29, Hotchkiss Machine Co.
31, Locomobile Co., of America.
40, St. Paul Garage.
W. 62d St. 9, Detroit Cadillac Motor Co.
W. 64th St. 202, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Colonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave. International Motor Company.
225, Acme Garage.
W. 66th St. 29, Keebco Sales Co.,
203, Riverside Garage.
214, Hudson River Garage.
218, Maria-Antoinette.
266, New York Auto Garage.
W. 67th St. 33, W. 67th St. Garage.
W. 68th St. 143, Joseph A. Ryan.
220, Modern Garage Co.
241, Ray Meade Garage.
252, Economical Garage.
263, Hirst Albert, Inc.
W. 69th St. 244, B. & B. Garage.
251-255, Pyramid Garage.
263, Continental Garage.
W. 70th St. 220, W. B. Thean.
226, Garrity Garage.
238, Bendisch Garage.
W. 75th St. 207, 75th St. Garage.
W. 77th St. 206, D. F. D. Garage.
W. 80th St. 214, De Palma Garage.
W. 82d St. 147, Cedarhurst Garage.
156, Bretton Hall Garage.
W. 87th St. 211, Up-to-Date Garage.
252, Belmont Garage.
267, Aster Garage.
W. 89th St. 123, Bailey Garage Corp.
137, Monterey Garage.
171, Champion Garage.
W. 92d St. 58, Turia Garage & Supply Co., Inc.
W. 95th St. 229, 95th St. Garage.
214, Royal Garage.
W. 96th St. 215, Thedford's Garage.
W. 100th St. 9-11, Century Garage.
144, Eureka Garage Corp.
W. 101st St. 104, Bonair Garage and Supply Co.
W. 102d St. 204, Miller's Garage, J.
W. 103d St. 112, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
W. 107th St. 202, Royal Gar., Brandt B.
W. 108th St. 234, Manchester Gar. Co.
W. 109th St. 264, Rose Vista Garage Co.
W. 110th St. 144, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc.
W. 113th St. 63, Alhambra Garage Co.
W. 126th St. 247, Pieper Garage.
W. 126th St. 153, Martin Taxi Serv. Co.
W. 126th St. 444, Okum Garage.
W. 127th St. 158, S & R successors to M & M Garage.
253, Olympic Garage.
W. 129th St. 204, The Olsen.
W. 131st St. 273-77, Liberty Garage.
203, Anamak Garage.
247, Nebrings Garage.
W. 132d St. 142, Kingwood Garage.
W. 133d St. Cor. St. Nicholas Ave., Daly Bros.
W. 135th St. 230, 135th St. Garage Corp.
W. 141st St. 52-53, Reavis Garage.
14, 141st St. Garage.
207, Strand Auto Co.
W. 142d St. Owen Magnetic Co.
W. 144th St. 22, W. 144th St. Gar., Inc.
26, Dolphin Garage.
44, Rockfalls Garage.
W. 148th St. 225, W. 148th St. Garage.
W. 150th St. 457, Covrant Garage, and 7th Ave., West Side Gasoline Station.
W. 153d St. 461, May Garage.
W. 161st St. 213, The Agnosic Garage.
219, Kay Bee Garage, Inc.
W. 163d St. 538-540, Jumel Garage.
W. 167th St. 461, 167th St. Garage.
W. 168th St. 254, Washington Hgts. Gen.
W. 170th St. Cor. B'way, Keebee Sales Co., No. 2.
Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Gen.
W. 174th St. 155, Reliable 174th St. Gar.
W. 181st., Bronx. 14, Mount Hope Serv. Station.
213, J. B. Beaver & Son.
W. 200th St. 443, Black's Inwood Gar.
White Plains Ave. 2445, G. W. Benjamin.
2550, Ruff & Bird Garage.
White Plains Rd. 2321, Gasoline Stations, Inc.
Williamsbridge Rd. 1432, Thompson's Garage, J.
and Ludwig Ave. (near Putnam Parkway), R. Manson & Son.

Brooklyn

Alabama Ave. 84, Alabama Garage.
Albany Ave. Albany Garage.
Arlington Av. Miller Av., Arlington Gar.
Dresden St., Norwood Garage.
Atlantic Ave. 327, Atlantic Garage.
358, W. S. Bridjetta.
450, Moll's Garage.
449, N. Fistow.
467, Lazar & Allen.
478, Diegrid Bros.
1341, Mohawk Garage.
1452, Albright Garage.
1448, Schmidt's Garage.
1448, Alaz Garage.
1788, C. V. Williams.
2014, Van Sicien Garage.
2012, I. J. Priestley.
and Harvard St., R. Tyndall.
and Warwick St., Warwick Auto Supply Co.
Avenue G. 1042, Irving Garage.
Avenue G. 1097, Irving Garage.
Bainbridge St. 421, Bainbridge St. Gar.
Baltic St. 436, Baltic Garage.
Bath Ave. 2024, Parkway Hardware Co.
Bay Ridge Ave. 865, Island Garage.
744, Standish Bros.
Bedford Ave. 636, Bedford Ave. Auto Co.
Bedford Garage.
1127, Bedford Auto Garage.
1140, A. Pavarin.
1274, C. Christian.
1344, Quarrell Motor Co.
1346, Chevrolet Motor Co.
1346, Sloeum Motor Service, Inc.
1346, Cozac Garage.
1346, Parkside Gasoline Station.
1346, Tyrrell Garage.
1346, T. F. Keogh.
1346, Sam Sharpiro, and Wallabout St., E. Arronowitz.
Bergen St. 770, Victory Garage.
814, Service Garage.
1044, Opperman & Daniel.
1110, Feldman Garage.
Berry & No. 1st Sts. Berry St. Gar., Inc.
Beverly Pl. 27, Beerum Pl. Garage.
126, Beerum Garage.
Broadway. 118, Rooseny Garage and Penn St., Broadway-Penn Garage.
Bushwick Ave. And Jefferson St., Dorbach Garage.
962, Alvin Garage.
Bushwick Ave. 1234, Buick Motor Co.
1236, O'Connell, McLoughlin Trucking Co.
Carroll St. 74, Columbia Garage.
114, Star Garage.
155, Arena Garage.
Center St. 1296, White Star Garage.
Central Ave. 366, Central Garage.
Church Ave. 1414, Premier Garage.
1221, Church Auto Service.
1224, Flatbush Auto Repair Co.
Clarendon Rd. 2178, Darshester Garage.
Clark St. 84, St. George Garage.
Clermont Ave. 423, Clermont Ave. Garage.
Clymer St. 151, Williamsburg Garage.
College Pl. 24, Brooklyn Heights Motor Cabs.
13, Little Garage.
32, Serve O Garage.
Collier St. & Clifford Pl. Anderson Garage.
Commercial St. 76, H. G. Stache's Sons.
Coney Island Ave. 425, Prospect Park South Garage.
Cor. Foster Ave., H. G. Bolston.
1261, Oakcrest.
and Ave. J., Economy Oil & Gas Co.
398, Argyle Garage.
794, Delco Garage.
Cooper St. 255, Cooper Garage.
325, Martin G. Knorr.
1714, Cypress Garage & Repair Co.
Cook St. 168, Rose & Goldstein.
Cornelia St. 2319, Cornelia Garage & Repair Corp.
Cranberry St. 33, Pioneer Garage.
Crescent St. 200, Adolphi Garage.
Feet of, C. J. Wellman.
Cropsey Ave. 1997, Bath Beach Garage & Machine Co.
1805, A. E. Redfern.
1978, L. Epstein.
De Kalb Ave. 796, De Kalb Garage.
811, Pepper Bros.
815, Ewerlin's Garage.
856-860, Star Garage & Mach. Shop, near Bushwick Ave., Bennett Garage.
Decatur St. & Stuyvesant Ave. Seidenberg's Garage.
Decatur St. 1084, Decatur Garage.
2312, Gettler & Breitenbach Motor Car Co.
Debbie St. Ormond Garage, W. L. Russel, Prop.
Driggs Ave. & So. 5th St. Eastern District Garage.
Duffield St. 99, Eatonston Garage.
140, Duffield Garage.
Eastern Parkway. 1766, I. Goodman.
1648, Reed, Rafaelina.
1274, Intern'l Parkway Taxi Co.
and Sterling Place, Waltman Garage, Cor. Sterling Pl., The Silverman Gar.
Underhill Ave., Damon Jones and Howard Ave., L. Servis.
E. New York Ave. 1734, H. R. Stewart.
E. 21st St. & Foster Ave. Chas. Froberg.
E. 22d St. 631, Glenwood Gen., W. C. Baer.
E. 29th St. 395, Clarendon Garage.
E. 92d St. And Flatlands Ave., Conserie Fred A. Fleming.
Ecford St. 72, Bckford Garage.
Emerson Pl. 264, Victory Garage.
344, Willoughby Taxi Co.
Euclid Ave. 357, Euclid Garage.
Evergreen & Grove Sts. Linden-Grove Garage.
8th St. 142, Governeur Garage.
12th Ave. 4040, Miamore Garage.
1849, Mapleton Garage.
1234, Earl & Doherty, Inc.
40th St., United Auto Serv. & Vulc. Co.
11th St. 472, Thomas Pittisinde.
10th St. 127, 12th St. Garage.
12th Ave. 7512, Scalzo & Guarnieri.
51st St. 125, D. H. Smith.
52d St. 247, W. R. Beck, 1061, The Alvin.
58th St. 253, Bee & See Garage.
314, Sunset Garage.
60th St. 256, Bay Ridge Garage.
69th St. 1239, Blythebourne Garage.
Flatbush Ave. Cor. Plaza St., Ebbys Riding and Driving Club.
218, Monroe Segal.
1749, A. C. Winfield.
and Stephen's Court, M. P. Stephen's.
Flatbush Ave. Extension. 144, cor Tillary St., Victor Selling Co.
Ft. Manhattan Bridge Garage.
324, Tony Zappa.
324, J. Barbash.
327, J. Medwedeske.
341, Tony Zappa.
Supreme Gas Station and Chapel St., Tony Zappa and Fulton St., Geo. A. Seedman.
Flushing Ave. 178, Market Garage, and Manor Ave., Superior Garage and Tompkins Ave., Kroger Auto Trucking Co.
Forest Ave. 47, Forest Ave Garage.
67, Platz Bros.
Ft. Hamilton Ave. 6254, R. A. Hill.
Ft. Hamilton Pkway. 9733, Ft. Hamilton Pkway Garage.
1435, Margaret Garage.
Foster Ave. 903, Liptrott & Allen.
1011, Chas. Froberg.
Fourth Ave. 336, G. Perolgna.
494, Dr. V. F. Gillespie.
545, James Cadigan.
581, Ernest Bogen.
652, Salvatore Lombardi.
882, Meyer & Stevenson.
1003, Krieger & Gussman.
1042, J. J. McGarry.
5102, C. R. Templeman, and Douglas St., Tony Bogen, and Douglas St., Supreme Gas Station.
14th Ave. Cor. 39th St., 14th Ave. Gar.
1425, Repairy Motor Car Co.
6014, Trocchia Garage.
40th St. 136, Ridge Garage.
44th St. 1240, W. 32nd Gen. & Auto Co.
7311, Scales & Beatment.
Freeman St. 345, Inter City Fuel Co.
Fulton St. 72, Gen. Pepl & Son.
Opp. Lewis Ave., Fulton Park Garage.
Franklin Ave. 178, Franklin Garage.
Frost St. 145, Reliable Garage.
Gates Ave. 634, Kaufmann's Garage.
647, Hyman Garage, and Myrtle Ave., F. M. Free Gen.
Greene Ave. 1206, Regal Garage and Machine Co.
Halsey St. 664, Halsey Garage Co., Inc.
Hamilton Ave. 130, Frank Sears.
455, McKay Bros.
Hancock St. 624, Tydell Auto Co.
and Cypress St., Manuel Auto Corp.
616, Broadway-Hancock Garage.
1715, Evergreen Garage.
Harmon St. 373, Harmon St. Garage.
Henry St. 544, P. Girino.
Hemlock St. 374, Henry Rolling, Jr.
Herkimer St. 542, Bergin Garage.
551, American Auto Service.
Highland Boulevard, Cor. Bushwick Ave., F. Siegman.
Hope St. 130, Manoa Garage.
Hughes St. 2378, Hughes Auto Repair Co.
Humboldt St. 55, Lackey Motor Co., Inc.
551, Orient Garage.
Huron St. 153, Oakland Garage.
Irving Ave. 25, Irving Avenue Garage.
Jackson St. 224, Rosenthal Engineering Co.
Jamaica Ave. 77, H. New York Taxi Co., Inc.
594-6, Uhrade Auto Repair Co.
603, Howell's Garage.
Jefferson Ave. 362, F. M. Manbo.
443, Nicastasi Garage, Inc.
Junius St. 238-242 Junius Garage.
Belmont Ave., Unnamed Garage.
Kent Ave. & Taylor St. Wallabout Gen.
Kent Ave. & Taylor St. Gen. Depot.
Cor. Skillman Ave., Walter H. Pullman Garage.
Knickerbocker Ave. 228, Knickerbocker Garage.
235, Bush Garage.
Cor. Moffat St., Campbell's Garage.
Kosciusko St. 20, Mitchell Garage.
51, Steinberg & Tapman.
Lafayette Ave. Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co.
427, A. M. Garage.
1149, S. Kleinman.
Lawrence Ave. 161, Chester Ins.
Lenox Rd. 81, Private Owners Garage.
Leonard St. 119, Leonard Garage, Inc.
482, Lawrence Garage.
Lewis Ave. 229, Fogler's Garage.
Lexington Ave. 239, L. A. Disbrow.
336, Lexo-Nestro Garage.
394, Walsh's Garage.
411, Lexington Garage.
497, Suncourt Garage.
897, Broadway-Lexington Garage.
Liberty Ave. 1102, L. Milshman.
Livingston St. 194, I. Kramen.
Lott Ave. Lott Ave. & Watkins St. E. M. Pilzer.
Lott St. 126, Chas. Froberg.
Madison St. 423, Sylvan Garage.
Manhattan Ave. 212, J. R. Pendrom, and Driggs Ave., Greenpoint Auto Gar.
Marion St. At "L" Garage.
Marcy Ave. 622, Marcy Garage.
Maujer St. 242, Maujer Garage.
McDonough St. 404, McDonough Garage.
McKibben St. 185, Progress Garage.
Meeker Ave. Cor. Van Dam St., Spain Gasoline Station.
Metropolitan Ave. 196, Richard Schnitzer.
221, V. & R. Trucking Co.
761, A. Runkel.
1439, Neuman's Metropolitan Garage.
Montrose Ave. 54, Concord Garage.
Morgan Ave. Cor. Maspeth St., Morgan Ave. Garage.
Moultrie St. 25, T. J. McManus & Sons.
Myrtle Ave. Cor. New Frush Pond Road, Ridgewood Auto Garage.
1054, Guardline Bros. Garage.
Newell St. 193, Ward's Garage.
New Utrecht Ave. 5040, H. M. Dickover & Son.
Ninth St. 221, Durlan Motor Corp.
Nostrand Ave. 1137, Hawthorne Garage.
No. 9th St. 126, Drago Garage.
Oakland St. 209, Oakland Garage.
253, National Garage, and Java St., Greenpoint Garage.
Ocean Ave. 2042, Ocean Ave. Garage.
2156, Sheepshead Bay Garage.
Ocean Parkway. 2, H. V. Bergen, Foot of, Shelbourne Garage.
4, Circle Garage.
1914, Lazarus Wolff.
2156, Sheepshead Bay Garage.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. E. Welch.
Osborne St. 167-169, Central Garage.
Pacific St. 679, Portland Garage.
817, Pacific Garage.
712, Western Garage.
1907, Borough Park Garage.
Patchen Ave. 895, Marquis Garage.
Park Ave. 218, F. W. Ruben.
536, Park-Walworth.
657, Park-Nostrand Garage.
756, Liberty Garage.
804, Park Ave. Garage, and Clinton Ave., Park Ave. Gen
Park Pl. 500, Eianel Garage.
Pennsylvania Ave. 62, H. New York Gar.
Penn. & Glenmore Ave. Penn-Glenn Gen.
Powell St. 271, Powell Garage.
Prospect Pl. 721, Healy Prospect Gar.
Putnam Ave. 196, United Motor Co.
72, Brooklyn Auto Delivery.
1734, Kohlmeyer's Garage.
Quincy St. 693, Center Garage.
Ralph Ave. 1975, Ralph Garage.
Richards St. 143, Leonard's Garage.
Ridgewood Ave. 295, Cypress Motor Supply Co.
Reid Ave. 304, Putnam Garage.
Robinson St. 332, Robinson St. Garage.
Rockaway Ave. 536, Rockaway Ave. Gar.
Rodney St. 94, Manjer Garage.
43, Werthall Realty Co.
Roebling St. Division Ave., Quick Serv. Garage.
155, Roebling & Filmore Garage, and North 9th St., Roebling Auto Supply Co.
Rogers Ave. 1913, Empire Garage.
1213, Empire Garage.
1345, Flatbush Auto Service Co.
Rutledge St. 321, Rutledge-Bway Garage.
St. Mark's Ave. 238, Court Garage.
301, Marsh Garage.
339, Pratt, Hendricks Co.
344, Wolfman's Garage.
349, Werbe Realty Corporation.
St. John's Pl. 1641, B. F. & K. Garage.
Saratoga Ave. 19, Stucco Garage.
Schodac St. 102, Graham Garage.
Seneca Ave. 847, Seneca Garage.
Seventh Ave. 5702, Seventh Ave. Garage.
5815, Victory Garage.
27th St. 521, Prospect Pl., West Garage, and Neptune Ave. 17th St. Garage.
Sheepshead Bay Road. 1797, Bayside Gen.
Sheffield Ave. 276, Sheffield Garage.
Siegel St. 185, Bushwick Terminal Gar.
9th St. 278, Bary & Bros.
90th St. 927, Fort Hamilton Garage.
1242, Louis Balestina.
1243, New Premier Garage.
1243, Louis Balestina.
1253, 90th St. Garage.
98th St. 496, Louis Stahlbrodt.
102d St. 843, Unique Garage.
Snediker Ave. 227, Snediker Garage.
15, Atlantic Crossing Garage.
Snyder Ave. 24, Snyder Ave., Garage.
11, Brooklyn Motor Car Co.
58, C. J. Snyder & Sons.
S. Elliott Place. 73, Elliott Garage.
Stagg St. 179, Stagg Garage.
Starr St. 1235, Sunset Garage, Inc.
State St. 202, Daniel F. X. Leary.
Stanhope St. 4, Stanhope Garage.
Sterling Place. 472, Colony Garage.
491, Bell's Garage.
674, Cath-Min Garage.
840, Crocker Garage.
Stephen's Court. 29, R. F. Stephens.
Stone Ave. 54, Near Broadway, Lex Gar.
522, Pooker's Garage.
Stuyvesant Ave. 92, Stuyvesant Ave Gen.
Sumner Ave. 144, Excelsior Garage.
Sutter Ave. 1294, Bernard Schwerman.
Taylor St. 46, Wright Cake Co.
Ten Eyck St. 34, D. W. Enstan.
Tilden Ave. 3233, Flatbush Auto Co.
12th Ave. 4494, Chas. Dobbin.
Throop Ave. 4, Gayety Garage.
48, Applewhite Bros.
941, George Starr.
Troy Ave. 358, Harris Garage.
166, Miller's Garage.
24th Ave. 3827, T. E. Joyce.
24th St. 327, American Gar. & Mach. Wks.
3rd Ave. 234, Sackett St. Garage.
34th St. 123, 34th St. Garage.
U Ave. & Lake St. R. Stickle.
Union St. 734, Union Garage.
811, McIntosh Bros.
855, M. Eckhoff.
859, Academy Garage.
920, Park Plaza Garage.
1741, Lincoln Terrace Garage.
Cor. Sutter Ave., Palace Garage.
Van Sinderen Ave. Levins Garage.
Vanderbilt Ave. 207 Vanderbilt Garage.
Vernon Ave. 239, M. Reichsteiner's Gen.
901, Keystone Garage.
978, Hohweisner & Sons.
Watkins St. 124, Fischer Auto Co
153, Public Garage.
363, Watkins St. Garage.
Waverly Ave. 34, Merchant's Garage.
234, Waverly Garage.
Wakefield St. 299, Fred Brugel's Garage.
W. 17th St. & Neptune Ave. F. Minichello.
W. 20th St. & R. R. Ave. Somers Garden Garage.
W. 37th St. Mermaid Ave., Seagate Gar.
Willoughby & Knickerbocker Aves., Willoughby Garage.
Willoughby & Myrtle Aves. Lind Garage.
Wythe Ave. 461, P. J. O'Rourke.

Queens

Astoria, Astoria Gar. Willow & Franklin.
Charles Amann, 19 Fulton Ave.
Paul Sachse, 171 Vanderventer Ave.
M. Metzger, 16 Blvd.
Bruer Bros., Garage, 293 9th Ave.
Falconer Gar. Co., 151 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 35 Grand St.
L. Gally.
Broadway & 1st Ave. Delaney's Garage.
Bayside. Reottinger's Garage.
College Point. College Point Garage.
Cook, Dean, Farrington's Garage.
Kraemer's Express Co.
Corona. Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave., near 41st St.
Johnson-Hodge, Inc., 20-22 W. Jackson Ave.
Powell & Son, 283 W. Jackson Ave.
R. K. Auto Accessories.
Coney Island. West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
Douglaston. Manor Garage.
Elmhurst. Douglaston Manor Garage Co.
Elmhurst Bridge Gar., Kingsland Ave.
F. C. Drews, 21 Corona Ave.
H. Faber Gaso. Station, Jackson Ave. & 35th St.
J. Kraus, Queens

The New York Times

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THE NEXT DUTY OF CONGRESS.

In his remarks before the United States Chamber of Commerce Mr. PAUL WARBURG makes the striking statement that since the time of JULIUS CÆSAR there has been more advance in methods of financing than of fighting wars. Remembrance of submarines and aircraft challenges agreement, until it is realized that those were no greater impossibilities to the Germans and Gauls of a thousand years ago than the raising and spending of billions of dollars. They had the same natural resources, but they lacked the machinery for either raising or spending such incomprehensible sums. Our generation has accomplished the marvels of both fighting and finance, and thereby has created problems for the world, and for the United States above other nations. We are specially concerned because our national finance is so crude and wasteful that we may dissipate even our wonderful and hardly touched resources. No nation is in easier condition than ourselves, but it is necessary for us to realize that there is a bottom even to our purse, and that it directly concerns our personal fortunes both to support our Government liberally and to insist that the funds which we contribute shall be spent to best advantage.

Mr. WARBURG dissents alike from those who think that we should support our Government by paying for the war by either the all-loan or the all-tax method. The all-loan method inflates prices and burdens the poor more than the rich. The rich know better the taxation concealed in price movements and how to protect themselves. The poor think that they are tricked for the benefit of the rich when double wages do not buy double comforts. The all-tax method dries up the source of prosperity by lessening the sum available for the employment of labor and payment of wages through investment. During the recent increase of wages and profits the Government has sustained industry. Under normal peace conditions the Government does not do this, and it is necessary to convince the workers that they must finance their employers if the employers are to find wage money. If there is to be ease in the future, thrift is necessary on the part of rich, poor, and Government alike.

The first step is the absorption of four billions of undigested Government credit issues. So long as the banks carry them either for themselves or their customers there is no hope of cheaper living or lower taxes. Investors can take over the undigested Government bonds only by economy which will result in deflation of prices and in releasing bank resources for trade uses. If labor only would see it, the wage money put into Liberty bonds replenishes the wage fund as surely as it returns the best income to the individual who lacks experience in making other investments with larger risks and profits. When all the war borrowing has been digested the Government must next consider the question of amortization of the debt, including whether it will then be necessary to tax the poor to pay off the rich bondholders or the rich to pay off the poor. The Victory Loan offers those of smaller means the last and best opportunity to decide this question for themselves. If the people of moderate fortune take all the Victory bonds, future taxes to that extent must be paid to them, however the taxes are laid.

Private persons can decide upon their own measures of thrift, choosing whether they will spend their doubled wages for jewelry, musical instruments, automobiles, soft drinks, tobacco, and so on. Such expenditures are made by many who will lament their choice. Thrift on the grand scale by the Government can be enforced only by reorganizing Government methods both of finding and spending money. Extravagance is best checked by providing no funds which are not needed, and no more than are needed. Our present methods are devised, it almost seems, to provide unnecessary funds without check upon their use. A baker's dozen of committees, acting independently, vote funds by methods making it easy for logrollers to get money they ought not to have. Who ever heard of an inquiry whether the river and harbor funds or public building bills have produced the results for which they were voted? That is because the audit of expenditures goes no further than the correction of additions and comparison with the laws of appropriation. Comparison of the funds with the production of results is never heard of under our system. Mr. WARBURG'S proposal is the preparation of a national budget by a body of permanent experts, constituting a "business cabinet," composed of "heads "of our non-partisan boards and com- "missions, advising the President in "matters of technical administration "to be judged from a non-political "standpoint."

It is not possible to offer reasons against a national budget system, and it ought to be possible to bring such pressure upon Congress that it will heed Mr. WARBURG'S counsel and the representations of the United States Chamber of Commerce in support of it.

MR. ASQUITH.

Again the report that the Right Hon. HERBERT H. ASQUITH is likely to succeed Lord READING as British Ambassador to the United States is published in London. According to The Evening News of that city, the post was offered to Mr. ASQUITH some months ago "and declined, but not in "such a way as to preclude an offer "later." The report comes from a source not friendly to Mr. ASQUITH. Now, as before, the talk about making him Ambassador may be a device of his political opponents to detach him from British politics.

While the official Liberal Party met with a rout rather than a defeat at the last election, and for the moment the Labor Party is the Opposition in Parliament, it is too early to say that the Liberal Party has no future before it. The free play of political opinion and action has not yet been recovered. Some time or other the Coalition must be dissolved into its elements or assume new forms. If only as a Free Trade party the Liberals, whatever their mistakes, have a right to survive; and there is nobody in that party, there are few if any men outside of it, who in sheer intellectual power come anywhere near Mr. ASQUITH.

Still, if from weariness of politics, desire of change, or any other reason, Mr. ASQUITH desires to represent his country in the United States, who would be more welcome? To statesmen, to financiers and students of finance, to lawyers, to scholars, to churchmen, his various talents would appeal; and the American people would greet cordially this faithful servant of the British democracy.

THE OLD WAY.

If METTERNICH and TALLEYRAND and ALEXANDER I. were the chief men of the Paris Conference the question of Fiume and Kiao-Chau would be settled in a day. Unquestionably that was the great point of superiority of the old method in international adjustments over this new practice of squaring everything with the fourteen points. Right and morality had nothing to do with the case, with any case. Nobody took account of the interests of peoples, and the proposal that their wishes be consulted would have moved the Congress of Vienna to laughter. Decisions were based upon the interests of dynasties and the military requirements of States; they were reached by the process of bargaining, agreements to give and take. Save where there was a clash of interest no great amount of talk was required. Much time might have been saved at Paris by excluding all tiresome nonsense about national aspirations and the fourteen points.

Senator LODGE still employs the Metternich terminology, his thoughts run in the Vienna Congress groove. He is not in the least impressed by the argument that the new State of the South Slavs needs Fiume as its commercial outlet to the sea, that without Fiume its opportunities for development in trade and industry would be seriously curtailed. Trade is nothing, war is all. Italy must have Fiume and the Dalmatian coast as a measure of defense against "any "future attempt of Germany to at- "tack the rest of the world." That Italy's old enemy, Austria-Hungary, has been destroyed or made powerless is a consideration he quite disregards, and the Germany he is thinking of is the Germany of 1914. Of course, he leaves the League of Nations out of his reckoning as a defense for Italy, since he is not yet ready to say that he can accept the League of Nations Constitution, even in its amended form.

The Massachusetts Senator forgot himself when he declared that "Italy "regards Fiume as the founders of "our Republic regarded the mouth of "the Mississippi when it was said "that any other nation holding the "mouth of the Mississippi was of ne- "cessity an enemy of the United "States." JEFFERSON'S observation about the mouth of the Mississippi is perfectly appropriate as an argument for the retention of Fiume by the Jugoslavs, since if that port passes into the hands of any other nation that nation will, in a large measure, control their trade, a relation which they might come to regard as hostile. By the use of that illustration Mr. LODGE dealt his Italian friends a blow under which they must have winced.

There is, of course, the point of self-determination for the Italian population of Fiume. Geographically, historically, and commercially, Fiume belongs to the Jugoslavs. It is seriously argued that all these grave considerations must be ignored out of deference to the principle of self-determination for a few thousand Italians in Fiume. Nothing is said about the 250,000 Germans who will be brought under Italian rule by the northward extension of Italy's frontier. There she has historical title, the argument of necessity is admitted, there is no contest on any ground, Italy gets the new territory. The application of the principles that control there would award Fiume to the Jugoslavs equally without dispute.

The Italian people, the Italian Senate and Chamber of Deputies support ORLANDO and SONNINO in their demand for Fiume. If they refuse to yield, if they adhere to the ancient principles, so much respected at Vienna one hundred years ago, there will be a deadlock whether they return to Paris or stay in Rome. Meditation will disclose to them the inconveniences of holding aloof from the Conference, of having no part in its determinations. The Treaty of Peace with Germany can be signed without them; the treaty with Austria would require their participation unless they desire the indefinite continuance of a nominal state of war. The League of Nations and their relations with Great Britain, France, and the United States are subjects to which they will naturally give some thought. Deadlocks developed during peace negotiations are usually broken, it is necessary to find a way to break them. A way has already been pointed out through the internationalization of the port of Fiume. That settlement would be entirely satisfactory to nobody, and, therefore, would possess the familiar characteristic of compromises.

CITY HALL SPOILSMEN.

Civil service reform has to be fought for every day in the year. Mr. HYLAN'S administration yearns to withdraw from the competitive class six considerable offices in five departments. His Municipal Civil Service Commission has asked the State Civil Service Commission for authority to put these offices in the exempt class. Whatever else office is, it must not be made an order for merit. This pleading for exemption, this passionate desire of the heads of city departments to smash the merit system as much as they can, and to smash at it all the time, is an old story. If Governor SMITH could have been persuaded to drive Mr. WILLIAM GORHAM RICE out of the State Commission, the hope of the City Hall spoilsmen might have been realized. According to Mr. WALLSTEIN, counsel of the Citizens Union, Mr. HYLAN'S administration is trying to have fifteen trained examiners of the Board of Estimate put out by having their places transferred to the exempt class. An expert is thought to be an even more dangerous character than an "art artist." Strip him of his civil service protection, kick him out, and give his job to one of "the boys"! The State Civil Service Commission is the sole barrier against these rages of the unregenerate.

VICTORY LOAN PROGRESS.

A quarter of the Victory Loan has been subscribed in half the time allotted, and the daily average necessary to fill the quota rises as time passes. That would be discouraging if reliance were placed on large subscriptions, or subscriptions with the aid chiefly of bank credit. The slowness of the campaign is due chiefly to the stress put on popular subscriptions. They are hard to get in millions, and many are got which are not valid until first payments are actually made. There is no reason to despair of floating the loan, and no sufficient sign that it will not be floated among the people as desired.

That would not be possible if the large subscribers were allowed to take the loan, instead of being discouraged. If they want more than $10,000 they must split up their subscriptions, for amounts over $10,000 are not assured of acceptance. Between the Third and Fourth Loans there was an increase of over four million subscriptions when the popular feature was less insisted upon and large subscriptions were more welcome. The $25,000,000 reported yesterday in one amount is a splendid certificate of the value of the loan by our first bankers, and is well supplemented by the opinion of Mr. SCHIFF. When it is necessary to call up the reserve funds they will be found ample, but that it will not be necessary is indicated by the record of the most backward of all the districts. In a single day Atlanta raised its ratio from 4 per cent. of its quota to over 11 per cent. Just as the smaller sum was not the true sum, so the larger sum is less than the truth.

Not all men, or even women, know a bargain when they see it. Those who do spare themselves future regrets. It is more than a generation since the United States has offered so attractive a loan, and it will be more than a generation before it will offer such another. It will be a long time to wait before citizens again can make their dollars serve so many ends. The individual end has been mentioned. The dollars the individual pays into the Treasury the Treasury forthwith pays into the banks, and extinguishes Government debt to that amount. The payment of that debt to the banks puts them into position to accommodate other borrowers, and, as the banks substitute accommodations to private borrowers for accommodations to Government contractors, industry is stimulated. The billions the twenty million subscribers, more or less, pay into the Treasury thus return to them in wages and profits. That makes the economic cycle complete, leaving the Treasury owing the bondholders instead of those who have provided war supplies. The Government cycle is completed when future taxes retire the bonds, thus paying the bondholders their advances twice over, if interest is counted on the longer loans. There will be more crowding as the end of the subscription approaches.

THE REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE.

There is wisdom, if somewhat belated, in the decision of the Republican Senators to study the League covenant carefully and talk it over before they decide what to do about it. This determination indicates a realization that America's attitude toward the League concerns not only the President and ninety-six Senators, but about one hundred million other people; and it may be hoped that in the conference Senators who have heard from their constituents will be able to furnish some information as to what the unofficial part of the country thinks about it.

But some of the most eminent of these gentlemen are too impetuous to wait for the conference. Senator LODGE admits that he has not carefully examined the amended covenant and is not prepared to make a statement; but even before he examines it he knows that it will require still further amendment. Senator BORAH is more forthright; any American who accepts Article X., the guarantee of territories against external aggression, is guilty of treason, regardless of what the Constitution says in the way of definition of that crime.

Even Senators can on occasion profit by sticking to facts. Mr. BORAH and Mr. MOSES see the Council of the League ordering us to admit Japanese immigration under penalty of dire consequences. Several timorous Republicans see the covenant ordering American troops to their death in Balkan border disputes. These Senators, if they have read the covenant, know that these things are not in it. They know that immigration questions are exempt from decision by the Council, along with all other matters of domestic jurisdiction; they know that the Monroe Doctrine is specifically recognized; they know that the Council has no power to compel anybody to go to war. But they continue to denounce these things which are not, on the chance that their constituents have not read the covenant and do not know that the valorous Senators are knocking over men of straw. Perhaps in the conference some Senator may report that his constituents know what is in the covenant and what is not; in which case we are likely to see some rapid about-face movements. The covenant has been amended to meet Republican objections until Europe complains that America has had all her own issues specifically withdrawn from controversy, while retaining her power to participate in European affairs when she so desires. But the fact that their demands have been met does not disturb these eminent Senators, who are just as dissatisfied with a League made over to suit them.

Members of the opposition in the year before a Presidential election will naturally do everything they can to discredit the President. But they may profitably stop and think how the voters will feel if they find that the Republicans have damaged the interests of the country in order to hurt the President incidentally. The fact that so few Republicans have come out flatly against any League suggests that they are not at all certain that the people would favor any such downright opposition; but indirect attack by continually insisting on new amendments is not likely to cover the real purpose very long.

ANOTHER ITALIAN CLAIM.

A dispatch from Athens says that the inhabitants of the Dodecanesus have issued a proclamation announcing their union with Greece. Unless the Italian army of occupation has been withdrawn this is likely to have little effect; but it calls attention to another item of the Treaty of London which has been less considered than the articles treating of the Adriatic question. The Twelve Islands off the southwest coast of Asia Minor—Rhodes is the largest and best known—were occupied by the Italians in the Summer of 1912, during the war with Turkey. The Greek fleet would have recovered them from Turkey with the rest of the Aegean Islands in the first Balkan war that followed soon after, but the Italians were still in occupation—holding the islands as a pledge for Turkish withdrawal from Tripolitan affairs. When Turkey should finally have fulfilled this obligation, Italy, according to the Treaty of Lausanne, was to return the islands to Turkey. The Turks did not live up to their bargain; Italy and Turkey went into the war on opposite sides, and the Treaty of London permitted the annexation of the islands to Italy.

The population includes something more than 100,000 Greeks, about 15,000 Turks and Jews, and no Italians except those who have moved in since the occupation. Again and again the population has expressed its desire to be united with Greece, but the Italians have paid no attention to this except to deport some of the most outspoken islanders. There was some reason for not extending the territory of a Greece ruled by CONSTANTINE, but with the return of VENIZELOS to power and Greece's participation in the war this argument has disappeared. Italians who are so insistent on self-determination by the inhabitants of Fiume, which would draw not only the Italians of that city but the Croats of the suburbs into the Italian fold, do not seem at all enthusiastic about self-determination in the Dodecanesus.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Erzberger in War and Peace.

The account in a Swiss dispatch of the peace terms which in 1914, while the German armies were winning, seemed right and good to MATHIAS ERZBERGER, that gallant protagonist of international morality, might be suspected as allegorical if we did not know ERZBERGER. Germany must annex Belgium and the French Channel ports, the Channel Islands, and the Briey mines, not to mention most of Africa; she must "free herself from the insupportable leading-strings of England on all questions of world policy," and must "break up the Russian Colossus." Moreover, "in fixing indemnities, the actual capacity of a State at the moment should not be considered." Take out of them all they can pay down, and then assess an indemnity to be paid in "annual installments over a long period." The indemnity must be big enough to pay all the costs of the war, as well as the damage in East Prussia; and to redeem all the German pre-war debt and provide a pension fund for disabled soldiers. Why stop there? Why not make it cover the whole program of old-age pensions and industrial insurance?

It sounds plausible enough, for we have heard enough of ERZBERGER, who talked about peace by reconciliation while he was trying to foment insurrection in Italy, to be sure that when things were going well for Germany he would want to take all the traffic would bear. And this same ERZBERGER, we learned in a dispatch only a day or so ago, is at present the hero of the Rhineland because of his protests against the imposition of far milder penalties on Germany. The Germans have their own taste in public morals.

Wealth and Thrift.

Inability of the Steel Corporation to pay the extra dividend is the one reason which nobody offers for omitting it. Everybody knows that "the trust" is superfluously strong in cash because of its announced policy of being its own banker. It uses banks, since it is not a bank, but it does not borrow from them. It has deposits many times the omitted extra disbursement, hundreds of millions of marketable securities, and working balances almost equal to its capital stock. The corporation could maintain its dividend as easily as most people could go to the opera, or even the "movies." If it anticipated dull times, it could provide funds for the "extra" by merely refraining from spending funds equal to last year's new construction. The stockholders have their President's word for it that he looks for prosperity at a date to be determined by the agreement of the country upon its business policies. Until then there is likely to be unsettlement, and provision for the future is best made when it is most easily done.

In two words, prudence and foresight are the explanation both of the course taken by the world's strongest corporation and of why it is that instead of the contrary. There are many who think that thrift and foresight are mean, and who wonder that others with no better abilities than they are securer in their fortunes. Next to saving power economy is the true source of financial health, and it yields results according to the scale on which it is practiced, immense on the scale of the billion-dollar corporation, and not less in proportion on smaller scales. The thrift and foresight of those whose income is in thousands instead of millions are more important to the country than the prudence of all the corporations together. The example is invaluable at a time when it seems to be thought that thrift and foresight are virtues for the humble alone.

Flying the Atlantic.

The Aero Club of America, which would like nothing better than to see American aviators first across the Atlantic—how the Eagle would flap his wings and scream!—showed a commendable sporting spirit yesterday when it telegraphed "bon voyage, best wishes, and confidence in the success of your flight" to the Englishman and Australian who were jockeying with mutual good-will for a start at St. John's. "Please convey America's greetings to Europe," was a happy after-thought in the Aero Club's message. No matter who is the pioneer from this side—he will go down in history with the laurel wreath, an immortal—America will be able to claim the credit of making aviation practicable and can appropriately hail Europe in a note of triumph.

Considering that west (in Summer southwest) winds prevail on the Atlantic, the chances are heavily against a flier from Europe making the first flight across. There would be a certain fitness of things in emulating COLUMBUS and discovering America from an airship flying from Europe. Generous acclaim would greet CAPRONI if he were the first European to make the Atlantic passage in one of his big machines. But the race is to the ready in this case, and while the Italian meditated on the project and actually designed a plane for it, he has been backward in his preparations. While Americans would be "delighted" to see one or more of their countrymen fly eastward to the European Continent in a seaplane, they are prepared to cheer RAYNHAM or HAWKES, or both of them, lustily if their adventure is covered with success. After all, aeronautics is a good deal of an international sport.

WHAT ARMENIA ASKS.

Protection by the Powers or an Opportunity to Protect Herself.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article headed "An Army for Armenia," in support of the request made by the Armenian National Union to the United States Government for leave to raise an Armenian force of 10,000 men in this country for service in Armenia, offers an opportunity to make a few additional explanatory remarks on the subject.

The general conditions in Armenia today are just as fraught with danger as they were before the conclusion of the armistice. Famine is taking heavy toll of the population of Caucasus Armenia. Here the Republic of Armenia, with a population of 2,000,000, is surrounded on all sides by Turks, Tartars, and Kurds who are freely arming themselves with the avowed purpose of taking advantage of the difficulties of the Armenians. The Armenian Government has been forced to reduce its standing army of 40,000 to 20,000 because of lack of provision and ammunition. This means that, should an attack be made on the Armenians here, they will not have the necessary means by which to defend themselves. There are here also 330,000 refugees from Turkish Armenia who are losing one-seventh of their numbers each month from hunger. On the other side of the boundary line, in the nonoccupied parts of Turkish Armenia, the Turks are carrying on a private war on the Armenians. Even in regions that are occupied by allied troops Armenians have been slaughtered during the last two months.

To remedy these conditions we need three things—food, munitions, and the good-will of the powers. Granted these things, we shall be able to occupy the nonoccupied parts of Armenia, maintain law and order within its boundaries, and put the Turks, Kurds, and Tartars where they belong. We are capable of doing that which I say we can do, as shown by recent experience. You mention the defense of Van, where 2,500 Armenians fought successfully a Turk division and thousands of Kurds under the command of Djevdet Pasha from April 15 to May 5, and then expelled them from that city. Further west of Van, in Sassoun, 10,000 Armenians fought two Turk divisions with nearly 30,000 Kurds, from July to Sept. 8, 1915, when the munitions of the Armenians gave out and then they were obliterated. Again, at Shabin-Karahissar, in the month of July, 1915, 5,000 Armenians fought a Turk division for twenty-seven days, until they shot their last cartridge. There 3,000 Armenian women and girls drank poison in order not to fall alive into the hands of the Turks, and when the supply of poison gave out the remaining women cast themselves down from the rocks and committed suicide. The world does not yet know sufficiently that with the breakdown of the Russian-Caucasus front in 1917 the Armenians improvised a force of 50,000 men and fought for seven months a Turk army twice their number under the command of Generals Vehib Pasha and Shevket Pasha.

I am referring to these facts in order to support my assertion that all that we are asking for is an opportunity to take care of ourselves. The powers must either protect the Armenians or make it possible for them to protect themselves. We are asking America to help us to help ourselves. Indeed, when we speak of mandate for Armenia, we mean that we should be given the necessary material aid so that we may be able to occupy our country and organize its government. We are not asking America to teach us self-government; that we know. We are not asking America to send an American army to protect our frontiers or to maintain order within our boundaries. We are asking for very little, and we feel that we are entitled to that which we are asking for.

We can easily raise a force of from 75,000 to 100,000 men in Caucasus Armenia from among the trained men. We can raise a force of 10,000 men in the United States. We have about 8,000 men who constitute the "Armenian Legion" and who are now in occupation of the major portion of Cilicia under French command.

We sincerely hope that THE TIMES and other liberal organs, and all friends of liberty, of justice, and of fair play, will move at once to support us at this most critical juncture, before it is too late.

VAHAN CARDASHIAN,
The Armenian National Union of America.
New York, April 28, 1919.

ART NOTES.

Tolentino Collection of Furniture on Exhibition.

The Tolentino collection on view at the American Art Galleries is a large but not a crowded collection. The objects fit comfortably into the galleries and give an impression of having been made for pleasant uses, not merely for decorative splendor. Of decorative splendor there is, however, an opulent supply. Italy of these late Renaissance centuries was decorative in her every gesture, and so impressed upon her crafts the distinctive stamp of her taste that such furnishings as these must have the place to themselves, nothing of any other country companions them without offense.

The woodwork of the sixteenth century is superb and the ancient chairs are covered with their ancient velvets which turn any modern fabric placed near them into lifeless imitations of the reality. The lacquered pieces of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries are touched by a trivial gayety in comparison with the great curves and bosses of the earlier period, nor is it until one gets back to the gothic rosettes and arches of the fifteenth century that the full beauty of wood austerely shaped is seen.

Wood and iron compete in the history of the Italian crafts, and there are a number of very beautiful Italian fireguards and gates and lanterns of wrought iron in the collection, objects that should teach the modern craftsman the possibilities of a woefully neglected material. There are also interesting majolicas and terra cottas, a few bronzes and glass objects, and a magnificent marble doorway which is said to have been the work of Andrea Sansovino, and to have been omitted from the list of National Monuments when this was made, thus finding its way out of Italy without demur on the part of the authorities.

Among the paintings, not the most important section, are fifty-nine painted panels originally forming part of a ceiling and very charming in color.

The Liberty Loan Versifiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It occurs to me that the following would be an appropriate bouplet for use in the present Victory Loan campaign:

"Theirs but to do and die,
Ours to Invest and Buy."

HERMAN S. BIEGEL.
New York, April 24, 1919.

PROHIBITION ON TRIAL.

Further Observations on the Working of Dry Laws in Maine.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

So many TIMES readers have replied to my communication in re prohibition which appeared in your columns on April 20 that I would be glad to address them again, if possible, through the same medium. Many of these letters were from well meaning people, and to these I make reply, but others came, apparently, from people with disordered brains, and have not been considered, save by a passing thought of pity.

After reading these letters one fact glared vividly, and that was that not one of the writers had the vaguest idea of what prohibition really means. They are all firmly of the opinion that the prohibitory law can be enforced and the manufacture, sale, and consumption of alcohol be blotted out forever. Apparently they believe that Kansas, Maine, and other prohibition States are truly "bone dry." What a revelation would have come to them had they been residents of these States for even one brief Summer!

Some of my correspondents appear to have jumped to the conclusion that I am addicted to liquor, others that I do not understand the nature of alcohol, and still others that I do not realize how "much better off" we are all going to be when the prohibitory law is under Federal enforcement.

To the first I would like to say that not even a quarter of a century in New York City has made me other than an ardent advocate of temperance, and seven years of study of medicine, pharmacy, materia medica, clinical work, &c., did teach me the nature of alcohol. As a student of sociology I familiarized myself with the inmates of hospitals, sanatoria, asylums of many sorts, and penal institutions, and no intelligent person having had a similar experience could possibly accept prohibition as an antidote or cure for existing conditions.

Further, as to the country being better off under prohibition, all I have to say is, as the State so the nation! Look at Maine! With her beautiful scenery, her excellent climate, how about her growth of population in the last thirty or forty years? How about her industrial growth, her water power development, her commercial advancement, and her record for divorces and drunkenness? Did any of my correspondents, I wonder, ever look up the latter, comparing one after another Maine city with cities of approximate population and similar industries in license States?

Prohibition makes it more difficult to distill liquor, hence it encourages extra effort in the matter of production. It makes it impossible for any but the wealthy to procure pure liquor, hence the consumption of vile concoctions with consequent rapid mental and physical deterioration. It makes it a crime to be "caught with the goods," hence the speedy resort to deceit, cunning, and hypocrisy. It, taboos the street saloon, hence the innumerable "kitchen barrooms," "hides," "bootleggers," and "pocket peddlers." It inculcates contempt for law and influences self-determination in the wrong direction.

There is no strategy too complex for the securing of liquor in a prohibition State, no risk too great in the matter of transportation, and no pleasure more keen, to the offender, than outwitting a Sheriff. Even the satisfaction of buying a deputy is exceeded by the joy of fooling him. It becomes a mania with many how to get liquor and distribute it without discovery.

To have read even a few of the newspapers published in Maine and other New England States during the last year would have been a liberal education to my communicants. They would have heard about "booze autos, booze cops, booze centres, and booze specials." So familiar is Maine with all these things that each and all seem a part of the State's assets and liabilities.

The condition of espionage, especially by the class that takes up this sort of spy work, is offensive in the individual State; it will be intolerable if no relief is to be found over any State border. Further, it will grow worse and worse under Federal direction if the present conditions in the South are any indication.

As to the statement made by prohibitionists that the drinking of alcohol is "in defiance of natural law," I can only ask, why, then, did nature herself place a still in every stomach—a reagent in every gastric juice—whereby alcohol might be made out of innumerable foods which, in their original state, like grains, fruits, and berries, were her own production? I shall expect to hear soon that propagation is a "defiance of natural law" and the early extinction of the unfit a thing contrary to the law of natural selection. Unquestionably, nature is opposed to the excessive use of alcohol in the human system, just as she is to the excessive use of acids, alkalies, fats, and minerals, and every normal human being coincides in her opinion.

One's innate sense of individuality, self-respect, and autonomy resents overmuch impudence on the part of others. That there should be some drunkards is no more surprising than that there should be some gluttons, some egotists, some fools, and some reformers. But how about the conscience that, choosing between two evils, selects the worst?

Will a nation of lunatics be preferable to a nation of booze consumers? For if alcohol is prohibited, what then?

The crime-committing stomachs of the populace will retain their cravings. For some, sugar or near-beer will do, while others will resort to the most vicious substitutes. Are the prohibitionists prepared to protect civilization from what is likely to happen?

LURANA SHELDON FERRIS.
Old Orchard, Me., April 26, 1919.

PAGEANT.

Blue-gray Dawn, and shadows flee,
Like frightened children, through the mist,
Before the Marchers of the Morn,
In mauve and amethyst.

Artillery along the clouds
Spurts rainbow-streams on copse and lawn,
As Day, the General, signals for
The red barrage of Dawn.

Behind a curtain-sky of fire,
That jumbled flood of turquoise sea,
The sunbeams swoop, like eagles, down
Dawn's glittering infantry.

Then clash the arms of Day and Night;
But Night's redoubts are weak and old,
And where Day's victors sweep the field
They loose a shower of gold.

Yet violets and daffodils,
And little blades of sleepy grass,
With me, of all Life's living things,
Behold this pageant pass.

Then standing hushed among the flowers,
While Earth drinks deep the wine of Spring,
I hear the rivers raise glad voice,
The green-robed valleys sing.

J. CORSON MILLER.

THRONG AT LAUNCH OF THE TENNESSEE

Daughter of Governor of "Bone Dry" State Uses Wine to Name Superdreadnought.

LARGEST OF BATTLESHIPS

Crowd Estimated at 50,000 Cheers as Giant Craft Slips Down the Ways Into East River.

The superdreadnought Tennessee, the largest battle unit in this or any other navy, was launched at the navy yard in Brooklyn at 9:45 o'clock yesterday morning. A perfect day and a crowd that was estimated to number more than 50,000 made the launching a notable incident in the history of American naval construction.

The great ironclad plunged into the water without mishap, and within an hour had been towed back to the navy yard, and workmen were busy getting ready to install the bridges, turrets, masts, and other parts of the superstructure which are waiting to be hoisted aboard the battleship.

The Tennessee, as she left the land, was more than 60 per cent. completed, and it is the hope and expectation of the construction force at the navy yard to present her to the Atlantic Fleet fully equipped and ready for action early in 1920. It was 9:45 A. M. to the second when Naval Construction Spilman, who was in charge of the launching, nodded to little Miss Helen Roberts, the daughter of the Governor of Tennessee, to get in position to smash the beribboned bottle of wine with which she was to name the great fighter that bears the name of a "bone-dry" State. No sponsor in naval history ever did a better job than did this Tennessee girl. She smashed the bottle into a hundred pieces, and the amber liquid was blown back into the faces and on the clothes of the small party in the launching stand with her.

Her father, who was elected Governor as a prohibitionist, got a substantial part of the wine, as did also Acting Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt and Captain Snagge, the British Naval Attaché in Washington, who was the guest of Mr. Roosevelt.

The navy yard never in its history saw so many persons jammed into so small a space. It seemed that they came from everywhere. From 7:30 in the morning until within a few minutes of the launching, the people continued to swarm into the yard through the four gates designated as official entrances. It is estimated that more than 35,000 passed through the Sands Street gate alone.

Every element in American life, it seemed, was represented. The banker and the merchant rubbed elbows with the mechanic and the carpenter. Soldiers, marines, and bluejackets from ships and posts in and about New York mingled. In fact, the thousands who witnessed the inspiring spectacle were about as representatively American as well could be. They were all enthusiastic and proud of the splendid new naval fighter, and they were as well behaved as they were enthusiastic.

Miss Roberts, accompanied by her father, the various Generals and Colonels and Majors on his staff, her maids of honor, who represented all Tennessee, from the mountains to the Mississippi, and a score of personal friends, not officially of her party, arrived at the navy yard a few minutes before 9 o'clock. The Tennesseeans were met by Rear Admiral J. D. McDonald, commandant of the yard; Rear Admiral James A. Glennon, commandant of the Third Naval District, and the yard staff.

To Miss Roberts was presented a huge bouquet of American Beauty roses, and then forthwith she was escorted to the launching stand and given a private lesson by a young naval Lieutenant as to the best and most approved way of smashing a bottle of champagne against the side of a modern 32,000-ton superdreadnought. She was pronounced an expert at the end of the second lesson, and she lived up to the verdict when half an hour later she smashed the ribbon-bound bottle against the red side of the Tennessee.

The arrangements for placing the crowd were perfect, and if any one failed to see the Tennessee as she went down the greased ways into the East River it was his or her fault. There was some uncertainty among the navy yard officials as to how far into the river the warship would go before the fleet of naval tugs could overhaul her and bring her back. She went into the water weighing more than 16,000 tons, the greatest launching displacement in naval history.

But the Tennessee behaved just as well afloat as she had on shore, and by the time the huge red hull was in midstream the tugs had made fast, and the ironclad was slowly brought to a stop. The river was patrolled by naval launches. No outside craft of any kind was permitted within half a mile in either direction of the navy yard.

At 9:40 o'clock every person who had a watch was watching the minute hand. Heretofore ships in the navy yard have been launched according to the "saw off" principles, and the notice on those occasions was the crashing of the great jacksaws. Yesterday the ship was released automatically by a hydraulic pressure system. When the moment to launch the ship came, Constructor Spilman raised his hand in signal to a workman, and a fraction of a second later the Tennessee began to move. There was no crashing of timbers. Hardly a sound of any kind was heard as the huge ship went down the ways, gathering momentum with every yard.

At the first tremor which indicated the ship was being released, Miss Roberts drew back the tug and let the bottle that dangled on a tri-colored rope and let it go with all her strength. "I name thee Tennessee!" she cried in a loud, clear voice. With that pandemonium started.

The sirens of the superdreadnoughts New Mexico and Arizona started the racket. Then the tugs and all other little vessels in yard waters or out in the river on patrol duty joined in. The big Brazilian dreadnought Sao Paulo, which is being overhauled at the yard, had up sufficient steam to add a deafening American tribute to the newest of fighters. Everybody in the crowd who could yell did so, and those who could not waved handkerchiefs and in other ways made it known they were among those present.

There were half a dozen bands in the yard, and as one they played "The Star-Spangled Banner." It was all over in five minutes, but it seemed an hour to those who watched the wonderful picture as it developed. As she struck the water, the Tennessee piled up a giant wave that rolled half-way across the river before it subsided. Workmen and bluejackets on the ship waved to the crowds on shore. As the ship reached a point half way to midstream, they began throwing over the hawsers to the dozen or more tugs.

The Tennessee is a sister ship of the California, now being built at the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal., and which is to be launched in the Fall. The Tennessee is 624 feet long, 97 feet 5¾ inches in width, and has a draught of 30 feet 6 inches. She displaces 32,600 tons and has a speed of 21 knots. She has eight water tube boilers and a fuel capacity of 1,900 tons. Her armament will consist of twelve 14-inch guns, fourteen 5-inch guns, four 6-pounders, four anti-aircraft guns, and two torpedo tubes. She will be manned by a crew of 59 officers and 1,024 men. She will burn oil exclusively and will be equipped with electric drive.

WARBURG URGES NATIONAL BUDGET

Asks United States Chamber of Commerce to Aid Financial Reform by Next Congress.

SAMUEL REA ALSO SPEAKER

Redfield, Hines, and Hurley, with Foreign Trade Representatives, Heard at Meeting.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—The United States Chamber of Commerce, at its sessions here today, listened to addresses of national importance on business and Governmental questions growing out of the war. Paul M. Warburg, the New York bankers, and Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, were among the speakers, as were also Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce; Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads; Chairman Edward N. Hurley of the Shipping Board, Governor Edge of New Jersey, Maurice Casenave of the French war service in the United States, and John J. Broderick, assistant commercial adviser to Great Britain here. President George Edward Smith presided.

Other addresses were by Robert F. Lee, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, New York; Paul Fuller of New York, formerly in charge of war trade intelligence in the War Trade Board; Stanley J. Quinn, Secretary of the American Manufacturers' Association; Burwell S. Cutler, Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce; Herbert S. Houston, publisher of World's Work; Julius G. Lay, foreign trade adviser to the State Department; William H. Knox and William Ingersoll of New York, and George C. Vedder of the Chester Shipbuilding Company at Chester, Penn.

The chamber displayed a keen interest in the address of Mr. Warburg, who took for his subject "Government Loans and Taxation," discussing both the future amortization of the nation's war indebtedness and, at greater length, the question of a national budget system.

Mr. Warburg said:

"I believe it is safe to say that if Napoleon I. came back today he would find our method of war finance further removed from what, barely one hundred years ago, were his own practices than the ways and means by which Julius Caesar supplied his war chests. The development of the steam, electric, and gasoline engines, bringing all the world into close relationship by land, water, and air, the emancipation of labor and last, but not least, the development of deposit and credit banking have brought about economic changes of so far-reaching a character as to render inacceptable for us today the classic rules laid down by Adam Smith, John Stuart Mill, or Ricardo, much as they fitted their own times.

War's End Brings Changed Views.

"The end of the struggle finds, then, the best economic minds in substantial agreement on the point that, in financing a world war, exclusive recourse must not be taken either to loans or to taxation; but that it is the task of wise statesmanship to ascertain the proper proportion to be observed in resorting to both methods in raising the necessary funds.

"That task is one not of theory, but one of experiment and practice, and, I understand, the object of this discussion is to elicit information as to whether or not taxation in its present form and scope is doing undue violence to certain industries or trades, endangering thereby economic development vital for the future health and growth of the country.

"The question in its larger aspect calls for one further inquiry as to whether present taxation may not tend to reduce so drastically the investment power of the heretofore well-to-do classes that the spirit of enterprise might thereby be seriously affected. There is hardly any question before the country deserving a more careful and earnest study than this.

"The fundamental remedy for our economic ills lies in thrift. Thrift spells increased production and decreased consumption; the resultant saving, in goods or money, furnishing the means for the country's progress and future growth. The world balance sheet has been watered by the issue (for unproductive purposes) of over $250,000,000,000 in circulation and securities. In some countries (his process of inflation has gone so far that bankruptcy or repudiation remains the only way out. Happily our economic strength is such that we may confidently expect new wealth to be created rapidly enough to purge our balance sheet within a reasonable time. Our new assets will then either set off or pay off our debts incurred during the war.

"The most immediate and most tangible result of successful economy would be the elimination of the item 'loans on Government securities' from the balance sheets of both our banks and trust companies and the Federal Reserve Banks. In eliminating these items we strike at the very root of inflation. We began the Victory Loan campaign with, it is estimated, approximately $4,000,000,000 of undigested Government bonds, not counting the billions of United States certificates of indebtedness held by our banks. Even though the Victory Loan should be absorbed entirely by the savings of the people, as we earnestly hope it will be, the cost of winding up the war, amounting to many additional billions, will still remain to be financed. It is likely that short time certificates will be used for that purpose, that they will largely be carried by the banks, and that ultimately they will be paid off by receipts from taxation.

Paying Off the Nation's Debt.

"The more rapidly our national debt is genuinely paid for by saving, the sooner shall we be able to get away from the necessity of drastic taxation. When once our Government loans are definitely absorbed, the question of taxation, for the purpose of amortization may be considered from a very different point of view.

"Whether it then will be advisable to tax Peter to pay off Paul will depend upon the question of whether we shall then find that we would be taxing the poor to pay off the rich, or the rich to pay off the poor. We should also have to consider whether Paul would be likely to squander the money he would receive from Peter, or whether he would apply it to the greater advantage of the country as a whole.

"It would seem wise, therefore, that before the Government's short-time borrowing is liquidated we should not embark upon a general plan of amortization of our long-term loans. That, except as far as desirable for the protection of the price of our loans, would be unduly overloading our burden of taxation.

"Our definite program of amortization, I believe, can be dealt with intelligently only when our post-war picture is more clearly before us with respect to distribution, prices—including money and wages—and general world conditions.

"Prosperity based upon inflation is largely fictitious. It is a fact that the pre-war dollar has been cut in two. Those living on fixed income, or those enjoying returns from savings accumulated before the war, realize that at present their own only half of what they had before. And they will remain in that position unless we consciously and consistently do our share in re-establishing the purchasing power of the dollar.

"The greater the waste of Governments during the war, the more determined must be the efforts of the individual by increased saving to counteract the disastrous consequences of the Government's fiscal operations.

Sees Budget System a Present Need.

"But a country called upon to submit to the heaviest possible burden of taxation is entitled to a very definite assurance that after the establishment of peace its Government will, with equal care, weigh every penny it appropriates and spends, and that the Government will thus do its own full share in readjusting the watered balance sheet.

"I believe that I am voicing the sentiment of the majority of all thinking Americans when I say that in this respect the hour calls for thorough reform. A more careful and scientific study of our national receipts and expenditures is required than has been given heretofore. Congress must relegate to the past its haphazard methods of appropriating expenditures through numberless committees, all acting independently from one another, and without having any comprehensive picture of what are the available revenues. It is high time that a national budget system be adopted, such as enjoyed by every other great country, and that before granting the appropriations called for by departmental or committees, a thorough investigation and report be made as to what revenues may safely be counted upon.

"Receipts and expenditures should be brought into harmony and a complete budget should be examined and prepared by non-partisan experts who would make their report to the President, before the latter sends the budget to Congress for further action.

"Congress, it is hoped, will take the necessary steps to concentrate in a few committees like responsibility and passing upon and perfecting such budget and of securing action upon the same at an early period of the session, and before additional appropriations can be considered.

"The Chamber of Commerce of the United States, through a previous vote, stands committed to the recommendation of a national budget system; it would appear most timely to renew our efforts in this respect.

Hope for Business Cabinet.

"In view of the growing magnitude of our Government's operations, directly and indirectly affecting the pocketbook of every citizen, it is no more than wise and just that there should be established a staff of men correlating the fiscal operations of the various departments and branches of Government, and after fair-minded expert examination, making their report without fear or favor. How far to apply taxation, how far to resort to loans, when and how far to apply taxation to amortization are only a few of the many puzzling problems that would engage the attention of those charged with the duty of preparing and paring a national budget.

"Presidents, Cabinet members, Assistant Secretaries, Senators and Congressmen come and go; the intricate questions of raising our vast revenues in a scientific, fair and economic manner has come to stay. The creation of non-partisan expert bodies should be encouraged in granting the permanency and continuity of knowledge and policy in matters of business, as against the free and rapid fluctuations inherent to the political life of a healthy democracy.

"Eventually we may hope to see established a permanent business cabinet composed of the heads of our non-partisan boards and commissions and advising the President in matters of technical administration to be judged from a non-political standpoint, in a similar manner as his political cabinet deals with problems to be treated from a more partisan point of view. A consideration of that question, tempting as it may be, would lead us, however, beyond the topic of the discussion which these few remarks of mine are designed to invite.

Rea Tells Needs of Railroads.

Mr. Rea, in his address on "The Railroad Problem," took up the troubles of the railroads under public regulation and the present necessities of the situation. He took comfort, he said, in one system of national regulation, and that was the national banking system, regulated through the Federal Reserve Board. He asked if the country feared to allow the railroads "adequate rates," and compared rate reductions under private ownership with recent conditions under Government ownership and Government guarantee.

"Don't let us get frightened about the task of rehabilitating railroad credit," he exclaimed. "We had weak railroads after the civil war, but we had a fair chance to conduct the railroad business. The rehabilitation of existing revenues should begin immediately.

"If the Government itself, in the control of the properties, has not sufficient courage to deal with the rate situation as it has dealt with wages and material costs, then from what source can we expect the requisite courage to deal with this great business and financial question?

"Politics and business have not mixed so far in any country, and even in the countries under autocratic institutions, Government guarantees or direct Government ownership have not brought initiative, low rates, or anything to commend them to us here. That is why the railway executives held fast to the essentials requisite to continue public regulation and make it effective. I conclude that the immediate remedy for the railroad situation is:

"1. Adequate revenues on which the railroad credit may be strengthened and the new capital attracted;

"2. Concentrated, responsible national regulation, separated as between its executive and administrative functions and its judicial functions, and founded on equitable legislation, that will require our regulators to insure strong transportation systems, and not weak railroads.

"3. All railroads under public regulation to be authorized to lease, acquire or consolidate with any other railroad corporations, and reasonable co-operation permitted in facilities, equipment, and train service.

"4. Regulation of security issues.

"5. Regulation of wages, with the employe, the employer and the consumer represented.

"6. Funding of the capital debts incurred during Government control.

"7. Rehabilitation of revenues of the existing railroads should begin immediately while they are under Government control.

"I have faith in the ability and integrity of our business men, financiers and wage earners; but the country wants protection against those imported, costly, so-called socializing experiments, that breed uncertainty and timidity, that paralyze private initiative, and endanger liberty in our personal, business and political life."

Mr. Loree, who spoke today on "The Protection of American Investment Abroad," reviewed briefly the financial history of the United States in that particular. He told how the total number of investors at one time was only about 300,000. On April 6, 1917, he said, the country had become "a nation of savers," and foreign investments had become the personal interest of every citizen. He also recalled how the various issues of the Liberty Loan bonds were distributed among over 20,000,000 subscribers.

Mid-West Trade Opened to Sea.

Director General Hines, speaking before 800 persons at the Chamber of Commerce luncheon, touched on a matter of strong local interest when he declared that so long as the Railroad Administration exists the experiment of water transportation upon the Mississippi River will be pressed. He said if this should result in the demonstration of the utility of the river being used for shipping, the Railroad Administration would count it as one of its greatest achievements.

A few minutes later Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board announced that ships of the American merchant marine will be assigned to regular sailings from the port of New Orleans for the east and west coasts of South America and for China and Japan to establish the connection necessary for the linking of the river with foreign trade. He added that the Government soon would place upon the river a new fleet of towboats and barges at a cost of $7,000,000.

America's part in the reconstruction of France and in trade relations between the two nations during the post-war period was outlined by Maurice Casenave, who said the purchase of French commodities by the United States to balance expenditures of France in this country for materials to restore its devastated regions was of vital importance.

"France has to bear a large debt in this country," he said, "and after peace is definitely signed the United States Government will have to advance about $2,000,000,000 to us. Private concerns have advanced $436,000,000, making the total $3,336,000,00 for the French debt in the United States."

Addressing the foreign trade session, John J. Broderick, assistant commercial adviser to Great Britain here, announced that the present restrictions on imports of American goods into Great Britain would be taken under definite advisement by the British Government on Sept. 1 next, to determine whether these restrictions should be removed or modified.

The Committee on Highways, in its annual report to the Chamber, recommended that federal funds be expended only on highways of a permanent type. The report urged establishment of a Federal Highways Commission to handle all Government matters pertaining to highway transportation and to report to Congress a plan for continued Federal aid for State construction of highways beyond 1921, when the provisions of existing Federal aid laws become void. Substntial appropriations for construction and maintenance of a national highway system also was urged in the report.

LEGION DELEGATES TO MEET

Will Form Temporary Organization for St. Louis Convention.

A call was issued yesterday from the New York State Branch of the American Legion, 140 Nassau Street, for a meeting tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the 7th Regiment Armory, Park Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, of all delegates and alternates to the National Caucus of the American Legion in St. Louis on May 8, 9, and 10 from Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond. Brooklyn and Queens delegates to this caucus have been elected separately. The delegates from Manhattan, the Bronx, and Richmond were elected at a meeting of 500 service men in the armory Monday night.

It is the purpose of the meeting tomorrow night to effect temporary organization of the New York delegation to the St. Louis caucus, to elect a Chairman, Secretary and Treasurer, and to name a Committee on Arrangements which will provide for railroad and hotel accommodations in St. Louis.

A reduced fare of 2 cents per mile for the round trip has been authorized by Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, making the round trip fare equivalent to a rate of one and one-third. This is expected to make it possible for a larger attendance by enlisted men who might not otherwise be financially able to make the trip.

$50,000,000 MORE TO ITALY.

New Loan from United States Brings Total Up to $1,571,500,000.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Italy obtained a new loan of $50,000,000 today from the United States Treasury to cover a number of obligations incurred by the Italian Government on contracts for war materials and foodstuffs from American producers.

The credit extension brought Italy's total borrowings from the United States to $1,571,500,000.

The loan had been under negotiation several weeks, and recent developments at Paris, resulting from the Fiume situation, it was stated officially, had not entered into the discussions of representatives of the Treasuries of the United States and Italy.

Total loans to all allies are now $9,228,829,000. Congress has authorized total loans of $10,000,000,000, and the indications are that the remainder of this authorization will be sufficient to care for allied needs between now and the declaration of peace.

After that date no further loans to allied Governments can be made, but the War Finance Corporation has authority to finance exports by American firms. This may take the place to some extent of Government loans in providing credit by which foreign interests may buy in the United States.

Entertain Mrs. Speyer's Club.

Children from the University Settlement entertained the Irene Club, of which Mrs. James Speyer is the President, last evening at the Y. W. C. A., in West Fiftieth Street, and Mrs. Speyer made a brief address. The club was started thirty-five years ago for working girls by Mrs. Richard Irvin and Mrs. Speyer.

Ledger Wedding Postponed.

It was announced last night that the marriage of Claude Kirwood Ledger, British Vice Consul at New York, and Miss Elsie Litton, daughter of the late George Greenhall Litton and Mrs. Mary Grange Litton of Fernhead, Warrington, England, which was to have taken place this afternoon in St. James's Church, Madison Avenue, has been indefinitely postponed owing to the illness of Mr. Ledger.

BISHOP'S SON WED TO MISS THOMPSON

Rev. Gilbert Darlington Marries Daughter of Mrs. J. T. Thompson in St. Bartholomew's.

WEDS COL. MONTGOMERY

Miss Clara B. Hyde a Bride in St. James's Church—Nuptials of Miss Bacon and Lieut. Boquist.

The wedding of the Rev. Gilbert Darlington, a son of the Rt. Rev. James Henry Darlington, Bishop of Central Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Darlington, and recently a chaplain in the United States Navy, and Miss Elizabeth Remsen Thompson, the second daughter of Mrs. Joseph Todhunter Thompson of this city, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church, it being the first to take place in the new church, though others have taken place in the chapel. Bishop Burgess of Long Island officiated at the betrothal service, and Bishop Darlington, the bridegroom's father, performed the marriage service.

Montgomery—Hyde.

The marriage of Lieut. Col. George Montgomery, U. S. A., a West Point graduate, and son of Mrs. William Montgomery, and Miss Clara Babbitt Hyde, the daughter of Mrs. Clarence M. Hyde of this city and Atholstone, Greenwich, Conn., took place at 3:30 yesterday afternoon in St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church, Seventy-first Street and Madison Avenue. The Rev. Frank H. Crowder, the rector, and the Rev. N. George Thompson of Greenwich performed the ceremony.

Wed to Lieut. E. T. W. Boquist.

Miss Mary E. Bacon, daughter of Mrs. Edwin S. Merrill by a former marriage, and Lieut. Eric T. W. Boquist of the Marine Corps, were married yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, at the Broadway Tabernacle, the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, pastor of the church, and the Rev. Rufus K. Boyd, an uncle of the bride, officiating.

Miss Elsie Burns a Bride.

The marriage of Miss Elsie Burns, daughter of Michael Francis Burns of 16 East Sixty-third Street, and James Francis Cavanagh was celebrated yesterday afternoon in St. Patrick's Cathedral. Miss Thirza Spadone, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. Spadone of Brooklyn, was the bride's only attendant. A reception was held after the ceremony at the Hotel St. Regis.

Nicholson-Pickhardt.

Miss Gertrude Pickhardt and William Robert Nicholson were married at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Pickhardt, 1,042 Madison Avenue. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. J. Smith of the Church of the Holy Trinity. Miss Dorothy V. S. Pickhardt was her sister's maid of honor, and William S. Beekley, Jr., acted as best man. Only relatives and a few friends attended the wedding.

MISS ASQUITH MARRIES.

Ex-Premier's Daughter Weds Prince Bibesco of Rumania.

LONDON, April 30.—Dowager Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria were among the many distinguished guests who attended the wedding at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, today, of Miss Elizabeth Asquith, daughter of Herbert H. Asquith, the former Premier, to Prince Antoine Bibesco, Councillor of the Rumanian Legation. They previously had been married under the rites of the Greek Church, of which the Prince is a member.

The couple received many presents, including jewelry from the King and Queen, other members of the royal house, diplomats, and politicians. The Prince gave his bride jewels of great value which had belonged to his mother. Prince Antoine formerly was First Secretary of the Rumanian Legation at Washington.

The engagement of the couple was announced last February. The bride is about 22 years old, and, like her mother, is a brilliant woman. She is an accomplished amateur actress, linguist, and a good golfer and skater.

MISS GEER BETROTHED.

Daughter of Vicar Emeritus of St. Paul's to Wed Lieut. Le Boutillier.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Cornelia Throop Geer, daughter of the Rev. Dr. William Montague Geer, Vicar Emeritus of St. Paul's Chapel, Trinity parish, and the late Mrs. Katharine Throop Geer, to First Lieut. Martin Le Boutillier, U. S. Field Artillery.

Miss Geer is a graduate of the Brearley School and Barnard College. Lieut. Le Boutillier is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Le Boutillier of this city. He was graduated from Yale in 1912, and from the Harvard Law School, class of '15. As a member of Squadron A he served on the Mexican border, and after receiving his commission at Plattsburg he served in the world war with C Battery, 151st Field Artillery, Rainbow Division. During the Argonne offensive, Lieut. Le Boutillier was severely gassed and has just returned to the United States. He will resume the practice of law in this city.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Birthday Dance for Vanderbilt, Jr.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt gave a dinner and dance last night at her residence, 640 Fifth Avenue, for her son, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., who was 21 years old yesterday. The guests were chiefly of the younger set. Young Mr. Vanderbilt is the fourth Cornelius in the line, and was a private until recently in the 27th Division, in which his father was Brigadier-General.

Clarence H. Mackay gave a small dinner last night at the Hotel St. Regis.

To Entertain Alabama Infantry.

The Alabama Society will entertain Colonel Screws and the officers of the "Fighting 4th," Alabama, at a dinner and dance at the Biltmore tonight. The regiment is now at Camp Merritt, having just returned from overseas. As the 167th Infantry it served in the Rainbow Division.

BURNHAM SUGGESTED FOR AMBASSADOR HERE

Auckland Geddes's Name Also Mentioned in Discussions as to Reading's Successor.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 30.—With the announcement of the imminent return of Lord Reading, the question of the choice of a British Ambassador at Washington becomes pressing. A surprising feature of the situation is that in discussion on the subject in usually well-informed circles there is complete absence of knowledge as to the quarter in which the next incumbent of the office will be sought. One explanation of this fact given is that the matter has not yet been seriously considered by the Cabinet, and that consequently no indications are available of the Governmental intentions.

Several papers remarked that this is the most important of all the posts in Great Britain's representation abroad, and is the one requiring the most judicious consideration. It is generally held that the choice cannot be determined by diplomacy alone, and that the system which Campbell-Bannermann inaugurated when he sent Bryce to the United States should again be followed.

Names suggested today include those of Professor Gilbert Murray and Herbert A. L. Fisher, the present Minister of Education, and that of Auckland Geddes is also mentioned. In the last case it is added that Lloyd George's real reason for asking Geddes to defer taking up his post at McGill University was the desire to send him to Washington and not that the Premier was afaid of another by-election.

In certain quarters whence information of a reliable character is occasionally obtainable THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today heard another name put forward, viz., Lord Burnham, proprietor and editor of the Daily Telegraph. Lord Burnham's national work during the war has been on an extensive scale and none the less valuable because done behind the scenes. Official recognition of it has been accorded by his promotion to a Viscountcy announced in the honors list.

MANNING ESTATE $9,456,161.

Late Broker's Children and Grandchildren the Chief Legatees.

The estate of John B. Manning, retired broker, who settled a breach of promise suit by the former Honora May O'Brien, his secretary, for $100,000 after she got a verdict for $225,000, and who died April 23, 1918, was appraised yesterday at $9,456,161.39 gross and $8,924,000 net.

The chief legatees were his children: Joseph J. Manning, who got $961,511; Agnes Manning Banon, $1,170,648; Catherine Manning McKeon, $961,511; Mary Manning, $925,142; John B. Manning, $927,229; Daniel Manning, $933,266. His grandsons, Robert Manning and Daniel Manning McKeon, got $936,511 each, and his granddaughter, Rita Manning, the same.

Mr. Manning gave the bulk of the remainder of his estate to relatives, and made the following charitable bequests: Apostolic Mission House at Washington, $25,200; Catholic University of America, $50,000; St. Vincent's Hospital and Society of St. Vincent de Paul, $25,000 each; Cathedral College, $15,000; Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, St. Francis Hospital, St. Joseph's Hospital, $10,000 each; St. Joseph's Seminary and the Church of the Good Shepherd, $5,000 each; Misericordia Hospital, $2,000, and Church of the Holy Trinity, $1,000.

The administration expenses aggregated $147,000 and the debts $209,338, which included $38,354 as an underpayment on income tax in 1916, and $50,000 for Federal income tax for 1918. The payment for income tax in 1917 was $119,039. The counsel fees were estimated at $100,000.

The assets of the estate included real estate, $149,500, of which $112,500 was the value of 134 West Thirty-fourth Street, and $37,000 for the decedent's residence at 51 Riverside Drive. He had cash aggregating $199,667. The stocks and bonds were appraised at $9,118,802. The largest stock holdings were:

Shares.		Value.
6,003	Northwestern R. R. common	$349,274
951	Chemical National Bank	366,133
46	Corn Exchange Bank	51,990
1,170	Northwestern R. R. preferred	146,250
1,250	Jersey Central	252,500
1,820	Consolidated Gas	156,520
2,394	Consolidation Coal	207,981
4,170	Lackawanna Railroad	689,535
3,010	Illinois Central common	289,550
200	Importers and Traders Bank	98,000
2,410	Pullman common	483,910
287	National Park Bank	144,074
2,356	Big Four common	129,580
9,107	Reading common	738,805
1,467	Southern Pacific common	121,027
2,194	Union Pacific common	214,650
2,000	U. S. Steel common	188,250
2,377	United Shoe Machinery com	104,588

The largest bond holdings, which aggregated $2,100,410, were $464,296 Anglo-French Loan, $192,441 French Republic Loan, $202,460 New York Central debentures, and the following holdings of Liberty bonds: First Loan, $155,896; Second Loan, $303,231. He had $210,129 of Virginia debt certificates.

JUSTICE BISSELL DEAD.

Supreme Court Jurist Stricken on the Bench in Lockport.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., April 30.—Justice Herbert P. Bissell dropped dead at noon today while presiding at the trial of a case in Supreme Court here. He appeared to be in his usual health when court opened today and nothing of moment occurred during the progress of the case before him. When he reached for a glass of water at 12 o'clock he fell forward on the bench and died in less than a minute.

Justice Bissell was born at New London, N. Y., Aug. 30, 1856, and was educated at De Veaux College, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., Gymnasium, Braunschweig, Germany, and at Harvard. He was admitted to the bar in 1883 and practiced in Buffalo. He was appointed to the Supreme Court bench by Governor Glynn in 1912 and a year later was elected for the full term of fourteen years. Justice Bissell was active in politics for nearly thirty years. In 1911 and 1912 he was a member of the State Hospital Commission and was President of the Board of Education of East Aurora, N. Y., from 1905 to 1912. He was formerly Judge Advocate General and Major of the Fourth Brigade, N. G. N. Y.

William Sleicher.

William Sleicher, brother of John A. Sleicher, the New York publisher, died yesterday at his country home, The Knolls, at Warwick, N. Y. Until a year ago he resided in Troy, N. Y., where he was identified with the Malleable Iron Industry and was also a director of the National State Bank of Troy for many years. He had traveled extensively abroad and gathered a valuable collection of paintings, tapestries, and curios.

Oscar Fay Adams Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., April 30.—Oscar Fay Adams, a widely known author, died here today. Mr. Adams was born in Worcester, Mass., and was graduated from the New Jersey State Normal School. Besides being the author, he was a lecturer on literature and architecture, and was for some time corresponding secretary of the Boston Author's Club.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Twenty-six.

AMERICANS IN EGYPT BESIEGED FIVE DAYS

Women and Children in Party Rescued at Beni Suef by Indian Troops.

BATTLES IN MANY PLACES

Bolshevist Agitators Aided Student Organizers of What Proved Serious and Widespread Revolt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Delayed advices giving details of the Nationalist uprising in Egypt, were received through official channels today and tell, for the first time, that a number of Americans were besieged with British subjects for five days in Beni Suef, seventy-five miles from Cairo. There were women and children among them, and they were finally rescued by being placed upon a steamer and conveyed to Cairo after a small force of Indian soldiers and British officers had been hurried to the place and driven away a mob of townspeople augmented by hundreds of Bedouins from the desert.

The identity of these Americans was not given, and, inquiries are being made to ascertain their names, and their condition at the present time. It is believed that none was injured as no mention was made of any casualties in the dispatches.

Details given indicate that the uprising was more serious and widespread than reported in the brief advices of two weeks ago. So extensive was the rioting that when General Watson, the then British commander in Cairo, warned the "Egyptian Independence Committee" that as they had started the agitation they must stop it, the members were forced to admit that the situation had got out of hand and begged the British to send them away under guard to protect them. General Watson was succeeded by General Sir E. S. Bulfin, who strove to put down the uprising and was unsuccessful until after the arrival of General Allenby.

The situation was particularly complicated when the desert Arabs flocked into the towns and sided with the rebellious Egyptians. The Arabs were intent principally on looting and accomplished great damage before they were driven out. Thousands of the Bedouins were killed and wounded in the fighting throughout Egypt. Battles were fought all the way from Cairo to Upper Egypt except for the Sudan, which remained loyal to the British and furnished much aid.

The movement seemed to be staged in every detail by students, although members of the native bar in Cairo joined in the rising and they were augmented in all parts of Egypt by the rabble and the Bedouins.

POLICE CAPTAIN PLACE DIES.

Resigned on Deathbed That Lieut. McAuley Might Be a Captain.

Police Captain Charles W. Place, 55 years old, who had been on the police force for twenty-seven years, died late Tuesday night at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, where he had been a patient for some time suffering from an incurable disease.

Captain Place had recently been in command of Traffic Precinct D, in Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, and when he learned Tuesday that he did not have many hours to live he resigned in order that a friend, Lieutenant James McAuley, might be appointed. The appointment was made yesterday by Commissioner Enright.

The funeral of Captain Place will be held Friday morning at 11 o'clock at the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Fordham Road and Marion Avenue, the Bronx. Interment will be at Woodlawn Cemetery. Captain Place lived at 2,493 Valentine Avenue, the Bronx.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES EDWIN BARBER, a member of Battion A, 105th Field Artillery, U. S. A., died in a hospital near Brest, France, of pneumonia on April 14, according to word received by his parents from the War Department. He was 23 years old and lived at 891 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

Miss EMIL WARDELL, 91 years old, a resident of Brooklyn nearly all her lifetime, died on Tuesday at the home of her niece, 610 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ISABEL SIMMONS KING, wife of Lester Leslie King, an architect, and daughter of the late Waldemar M. Simmons, a shipping merchant of this city and at one time American Consul at St. Thomas, Danish West Indies, died of pneumonia on Monday at her home, 197 Lincoln Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. King was born in St. St. Thomas and before her marriage was a teacher in Erasmus Hall High School.

GEORGE H. CARRIGAN, for thirty-three years in the employ of the New York Telephone Company and a member of Damascus Commandery, No. 58, Knights Templar, and Kismet Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, died on Sunday at his home, 499 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn.

Captain EGBERT VAIL STRONG, a retired mariner and hotel owner, died at his home in Babylon, L. I., on Tuesday in his seventy-third year. Captain Strong went to sea when a youth and was master of his own sailing vessel at the age of 22 years. He was a former Highway Commissioner and Street Cleaning Commissioner of Babylon.

Mrs. MARGARET PEARSALL, one of the oldest residents of Roslyn, L. I., and wife of J. S. Pearsall, a hotel men and politician, died on Sunday at the age of 96 years.

CORNELIUS EDWARD HALSEY, a retired farmer of Bridgehampton, L. I., died at his home there on Monday.

CHARLES H. GLADDING, 82 years old, a civil war veteran, died on Sunday at his home in Flushing, L. I.

Miss GRACE GORDON, a resident of Flushing since 1873, where she was active in the women's societies of St. George's Episcopal Church, died on Sunday.

PATRICK WOODS, formerly a member of the firm of Steubner & Woods, manufacturers of coal buckets in Long Island City, died at his home in Flushing on Sunday, aged 71 years.

Mrs. MARIE KRUCKEBERG, 41 years old, wife of Edward Kruckeberg, chief engineer of the Metropolitan Steamship Company, died of pneumonia on Sunday at her home, 341 Eighty-third Street, Brooklyn.

LOUIS F. MEINZER, editor and owner of The South Amboy Argus, died yesterday at his home in South Amboy, N. J., at the age of 79.

Mrs. NORA JONES, widow of Samuel B. Jones, who was a retired merchant, died yesterday at Roosevelt Hospital. She was 40 years old.

GEORGE McLEISH, for fifty years in the handkerchief trade in this city, died Tuesday at his home, 410 West 147th Street, at the age of 72 years. Since 1860 he had been a member of the firm of Glendinning, McLeish & Co., Inc., of 15-21 East Twenty-second Street, of which he was President.

WILLIAM P. WHEELER, 52 years old, a construction engineer of 115 West Ninety-seventh Street, is dead of acute indigestion.

Miss ELIZABETH KEY, 80 years old, granddaughter of Francis Scott Key, who wrote "The Star-Spangled Banner," died Tuesday at the Church Home and Infirmary, Baltimore.

Mrs. ANNA GOULD HOUGH, sister of Jay Gould, the financier, and the last of the original Gould family, died Tuesday night at Los Angeles, Cal. She was born in this State ninety years ago.

PHILIP J. ROWE, proprietor of the Putnam House, Greenwich, and the Westport Hotel, Westport, Conn., died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Westport. He was fifty-five years old.

WILLIAM K. GRAFF, 63 years old, for the last twenty-two years employed in the business department of The New York American, died yesterday at his home in Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HENRY EGGERS, head of the firm of Henry Eggers & Co., grocers, of 450 West Fourteenth Street, died yesterday at his home, 326 West Eighty-seventh Street, in his sixty-ninth year. He was born in Germany. He had been in the grocery business in the vicinity of Fourteenth Street for thirty-one years.

SIR JOHN P. MAHAFFY DEAD.

Philosopher and Explorer Was Provost of Trinity College, Dublin.

DUBLIN, April 30.—Sir John P. Mahaffy, Provost of Trinity College, Dublin, since 1914, died today.

Sir John Mahaffy was well known as a philosopher and as a student of ancient history, especially Greek and Egyptian. Sir John, who was 80 years old last Feb. 26, was the author of many works of philosophy and history. He was a member of the Irish convention in 1917-18 and was President of the Royal Irish Academy from 1911 to 1916. Sir John was High Sheriff for County Monaghan, where he owned large estates, in 1901-02 and was elected again last year. He was also noted as an explorer and was the pioneer in the deciphering of the ancient papyri found in Egypt and elsewhere. He was knighted by King George last year.

Born.

BENDIX.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry H. Bendix, 625 Riverside Drive, a daughter.

HERTZBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Hertzberg, (nee Esther Kauffman,) of 598 West 177th St., announce the birth of a son on Tuesday, April 29.

KASSLER.—Mr. and Mrs. Peter E. Kassler, nee Lillian Witt, 661 West 139th St., announce the birth of a son, April 30, 1919.

SCHLOSS.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Arthur Schloss, a daughter, April 25th, at New York Nursery and Child's Hospital.

Engaged.

LOOMIS—RUSSELL.—Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Russell of 936 West End Av., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Frances, to Hubert Hillhouse Loomis of Bedford, Mass.

Married.

HOPKINS—FORD.—On Wednesday, April 30, at 186 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, by Rev. Dr. Charles Carroll Albertson, Hazel, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Samuel Porter Hopkins, to Emery Leyden Ford of Detroit.

OGDEN—HAMILTON.—On Monday, April 21, at the Hospice of the American Red Cross, in Jerusalem, Nancy Boyce Hamilton of Birmingham, Ala., to Montgomery Ogden of Orange, N. J.

SHIEL—O'NEILL.—On Wednesday, April 30, 1919, at the Church of the Holy Name, New York City, Marguerite, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Denis O'Neill, to Michael P. Shiel of Baltimore, Md.

SHOEMAKER — MANN.—On Wednesday, April 30, 1919, in Grace Church Chantry, New York, by Rev. Charles Glenn Baird, Catharine Laidlaw Mann to Alvin T. Shoemaker.

Died.

BAY.—On April 30, at 101 East 74th St., Thomas Charles, II., precious son of Dwight H. and Clara R. Bay, in his 8th year. Funeral service at late residence Friday morning, May 2, at 10 o'clock.

BONNELL.—At Port Chester, N. Y., April 30, 1919, Barclay Campbell, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. George P. P. Bonnell. Funeral private.

BOWMAN.—Jacob J., beloved son of Caroline and the late Julius Bowman, brother of William, Dr. Harry, Dr. Leon, Mrs. M. J. Forward, and Mrs. Max Frankenthal. Funeral service at his late residence, 108 East 73d St., Friday, 2 P. M. Interment private.

BRAMHALL.—Anson Dudley, beloved husband of Louise B. and son of the late Moses B. and Emily M. Bramhall, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 33 East 65th St., Friday, May 2, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

BREMER.—On Tuesday, April 29, 1919, at New Paltz, N. Y., after a brief illness, John Bremer, in his 83d year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Saturday, May 3, at 2 P. M., from St. Peter's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bedford Av., near De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

BRYANT.—On April 29, Mary J. Bryant, beloved wife of James S. Bryant. Funeral services at her late residence, 193 Alexander Av., Bronx, on Thursday, May 1, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

BUCKHOUT.—Suddenly, April 29, 1919, of pneumonia, at White Plains, N. Y., Geneviene S., daughter of the late Henry and Sarah E. Buckhout. Funeral services on Friday, May 2, at Grace Episcopal Church, at 3 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

CARSON.—April 29, 1919, at the residence of her son, 231 West 21st St., Mary A., beloved wife of James Carson, and mother of William J. Carson. Funeral services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 228 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday evening, 9 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Friday afternoon.

CLARK.—At Westfield, N. J., April 29, 1919, A. Lincoln Clark, in his 54th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 408 Prospect St., Westfield, on Friday, May 2, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment private.

CLARKSON.—On Wednesday, April 30, 1919, Sarah Henrietta

SHIFTS 8 CAPTAINS IN POLICE SHAKEUP

Commissioner Enright Orders Transfers to Make Room for Ten New Men.

DEMOTES MITCHEL'S GUARD

Detective Phelan Sent Back to Patrol Duty—New Favorites Are Taken Care Of.

Police Commissioner Enright made a shakeup of Captains in the department yesterday, principally to make room for the ten new Captains he was allowed to appoint when the Mayor and other members of the Board of Estimate gave him an appropriation to cover the expense.

At the same time the Commissioner was able to carry out the present administration's plan of demoting any favorites of the Mitchel administration by sending Detective John J. Phelan, who was Mayor Mitchel's bodyguard, back to patrol duty, and transferring Captain John F. Sweeney, a favorite of former Police Commissioner Woods, from the Fifth Street Station to the remote Alexander Avenue Station.

In the shakeup some new favorites were taken care of in Brooklyn, the home of the Mayor, while others who did not stand so well with the present authorities were placed in quiet, out of the way precincts. The biggest jump among the transfers was that of Captain John T. Reith, who crossed two rivers and one borough, from the Grand Avenue Station in Brooklyn to Tottenville, the furthest point on Staten Island. Captain Albert Mason was rescued from the Union Market Station and put in Reith's place. Other transfers of Captains announced follow:

James McCarthy, from Traffic Precinct D to the Fifth Street Station; Louis W. Rochester, from the Sixteenth Inspection District to Clinton Street Station; Patrick O'Neill, from Clinton Street Station to Vernon Avenue Station, Brooklyn; Frederick Bloom, from West 135th Street Station to Union Market Station, and George J. Haerle, from Alexander Avenue Station, the Bronx, to Classon Avenue Station, Brooklyn. Lieutenant Philip Grossbeck was placed in charge of Traffic Precinct D.

Detective Phelan was sent from the Sixth Detective Precinct to the West 177th Street Station; Detective Ferdinand J. Chappy was sent from the Fifth Detective Bureau to do patrol duty at the Bathgate Avenue Station, the Bronx. Phelan was considered by Mayor Mitchel as one of the best detectives on the force. Chappy is a relative of former Chief Inspector James Dillon, who retired shortly after Commissioner Enright took charge of the department. Two other detectives, Carl McCarthy and Owen Carney, were promoted to the rank of first grade detectives.

In an order issued by Commissioner Enright these men received departmental recognition for meritorious services: Albert C. Doody, Detective Division; Charles F. Kane, Detective Division; Policeman John Schawaroch, 101d Precinct, and Policeman Joseph H. Korody, Seventy-sixth Precinct.

These policemen were commended for good police work: Grover Brown, August Mayer, Louis Hyams, and Peter S. Brennan, Detective Division; William O'Dwyer of the Brooklyn Borough Inspector's office.

ANTI-ITALIAN REVOLT SPREADS IN ALBANIA

Proclamation in Dodecanesus Islands Says They Have Become United to Greece.

SALONIKI, April 29.—The revolt in Albania against the Italian troops of occupation is spreading wider and wider, according to advices to the Greek newspaper Helias. The commander of the rebels is said to have a force of 4,000 men.

Several hundred Albanians, it is added, have sent a message to the Peace Conference denouncing Italian acts in Albania and affirming confidence in Essad Pasha.

ATHENS, April 29.—A proclamation has been issued in the Dodecanesus Islands by which it is declared that the islands have become united with Greece. Italy has laid claim to these islands, basing her sovereignty upon rights secured following the Turco-Italian war in 1911 and 1912.

MORE PING PONG FOR ARMY.

Y. M. C. A. Supplies Additional Sets for Popular Game.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

COBLENTZ, April 27.—The following item has been contributed by a "Y" publicity man:

"The Y. M. C. A. has distributed 175 ping-pong sets for the use of doughboys."

"Ping pong," said a soldier last night who recently returned from eight months in France as a Sergeant of infantry, "is coming to be the favorite indoor sport of the American Expeditionary Force over there. For a while checkers held first place, but later when the Y. M. C. A. began to bring over the ping-pong sets, even the checker champions forsook their boards to try out the ping-pong tables.

"The 'Y' did a great deal for us in supplying games. Take just one instance in St. Nazaire, where I was in Camp Lusitania for a while after the armistice. The men there were working on the docks in night and day shifts, and regulations forbade them leave from camp except for four hours at a time. The night men in the afternoon and the day workers in the evening would have been up against it for amusement if it had not been for the baseballs, footballs, checker sets, and ping pong over at the 'Y' hut.

"It rained so much that outdoor sports were almost impossible when I was there, and the crowd took to ping pong. It's a fact that you had to be over at the hut very early in order to get a chance at the table. There was a game going almost every second during the day. Even the arrival of the mail didn't interrupt the players.

"Pool tables in the larger 'Y's' were also a centre of attraction, but they were too few, and besides more men played ping pong and liked it better than pool."

Hang American Officer for Assault.

PARIS, April 30.—A Havas dispatch from Dijon states that American army authorities at Is-sur-Tille have sentenced and hanged an American Lieutenant for an assault on a little girl who died in consequence of injuries received.

STOLE NOTES WORTH 20,000,000 MARKS

Mystery in Disappearance of Huge Sum in Rumanian Money from Spandau.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 28.—It has become known that nearly a couple of months ago, during the disturbed days of early March, Spartacides were successful in carrying out a robbery of almost unparalleled dimensions. It is estimated that by their daring coup the robbers obtained notes having a total value of 20,000,000 marks. It is not yet known, however, how they actually carried out their plan.

When Germany evacuated Rumania the German Economic Commission in that country brought to Germany the sum of 80,000,000 lei in notes. Half of those notes were pre-war Rumanian lei notes, while the other half consisted of lei notes issued by the German Government during the occupation of Rumania. The latter have, of course, no value now, but the former have an exchange rate of 100 lei for 125 or 130 marks.

When this large amount of money arrived in Berlin it naturally gave the Government officials a good deal of anxiety. For some reason or other it was not consigned to any bank nor hidden in any Government office, but taken to the Berlin suburb of Spandau and there the cases containing the notes were put in a building called Julus Turt. One day it was found that they had gone, and every effort to discover how and by whom the coup was carried out has completely failed.

It has been established that those notes have not been exchanged in Germany, but beyond that more than six weeks of investigation has left this gigantic robbery still a complete mystery.

STRENGTH OF ARMY DECREASED BY HALF

123,205 Men Sail in Week—Total with Colors April 22 Was 1,851,783.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—An official report made public today by the War Department shows that slightly more than 50 per cent. of the officers and enlisted men have been discharged from the army of the United States since the signing of the armistice. The figures have been revised as of April 24.

It is shown that where there were 188,434 officers in the army on Nov. 11, 1918, there are now only 98,995. The enlisted men on Nov. 11 numbered 3,482,454, as compared with 1,737,888 at present. The totals for officers and enlisted men combined are, therefore, Nov. 11, 3,600,888; April 24, 1,836,883. The percentage of officers discharged is given roughly at 53 per cent., and enlisted men at 50 per cent.

Other figures show that the estimated strength of the army, not including marines, as of April 22, was 1,851,783. Of these 1,139,248 were in Europe and 509,800 in the United States. The present strength of the American Expeditionary Forces is 58 per cent. of the strength on Nov. 11, 1918, and the strength in the United States is 31 per cent. of the strength in this country on that date.

A new record for sailings was set for the week ended April 22 when 123,205 troops left Europe for the United States. This is a greater number than sailed during the period from Nov. 11 to Jan. 1 or during the entire month of January.

The announcement states also that of 5,868 enemy prisoners who have been in the custody of the army in this country, 5,225 were reported by the prison section to be still detained in prison camps on April 13. They were distributed as follows: Ft. Douglas, Utah, 1 prisoner of war, 677 alien enemies; Ft. McPherson, Ga., 1,211 prisoners of war; Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., 3,136 alien enemies; Camp Sherman, Ohio, 200 prisoners of war.

Since Nov. 11 it is reported 404 alien enemy prisoners have been released by the War Department to the Department of Justice and put on parole, thirteen prisoners have escaped from camp and twelve have died.

NOT TO INCREASE FARES.

Surface Railroads Fail to Get Authority to Charge for Transfers.

The Public Service Commission has decided to take no further action on the applications of the various surface railroad companies for authority to charge for transfers because the Board of Estimate is adhering to its decision not to modify the franchises, thus leaving the commission practically without jurisdiction. From the beginning of these applications, that followed speedily on the heels of the war, the commission has felt that the increase in operating expenses should be followed by some concessions in the fare rate, either by a direct increase in the fare, the abrogation of transfers, or a charge of 3 cents for them.

If the law legislating the present commission out of office had not been enacted some definite steps might have been taken by which the question of the power of the commission to permit the companies to separate their lines so that double and in some cases triple fares could be collected might have been carried into the courts. But as the present commissioners are shortly to be succeeded by others they do not feel that they should do anything that might embarrass their successors. It is not likely that the change in the personnel of the commission will help the companies, for the new men will undoubtedly be Democrats and will probably favor the views of the city administration in opposition to any increase in fares.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $5 from George and Elisabeth Dix, for the benefit of the Jugoslav children. This money was sent to the Guaranty Trust Company, 618 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

WONDER-MIST

The Sprayer Polish

Spray right over furniture, woodwork, or floors, and wipe off with cheesecloth dampened with water, then polish with a dry cheesecloth.

Clean your automobile the same way.

Buy from your Furniture, Drug, Auto Supply or Hardware Dealer.

The WONDER-MIST MFG. CO. Boston, Mass.

MACKAY APPLIES FOR POSTAL WIRES

Requests Burleson to Make Good on Offer to Return Company's Land Wires.

WANTS NO COMPENSATION

Asks Only for What the Lines Earned During the Period of Government Control.

Clarence H. Mackay, former President of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, announced yesterday that he had challenged Postmaster General Burleson to make good on his offer to return the company's land wires, providing formal application were made to the Post Office Department. Mr. Mackay sent the following telegram:

Hon. A. S. Burleson,
Postmaster General,
Washington, D. C.

A leading New York daily newspaper of yesterday contains the following:

"The statement of Clarence H. Mackay of the Postal Telegraph that he wanted his properties back immediately and did not require the legislation suggested by the Postmaster General was viewed with some skepticism by the Post Office Department.

"The suggestion was made informally that if this was the position of Mr. Mackay he should say so directly to the proper authorities, who would give this statement the consideration that it deserves."

In accordance with that suggestion the Postal Telegraph Cable Company hereby makes formal application to you for the return of its telegraph lines at once, which you have the power to do under the proclamation of the President of the United States of July 22, 1918, such authority to you reading as follows:

"By subsequent order of said Postmaster General, supervision, possession, control, or operation may be relinquished in whole or in part to the owners thereof of any telegraph or telephone system or any part thereof, supervision, possession, control, or operation of which is hereby assumed or which may be subsequently assumed in whole or in part hereunder."

You actually exercised your authority under the above quotation several weeks ago when you ordered the return to their owners of 8,000 small telephone companies.

We observe that you recommend to the President that the wire lines be returned to the companies, but you state before this can be done that additional legislation is necessary by the new Congress in order to safeguard the interests of the companies. We desire to state that the Postal Telegraph Cable Company asks no additional legislation to safeguard its interests and is prepared to take its lines back on one hour's notice.

We further desire to state that we shall not ask the Government to pay to the Postal Telegraph Cable Company one dollar for the use of its lines during the period of the Government control, but shall merely ask to be allowed to keep what the lines have actually earned from the transaction of the telegraph business during the period of Government control. In order that we may formulate our plans an early reply will be appreciated.

CLARENCE H. MACKAY.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Acting on instructions from Postmaster General Burleson, representatives of the Post Office Department began preparations today for turning back at midnight Friday to private ownership the cable systems taken over by the Government last November. Prompt action by President Wilson in ordering effective the recommendation of the Post Office Department head that control of the marine wire service be relinquished permitted Mr. Burleson to set the date for surrendering the lines to their former owners much sooner than was expected. President Wilson also has cabled his approval of the recommendation that the telegraph and telephone lines be returned to private ownership just as soon as Congress can enact legislation necessary to put the systems in condition for the transfer. The principal feature of the legislation required will be a provision for additional revenue to meet the increased operating costs the companies will face when they resume management.

FIRE DRILL PROVES VALUE.

2,500 Pupils Leave Burning School in Minute and Half.

The efficiency of school fire drills brought 2,500 children safely out of Public School 2, 169th Street and Third Avenue, the Bronx, yesterday, when fire started shortly before 3 o'clock in the teachers' retiring room on the third floor of the building.

The fire was discovered by Nicholas Lawlor, a teacher in carpentry, when smoke poured into his classroom. It was extinguished within ten minutes by the fire department. The cause is unknown, and the damage was slight.

Lawlor, who had a class of forty pupils in session, pulled an automatic fire alarm box in the hall, and then notified Miss Helene Levine, the Acting Principal, who rang the school alarm. A minute and a half later, 2,500 children were in the street.

WILSEY WANTS 19 MORE NEW SCHOOLS

Tells Education Board Cost of Buildings and Sites Would Be $10,247,483.

REPORT ON SALARIES ITEM

Auditor Says $605,542 Shortage Is Due to Appropriations Not Included in 1919 Budget.

Frank D. Wilsey reported to the Board of Education yesterday that nineteen new elementary schools, in addition to the eleven already authorized, were badly needed. The cost, he said, would be $10,247,483. For high schools $4,431,000 was needed and for a new manual training high school in Brooklyn $400,000. The sites, he said, would bring the cost up to about $15,000,000.

A committee consisting of Messrs. Fralt, Wilsey, and Ryan, and President Somers was appointed to confer with the Board of Estimate to obtain as much of this amount as possible. The elementary schools, Mr. Wilsey said, were badly needed, and work on them should be begun as soon as possible.

Auditor H. R. M. Cook sent to the board this estimate of the increase in salaries here which will be caused by the Statewide Teachers' bill and the Equal Pay bill. Each measure will take three years to be put into operation. The Statewide bill, affecting 21,959 persons, will cost the first year $3,382,035, second year $6,576,070, and third year $9,164,115.

The Equal Pay bill, which will affect 12,342 persons, will cost the first year $3,097,483; second year, $5,994,936; third year, $8,902,405. A copy of Mr. Cook's estimate will be sent to Mayor Hylan.

Mr. Cook also reported on the $605,543.42 shortage in the budget estimate for 1919 caused by the Board of Estimate appropriating money for things not in the budget. Dr. Ettinger, the City Superintendent, suggested that the Board of Estimate be asked to appropriate money to cover the shortage, and that the Board of Education cut down on some of its activities.

On President somers's motion, the nominations of twenty-four Assistant Principals by the Board of Superintendents were returned to it, and only those for Public Schools 39, primary, and 160, Manhattan; 8, the Bronx; and 8, 95, 127, and 153 Brooklyn, which have no assistants to Principals, were appointed.

IN 1825

the first drug store in the present chain of 200 Liggett Stores was started under the name of "Hegeman" in New York City.

Not chance; but an unfaltering determination to sell the best drug-store goods and render the best drug-store service, has been responsible for this steady, healthy growth.

The Rexall Drug Store Liggett's

Out to-day

New Victor Records for May

Look over the complete list of these new Victor offerings, and have any Victor dealer play for you any music you wish to hear.

Brilliant new interpretations by famous and exclusive Victor artists! Lively new fox-trots, one-steps and waltzes for the dance devotee! A choice collection of new favorites for the lover of popular songs! A new Lauder ditty so characteristic of the great Scotch comedian. Stirring new band numbers, including a Wedding March composed by Sousa and played by his own band.

		Number	Size	Price
Gianni Schicchi—Oh, My Beloved Daddy	Frances Alda	64803	10	$1.00
Samson and Delilah—I Come to Celebrate Victory	Caruso-Homer-Journet	89088	12	4.00
Waltz Etude (Saint-Saëns) (Piano)	Alfred Cortot	74588	12	1.50
Carnations	Emilio de Gogorza	64798	10	1.00
Quartet in A Minor—Minuet (Schubert)	Elman String Quartet	74574	12	1.50
La Traviata—Say to Thy Daughter	Galli-Curci-De Luca	89601	12	3.00
Calling Me Home to You	John McCormack	64803	10	1.00
When I Was Twenty-One	Harry Lauder	70123	12	1.25
After All / Lonesome—That's All	Reinald Werrenrath / Lambert Murphy	45162	10	1.00
How Birds Sing / The Bird Chorus	Charles Kellogg / Charles Kellogg	45163	10	1.00
Madelon—One-Step March / Marche Française	Victor Military Band / Victor Military Band	18534	10	.85
A Good Man is Hard to Find / For Johnny and Me	Marion Harris / Marion Harris	18535	10	.85
Arabian Nights—One-Step / Sand Dunes—One-Step	Waldorf-Astoria Dance Orchestra / Nicholas Orlando's Orchestra	18536	10	.85
How Ya Gonna Keep 'Em Down on the Farm? / How Are You Goin' to Wet Your Whistle?	Arthur Fields / Billy Murray	18537	10	.85
Don't Cry, Frenchy, Don't Cry / I Know What It Means to be Lonesome	Charles Hart and Elliott Shaw / Henry Burr	18538	10	.85
Kentucky Dream Waltz / Velvet Lady—Medley Waltz	Nicholas Orlando's Orchestra / Nicholas Orlando's Orchestra	18539	10	.85
Wedding March / Coronation March from "Le Prophete"	Sousa's Band / Arthur Pryor's Band	35683	12	1.35
Sometime—Medley Fox Trot / Chong—Medley Fox Trot	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra / Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	35684	12	1.35

Hear these new Victor Records to-day at any Victor dealer's. He will gladly give you an illustrated Booklet describing these new records and play any music you wish to hear. Saenger Voice Culture Records are invaluable to vocal students—ask to hear them.

Victors and Victrolas in great variety from $12 to $950.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

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PLAIN LAWN SPREADS with tapered borders for single beds, $7.50 up; for double beds, $10.50 up

Pretty Night Spreads of Striped English Madras, for single beds, $3.00—for double beds, $4.00

ENGLISH DIMITIES and FIGURED PERCALES, for single beds, $5.00 up—for double beds, $6.75 up

COMFORTABLES

Wool filled comfortables covered in plain colored light-weight PERCALE, $9.50.

BLANKETS

FOR COOL NIGHTS—Cut and bound separately for single beds, $9.00 pair; for double beds, $12.00 pair

SUMMER RUGS for Interior and Exterior Use

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Studebaker

THE NEW LIGHT-SIX SEDAN

Versatility—and Luxury

THE long, sweepingly graceful lines of the New Studebaker Sedan, the high and narrow design of radiator and hood, the unique artistry of the massive headlights, the shape of the doors, and curve of the fenders reveal the rare good taste of the body artisan.

Eight solid upright posts, with small rubber rollers which press against the edges of plate glass windows, are positive assurance of rattle-proof performance. A silver-faced jeweled clock, beautiful upholstery, artistic dome light and silk roller curtains are features of the interior.

Mounted on the famous Studebaker LIGHT-SIX chassis, with 50-horsepower motor and complete cord tire equipment, this New Sedan has the ability and resourcefulness to meet every emergency of service.

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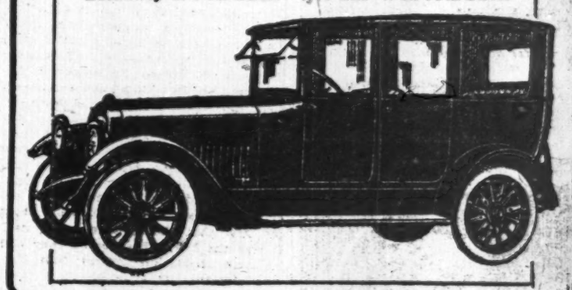

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If underwear were outerwear—intended for the public gaze instead of the privacy of one's dressing-room—no changes in the making of Lewis Union Suits would be required

The Lewis-clad man could step forth with no misgivings, with the certainty that his garb bespoke distinction and character in every line.

Lewis Union Suits are made in quality suitable for million-dollar, but priced within the reach of all. All sizes and styles.

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Whether It Be in Country or City.

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ADVERTISEMENT.

$25,000 REWARD

$250,000 Lost Liberty Bonds

For information leading to the recovery of $250,000 Liberty Bonds lost on or about January 4th, 1919, the sum of $25,000 will be paid. A proportional part of such reward will be paid for information leading to the recovery of part of the bonds.

For proof that the bonds have been destroyed, the sum of $10,000 will be paid. A proportional part of such reward will be paid for proof of the destruction of part of the bonds.

It seems that the bonds were mailed on January 2nd, 1919, from the First and Old Detroit National Bank, Detroit, Michigan, to The Studebaker Corporation, South Bend, Indiana, and have not been located since.

The bonds are Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds, numbered 23,734 to 23,758 inclusive, of the denomination of $10,000 each.

Every indication is that the bonds were lost. The finder of them need have no hesitation in producing them and claiming the reward. If the finder through unnecessary apprehension destroyed them, they can be replaced and he need have no fear of giving information.

Communications may be addressed to

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South Bend, Ind.
Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow,
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BARRACKS
designed for comfort and style.
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48-H. P. Coupe, used very little. Practically new condition. An unusual opportunity to acquire one of these fine all-season cars at a substantial saving in price.

Several 48-H. P. Touring Cars, just out of our shop, for immediate delivery. Prices very favorable.

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PIERCE ARROW DISTRIBUTORS

HEROES OF CAMBRAI HAILED IN PARADE

Crowds Lustily Acclaim 11th Engineers, Who Blocked Hun Rush in November, 1917.

CITY'S "FIRST IN WAR"

Men Weep as Col. Parsons Bids Them a Touching Farewell at Luncheon in Regiment's Honor.

New York's "First in War" unit, the 11th Engineers, made up of 1,400 New York boys who volunteered in the first few weeks after the declaration of war and covered themselves with glory in November, 1917, by stopping the gap in the British lines made by the German surprise counterattack at Cambrai, marched down Fifth Avenue yesterday morning in front of cheering crowds.

They carried rifles and bayonets, with which they turned the tide in one of the most critical actions of the war. They looked the part of fighting men, the rôle in which they earned their greatest distinction, although they did vital work in preparing for every great offensive launched after they arrived in France.

All the way from Ninety-sixth Street to Thirty-fourth Street the soldiers were showered with personal greetings from thousands of relatives and friends among the crowd, and the cheer which started at Ninety-sixth Street lasted virtually without interruption the entire three miles of the march. On almost every block some of the men were recognized, hailed by name, and cheered.

At Ninety-ninth Street several hundred men from the 58th Artillery Corps, formerly the old 8th Artillery of the Bronx, stood under the sign "Welcome to Our Comrades of the 11th." "We Have Beer," said one placard on the sidewalk, by way of a cheerful answer to "We Want Beer," a sentiment displayed on the transport bringing the 11th Regiment into port.

Colonel William Barclay Parsons, commander of the regiment, who headed the parade, received an ovation from one end of the line of march to the other. With him marched Lieut. Col. William T. Chevalier. Major Charles D. Drew commanded the first battalion and Major B. A. Value the second.

The regiment marched to the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, where a reception was held, and then marched across Thirty-fourth Street to the Hotel Pennsylvania, where thousands of relatives and friends had assembled to cheer them again. After a luncheon in honor of the regiment, Colonel Parsons made a farewell address to the men, in which he reviewed their record of achievements. He took leave of them in such affectionate and touching language that many were in tears. After thanking the Military Engineers Committee, which gave the luncheon, Colonel Parsons said:

"There are two things about the regiment that I can tell you that have not been in the newspapers. A year ago last March, when the Germans began their great offensive to break through between the French and British, a call was sent to General Pershing for help. He was asked for two regiments of engineers. There was no question about the first that should answer this call. It was the 11th. The second they had to think about, but for the first they called for the 11th at once.

"The other fact is that sixty-eight men of this regiment have become commissioned officers since we went over. Out of fifty-two officers we have no fewer than forty-one who went out more than a year ago as noncommissioned officers, and, General, [addressing Major Gen. Shanks,] we have still other men who are fit and ready to be officers when the time comes.

"And now, my men, this is the last opportunity I shall have to talk to you collectively. The ties of nearly two years are going to be broken in a few days. We have marched together through mud, rain, and shells. We have seen our comrades fall. We have known each other as men and comrades. A comradeship like that cannot be broken without a pulling of the heartstrings, and I want you to know you take with you my ever-abiding love and affection.

"Don't feel that war is at an end. Don't let yourselves be deluded by what some men are saying over in France. As long as men are men there will be wars, and you will be called upon again. Unless it comes quickly I won't be here to lead you. I hope you will give to your new leader the same faith and loyalty you have given to me.

"We always have with us the war of good citizenship. As men who have gone through what the 11th Engineers have stood, you will welcome a part in that war. Let us work for justice, law, order, decency, and fair dealing to all men. Let us fight for them, and let us do our part in making the world better.

"May God bless you and keep you, and grant you strength, happiness, and success, and may you enjoy the happiness of triumph. And, when you have fought the good fight, when you have earned that place in the world which you have earned because of what you have done and what you are, may that peace that passeth all understanding be truly yours."

In the official reviewing stand at Eighty-second Street and Fifth Avenue were Governor and Mrs. Alfred E. Smith, Mayor Hylan, Deputy Police Commissioner Rodman Wanamaker, Brig. Gen. F. V. Abbott, Captain L. S. Welborn, Major Gen. T. H. Barry, commander of the department; Major Gen. D. C. Shanks, in charge of the Port of Embarkation at Hoboken; Brig. Gen. George H. MacManus, Colonel Merritt H. Smith, Major Richard J. Buck, Charles W. Hunt, Secretary of the American Society of Civil Engineers; Charles F. Rand, President of the United Engineering Society; George H. Pegram, Past President of the American Society of Civil Engineers; Alfred E. Kornfeld, and Robert Lynn Cox, Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.

PUT LAST TOUCHES ON 77TH PAGEANT

Division Staff and Various Auxiliary Organizations Busy Completing Program.

GIVE OUT ORDER OF MARCH

With the Arrival of the St. Louis, Bringing 2,000 Men, Three-fourths of Unit Reach Home.

With more than three-quarters of the 77th Division back in the United States and several thousand more due today and tomorrow, Major Gen Robert Alexander, commander of the contingent, and his staff; the Mayor's Committee of Welcome, and the various regimental home auxiliaries busied themselves yesterday in putting the finishing touches to the plans for according the 31,000 men a rousing reception. From the moment the members of the division arrive in the city from Camp Mills on the eve of the parade next Tuesday until they leave Wednesday morning for demobilization at Camp Upton, a grateful and generous city will extend a hospitable welcome to them. Dinners, entertainments, theatre parties, and dances on a lavish scale have been provided for the officers and men of New York's Own.

More than 2,000 members of the 77th arrived back yesterday on the transport Louisville, which docked at Hoboken at 7 o'clock in the morning. The units on board the transport included Companies F, G, and H of the 307th Infantry, the 302d Field Signal Battalion, the 302d Motor Ordnance Repair Shop, the 302d Mobile Veterinary Section, the 77th Division Headquarters Detachment, and the 307th Sales Commissary Unit. The Nieuw Amsterdam, carrying the entire 302d Engineers, and the St. Louis, with Companies I, K, L, and M of the 307th Infantry are due today.

Major Gen. Alexander yesterday gave out the order of march which will be observed on Tuesday when the division parades up Fifth Avenue. The place of honor in the parade has been accorded to the gold star service flag, which will be carried behind the commander by a guard of honor. The wounded men of the division will be carried in automobiles behind their respective units. The units in the line of march and the commanding officers who will march at the head of their men are as follows:

Police Escort.
Division Commander.
Major Gen Robert Alexander.
Divisional service flag, containing 2,356 gold stars.
Staff and military representatives of allied countries.
Headquarters Detachment.
Headquarters Troop.
Wounded in automobiles.
Immediately following their respective units.
302d Engineers.
302d Engineers' Train.
Colonel Frank A. Gleating.
302d Field Signal Battalion.
Major Lonnie B. Powers.
302d Train Headquarters.
Colonel Milton L. McGrew.
302d Sanitary Train.
Major George D. Green.
302d Ammunition Train.
Lieutenant Colonel Julian F. Benjamin.
302d Mobile Ordnance Repair Shop.
Captain Edward B. Cowles.
302d Supply Train.
Railhead Detachment.
Salvage Squad No. 18.
Sales Commissary No. 307.
Captain H. S. Stratton.
77th Division Military Police.
Captain Frank N. Bangs.
MACHINE GUN BATTALIONS.
Lieut. Col. Douglas Campbell.
305th Machine Gun Battalion.
Major Robert Emmett O'Brien.
306th Machine Gun Battalion.
Major Lewis M. Scott.
304th Machine Gun Battalion.
Major Samuel Greason, Jr.
152D FIELD ARTILLERY BRIGADE.
Brig. Gen. Pelham D. Glassford.
Staff and Headquarters Detachment.
304th Field Artillery.
Colonel Copley Enos.
305th Field Artillery.
Colonel F. C. Doyle.
306th Field Artillery.
Colonel William H. Peek.
153D INFANTRY BRIGADE.
(less 305th Machine Gun Battalion.)
Brig. Gen. Michael J. Lenihan.
Staff and Headquarters Detachment.
306th Infantry.
Colonel Frank E. Bowen.
305th Infantry.
Lieut. Col. C. F. Herr.
154TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.
(less 306th Machine Gun Battalion.)
Brig. Gen. Harrison J. Price.
Staff and Headquarters Detachment.
308th Infantry.
Colonel N. K. Averill.
307th Infantry.
Colonel Isaac Erwin.

General Alexander yesterday requested every wounded man or casual of the division who had returned to the United States in advance of the contingent, and who desired to parade, to communicate with Captain Maxwell Stevenson at the office of the advance party in the Hall of Records. He also said that former members of the division who wanted to obtain tickets for the grand stand on the day of the parade to apply through the home auxiliary of the unit to which they were attached. The general interest in the parade has been illustrated, according to members of the advance party, by the number of members of the division now out of the service who have expressed a desire to march with their former comrades.

The problem of apportioning the seats in the grand stands along the line of march has become so serious that the Mayor's Committee announced yesterday that there was little hope of the general public being able to obtain tickets for the event. The present seating capacity of the grand stands is 80,000, which, according to the Mayor's Committee, is 10,000 fewer than the requirements of the members of the division. Thus far 89,000 applications have been received from the men themselves, and they receive first choice. In order to provide additional seats, the construction of additional grand stands on Fifth Avenue, above Ninety-seventh Street, was begun yesterday. When finished these stands will accommodate 10,000 persons. It was announced at the office of the Mayor's Committee that no other applications would be considered until the distribution of the tickets to the 31,000 members of the division already commenced is completed.

The committee has also requisitioned 4,000 seats in privately owned stands north of Ninety-fourth Street to meet the situation. In addition to supplying the 31,000 active members of the division with two seats each, the committee is planning to give tickets to the relatives of the 2,356 men who died in the service, 5,000 wounded soldiers still on the rolls of the division, and 6,000 convalescent and discharged soldiers, a total of more than 44,000.

An eleventh-hour change in the plans for entertaining the members of the division on Monday night was made yesterday by the Mayor's Committee, when it was learned that the facilities in Madison Square Garden for serving a buffet supper to the guests were inadequate. As a result the doors of the Hotel Astor have been engaged for the dance which the city will give in honor of the returning soldiers. In the course of the evening a buffet supper, consisting of bouillon, Parker House rolls, chicken salad, fruit punch, orangeade, ice cream, and coffee, will be served to the boys. Boxes have been reserved for Major Gen. Alexander and his staff, Mayor Hylan, Mayor George S. Buck of Buffalo, and the members of the regimental home auxiliaries.

The dinner to the officers of the division will be given on the night of the parade in the Waldorf-Astoria and invitations have been extended to prominent Federal State, and municipal officials to attend the function.

Many applications from employers for men from the 77th have been received as a result of the exhibition in local theatres of a motion picture dealing with the life and episodes of the division, according to the Employment Bureau of the division. The scenario was written by Captain Anthony W. Aub and produced under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., which supplied the funds for making the film.

BRIBE FUND INQUIRY ON AGAIN TODAY

Whitman, Glynn, and Burke All Scheduled for Examination Before Senate Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 30.—The Senate Judiciary Committee will meet here tomorrow to resume its investigation of the rumored $500,000 slush fund. Ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman, Republican State Chairman George A. Glynn, and Richard Henry Burke, whom Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, in a sworn statement before the Judiciary Committee, characterized as a "lobby runner," and charged with having approached him on behalf of the traction interests with an offer of a $500,000 campaign fund to help elect him Governor next year if in return he would support the Carson-Martin increased fare bill, have been summoned to appear as witnesses.

The committee is operating under a mandate to investigate lobbying at the Capitol generally during the last two years. Senator Alvah W. Burlingame, Jr., Chairman, expects to close the present phase of the investigation this week, when the committee will plan its future work, which must be completed by June 20.

Ex-Governor Whitman has been recalled for cross-examination by Senator Thompson's counsel, as has Mr. Burke. Frank Moss, who was counsel for the legislative committee which investigated the Public Service Commissions, with Senator Thompson as its Chairman, has been retained by the Senator to conduct the cross-examination of these and other witnesses.

Lost and Found Advertisements on Page Twenty-six.

SOLDIERS INSURED LONGER.

New Ruling Extends Protection 30 Days After Month of Discharge.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Government insurance on the lives of soldiers and sailors will continue automatically for one month after the end of the month in which a man is discharged from the service, even if the beneficiary does not pay his premiums, Henry D. Lindsley, Director of the War Risk Insurance Bureau, announced today. If a man dies within that time the insurance will be paid, but after that time the policy is considered lapsed and will be lost unless application has been made for reinstatement. A lapsed policy will be reinstated if application is made within six months.

These terms are considered sufficiently liberal to eliminate chance of accidental neglect of a policy by a discharged soldier. Attempts now are being made to have discharged men keep their policies in force, so they can be converted into regular life insurance at option within five years.

DIXON'S
GRAPHITE
Transmission and Differential
LUBRICANT

By using Dixon Lubricants the upkeep of your car is reduced and its mileage and usage is increased.
All cars can be kept in far better condition by using Dixon's Lubricants.

Also ask your dealer about Dixon's famous Cup Grease

JOSEPH DIXON CRUCIBLE COMPANY
Jersey City, New Jersey
Established 1827

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Evenings at 8.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
A Carnival of Travesty in 2 Acts and 16 Scenes
"The world's greatest entertainment."—Charles Darnton, Evs. World.

"The World is Mine"
MONTE CRISTO, Jr.
Astonishing assemblage of artists.
A diamond mine of entertainment
The most beautiful women in the world.
Sunday Night Concert
A WONDERFUL ARRAY OF TALENT

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Theatre. MORRIS GEST at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 3800
MIDNIGHT WHIRL

TOBY'S BOW
With NORMAN TREVOR.
REAL COMEDY
at the COMEDY THEATRE
41st St., Near B'way
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
COME-ON CHARLEY

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN
FRIENDLY ENEMIES

"39 East"
With Henry Hull & Constance Binney
(Ideal Lovers of American Stage)
BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way
Evenings 8:30.
$1.50 MATINEE TODAY

2 Crothers Comedies

A Little Journey
With Cyril Keightley & Ethel Dane
VANDERBILT 48th, E. of B'way
Evenings 8:30.
Matinees Wed. and Sat.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Last Matinee Saturday at 2:30.
COURTENAY & WISE
LAST 4 TIMES
"CAPPY RICKS"

EAST IS WEST
With FAY BAINTER
ASTOR THEA. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:10.
Season's Freakiest Musical Play
"TAKE IT FROM ME"

TEA for 3
with ARTHUR BYRON, MARGARET LAWRENCE, FREDERICK PERRY and Others at
Maxine Elliott's Theatre, W. 39th. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30

GARRICK 35, E. of B'way. Greeley 1522. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
Theatre Guild Comedy
BONDS OF INTEREST

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce
PLEASE GET MARRIED
with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro

Plymouth 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:10.
JOHN and LIONEL BARRYMORE in "THE JEST"

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1
Marjorie Rambeau in "The Fortune Teller"
Mat. Today, 25c & 50c.
Next Week: Courtenay & Wise in 'Cappy Ricks'

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
I LOVE YOU
A new farce comedy by WM. LE BARON.
"EVOKES SPONTANEOUS AND RIB-WARMING LAUGHTER."—N. Y. Times.
"IS A PROMISING CANDIDATE FOR A LONG SUMMER RUN."—Mors. World.
"AUDIENCE BEGAN LAUGHING AND KEPT FURIOUSLY AT IT THROUGHOUT THE THREE FAST ACTS."—Herald.
"WITTY TALK AND CONSTANT LAUGHTER."—Sun.
"A THOROUGHLY AMUSING FARCE."—Tribune.

HEADS THE PROCESSION
Come Along
By Bide Dudley & John Louw Nelson
BIG FUN UNIT | BANNER MUSICAL HIT
NORA BAYES THEA., 44th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30.

BIJOU Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
3 FOR DIANA
Wit, Charm and Romance, with MARTHA HEDMAN

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
The Big Musical Comedy Hit
Good Morning Judge
George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

PLAYHOUSE West 48th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY in FOREVER AFTER

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN HITS
BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SPLASH
"TUMBLE-IN"
SELWYN THEATRE. West 42d Street. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
MUSICAL PLAY—DIFFERENT
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL THEATRE. B'way & 47th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE
SOMETIME With Ed. Wynn
CASINO THEATRE, B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Today 50c
A BURGOMASTER OF BELGIUM
Next Week—Melting of Molly

39th St. Theatre, near B'way. Evs., 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Smartest & Brightest of All Musical Successes.
Oh, My Dear!
GOOD SEATS, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.00

"OUR PLEASANT SINS"
With HENRIETTA CROSMAN
"Best Play since 'Paid in Full.'"—Eve. World.
BELMONT THEATRE, 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20.
THE SEASON'S HIT with RICHARD BENNETT | 10TH BIG MONTH
UNKNOWN PURPLE
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., May 5th, at 8:15
—PAQUITA—
MADRIGUERA
Piano Recital. Mgt. Loudon Charlton

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., May 18
ONLY JOINT RECITAL OF ALL TIMES
YSAYE & ELMAN
Tickets 75c to $2.50. Mail Orders to Van Hugo Musical Society, 220 West 42d Street

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily | Pop. Prices
MOLLIE WILLIAMS and Her OWN COMPANY.

GIANTS TO-DAY WITH PHILADELPHIA, 3:30 P. M. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c.

Don't let's lose that over-the-top spirit—

This is just a modest little appeal to the average American who gets his pay envelope every Friday or Saturday night and who has, oh, so many things to do with it.

Don't let's lose that over-the-top spirit which is so typically American.

Your Government needs $4,500,000,000 or it would not have asked for it. And you and I, in our small way, can both of us help to put it over—BIG.

Why, there isn't an American in the country—a real American—who cannot afford just one more bond.

—or who will not be proud to say, in the years to come, that he did his part for democracy:—yes, even though he stayed at home.

As Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass so ably puts it:—

"There are yet two million American boys in France and Germany who must be maintained in comfort and brought home in safety, and provided with employment on their return.

"The honor of the Government is involved. And being your Government, it is your honor that is involved.

"I know that the appeal of the American Government to the American people will meet a response of which the Nation will be proud."

This advertisement is endorsed and paid for by Library Bureau, 316 Broadway, as a part of its effort to "finish the job" of war financing.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40 St. Evgs. at 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette | BARRIE'S BEST PLAY.—Herald. | Dear Brutus

GLOBE B'WAY, 46 ST. Evs. 8:20. LAST 4 Last Matinee Sat., 2:30 TIMES
Times—"AN OVATION"—Herald.
Otis Skinner | His Greatest Success | THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY
NEXT MONDAY NIGHT—Seats TO-DAY
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S SPRING
GLOBE THEATRE PRODUCTION
SHE'S A GOOD FELLOW
A Musical Comedy by ANNE CALDWELL
Music by JEROME KERN.
Company includes Joseph Santley, Anne Orr, Ivy Sawyer, Duncan Sisters, Scott Welsh, Olin Howland, and Globe Theatre Star Chorus.

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow."
The Royal Vagabond
A Cohanized Opera Comique

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:20
GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT CHARACTER COMEDY
A Prince There Was
with GRANT MITCHELL of "A Tailor-Made Man" fame

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30
Mrs. FISKE
in "MISS NELLY OF N'ORLEANS"
A Comedy of Moonshine, Madness and Make Believe

LONGACRE West 48th St., Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
Most fascinating mystery play ever written
THREE FACES EAST
with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20
"Ullo! 'ere's a 'it."
The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee TODAY, 25-75c.
TIGER ROSE with LENORE ULRIC

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15
MATINEES SATURDAY and WED., 2:15.
THE MUSICAL SHOW OF 1,000 LAUGHS!
THE KLAW & ERLANGER'S GALLOP OF FUN AND MELODY
VELVET LADY
MUSIC BY VICTOR HERBERT
ON THE ROOF Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic

LIGHTNIN
GAIETY B'way, 46th St. MAT. TOMORROW Evgs. at 8:30. (Friday) at 2:30.
SMITH-GOLDEN SUCCESSES.
3 WISE FOOLS
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
Henry Miller | Blanche Bates
Holbrook Blinn | Estelle Winwood
in a new play by "MOLIERE"
Philip Moeller

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY at 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents A Comedy of Irish Life
DARK ROSALEEN

HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. LAST 4 Last Matinee Sat., 2:30. TIMES
Margaret Illington | Wilton Lackaye
Robert Edeson | Katharine Kaelred
In the Dramatic "A Good Bad Woman"
Sensation
Next Week "Fires of Faith" Salvation Army Motion Picture Special.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!

Marionettes to Stay!
Tony Sarg takes pleasure in announcing that he has succeeded in postponing his other engagements and next week will continue at the Punch & Judy Theatre, 49th St., east of Broadway, where his Marionettes are playing in Thackeray's "The Rose and the Ring," to capacity audiences."
Every Evening at 8; Mats. Today, Fri. & Sat. at 3. Saturday Morning at 11.
They Are a Triumph!

77th DIVISION PARADE
TUESDAY, MAY 6TH
GRAND STAND
Review Parade from Best Location on Fifth Avenue.
Northeast Corner 95th St. & 5th Av.
Full View Down the Avenue.
RESERVED SEATS
TICKETS $3.00 & $5.00
BOXES $40.00 & $60.00 SEATING SIX
ON SALE AT
McBRIDE'S TICKET OFFICES
Phone 1100 Bryant.
Uptown Office, 1497 Broadway. Downtown Office, 71 Broadway.
HOTELS
Waldorf-Astoria McAlpin Wallick

"Buffalo" Band Concert
Lieut. E. E. Thompson,
367th Inf., U. S. A. Bandmaster,
CARNEGIE HALL,
Saturday, May 3, 8:30 P. M.
Ticket Sale 50c. to $2.00, Fri. and Sat., Box Office. Benefit W. 135th St. Branch Y. M. C. A.

CARNEGIE HALL TONIGHT at 8:30. TOM'W Aft. at 2:30.
NEW SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Mr. ARTUR Bodanzky CONDUCTOR
Tickets 75c to $2. Box Office. NO WAR TAX
April 25 and 26 Tickets good for May 1-2.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT at 8:15.
SONG RECITAL
WILSON LAMB
Tickets $2 to 50 cts. Mgt. Haensel & Jones.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Eve., May 3, at 8:15.
SONG RECITAL
GRAVEURE
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

Loew's American Roof 42d St. W. of B'way. Every Evening at 8:15.
ADELAIDE BELL & WM. S. HALL & CO., BERT WALTON, SIX OTHER BIG ACTS. | All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
SUNDAY EVE., MAY 11TH
TESTIMONIAL TO THE SALVATION ARMY LASSES
(WHO BRAVED THE DANGERS OF THE FRONT)
FROM THE LEADERS OF THE THEATRICAL PROFESSION
Among those who will appear are:

Geo. M. Cohan	Tom Wise
Blanche Bates	Julia Arthur
Alma Clayburgh	Hazel Dawn
Ernest Truex	Sidney Herbert
Johnny Dooley	Bert Williams
Howard Kyle	Harry Davenport
Marion Coakley	Dorothy Dickson
George Beban	Yvette Rugel
Eddie Garvie	Tommy Gray
Jessica Brown	Eric Mayne
Julius Tannen	Robert Middlemas

And Others.
Under the Direction of Daniel Frohman, Geo. M. Cohan, David Belasco, Sam. H. Harris, E. F. Albee, etc.
SEAT SALE OPENS MONDAY
PRICES $1.00 TO $5.00

LEXINGTON
51ST ST., LEX AVE.
Mat. Sat., 2:15. Evs. 8:15.
THIS WEEK
FRANCES FERNE AND BROADWAY PLAYERS
Next Week "Fair and Warmer."
YES or NO

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Mat. Today at 2:15. Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mats. Daily 25c-$1 | BLANCHE RING CHARLEY GRAPEWIN "Hands Across the Sea" | CLIFTON CRAWFORD Ots. HAIG & LOCKETT

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. | ALL FAVORITES' BILL George MacFarlane, Van & Schenck, Four Mortons, Norton & Lee, ots.

GREENWICH Village Thea. 4th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
7th Avenue Subway to Christopher Street
SHAKUNTALA The Great Hindu Love Drama

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. EVE., MAY 6
SONG RECITAL By
EUFEMIA GIANNINI
Tickets 75c to $2.50 at Box Office.

MOTION PICTURES. | MOTION PICTURES.

Even GOD would not Forget—Could not Forgive

HARRY GARSON Presents
BLANCHE SWEET in MAJ. RUPERT HUGHES' Astounding Story
THE UNPARDONABLE SIN
Directed in Person by MARSHALL NEILAN
Your NEIGHBORS will be DISCUSSING it
You Owe it to YOURSELF to SEE it!
FIRST TIME TOMORROW NIGHT 8:30.
BROADWAY THEATRE B'way at 41st St.
DIRECTION B. S. MOSS
DAILY THEREAFTER 12 NOON TO 11 P. M.

Jesse L. Lasky presents
"FIRES of FAITH"
with
Catherine Calvert, Eugene O'Brien & Ruby de Remer
COMMANDER EVANGELINE BOOTH APPEARS IN AUTHENTIC SCENES OF SALVATION ARMY ACTIVITIES.
Produced by Famous Players-Lasky Corporation
Directed by EDWARD JOSE
Scenario by Chas. E. Whittaker.
A love story of the most popular service organization of the Great War.
Begins NEXT MONDAY NIGHT
HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42nd St.
Mats. at 2:20, 25-50. Evgs. 8:20, 25c to $1.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. | CHAS. RAY in "Greased Lightning" Comedy. Soloists. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square | CECIL B. De MILLE'S "For Better, For Worse" Soloists. Scenic RIALTO ORCHESTRA
STRAND B'way at 47 St. | GERALDINE FARRAR "The Stronger Vow" Sennett Comedy STRAND ORCHESTRA
PLAZA. Madison Ave. 59th St. | THE BRAND. By REX BEACH. Drama of the Yukon, with KAY LAURELL of the Follies.
81 st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
CHAS. RAY in his latest "The Sheriff's Son."
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.
Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. 10, 25, 30
MADELINE TRAVERSE. "Love That Dares."

THE 77TH.

Page of interesting pictures of the arrival of the 77th Division, with photographs of officers and mascots, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

YANKEES TAKE RUBBER GAME OF SERIES FROM ATHLETICS BY TIMELY AND EFFECTIVE BATTING

YANKS MAKE BATS SING OUT VICTORY

Timely Hitting Drives Two Pitchers from the Box and Downs Athletics by 5 to 3.

VICK OPENS WITH HOMER

Thormahlen Falters in Sixth and Shawkey Saves Game — Fine Fielding by Mack's Team.

The Yankees unfurled their bats with commendable zest against the Athletics at the Polo Grounds yesterday and batted out a 5 to 3 victory over the Mackmen. It was Sam Vick, the Tennessee thumper, who put the right spirit into his team mates when, in the first inning, he lashed a home run into the left field bleachers. Needle Watson was pitching for the White Elephants at the moment and when he had two strikes on Samuel he considered his task about finished. Vick caught hold of the next ball that Watson heaved and planted it among the popular priced multitude.

Any time the first man up makes a home run against one of his pitchers, Connie Mack considers that a good and sufficient reason for believing that the pitcher isn't quite himself. So after that inning Watson was lifted right out of the game and a left hander, Walter Anderson, made an effort to please.

Herb Thormahlen, one of Huggins' promising left handers, had the Athletic batsmen groping blindly at his twists for five innings but in the sixth Herbert began to distribute bases on balls, two baggers and one thing and another, so with the bases jammed and one out, Bob Shawkey came to the rescue. Robert confined the Mackian activities to one run in the eighth. The Athletics youngsters played the game in apple pie order afield yesterday and didn't make an error. Freddy Thomas at third did some fancy fielding and so did Joey Dugan at short. At times this infant cub of Mack's bubbles like a bottle of old wine.

Anderson was treated roughly by the Yanks in the fifth, so in the next inning Mack sent out one of his best flingers, Geary, to stem the tide and Geary did just that very thing to the said tide.

Ping Bodie didn't seem to have the best interests of the Yankees at heart yesterday in center field. While catching flies Bodie imagined he was back driving rivets, for twice he tried to drive the ball deep into the centre field lawn. Once Ping was saved from an error on Thomas in the seventh, for he retrieved the ball in time to make a force play to Witt at second. Immediately after muffing Thomas's rocket, Ping dropped a balloon which Dugan sent up.

After Vick larruped his home run into the bleachers in the first inning, Peck walked. Pipp was thrown out at first by Dugan and Baker grounded out to Burns. Pratt singled to center scoring Peck. Bodie opened the second inning with a two-base slap off Anderson and went to third on Ruel's infield tap. Thormahlen walked and cluttered up the bases. Vick fanned and Peck lifted a fly to Roth in right field. Bodie then showed unusual speed and beat Roth's throw home for another run.

Pipp opened the fifth inning with an infield hit on which Shannon made a great stop. Baker and Pratt were easy outs at first and then Duffy Lewis ripped a single to left and scored Pipp. Bodie's single sent Lewis to third and Anderson then passed Ruel and filled the bases. Anderson became incorrigible and passed Thormahlen, forcing Lewis home with another tally.

It was easy riding for Thormahlen until the sixth when he lost control. The Mackmen got a run in the third when Dugan singled, went to second on Perkins' demise at first and scored when Shannon singled to right. In the sixth Perkins walked and so did Grover, who batted for Anderson. Shannon forced Grover at second and Merlin Kopp whaled a two-bagger to right which sent Perkins home, and Shannon went to third. Thormahlen was frightfully upset and walked Roth, filling the bases. Shawkey came in at this moment and Burns hoisted a high foul fly back of third. Pipp made a fine catch and Shannon tried to score after the grab, but Pipp shot the ball home to Ruel, in sliding home Shannon overlooked the important duty of touching the base. In pitching himself out of an excavation Shawkey did a pretty bit of flinging.

There was one more little kick in the Athletics and this was registered in the eighth. Shannon walked and went to second on Ruel's bad toss to first to which he could not summon napping. Shannon went to third on a passed ball. After Kopp and Roth were out Burns walked. Whitey Witt plastered a single to center which scored Shannon.

The score:

NEW YORK. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vick,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Peck,3b	4	1	1	1	1
Pipp,1b	4	1	1	8	1
Pratt,ss	4	0	1	2	3
Bodie,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Ruel,c	3	0	0	7	0
Thormahlen,p	2	0	0	0	1
aGrover	1	0	0	0	0
Shawkey,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	6	21	6

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shannon,2b	4	1	2	1	0
Kopp,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Roth,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Burns,1b	3	0	0	10	1
Witt,cf	3	0	1	1	0
Thomas,3b	3	0	0	1	4
Dugan,ss	4	1	2	3	4
Perkins,c	2	1	0	2	1
Watson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Anderson,p	1	0	0	0	1
bWalker	1	0	0	0	0
cKinney	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	3	6	28	12

Errors—Bodie, Ruel.

a Vick out, hit by his own batted ball.
b Batted for Perkins in ninth inning.
c Batted for Geary in ninth inning.

New York	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—5
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0—3

Two-base hits—Dugan, Bodie, Kopp. Home run—Vick. Sacrifice hit—Lewis. Sacrifice fly—Peckinpaugh. Double plays—Baker, Pratt, and Pipp; Burns, Dugan, and Burns; Pipp and Ruel. Left on bases—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 7. First base on error—Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Watson, 1; Anderson, 4; Thormahlen, 3; Shawkey, 3. Hits—Off Watson, 4 in 1 inning; Anderson, 1 in 4; Geary, 1 in 3; Thormahlen, 4 in 5 1-3; Shawkey, 2 in 3 2-3. Struck out—By Thormahlen, 1; Shawkey, 2; Anderson, 1. Passed ball—Ruel, 1. Winning pitcher—Thormahlen. Losing pitcher—Watson.

CALDWELL BEATS SENATORS

Former Yankee Clinches Series for Red Sox.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Boston made it three out of four in the series with Washington by winning today, 6 to 1. Both Thompson and Shaw were hit hard by the visitors, while Caldwell was effective at all stages. Hooper got a double and three singles in five times at bat.

The score.

BOSTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper,rf	5	1	4	1	0
Barry,2b	4	1	1	4	5
Strunk,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Gainer,lf	4	1	2	1	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	1	11	0
Vitt,3b	4	1	1	1	0
Scott,ss	4	0	1	2	3
Mehlenl,c	4	1	2	4	1
Caldwell,p	3	0	1	0	0
Total	37	6	15	27	10

WASHINGTON. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Judge,1b	4	0	0	10	1
Foster,3b	3	0	2	2	4
Milan,cf	3	1	0	3	0
Rice,rf	4	0	0	1	1
Shanks,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Menosky,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Henrich,2b	3	0	1	2	0
aShanley	1	0	0	0	0
Craft,p	0	0	0	0	0
bJohnson	1	0	1	0	0
Picinich,c	4	0	2	5	4
Thompson,p	0	0	0	0	0
Shaw,p	2	0	1	0	2
Leonard,2b	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	1	7	27	15

a Batted for Jeavrin in eighth.
b Batted for Craft in ninth.
Errors—Milan, Picinich.

Boston	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0—6
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Two-base hit—Hooper. Sacrifice hits—Barry, Caldwell, Scott. Double play—Barry, Scott, and McInnis. Left on bases—Boston, 5; Washington, 7. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 3; Shaw, 1. Hits—Off Thompson, 7 in 2 1-3 innings; Shaw, 6 in 3 2-3. Struck out—By Caldwell, 4; Shaw, 4; Craft, 1. Losing pitcher—Thompson.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
Boston, 6; Washington, 1.
Chicago, 9; Detroit, 7.
Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Boston, 2. (10 innings.)
Brooklyn, 9; Philadelphia, 9. (20 innings—game called, darkness.)
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati. (Postponed—rain.)
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	6	1	.857
Boston	4	1	.800
Cleveland	3	1	.750
New York	2	3	.500
Philadelphia	2	3	.400
Washington	2	4	.333
Detroit	1	4	.200
St. Louis	1	5	.167

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Cincinnati	6	0	1.000
Brooklyn	4	1	.800
New York	3	2	.600
Philadelphia	3	2	.600
Chicago	3	3	.500
Pittsburgh	2	3	.400
St. Louis	1	6	.143
Boston	0	5	.000

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Boston at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Chicago.

GIANTS VICTORS IN TENTH.

Fight Uphill Battle and Defeat Boston 5 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 30.—The Giants went ten innings with the Braves today and pulled out a brilliant victory in the extra frame by a score of 5 to 2. It was and up-hill fight that the Giants waged to a successful termination, and John McGraw brought sixteen players into the fray. George Smith, John Paul Jones, and Cecil Causey divided the box work for the Giants, and Arthur Nehf and Northrop hurled for Boston. A base on balls which Smith issued to Riggert in the second inning paved the way for the Braves' first run. Holke followed with a single to centre. Maranville hit into a double play engulfing himself and Holke, but Tragressor, who got into the line up when Arthur Wilson was banished by Umpire Morgan in the first inning, singled to left scoring Riggert.

For six innings the Giants made futile attempts to hit the offerings of Nehf, but with one out in the seventh, Doyle slammed the ball between Riggert and Powell for three bases. Benny Kauff, who is not hitting at his usual clip, was pitched away in favor of Jim Thorpe and the big Indian chased Larry over the plate with a single to right, tying the score.

Jones faced the Boston batters in their half of the same inning and was nicked for a run that put the Braves in the lead again. He fanned Tragressor, but Nehf singled to right and Kelly pushed Nehf around to third with a single past Doyle. The Braves then worked a squeeze play successfully, Nehf scoring on Herzog's tap in front of the plate which Jones was slow in fielding.

The Giants knotted the count in the ninth. Doyle opened with his second triple, Thorpe fouled to Tragressor, but Zimmerman drove a long sacrifice fly to Riggert and Doyle scored.

Causey went to the hill for the Giants in this inning and managed to keep the Braves away from the plate, and in the tenth the Giants sewed up the pastime. McCarty banged a single to centre and Barnes was sent in to run for him. Causey hit to Red Smith, whose throw to Herzog to head Barnes off at second was wide, and both men were safe. Burns drew a pass to first and the sacks were loaded, and King lashed the pellet to right for a base, scoring Barnes and Causey, putting Burns on third, but Doyle walked and Thorpe sent a sacrifice fly to Riggert scoring Burns.

The score:

NEW YORK. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Young,rf	3	0	0	1	0
King,rf	2	0	1	1	0
Chase,1b	5	0	0	11	1
Doyle,2b	4	2	2	6	4
Kauff,cf	2	0	0	0	0
Thorpe,cf	2	0	1	2	0
Zimmerman,3b	3	0	0	1	2
Sicking,ss	4	0	1	2	0
McCarty,c	2	0	1	2	3
E. Smith,c	0	0	0	0	0
G. Smith,p	0	0	0	0	0
Jones,p	0	0	0	0	0
Causey,p	1	1	0	0	2
aDubuc	1	0	0	0	0
bBarnes	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	5	5	30	10

BOSTON. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kelly,lf	5	0	2	3	0
Herzog,2b	4	0	1	0	1
Powell,rf	2	0	1	1	0
J. Smith,3b	5	0	1	0	8
Riggert,cf	3	1	0	5	0
Holke,1b	4	0	3	9	0
Maranville,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Tragressor,c	3	0	1	8	2
Nehf,p	4	1	2	0	0
Northrop,p	0	0	0	0	0
cMiller	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	2	10	30	10

a Batted for G. Smith in seventh.
b Ran for McCarty in tenth.
c Batted for Tragesser in tenth.
Errors—Doyle, Sicking, J. Smith.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	5
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2

Two-base hit—Zimmerman. Three-base hits—Doyle, (2.) Stolen bases—Burns, Powell, (2.) Herzog. Sacrifice hit—Herzog. Sacrifice flies—Zimmerman, Thorpe. Double plays—Sicking to Doyle to Chase; Sicking to McCarty to Zimmerman. Left on bases—New York, 7; Boston, 12. First base on errors—Boston, 2; New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off G. Smith, 1; Jones, 3; Causey, 1; Nehf, 3; Northrop, 2. Hits—Off Nehf, 9 in 8 innings; Northrop, 2 in 2; G. Smith, 7 in 6; Jones, 2 in 2; Causey, 1 in 2. Struck out—By Jones, 2; Nehf, 6; Northrop 1. Wild pitch—Jones. Passed ball—McCarty. Winning pitcher—Causey. Losing pitcher—Northrop.

ERRORS COST TIGERS GAME.

White Sox Make It Three Straight by 9 to 7 Score.

DETROIT, April 30.—Combining timely hitting with Detroit's misplays, Chicago won the third straight game today, 9 to 7.

The score:

CHICAGO. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	3	3	1	1	1
Weaver,3b	4	1	0	0	2
Collins,2b	5	2	1	3	4
Jackson,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Felsch,cf	5	0	2	3	0
Gandil,1b	5	0	0	9	0
Risberg,ss	4	1	1	2	4
Schalk,c	3	1	1	7	1
Kerr,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	34	9	8	27	13

DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush,ss	4	1	1	2	0
Jones,3b	3	1	1	1	4
Cobb,cf	5	1	3	0	0
Veach,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Heilmann,1b	4	1	3	15	0
Flagstead,rf	5	0	1	2	0
Ellison,2b	4	0	2	3	5
Stanage,c	4	0	0	4	4
Erickson,p	2	0	0	0	4
aDyer	1	0	0	0	0
Cun'gham,p	0	1	0	0	0
Total	36	7	12	27	17

a Batted for Erickson in seventh.

Chicago	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	4—9
Detroit	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3—7

Two-base hits—Jackson, Veach, Heilman, Flagstead, Collins, Jones. Stolen bases—Collins, Veach, Heilman. Sacrifice hits—Weaver, Kerr, 2. Sacrifice flies—Heilman, Veach. Double play—Collins to Gandil. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Detroit, 8. Bases on balls—Off Erickson, 3; Kerr, 4; Cunningham, 2. Hits—Off Erickson, 7 in 7 innings; off Cunningham, 1 in 2. Struck out—By Erickson, 1; Kerr, 5. Losing pitcher—Erickson.

Southern Association Scores.

At Little Rock-Nashville, wet grounds.
At Memphis-Chattanooga, rain.
Birmingham, 4; New Orleans, 3. Batteries, Signon and Peters; Robertson and Deberry.
Atlanta, 5; Mobile, 5. Batteries, Hasty and Neidenkorn; Day and Coleman.

American Association Scores.

St. Paul, 7; Louisville, 0. Batteries, Hall and Hargrave; Friday, Mies and Kocher.
Indianapolis, 2; Milwaukee, 1. Batteries, Howard and Shumpf; Cavet and Conetti.

SUPERBAS BATTLE TO 20-INNING TIE

Darkness Ends Long and Exciting Fray in Philadelphia with Score at 9 All.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—The Phillies and Robins battled to a bitter twenty-inning draw this afternoon. Each team had scored nine runs when Umpire Klem called the game on account of darkness. It was a pitchers' struggle between Burleigh Grimes and Joe Oeschger. In their half of the nineteenth inning the Robins scored three runs and apparently had won the contest, but the Phillies fought back like tigers and tied the score.

In the Robins' half of the nineteenth Zack Wheat struck out with Olsen and Griffith on the bases, but Hy Myers drove the ball into the left field bleachers for a home run. Several times after the ninth frame Myers robbed Philly batters of extra base hits by making what seemed to be impossible catches.

In the last half of the nineteenth Griffith opened the way for the Phillies when he dropped a fly off Williams. Bancroft forced Williams. Luderus singled, and another single by Whitted scored Bancroft. Baird was tossed out, and Meusel, batting for Pearce, walked, filling the bases. Cravath, batting for Cady, doubled off the right field wall and Luderus and Whitted scored. Meusel was run down between third and home for the third out.

Grimes and Oeschger both pitched great ball after the ninth frame. The Brooklyn pitcher allowed only one hit in the first nine extra innings.

The Phillies made their first run in the opening frame when, after one man had been retired, Williams shot a single to right and scored when Bancroft hit to deep right for three bases. The Robins came back in the second inning and took the lead on successive singles by Myers, Koney, Malone, and Krueger, which resulted in two tallies. In the following round the Robins pounced on Oeschger's curves for four more safe blows, and before the side was retired three Brooklyn runs were recorded. With one out and Griffith on first, Wheat singled and Myers followed with a double, which scored Griffith and sent Wheat to third. Koney then singled, scoring Myers and his Captain.

The Phillies in their half of the same inning after the first two men were retired took a liking to the offerings of Grimes and doubles by Luderus and Baird, coupled with a single by Bancroft and a pass to Whitted, resulted in three runs.

Neither side scored therafter until the eighth, when the Phillies took the lead by scoring two runs. The Robins tied the score in the ninth. Krueger was safe on Baird's fumble. Hickman, who ran for the catcher, was sacrificed to second by Cook and scored on Olsen's drive. He second when Pearce fumbled Magee's grounder.

In the fourteenth inning both teams gave each other a scare. With two out, the Robins had the bases filled, but Zach Wheat ended the rally by hitting to Pearce, who tossed him out. The Phillies also had the bases filled and two outs when Grimes pulled himself together and fanned Baird.

The score:

BROOKLYN. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson,ss	9	1	2	6	0
Magee,2b	9	0	0	2	5
Griffith,rf	8	2	4	2	1
Z. Wheat,lf	8	1	1	2	0
Myers,cf	8	3	5	1	0
Konetchy,1b	8	0	2	24	2
Malone,3b	8	0	1	4	3
Krueger,c	4	0	1	5	2
aHickman	0	1	0	0	0
M. Wheat,c	4	0	2	6	0
Grimes,p	8	0	1	2	2
Total	75	9	23	60	30

PHILADELPHIA.(N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Callahan,rf	9	0	2	1	1
Williams,cf	8	1	1	4	0
Bancroft,ss	10	2	2	6	7
Luderus,1b	8	3	4	23	4
Whi'ted,lf,2b	7	2	1	5	1
Baird,3b	9	1	2	4	1
Pearce,2b	3	0	1	4	6
bMeusel,lf	1	0	0	0	1
Cady,c	8	0	1	5	3
bCravath	1	0	1	0	0
Oeschger,c	1	0	0	0	0
cOeschger,p	8	0	0	3	4
Total	76	9	15	60	34

a Batted for Cady in nineteenth.
b Ran for Krueger in ninth.
Errors—Griffith, Konetchy, Bancroft, Baird, Pearce.

Brooklyn	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	9—9
Phila	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0—9

Two-base hits—Luderus, (2.) Cady, Baird, Cravath, Myers. Three-base hit—Bancroft. Home run—Myers. Stolen base—Callahan. Sacrifice hits—Konetchy, Grimes, Griffith, M. Wheat, Whitted, Callahan. Double plays—Bancroft and Luderus; Luderus, Bancroft, and Luderus. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 15; Philadelphia, 12. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Base on balls—Off Oeschger, 5; off Grimes, 7. Struck out—By Oeschger, 2; by Grimes, 7.

CUBS APPLY WHITEWASH.

Beat the Cardinals in a One-Sided Game by 4 to 0.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Douglas today shut out the St. Louis Nationals while the Chicago club made eight hits off Meadows and won, 4 to 0, in a rather one-sided game. Barber, who replaced Mann in left field, scored three of the Chicago runs, making two triples and a double in four times at bat.

The score:

CHICAGO. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Hollocher,ss	4	0	1	1	3
Barber,lf	4	3	3	2	0
Paskert,cf	3	1	3	4	0
Merkle,1b	4	0	1	11	0
Pick,2b	4	0	0	3	5
Deal,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Killefer,c	3	0	1	9	0
Douglas,p	3	0	1	1	7
Total	33	4	9	27	12

ST. LOUIS. (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotton,lf	4	0	2	1	0
Smith,rf	4	0	2	1	0
Heathcote,cf	3	0	0	4	0
Hornsby,ss	4	0	0	0	8
Stock,3b	3	0	0	2	0
Paulette,1b	3	0	0	9	0
Oruise,2b	3	0	0	4	4
Shults,lb	3	0	0	4	1
Snyder,c	2	0	0	5	0
Meadows,p	2	0	0	0	2
aClemons	1	0	0	0	0
Tuero,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	0	4	30	15

a Batted for Meadows in eighth.
Error—Schulte.

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Paskert, Killifer, Barber. Three-base hits—Barber, 2. Home run—Paskert. Stolen bases—Smith, Barber, Merkle. Sacrifice hit—Smith. Double play—Douglas to Pick to Merkle. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 6. First on error—Chicago, 1. Base on balls—Off Douglas, 5; Tuero, 1. Hits—Off Meadows, 7 in 7 innings. Struck out—By Douglas, 2; Meadows, 3. Losing pitcher—Meadows.

CLEVELAND BUNCHES HITS.

Indians Pile Up Lead and Beat the Browns, 4 to 2.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Bunched hits in the first and second innings off Wellman gave Cleveland a lead which St. Louis could not overcome, and Cleveland won today's game, 4 to 2. Opposing Wellman was George Uhle, who made his big league début.

The score:

CLEVELAND. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney,lf	3	1	1	3	0
Chapman,ss	5	1	2	4	1
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Wood,rf	4	0	1	4	0
Gardner,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Wambsg'a,2b	4	1	3	3	4
Johnston,1b	3	0	0	7	0
O'Neill,c	4	1	2	8	0
Uhle,p	3	0	0	0	4
Coumbe	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	4	11	27	10

ST. LOUIS. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin,lf	4	1	2	4	0
Gedeon,2b	2	0	0	1	1
Sisler,1b	5	0	0	4	0
Williams,cf	4	1	2	7	0
Demmitt,rf	4	0	2	1	0
Bronkie,3b	3	0	0	1	1
aMayer	1	0	0	0	0
Austin,3b	3	0	0	0	0
Gerber,ss	3	0	2	4	2
Severeid,c	4	0	1	5	1
Wellman,P	0	0	0	0	1
Lowd'm'lk,p	1	0	0	0	0
bJacobson	1	0	0	0	0
Koob,p	2	0	0	0	3
cBillings	1	0	0	0	0
Leifield,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	35	2	9	27	8

a Batted for Bronkie in seventh.
b Batted for Lowdermilk in fourth.
c Batted for Koob in eighth.
Error—Johnston.

Cleveland	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Wood, Gerber, Graney, Speaker, Tobin. Three-base hits—O'Neill, Tobin. Sacrifice hits—Johnston, Gedeon. Sacrifice fly—Wood. Double play—Severeid and Gerber. Left on bases—Cleveland, 7; St. Louis, 13. Bases on balls—Off Uhle, 5; Coumbe, 1; Lowdermilk, 1; Leifield, 1. Hits—Off Uhle, 8 in 6 1-3 innings; Coumbe, 1 in 2 2-3; Lowdermilk, 1 in 2 1-3; Wellman, 6 in 1 2-3; Koob, 3 in 4; Leifield, 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Lowdermilk, (Wood.) Struck out—By Uhle, 3; Coumbe, 2; Wellman, 1; Lowdermilk, 2; Koob, 2. Winning pitcher—Uhle. Loser—Wellman.

GIANTS COME HOME TODAY.

Open Season Here with the Phillies as Opponents.

The Giants will open their home season at the Polo Grounds this afternoon with the long-winded Phillies in opposition. The game will start at 3:30, but the gates will open at 1 o'clock, and Pat Conway and his brass band will entertain the spectators until the baseball festivities begin. It will be the first appearance of the club under the ownership of Charles A. Stoneham, Manager McGraw, and Francis X. McQuade, and a big crowd will be out to welcome the new owners.

President Robert Moran of the Board of Aldermen will throw out the first ball, and among the other distinguished guests will be General Thomas H. Barry and his staff, from Governors Island. Before the game starts both the Giants and Phillies will hold a parade down to the centre field flagpole, where the band will play while the national flag is flung to the breeze.

The Phillies' new manager, Jack Coombs, will make his first appearance here in his new job, and a number of Jack's friends will be on hand to give him a rousing reception. The Giants' opening each year is a big event in baseball, and all of Broadway will set aside its frivolities to be there. Christy Mathewson, now assistant manager to McGraw, will be welcomed back to his old stamping ground, and Hal Chase will be seen in Giants' spangles at first base.

The probable lineup of the clubs follows:

GIANTS.	PHILADELPHIA.
Burns,lf.	Callahan,rf.
Young,rf.	Williams,cf.
Chase,1b.	Bancroft,ss.
Doyle,2b.	Luderus,1b.
Kauff,cf.	Whitted,lf.
Zimmerman,3b.	Baird,3b.
Sicking or Fletcher,ss.	Pearce,2b.
McCarty,c.	Adams,c.
Barnes or Benton,p.	Packard or Prendergast,p.

BRAVES PLAY IN BROOKLYN.

Dodgers Open Season at Ebbets Field Today.

The National League season will open today at Ebbets Field in Brooklyn with all the fancy fixings. The Boston Braves will oppose the Dodgers, and it is possible that Hank Gowdy may get into the game for Boston. Shannon's old reliable band will be there, and Surrogate George A. Wingate will throw out the first ball. The game will start at 3:30.

The Brooklyn and Boston players, headed by Managers Robinson and Stallings, will parade out to centre field and take part in the flag-raising exercises. The probably line-up of the clubs follows:

BROOKLYN.	BOSTON.
Olson,ss.	Kelly,lf.
Magee,2b.	Herzog,2b.
Griffith,rf.	Powell,rf.
Wheat,lf.	Smith,3b.
Myers,cf.	Riggert,cf.
Konetchy,1b.	Holke,1b.
Malone,3b.	Maranville,ss.
Krueger,c.	Gowdy or Wilson,c.
Pfeffer,p.	Ragan,p.

TIGERS DEFEAT LAFAYETTE.

Kirkland Holds Visiting Batsmen to a Lone Single.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., April 30.—The Princeton nine defeated Lafayette here this afternoon, 5 to 1. The Tigers took kindly to the offerings of Moyer, the Lafayette pitching star, while Kirkland let the Pennsylvanians down with a single hit.

Princeton played an errorless game and hit the ball harder than in any previous battle this season. Bade, the Tiger captain, was the individual star of the game with three clean hits in as many trips to the plate.

Princeton scored twice in the first inning on three hits and a sacrifice and then reached Moyer in the fifth for four hits and three runs.

The score:

PRINCETON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Strubling,cf	4	2	1	4	0
Rogers,lf	2	2	1	1	0
Cade,3b	3	0	3	0	4
Trimble,c	4	0	1	8	2
Bauhan,2b	4	0	1	1	4
Keyes,ss	4	0	0	1	2
Scheerer,rf	3	0	0	0	0
Harvey,1b	4	0	0	12	0
Kirkland,p	4	1	1	0	0
Total	32	5	8	27	12

LAFAYETTE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Wolbach,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Keating,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Anderson,1b	3	0	0	10	0
Chilson,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Bleber,ss	2	1	0	1	5
Kimball,3b	0	0	0	1	2
Wells,2b	3	0	0	1	1
Buechner,c	3	0	0	7	3
Mo

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Blake, Col. G. V.; Carmody, Capt. M. H., and Blanchard, 1st Lt. H. G., hon. discharged.

McBrayer, Lt. Col. C. E., to Camp Dodge.

Mlhason, Lt. Col. E. L., to Hosp. No. 2 at Ft. McHenry.

Following promoted to be Lieut.-Cols.:

MAJORS.

Butler, G.R.	Moschcowitz, A.V.	Winders, F.
Harlow, W.P.	Callender, G.R.	Greene, C.L.
Monaghan, W.J.		Frazier, C.H.

Following promoted to be Majors:

CAPTAINS.

Corper, H.J.	Motley, J.C.	Cooper, J.R.
Baker, R.DeW.	Cleary, E.W.	Erdman, S.
Chace, A.F.	Torrey, R.G.	Sanders, R.L.
Jackson, A.D.	Grey, A.W.	Yount, C.C.
McCleave, T.C.	Smith, P.	Scarborough, J.I.
Oser, R.B.	Sladen, F.J.	Thorburn, G.
Fish, H.S.	Francis, F.D.	
Ranz, W.E	Sprunt, C.P.	

Hench, Maj. J. M., to Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines.

Hodges, Maj. F. M., will report to Surg. Gen. for temp. duty.

Smith, Maj. A. B., to Hosp. No. 16, at New Haven.

Phillips, Maj. C. E., and Phillips, 1st Lt. E. W., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Pim, Maj. L. T., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.

Collins, Capt. E. W., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.

Burby, Capt. B. F., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May.

Allen, Capt. D. K., to Hoboken.

Murray, Capt. F. H., to Camp Dix.

Schumn, Capt. H. C., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.

Lowenthal, Capt. A. J.; McBride, Capt. G. E.; Mayberry, Capt. I. W.; Hompes, Capt. J. J., and Bulderry, 1st Lt. F. C., to Camp Funston as members of the Board of Medical Examiners.

Ossman, Capt. L. N., to Camp Sherman.

Frank, Capt. L. W., to Hosp. No. 22, at Philadelphia.

Taylor, Capt. H. W., to Camp Devens.

Hawkins, Capt. E. L., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Benj. Harrison.

Bigler, 1st Lt. M. T., to Ft. Bliss, with Ambulance Co. No. 10.

Voss, 1st Lt. S. N., to Hosp. No. 40, at St. Louis.

Kulp, 1st Lt. R. R., to Camp Dodge.

Miller, 1st Lt., D. Y., to Brownsville, Tex.

McCormick, 1st Lt., T. F., to Call Field.

Mills, 1st Lt. W. E., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C.

Bacon, 1st Lt. C. M., to Camp Funston.

Infantry.

Wollnough, Col. J. B., to Mankato, Minn., as inspector instructor of the Nat. Guard of Minnesota.

Bailey, Lt. Col. A. H., to Ft. Logan for recruiting ser.

Barrett, Maj. R. H., assigned to 13th.

Brock, Maj. W. T., to Camp Taylor, with 5th.

Ransom, Maj. R. B., to Philippine Dept., with 15th.

Esteves, Maj. L. R., hon discharged as Major only.

Mullins, Maj. C. L., Jr., detailed as asst. prof. of mil. science, Univ. of Illinois.

Jones, Maj. W. H., Jr.; Gullion, Maj. W. C.; Leahire, Capt. F. A.; Morgan, Capt. C. F.; Edwards, Capt. J. J., and Davis, 1st Lt. T. D. relieved from assignment to 20th.

Clothier, Capt. A. W., and Ecker, Capt. C. E., to Nogales, Ariz., with 25th.

Tucker, Capt. J. H., to Camp Merritt.

Redd, Capt. J. T., to Hoboken, under direction of Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic.

Landreth, Capt. M. L., to Camp Meade with overseas replacement depot.

Nevins, Capt. A. S., assigned to 57th, at Camp Pike.

Following to Philippine Dept., for assignment to 16th:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Ryan, 1st Lt. T. A., A.E.F., promoted to be a Capt.

Campbell, 1st Lt. R. L., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at the Negro Agriculture and Technical College of North Carolina.

Witney, 1st Lt. L. A.; Brennan, 1st Lt. S. W., and Randall, 1st Lt. C. B., A.E.F., promoted to be Captains.

Quartermaster Corps.

Brubaker, Maj. H. C., relieved as Const. Qm. for coast defenses of Narragansett Bay, Southern New England, and will turn over to his successor, 1st Lieut. H. A. Fish, all funds, &c., pertaining thereto.

McDonough, Maj. J. R., to temp. duty in office of Department Qm., Eastern Dept., re closing out property accountability before discharge.

Long, Maj. T. W., from duty as disbursing officer for const. funds at Ft. Crockett, and will turn over to his successor, 1st Lt. H. A. Fish, all funds, &c., pertaining thereto.

Bradley, Maj. S. W., to Belling Field as Const. Qm.

Yokes, Capt. W. S., will report to Dir. of Finance.

Strout, Capt. E. B., from duty as disbursing officer for constructing funds at Ft. St. Philip and Jackson Barracks, and will turn over to his successor, 1st Lt. H. A. Fish, all funds, &c., pertaining thereto.

Meakes, Capt. G. H., will report to Cmdg. Off. at Charleston, Gen. Ord. Depot.

Moore, 1st Lt. C. M., will report to Chief of Const. Div.

Weernagner, 1st Lt. W. S., to Hosp. No. 24 at Pittsburgh.

Garrett, 1st Lt. G. B.; Billetdoux, 1st Lt. E. W., and de Bruin, 1st Lt. G., A. E. F., promoted to be Captains.

Ordnance Department.

Booton, Lt. Col. J. G., to Washington.

Hagans, Capt. M. H. P., to New York.

Muir, Capt. M. S., to Chicago, under Dir. of Pur., Stge. and Traff.

Marting, Capt. D. H., A. E. F., promoted to be a Major.

Hippe, 1st Lt. E.; Myers, 1st Lt. E. H.; Thomas, 1st Lt. F.; Holmes, 1st Lt. D. E., and Dernan, 1st Lt. H. J., A. E. F., promoted to be Captains.

Russo, 1st Lt. P., to Ft. Hancock.

Coast Artillery.

Hayden, Col. F. L., to Coast Defenses of Puget Sound and assume command.

Mitchell, Col. R. M., to Ft. Moultrie.

Porter, Col. W. N., hon. discharged as a Col. only.

Holmer, Lt. Col. F. A., to Canal Zone and will report to Cmdg. Off. Panama Coast Art. Dist., Ft. Grant.

Clark, Lt. Col. T. A., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, Ohio.

Francis, 1st Lt. L. L., to Ft. Hancock.

Sanitary Corps.

Hepburn, Capt. A., to Hosp. 38, at Eastview, N. Y.

Stowe, 1st Lt. B. S., to Hosp. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.

Metcalf, 1st Lt. J. T., will report to Surg. Gen.

Engineers.

Smith, Col. C. S., detailed for consultation or to superintend the construction or repair of any aid to navigation authorized in the 10th Lighthouse Dist., relieving Col. J. G. Warren.

Borges, Col. F. C., detailed as a member of the General Staff Corps.

Hall, Capt. A. S., to Camp Humphreys.

Gentry, Capt. R. H., attached to Motor Transport Corps and will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston.

Bain, Capt. A. J., and Guthrie, 1st Lt. V. R., will report to cmdg.off., Ft. Monroe, to be assigned to duty at Coast Art. Training Centre there.

Signal Corps.

Keys, Capt. W., to Charleston, S. C., as cmdg.off. of 5th Service Co., Sig.Corps.

Hanskat, 1st Lt. V. L. C., A.E.F., promoted to be a Capt.

Thompson, 1st Lt. J. J., to Hosp. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.

Cavalry.

Beach, Col. F. H., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Kinney, Capt. J., hon. discharged as Capt. only.

Gibson, 1st Lt. H., 1st Cav., provisional appointment in reg. army is made permanent.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Jackman, Capt. J., F.A., A.E.F., promoted to be a Major.

Dupre, 1st Lt. W. K.; Cassidy, 1st Lt. B. F. M., and Todd, 1st Lt. W. W., (Q.M.C.), A.E.F., promoted to be Capts.

Air Service.

Oliver, Maj. P. A., to Wilbur Wright Air Service Depot; Fairfield, Ohio, and assume command.

Field Artillery.

Hollingsworth, Lt. Col. C. P., assigned to 82d at Camp Knox.

Zimmerman, Maj. G. C., to Ft. Sill for assignment to 9th.

Miscellaneous.

Caldwell, Brig. Gen. V. A., (Col. of Inf.,) detailed as prof. of mil. tactics at Univ. of Oregon.

Mitchell, Col. H. E., Tank Corps, to Washington for temp. duty.

Strong, Maj. Gen. F. S., will report to Chief of Staff.

Meade, Lt. Col. W. G., hon. discharged as Lt. Col. only.

Sigueland, Maj. T. A., relieved from duty as acting mil. attache and acting Qm. Denmark, upon arrival of his successor.

Clark, Capt. H. T., retired, to Port Clinton, Ohio.

Rasmussen, Capt. N., Ambulance Service, will report to Surg. Gen.

Peterson, Capt. P., will report to Cmdg. Off., P. B., Discip. Barracks, at Alcatraz Island, Cal.

Thompson, Capt. G. L., (Q. M. C.) A. E. F., promoted to be a Major in Transportation Corps.

Ball, Capt. W. L.; Schwartz, Capt. F. H., (Sig. Corps,) and Ritchie, Capt. D. S., Bartlett, Capt. F. M., will report to Director of Air Service.

Fort, 1st Lt. E. H., transferred to Hosp. 2 at Ft. McHenry, sick.

(Inf., A. E. F., promoted to be Majors in Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.

King, Capt. A.; Neagle, Capt. F. E., and Bush, Capt. W. H., A. E. F., promoted to be Majors in Judge Advocate Gen.'s Dept.

Hunt, Capt. D. F., Inf.; Knox, Capt. J. H., Inf., and Ernshaw, Capt. A. C., Inf., A. E. F., promoted to be Majors in Postal Express Service.

Hansell, 1st Lt. J. M., Air Service; Batschy, 1st Lt. J. M., Inf., and Cameron, 1st Lt. J. W., A. E. F., promoted to be Captains in Transp. Corps.

Cassidy, 1st Lt. J. J., and Wolfolk, 1st Lt. J. McK., A. E. F., are promoted to be Capts. in Adjt. Gen.'s Dept.

Meigs, 1st Lt. C. P., to Camp Upton

Resignations.

Tuckers, W. M., Cav., as Temp. Capt. and Blanchard, E. H., F. A., as Temp. Capt. and Prov. 1st Lt.

Ives, Prov. 1st Lt. S. E., F. A.

Troland, T. E., C. A. C., and Brown, W. C., Jr., Cav., as Temp. 1st Lts. and Prov. 2d Lts.

Leaves.

Babbitt, Brig. Gen. E. B., 14 days.

Dengler, Col. F. L., Gen. Staff, 14 days.

Christofferson, Capt. E. A., M. C., 14 days.

Green, Capt. P. F., M. C., 1 month.

Bell, Capt. H. W., F. A., 10 days.

Rucker, Capt. E. W., Jr., Air Service, 1 month.

Mellon, Capt. J. H., Philippine Scouts, 2 months.

Herbine, Capt. H. S., F. A., 2 months ext.

Newhauser, 1st Lt. J. F., Inf., 15 days ext.

Bumbolek, 1st Lt. J. L., Inf., 1 month ext.

Caldwell, 1st Lt. H. C., Inf., 2 months ext.

Busk, 1st Lt. J. R., Inf., 3 months.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Bureau of Navigation today published the following orders:

Caperton, Admiral W. B., from commander in chief of Pacific Fleet, to Naval Operations.

White, Capt. R. D., from cruiser and transport force, to command the Northern Pacific.

Farquhar, Comdr. A. S., from the Clemson, to command the Crowninshield when commissioned.

Stevens, Comdr. L. M., from the Graf Waldersee, to command the Burns when commissioned.

Devalin, Capt. C. M., from Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, to Naval Hosp. at New Orleans.

Demott, Lt. Cmdr. M. D., from the Graf Waldersee, to command the Ingram.

Hancock, Lt. Cmdr. J. R., from Bridgeport, Conn., to command the S-2.

Thomas, Lt. Cmdr. R. G., from the O-15 to the Lake Torpedo Boat Co., at Bridgeport, Conn.

Shea, Lt. Cmdr. F. L., from the South Carolina, to the Zeppelin as exec. off.

Odlin, Lt. Cmdr. L. A., from aide for supply and trans. to Naval Forces operating European waters.

Church, Lt. Cmdr. G., from Virgin Islands, to Marine Barracks, at Quantico, Va.

Clark, Lt. Cmdr. H. O., from the Lake Nantes, to Base No. 29.

Munkewitch, Lt. Cmdr. A., from Base No. 29, to the Lake Dancey.

Lukens, Lt. Cmdr. C. W., from the Narragansett, to Liverpool.

Gade, Lt. Cmdr. J. A., from Naval Attache at Copenhagen to the Office of Naval Intelligence.

Olsen, Lt. Cmdr. C. A., from the Buford to duty under S.N.A.R., New York.

Dunwoody, Lt. K., to the Crowninshield, as eng. off.

Davis, Lt. J. K., to the Craven.

Graf, Lt. H. W., to the Mahan as exec. off.

Johnson, Lt. H. T., to R. S. Puget Sound, relieving Lieut. Pierce.

Ostrander, Lt. J. L., to the Laub as eng. off.

Palmer, Lt. W. F., to Bureau of Ordnance.

Babington, Lt. V. E., to Norfolk Naval Hosp.

Messer, Lt. E. R., to training camp at Hingham, Mass.

Collins, Lt. R. H., to treatment in Naval Hosp.

Scott, Lt. M., to Marine Barracks, at Quantico, Va.

Horner, Lt. W. D., to Mare Island Naval Hosp.

Barrier, Lt. C. W., to expeditionary forces at Haiti.

Adams, Lt. W., to First Naval Dist.

Grover, Lt. F. W., to the El Sol, as supply off.

Cooper, Lt. F. W. G., to 14th Naval Dist.

Loebenstein, Lt. D. A., to the Druid.

Frey, Lt. F. W., to duty under Snar on West Coast.

Cobb, Lt. W. R., to Naval Air Station, at San Diego, Cal.

Odell, Lt. T. G., to the Etin.

Cutts, Lt. W. R., to the Matsoni.

Education Notes.

There have been replaced, as of April 1, 1919, upon the eligible list of women holding Grade A license for Brooklyn the names of the following: Elementary Schools, License Grade A, for Brooklyn—L. D. Chamberlain, P. S. 150; L. M. Dickinson, P. S. 184.

There have been placed on the eligible list for appointment as teacher of shopwork in elementary schools the names of Andrew Ciaccio, 91; and Henry Yungerman, 77.8.

There have been placed on the eligible lists for promotion in elementary schools, as of the dates respectively indicated, the names of the following: Drawing and Construction—April 2, 1919, 83.5, Ray McWade. English—Jan. 31, 1919, 81.6, Carrie Metzger; 79, Gizella Polachek; April 24, 1919, 89, M. E. McLaury; 75.35, J. R. Brophy. History and Civics—Jan. 31, 1919, 79.87, L. A. Donohue; March 1, 1919, 74.575, M. E. Murphy. Mathematics—Jan. 31, 1919, 78.625, G. E. Boote; April 1, 1919, 83, C. E. R. Baurhenn. Music—Jan. 31, 1919, 77.87, W. M. Meyer; 75.625, H. M. Rowland. Physical Training—Jan. 31, 1919, 86.75, J. E. Wilcox; 80.5, L. B. Wohlauer; 80.95, D. S. Mackowitz; 79.575, Margaret McCarthy; 77.25, E. A. Sullivan; 77.225, Bessie McKinney; 77.825, Edna Bauerbeinn; 75.612, A. J. Shapiro; 74.3, Martha Jacobs; 73.25, Elfreda Schneider; 73, Bessie Cohen; 72.475, Hazel Horton; April 1, 1919, 75.1, A. V. Jordan. Pitman Stenography and Typewriting—Jan. 31, 1919, 78.75, Sadie Lasser; April 24, 1919, 79.35, L. Bradford; 75.875, P. L. Bernstein; 74.9, Edith Clarke; 72.14, R. T. Fitzell; 72.125, R. M. White; 71.9, Amy MacKinlay; 70.175, Anne McDermott.

Miss Alvin G. Hotchkiss, a teacher in P. S. 71, Manhattan, was suspended, without pay, on April 28 for alleged unauthorized absence from duty.

Emily B. Walker, Gertrude E. McDonald, and Ethel E. Coolidge, special teachers of music, have been excused, without loss of pay, for three days to attend the Eastern Music Supervisors' Conference at Hartford, Conn.

Anning S. Prall yesterday received the congratulations of members of the Board of Education and other officials on his reappointment for seven years to succeed himself as a member of the board.

There were three large bunches of roses and other flowers placed on his desk in the boardroom. President Somers spoke of the pleasure the board experienced at Mr. Prall's reappointment. Joseph Yeska called for a speech from him, but Mr. Prall simply said, "I thank you." It was Mr. Prall who nominated, in a highly eulogistic speech, Dr. William L. Ettinger for Superintendent of Schools. When Dr. Ettinger refused to let Auditor Henry R. M. Cook answer Commissioner of Accounts Hirschfield's subpoena, the Board of Education instructed Dr. Ettinger to allow the investigation by Commissioner Hirschfield to be made. Mr. Prall offered a resolution criticising the City Superintendent for his action in the matter, but withdrew it at the suggestion of President Somers, who declared that the action of the board in approving the investigation was sufficient to show its attitude in the matter.

Benjamin Mandel has sent the following open letter to teachers:

"Permit me to suggest the following motion to be made at each pension meeting on Thursday, May 1:

"Resolved, That the delegates now elected be instructed to affirm our earnest desire for a voice in the decision of all matters of mutual interest to the Board of Education and the teachers, such as pensions, salaries, service standards, working conditions, personnel, discipline, and the betterment of the service."

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for mechanical draftsman, (electrical,) Grade C, will be received until 4 P. M. on May 1. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age on or before the closing date for the receipt of applications. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: 1, Experience, 3; technical, 5; mathematics, 2. A qualifying physical examination will be given. The salary is from $1,200 to but not exceeding $1,800 a year. There is one vacancy on the Board of Education at $1,570 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for May 27 an examination for patternmaker, for men. A vacancy in the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., at $1,620 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties require the services of an expert metal patternmaker. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 10; education, training, and experience, 90. Applicants must have at least a common school education and must have served a three years' apprenticeship or equivalent at pattern making, and, in addition, have had at least three years' practical experience as a journeyman metal patternmaker. They must have reached their twentieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments are ordered to take effect 8 A. M., May 1.—Patrol—Bernhard Feist, 60th, assignment to motorcycle duty discontinued; G. A. Conway, from 49th to 78th; H. H. Eller, from 46th to Traffic Div.—Motorcycle Squad No. 1, assigned to motorcycle duty; G. J. Breidenbach, Jr., 60th, assigned to motorcycle duty; W. F. Kirwan, from 116th to 65th.

Temporary Assignments.—Lieuts.—From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div., in Training School, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., May 1: Thomas Brennan, 94; J. J. Fitzpatrick, 97. Sergts.—J. P. Challon, 15; George Downey, 43d, to Headquarters Div., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., May 1; O. C. Reimer, 116th to 16th Insp. Dist., assigned to clerical duty, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., May 1. Patrol.—For 15 days, from 8 A. M., May 1: Bartholomew Rabbett, 26th, assigned to day tour and excused from reserve duty; F. C. Flick, 45th to Headquarters Div., in department garage; A. L. Shevlin, 120th to Headquarters Div., assigned as operator of touring car, assigned to 5th Deputy Commissioner.

From commands indicated to Headquarters Division: Charles Kaltenmeier, 06; Timothy Brown, 89; Edward Walsh, 109; Henry Bauer, Bur. of Tel.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div. in automobile repair shop: William Walsh, 42; George Wilmarth, 43; H. J. Grippen, 88.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div. in office of the Police Reserve: Walter Fitzgerald, 28; G. H. Shaefer, 42.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div. in office of the Chief Clerk: Louis Grey, 38; J. F. Daly, 89.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div. in Training School: C. F. Culkin, 16; H. J. Smith, 33; Benjamin Burton, 87; Alexander Warnock, 89; John Eadie, 100.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div. of Repairs: Benedix Wilkins, 39; E. F. Osab, 46; Roland Osterhaus, 45.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters in Division of Supplies: E. A. Molloy, 46; M. J. McCann, 67; W. A. Brazier, 82.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters in office of the 4th Deputy Commissioner; J. J. Haslach, 26; W. G. Murray, 36.

From precincts indicated to 1st Insp. Dist. in raided premises: Francis Marron, 6; Charles Brown, 16; Michael Regan, 33; Charles Wagner, 98; Alexander Evans, 103; Jacob Wasz, 116.

From precincts indicated to 2d Insp. Dist. in raided premises: Daniel Haggerty, 4; Michael Connor, 42; Edgar McQuade, 42; Joseph Van Vort, 43; James Gallagher, 85; D. T. Kelly, 88.

From precincts indicated to 3d Insp. Dist in front of alleged disorderly hotels: William Wilst, 31; Jacob Saylor, 31; John McCormack, 37.

From precincts indicated to 3d Insp. Dist. in raided premises: J. T. Reilly, 10; Daniel McElroy, 21; Frank Burdick, 23; Christopher Damm, 35; John Feeley, 37; Michael McGuiness, 37; Edward Wolf, 38; Luke Garvey, 45; John Shea, 78; James Middlemiss, 83; John Windhorst, 98; James Tormey, 101; Thomas Reilly, Traffic B.

From precincts indicated to 4th Insp. Dist. in raided premises: Walter Bellinger, 4; J. W. Dondero, 4; George Steller, 4; George Clarke, 16; Thomas McNamara, 21; J. W. Thompson, 23; J. J. Tierney, 23; Michael Mullally, 28; Martin Doherty, 28; Anton Litzsenberger, 29; John Ferguson, 88; Frederick Finger, 88; H. A. Q. Mahl, 85; John Higgins, 87; W. D. Beniah, 87; Frank Archard, 87; George Germand, 87; Claude Stephens, 46; David Clancy, 47; Martin Nauman, 50; Frederick Osborne, 51; J. W. O'Brien, 68; Charles Matthews, 71; Hugh Sullivan, 76; Gottfried Schneider, 82; Joseph McLaughlin, 92; Edward Smith, 97; J. J. Kelly, 111; Thomas Larkin, 111; Joseph Callaghan, 111.

From precincts indicated to 5th Insp. Dist. in front of alleged disorderly hotels: Emil Hilfiker, 5; J. F. McGowan, 15; A. J. Swenson, 31; M. J. Fitzgerald, 39; Charles Comoll, 39; W. M. J. Flynn, 42; J. J. Wallace, 43; Lawrence Hurley, 46; J. C. Millar, 50; J. A. Barry, 56.

From precincts indicated to 6th Insp. Dist. in front of alleged disorderly hotels: Henry Oberhouse, 15; Frank Shoemaker, 26; Frederick Wottrich, 36; G. S. Peters, 36; Frank Adams, 37; Michael McGuirk, 38; F. J. Reilly, 38; J. J. Garrigan, 42; Thomas Madigan, 48.

From precincts indicated to 6th Insp. Dist. in raided premises: J. J. Fitzgerald, 10; H. J. Booth, 10; J. J. Daniels, 18; Thomas McClatchey, 22; William Cox, 22; William Mayer, 23; Bernard McLaughlin, 25; Michael Reilly, 35; Thomas Collins, 36, Hugh Burke, 37; J. G. Burns, 37; Edward Smith, 38; William Wetrauch, 39; Thomas McCue, 42; T. F. Lynch, 42; August Voegler, 42; Daniel Cronin, 46; Charles Gutgsell, 79; I. E. Mitchell, Bridge; James Quinn, Bridge.

From precincts indicated to 7th Insp. Dist. in raided premises: Edward Potter, 37; I. H. Downes, 40; Edward Schoell, 45; Adam Gaffga, 51.

From precincts indicated to 14th Insp. Dist., in raided premises: P. S. Nanaghat, 7; C. O'Leary, 67; T. J. Larkin, 74; M. F. Hynes, 82; Phillip Bernstein, 93; William Weissheler, 96; Charles Isaacson, 97.

From precincts indicated to 15th Insp. Dist., in raided premises: J. Longi, 1; T. J. Murphy, 13; Benjamin Glacalone, 85; Michael Mullaney, 96; Ralph Dunham, 120.

From precincts indicated to 16th Insp. Dist., in raided premises: G. P. Morapa, 1; M. C. Lee, 67; Charles McGowan, 76; W. F. Goodburn, 85; J. J. Fannon, 103; James Dollard, 104.

From precincts indicated to Insp. Dists. designated assigned as acting attendants: J. Walsh, 29th Pct., 6th Dist.; P. D. O'Connell, 37th Pct., 4th Dist.; J. J. Maher, 43d Pct., 5th Dist.; F. J. Reilly, 51st Pct., 7th Dist.; J. J. Gerighty, 51st Pct., 1st Dist.; E. M. Roberson, 50th Pct., 8th Dist.; G. E. Jones, 66th Pct., 9th Dist.; C. H. Robinson, 74th Pct., 14th Dist.; R. A. Wilson, 87th Pct., 10th Dist.; Frank Fraser, 90th Pct., 12th Dist.; C. L. Wolfe, 104th Pct., 16th Dist.; William McHugh, 111th Pct., 17th Dist.; Obed Trill, 118th Pct., 18th Dist.

Fire Department.

The following will report to the Chief Medical Officer, at these headquarters, at 11 A. M., Friday, May 2: H. G. Schneider, Eng. 9; C. G. Herdt, Eng. 279.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. on dates specified, they having been honorably discharged from the army: May 5—Fireman 1st grade A. G. McGill, Eng. 20; Fireman 1st grade James Simonetti, Eng. 27; Fireman 1st grade Charles Amato, Eng. 72; Fireman 2d grade E. P. Vockers, H. & L. 5; Fireman 2d grade Robert Rauch, Eng. 16. May 4—Fireman 1st grade Jacob Metzger, Eng. 231.

Retired—Fireman 1st grade J. E. Sheedy, H. & L. 79, on an annual pension of $825, to take effect 8 A. M., May 1; Capt. Thomas King, on an annual pension of $1,400, to take effect 8 A. M., May 1.

Fined: Fireman 4th Grade P. J. Harmon, Eng. 58, $5 for loss of coat badge No. 1,334.

In compliance with Paragraph III., Special Order No. 71, dated April 16, 1919, the following companies will report at Company School, No. 157-159 East 67th St., Manhattan, at time and date specified: Monday, May 5, 10 A. M., Eng. 21; 1 P. M., Eng. 279; Wed., May 7, 10 A. M., Eng. 30; 1 P. M., Eng. 238; Thurs., May 8, 10 A. M., Eng. 65; 1 P. M., Eng. 250; Fri., May 9, 10 A. M., H. & L. 15; 1 P. M., H. & L. 132; Sat., May 10, 10 A. M., H. & L. 2; 1 P. M., H. & L. 123.

The members of the Department Band will report to Fireman A. J. Muir, at Fire A. Battery, Manhattan, at 7:30 A. M., Thursday, May 1. Company officers will see that members of the band are so notified.

Estates Appraised.

BERTSCHMANN, JACOB, (Oct. 28, 1918.) Total estate, $386,454. Assets: Cash, $22,247; personal, $1,636; stocks and bonds, $362,679. Of the twenty beneficiaries the principal are: New York Swiss Benevolent Society, 35 West Sixty-seventh Street, $22,600; grandsons, Jean J. of 346 West 2nd Av., life estate till 30 years old and then the principal; Otto Jr. Bertschmann, same bequest; daughter-in-law, Maud Bertschmann of 346 West End Avenue, $49,403.

KAUFMAN, NANNETTE E., (Jan. 15, 1919.) Total estate, $315,555. Assets: Cash, $2,172; stocks and bonds, $190,267. The entire estate goes to her husband, William G. Kaufman of 4 East Sixtieth Street.

LYNCH, JAMES D., (May 11, 1917.) Total estate, $312,295. Assets: Cash, $102,802; personal, $23,769; stocks and bonds, $185,723. His sisters, Mary A., E. Louise, and Emily F. Lynch, all of 129 East Twenty-first Street, each receive $99,504.

MUNDAY, NORRIS W., (Jan. 19, 1918.) Total estate, $419,808. Assets: Cash, $646; personal, $186,181, chiefly mortgages and claims against his sons, Norris H. Munday, for $17,500, and Floyd W. Munday, for $100,000; stocks and bonds, $283,030. The principal beneficiaries are: His wife, Annie M. Munday of 540 Park Avenue, $216,420; sons, Norris H. of Riverside, Ill.; Roswell H. of 540 Park Avenue, and Floyd W. Munday of 61 Broadway, $25,000 each; New York Homeopathic Medical and Flower Hospital, $5,000.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that the STANDARD OIL COMPANY, (N. J.,) owner of the steamship CUSHING, has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage, or injury arising out of a collision between the said steamship CUSHING and the steamship PROTEUS on the 19th day of August, 1918; value of the vessel and freight, $1,235,000.

All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage, destruction, or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Room 254, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of June, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Unsettled weather prevails east of the Plains States except in New York and New England, with moderate disturbances over Illinois and a more pronounced one over Cape Breton Island and moving northeast. There were general showers in the central valleys, the Gulf States, the south upper lake and west lower lake region, in Maine and in Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina. From the Plains States westward fair weather prevailed except in North Dakota.

It is considerably warmer in the Southwest and in the lower lake region and cooler in the South Atlantic States and the extreme Northwest.

Showers will fall Thursday in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, the East Gulf, and South and Middle Atlantic States, continuing Friday in the Middle Atlantic States and east lower lake region, and extending Friday into New England. In the upper lake and west lower lake region, the Ohio Valley, and the South the weather will be generally fair Friday.

Temperature changes will not be important.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable, increasing cloudiness Thursday, rain Friday; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate, mostly south, rain Thursday and probably Friday; South Atlantic Coast, moderate east and southeast, with showers.

FORECAST TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Showers Thursday in the southern and Thursday and Thursday night in the northern portion; Friday, showers.

Southern New England—Cloudy Thursday, showers at night and probably Friday.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers Thursday and probably Friday, little change in temperature.

Western New York—Showers Thursday; Friday, cloudy, probably showers in the eastern portion.

Northern New England—Cloudy Thursday; Friday, probably showers.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1918.	1919.	1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	41	44	4 P. M.	44	62
6 A. M.	40	42	6 P. M.	50	56
9 A. M.	49	46	9 P. M.	53	51
12 M.	58	52	11 P. M.	50	48

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 52; for the corresponding date last year it was 55; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 54.

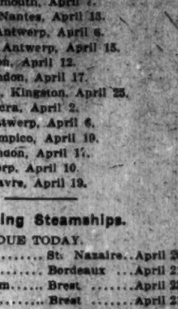
The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43; at 8 P. M. it was 52. Maximum temperature, 62 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 42 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 57 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 51 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.04 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.05 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:40—229 E. 75 St; not given		Slight
1:00—Madison Av. and 37 St.; (auto.) Empire Carting Co.		Slight
1:20—Riverside Drive & 162 St.; not given		None
2:45—3,905 3 Av.; not given		Slight
4:25—102 St. & East River; City Property		Slight
7:20—147 E. 22 St.; Leo Bendell		Slight
7:45—2,852 Broadway; not given		
11:15—837 W. 178 St.; Joseph Burke		Slight
P. M.		
12:30—68-70 Wooster St.; Manhattan Paper Co.		Slight
12:45—3 Av. & 169 St.; city property		Slight
3:45—149 E. 119 St.; Alpert Brothers		Not given
4:25—379 E. 129 St.; Mott Haven Garage		Slight
4:45—1,046 Whitlock Av.; not given		Slight
5:30—So. Blvd. & 134 St.; not given		Slight
5:30—1,594 3 Av.; not given		Slight
6:30—Leonard & Lafayette Sts.; not given		Slight
6:45—317 Croton St.; not given		Slight
8:40—300 E. 29 St.; G. Pellix		Slight
8:45—Broadway and 161st St., (vacant lot;) not given		
9:10—266 8 Av.; H. Dierler		Slight
10:15—279-303 Cherry St.; Beauty Doll Mfg. Co.		Not given
11:35—11 E. 44 St.; Peg Woffington		None

OPENING TO-NIGHT
The NEW SPRING REVUE
FEATURING THE WORLD'S GREATEST ICE SKATERS AND ICE BALLET
"Blossom Festival"
THE ONLY ICE SKATING SHOW IN NEW YORK IN THE AIR
Golden Glades
4th Floor
DINNER SHOW AT 7:30 P. M.
SUPPER SHOW AT 11:30 P. M.
To Reserve Tables PHONE COLUMBUS 9900
Thomas Healy's
BROADWAY and 66th ST. TEL. COLUMBUS 9900



May-November Farm
Hartsdale, N. Y.
Opens Friday Eve. May 2nd
Dine and Dance in the country.

TO-DAY—EXCELLENT LUNCHEONS
Janssen want to see you
Formerly the Famous Sulzer
30th Street and Broadway
SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER $1.50
With Elaborate Entertainment Changed Nightly.
TO-NIGHT—DOMINO NIGHT—DON'T MISS IT!

STRAND ROOF
TABLE D'HOTE DINNER DE LUXE
No Admission Charge. B'way at 47th Street.
5:30 to 9 P. M. $1.50 Per Cover.
A la Carte All Hours—After-Theatre Specialties.
AN ENTIRELY NEW & ELABORATE REVUE—DANCING.

THE HOUSE OF SUNSHINE
HOTEL HAMILTON
73D STREET
Just East of Broadway
An ideal family hotel situated in a refined section, catering to a select clientele. All the comforts of a private home without housekeeping cares. Apartments Available for Immediate or Fall Rental.

Hotel THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts. One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7000 Morningside. R. F. LEUBE, Manager

14 EAST SIXTIETH ST.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, Opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue entrance to Central Park.
Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period.
EAGER & BABCOCK
New York City

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway station at 86th St. corner.
NEW YORK
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons, Room and Private Bath
$3 to

Their Lives—and Their Money

THE records of the A. E. F. will show that practically every one of the 72,000 American soldiers who were killed fighting in France—practically every one of the 200,000 who fell wounded in France—purchased Liberty Bonds.

Their lives, their limbs, their eyesight, their health, they gave freely to their country—and they lent their money (out of $33 a month pay).

And all you are asked to do is to subscribe to one more Liberty Loan—the Victory Loan—to finish the job for which 72,000 Americans died in France.

Just to lend a little more of your money to your country at a fair rate of interest—that is all that is asked of you.

By the way you respond you will be judged by two million members of the A. E. F. now returning to you from the battlefields of France.

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 B'way, N. Y.

This Space Contributed to Help Finish the Job by

The National City Co.
E. H. Rollins & Sons
Tilney, Ladd & Co.
Blodget & Co.
Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Kean, Taylor & Co.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sharp Reaction Comes Between Periods of Rising Prices—Steel Common Falls Back.

The reaction which the stock market experienced yesterday was not surprising, nor unexpected, in view of the conditions surrounding speculative endeavor. For one hour stocks were sold in great volume, but this period was neither at the opening nor near the close of business. Except for a substantial decline of Steel common and several of its companion issues when business got under way, prices were firm to strong, and up until noon dealings had most of the characteristics which had accompanied the prolonged advance. Because the decline, which ran from 1 to more than 3 points, was sandwiched between periods of recovery, it seemed as though the arguments could be advanced that other factors besides the elimination of the Steel Corporation's extra dividend and the decline of earnings in the first quarter were partly responsible for the setback. Those factors were largely technical. The speculative community domiciled in the Wall Street district had been talking reaction for a week, and had accompanied their suggestions with extensive short sales. The market had been bid upward under purchases which, in case of a number of issues, had been directed less by consideration of values than by the purpose of testing one's luck. The result of such a piling up of paper profits was a market position for the more volatile issues, which was topheavy and easily susceptible to concerted selling. Also the action of several petroleum, shipping, and steel issues during the noon hour indicated that a great many stop-loss orders were present, and after these had been reached the whole price list steadied. Considered in the broader sense, the market was reactionary. Looked at from an angle which covered the Rubber, Automobile, and several special shares, the day's business uncovered fresh strong spots. The impulse toward lower prices, while severe in effect for a time, was noticeably less as the afternoon progressed, and during the last hour a considerable part of the earlier losses was made up. Transactions ran to a greater total than on any preceding day of the market.

Basing a survey of the market upon the assumption that the Steel Corporation's statement and dividend action precipitated the reaction, the day's events supplied little which could be used in making deductions for the future. The comment of brokerage offices revealed no more pessimism over industry and business than was in evidence before. It could not be asserted that proof of the rather poor state of the steel trade was a revelation to speculators, and it could be said that unfavorable news has come from steel-producing quarters for so long that market followers would be justified in thinking that the worst had either become known or would shortly be reported. The Iron Age noted that activity in several finished steel lines had started up this week, a statement which was partly nullified, perhaps, by the recounting of more sluggish mill operations in the Chicago and Pittsburgh districts than a week before. As a result of the conference of steel producers on Tuesday the Railroad Administration will have opportunity to discuss prices and costs with the manufacturers, and the possibility exists that out of such a review of business something might develop which would stimulate railroad purchases and attract the general consuming public to the market. It was probable that these considerations had some weight with traders, and those who study crop conditions found satisfaction in the Government's weekly weather report. This showed that last week's frost had not done any great damage to grain, and while the Winter wheat crop was held back by cold weather the delay was thought of small moment. The seeding of Spring wheat apparently was carried on at a normal rate.

The foreign exchange market displayed only minor movements. Call money got down to 5½ per cent. from the 6 per cent. rate in the afternoon.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High 6	High 6%
Low 5½	Low 6%
Renewals 6%	Renewals 6%
Last 6	Last 6%

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4%

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days 5½	Sixty days 5%
Ninety days 5½	Ninety days 5%
Four months 5½	Four months 5%
Five months 5½	Five months 5%
Six months 5½	Six months 5%

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ..... 4@4½
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ..... 5@5½

Commercial Paper.

60 to 90 days ..... 5@5½
4 to 6 months ..... 5½@5¾

Other Names.

4 to 6 months 5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$4.66¾	$4.65¾	$4.66¾	—.00¼
Cables	4.67¾	4.66¾	4.67¾	—.00¼
France—				
Demand	6.06	6.06¼	6.06¼	::
Cables	6.01	6.04¼	6.04¼	::

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
London	$4.66¾	$4.67¾
Paris	6.06¼	6.04½
Belgium	6.52	6.51
China—		
Hongkong	80.25	80.35
Peking	126.00	126.25
Shanghai	116.50	116.75
Holland	40.125	40.375
Greece	19.25	19.30
India—		
Bombay	33.33	33.50
Calcutta	33.33	33.50
Italy	7.48¾	7.46¾
Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.50
Yokohama	51.25	51.50
Spain	20.35	20.35
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.65	49.75
Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	26.50	26.75
Copenhagen	24.85	25.05
Christiania	25.60	25.80
South America—		
Buenos Aires	44.05	44.25
Rio	26.85	27.00
Switzerland	4.94	4.91
Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
100 rubles	11.10	11.60
500 rubles	11.05	11.15

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.63¾	$4.61¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $700,721,989; balances, $60,285,489; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $35,383; Federal Reserve credit balance, $47,093,195.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $26.87½ premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48¾d; in New York, 91.62½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$18,850,000	$140,500,104
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits taxes	106,967,423	1,992,149,699
Miscellaneous	156,675,250	1,040,111,345
Miscellaneous rev.	12,905,808	101,231,465
Total receipts	$400,594,747	$3,684,468,613
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	517,289,123	9,550,099,798
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	448,304,602	482,607,505
Expenditures	917,653,935	13,214,501,813

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 30, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,693,250	554,459	445,833
Year to date	72,518,462	40,820,009	63,721,687

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
30¾	31	1,400	Adams Express	31	32¾	31	31	—¾
31	32	100	Advance Rumely	32	32	32	32	+¾
65½	66½	700	Advance Rumely pf	66	66	65½	66	+½
92½	93	7,500	Ajax Rubber	91¾	93	91¾	93	+1¼
3¾	3¾	900	Alaska Gold Mines	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	...
35	35¼	4,900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	35¼	36	35¼	35¾	+¾
111	111¾	12,500	Am. Agricul. Chem	110¾	113¾	110¾	113¾	+3¾
100	300½	200	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	100¼	100¼	100	100	...
79¾	80	12,500	Am. Beet Sugar	79¾	80	79¾	80	+¾
53¾	54	56,800	Am. Can	54¼	55¾	53¾	55¾	+1¾
102¾	103¼	100	Am. Can pf	102¾	103¾	102¾	103¾	+1¼
94½	94¾	5,800	Am. Car & Fdy	93	95¾	93	94¾	+1¾
53	55	2,700	Am. Cotton Oil	56	58¾	54¾	55	—1¾
13¾	15	1,100	Am. Druggists	13	13¾	13¾	13¾	—¼
83½	84	100	Am. Express	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	—¾
27¾	28	11,200	Am. H. & Leather	28	28	27¾	27¾	—¾
114	114¾	7,700	Am. H. & L. pf	114	114¾	112¾	113¾	—¾
47½	48	800	Am. Ice	48	48	47¾	47¾	—¾
68	68	200	Am. Ice pf	68¼	68¼	68	68	—¼
86¾	86¾	80,900	Am. International	86¾	87¾	84¾	86¾	+¾
53¾	54½	700	Am. Linseed	54	54	53¾	54	—¾
95½	96½	400	Am. Linseed pf	95	96	95	96	...
74¾	75	14,100	Am. Locomotive	75¾	76¾	74¾	74¾	—1¾
104½	105	100	Am. Locomotive pf	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	+¾
2	2¼	1,100	Am. Malting	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
54¾	55¾	800	Am. Mst. pf. c. of d.	55	55¾	53	55¼	—¾
71¾	71¾	7,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	71¾	72	70¾	71¾	—1
104½	105	30,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	99½	105	99½	105	+3¾
128¾	129	4,000	Am. Sugar Ref	130	131	128¾	128¾	—1¾
109½	110	19,800	Am. Sumatra Tob	105¾	110¾	105	110	+6
104½	105	2,100	Am. Tel. & Tel	105	105¾	104¾	104¾	—¾
100¾	101	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	+¾
69½	69¾	2,000	Am. Woolen	69¾	69¾	69	69¾	—¾
99¾	100	100	Am. Woolen pf	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	+¼
43¾	44	3,800	Am. Writing Paper	43¾	44¾	41¾	44	+1¾
13¾	13¾	400	Am. Zinc, L. & S	14	14¾	13¾	14¾	+¾
47	48½	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	48	48	48	48	...
61¾	61¾	8,900	Anaconda Copper	61¾	62	61¾	61¾	—¾
43¾	44	1,100	Asso. Dry Goods	44¾	44¾	43¾	43¾	—1¾
94	94½	200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	94	94	93¾	94	+¼
96¾	97¾	300	Atlantic Coast Line	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	...
142¾	143	20,300	At., Gulf & W. I.	143	146¾	140¾	142¾	—3¾
72	73	300	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	72½	73	72¾	74	+1¾
90¾	90¾	27,300	Baldwin Loco.	93¾	92¾	90¼	90¾	—1¾
103½	106¾	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	105	106	105	106	+1¾
47¾	47¾	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	48	48	47¾	47¾	—¼
52¾	53¾	400	Baltimore & O. pf	53¾	53¾	52¾	53¾	—¼
129½	129¾	600	Barrett Co.	130	131	129	129	—2
73	73¾	17,900	Beth. Steel, class B	74½	74¾	72¾	73	—1¾
97	99	100	Beth. Steel 7% pf	98¾	98½	98½	98½	+1¾
109¼	109¾	500	Beth. Steel, 8% pf	110	110	109¾	109¾	+¾
21	21¾	1,600	Booth Fisheries	21¾	21¾	20¾	21¾	+¾
80	82	100	Brklyn Union Gas	80	80	80	80	—1
9¾	10¾	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S.	10	10	10	10	...
72	75	100	Buffalo & Susqueh.	72	72	72	72	+3
158	163	500	Burns Brothers	162	162	158¾	159¾	—3¾
6¾	7	300	Butte Cop. & Zinc	7	7	7	7	—¼
21¾	21¾	100	Butte & Superior	22	22	22	22	—½
62	63¼	8,600	California Packing	64¾	64¾	63	63	—1¾
27	27¾	600	California Petrol	28	28	27¾	27¾	—¾
71¾	72	800	California Pet. pf	71¾	72¾	71¾	72¾	...
59¾	60	100	Calumet & Arizona	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	+¾
160½	162	200	Canadian Pacific	161¼	161¾	161¼	161¾	+¾
99	99	200	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	97	97	97	97	—¾
78¾	79	6,500	Central Leather Co	78¼	79¼	78¼	78¼	—¾
110¾	113	100	Central Leather pf	110¾	110¾	110¾	110¾	—¾
40¼	40¾	9,500	Cerro de Pasco	41	41¾	39¼	40¾	—¾
142¼	143¼	1,400	Chandler Motor	143¾	145	142¼	143	—1¼
61	61¾	1,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	62	62¼	61¾	61¾	—1½
9¾	10¼	100	Chicago & Alton	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
25¼	25¾	200	Chi. Great West. pf	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼	—⅞
38	38¼	2,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	38	38¾	37¾	38	...
68	68¼	900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	67¾	68¼	67¾	68	—¾
95½	96	600	Chi. & Northwest'n	95¾	95¾	95	95¾	—¾
25	25¼	1,900	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼	—¾
77¾	78	300	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	78	78	77¾	78	+¾
66	66½	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	66	66¼	66	66¼	—¼
10,400	22¾	21¾	Chile Copper	22¾	22¾	21¾	22¾	—¾
36¼	36½	600	Chino Copper	36¼	36¼	36	36	—¾
66½	66¾	200	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	66½	66¾	66½	66¾	...
72	73	1,000	Cluett, Peabody	72	73	71¾	71¾	+1¾
42	43	900	Col. Fuel & Iron	42¾	43¼	42¾	43¼	+¾
28	29	1,400	Col. & Southern	29	29¼	28¼	28¼	—1½
46	46	1,500	Col. Gas & El. new	45¾	46	45¾	45¾	—¼
96½	96¾	900	Consolidated Gas	96	96¾	96	96¾	+¾
78¾	79½	2,600	Continental Can	80	80¾	78¾	78¾	—2
61¾	62	11,100	Corn Products Ref.	62¼	62¾	60¾	61¾	—1
106½	108	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	106	109¾	106	106¾	+1½
70	70¾	25,700	Crucible Steel	72	72¾	69¼	70	—2¼
94	95	100	Crucible Steel pf	93¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	+¾
32	32¾	13,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	32	32¾	31½	32¼	+¾
78	78¼	2,500	Cuba Cane S. pf	78¼	78¾	78	78	...
190	198	325	Cuban-Am. Sugar	195	195	192½	192½	+2½
105	106	200	Delaware & Hud.	105½	105½	105½	106½	...
178	180	200	Del., Lack. & West	180	180	180	180	...
6¾	6¾	100	Den. & Rio Grande	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	+¼
8	8	2,000	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	8	8	8	8	...
91	97	700	Detroit United Ry	92	92	92	92	+1½
3	4	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	3	3	3	3	...
16¾	16¾	1,100	Erie	16¾	17	16¾	16¾	—¼
27¾	27¾	200	Erie 1st pf	28	28	27¾	27¾	—¼
18	18¾	600	Erie 2d pf	18¾	18¾	18¼	18¾	—1½
12	14	100	Federal Min. & S.	13	13	12	12	...
60	60¾	200	Fisher Body	60	60	59	59	—1
29	29¾	1,000	Gaston, W. & W.	29¾	29¾	29	29	—¼
57	58	2,600	General Cigar	57¾	57¾	56¾	56¾	—1¼
106	106	100	General Cigar pf	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	+1¾
160	160¾	300	General Electric	161	161	160	160	—1
180¼	181	25,200	General Motors	179¼	183¼	178¼	180¼	+¾
90½	92	100	Do. pf.	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+¼
90	90¾	400	General Motors deb	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+¼
72¾	72¾	15,400	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	70¾	73	70¾	72¾	+1½
108	106½	100	Goodrich pf.	108	108	108	108	...
92¾	93	800	Great Northern pf	93¼	93¼	92¾	92¾	—¼
42¾	42¾	5,500	G. N. certs. for O. P.	43	43¾	42¾	42¾	—1¼
39¾	39¾	600	Greene-Can. Cop.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	...
53¾	55	200	Gulf States Steel	54¾	55¾	53¾	55	—¾
52¾	53	900	Haskell & Barker	52¾	52¾	52	52¾	—1
49¼	49½	1,200	Inspiration Copper	49¾	49¾	49	49½	—¾
3¾	4	700	Interboro Consol.	4	4	3¾	4	+¼
13	13¼	200	Interboro Con. pf	13	13	13	13	—½
19¾	20	1,400	Int. Agricultural	20¾	21	19¾	20	...
74	75	1,100	Int. Agricultural pf	75¾	76	75	75	—¼
131	131¾	1,400	Int. Harvester new	131¾	133	130	131¼	—¾
115¼	117	400	Int. Harv. pf., new	115¾	116¾	115¼	115¾	—¾
40¾	40¾	73,200	Int. Mer. Marine	41¾	42¾	39¾	40¾	—¾
118¾	119	28,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	120¾	120¾	118¾	118¾	—¾
26¾	26¾	14,000	Int. Nickel	26¾	26¾	26	26¼	—⅞
52	52¼	9,900	Int. Paper	52¾	52¾	49	52	—1
75	75¼	100	Int. Paper pf., sta.	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	+¾
3½	4¼	100	Iowa Central	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
38	38½	200	Jewel pf.	38	38	38	38	—¾
22	22	2,300	Kansas City South.	22¼	22¾	21¾	22	—1
128	127¾	9,900	Kelly Springf. Tire	128¼	127¾	123¾	124¾	—3¼
32	32¼	3,300	Kennecott Copper	32¼	32¾	32	32	—¾
106	106	20,000	Keystone Tire & R.	105	106	104½	106	+1¼
70¾	71	900	Lackawanna Steel	70¾	70¾	70	70¾	—1½
69	72	100	Laclede Gas	70	70	70	70	+1
7¼	9¼	100	Lake Erie & West.	9	9	9	9	...
33½	34	3,600	Lake Rubber & Tire	32¼	34	32	34	+1¾
55½	55½	1,500	Lehigh Valley	55¾	55¾	55¼	55¼	—¾
52¾	53¾	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	52¾	53¾	52¾	52¾	—⅝
150¾	152¼	900	Lorillard (P.) Co.	152	152½	152	152¼	+½
74	74½	100	Manhattan Elev.	74	74	74	74	...
113	114	3,350	Manhattan Shirt	100	113	100	113	+39
107	117	100	Manhattan Shirt pf	117	117	117	117	...
70	80	800	Marlin-Rockwell	77	80½	77	80½	+6½
41	41¾	4,900	Maxwell Motors	40¼	42	39¼	41	+¾
		700	Max. Motors 1st pf	70	70½	69	69	...
		1,100	Max. Motors 2d pf	31¾	32¼	31¾	32¼	+¾
		400	May Dept. Stores	85½	86	85½	86	+1
		31,200	Mexican Petroleum	173¾	177¾	173¾	175	—1¾
		600	Miami Copper	23¾	23¾	23¼	23¼	—⅝
		2,100	Midvale Steel	45¾	46	45	45¼	—¾
		500	Minn. & St. L. new	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¼	—¼
		2,400	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	—¼
		600	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	17	17	16¾	16¾	—¼
		12,300	Missouri Pacific	28¼	28¾	27¾	28¼	—¾
		900	Missouri Pacific pf.	54¾	54¾	53¾	53¾	—1¾
			Montana Power	70½	70½	70¼	70¼	—¾
		600	Nat. Acme					
		100	Nat. Biscuit	118	118	118	118	...
		700	Nat. Cloak & Suit	83	84½	83	84	+1¼
		1,800	Nat. Cond. & Cable	19¼	19¼	19	19	—¼
		700	Nat. Enam. & St.	60¾	60¾	59¾	60	...
		700	Nat. Lead	72¼	72¾	72	72¾	...
		100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	...
		200	Nevada Con. Cop.	16¾	16¾	16¼	16¼	+¼
		100	N. Y. Air Brake	34	34	32	32	—1
		3,200	N. Y. Central	109	109¾	109	109	...
		600	N. Y. Dock	75	75¾	75	75	—¼
		200	N. Y. Dock pf.	29	29¾	29	29½	—½
		900	N. Y., N. H. & H.	50¼	50¾	50¼	50¾	—1¼
		200	N. Y., Ont. & West	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼	—¾
		300	Norfolk & Western	105	105	105	105	—¼
		1,200	Northern Pacific	92¼	93¾	92¼	93¼	+¾
		4,400	Nova Scotia S. & C.	62¼	65	61¾	64¼	+2½
		21,700	Ohio Cities Gas	44¼	44¼	42¾	43¼	—1
		100	Ohio Fuel Supply	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼	+½
		400	Ontario Mining	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	...
		16,700	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	11	11	10¾	10¾	—¼
		400	Owens Bottle Mach.	54¼	54¼	54	54	—¼
		2,000	Pacific Mail	38¾	39	37	37½	—1½
		100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	...
		8,300	Pan-Am. P. & T.	82½	83¼	81¾	82¾	...
		500	Penn. Seab. Steel	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	—2½
		3,400	Penn. R. R.	44¾	44¾	44¼	44¼	—¾
		600	People's Gas, Chi.	48	48½	48	48¾	...
		2,900	Pere Marquette	16	17	16	17	+1
		100	Pere Marq. prior pf	60¾	60¼	60¼	60¼	—¾
		2,400	Philadelphia Co.	41½	41¾	39½	41	—1
		500	Pierce-Arrow	50¾	52¾	50¾	52¾	+¾
		18,400	Pierce Oil	25¾	25¾	24¾	25¾	...
		1,500	Pittsburgh Coal	50¾	52¾	50¾	52¾	+¾
		100	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	87	87	87	87	...
		700	Pitts. & West Va.	36¼	36¾	36	36¼	—¾
		100	Pond Creek Coal	144	144	144	144	+1¼
		2,400	Pressed Steel Car	74½	75¼	73¾	74¼	—¾
		600	Pullman Co. x d.	120	120	119	119	—¾
		1,300	Punta Alegre Sugar	58¾	58¾	58¼	58¾	—¼
		2,200	Railway Steel Sp.	88¾	87¾	86¾	87¾	...
		500	Ray Con. Copper	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¼	—¾
		6,200	Reading	84¾	84¾	83¾	84	—¾
		400	Reading 1st pf.	36¼	36¼	36	36	—½
		200	Reading 2d pf.	36	36	36	36	—2¼
		3,200	Rep. Iron & Steel	82¼	82¾	80	80¾	—2
		100	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	...
		16,100	Royal D., Am. shs.	109¼	110¾	106¾	109¾	—1¼
			Do., N. Y. shs.	108¾	109¾	106¾	109¾	+¾
		24,100	St. Louis-San Fran.	20¾	21¾	19¾	21	+¾
		800	St. Louis-S. F. pf.	32¾	32¾	32	32	+¾
		300	Savage Arms	53¾	53¾	53¼	53¼	—¾
		100	Saxon Motor	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	—¼
		800	Seaboard Air Line	8¾	9	8¾	9	...
		200	Seab. Air Line pf.	18½	18½	18¼	18¼	—¾
		100	Sears, R. & Co. x d.	185	185	185	185	...
		100	Sears, R. & Co. pf.	120	120	120	120	...
		72,700	Sinclair Oil Refg.	58¾	59¾	57	57¾	—1¾
		100	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	—¾
		85,100	Southern Pacific	107¼	107¼	105¾	106¼	—1¼
		400	So. Porto Rico Sug.	165	170	165	170	+1
		1,900	Southern Railway	28½	29¾	28¼	28¾	—¾
		200	Southern Ry. pf.	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	...
		40	Standard Milling	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	...
		400	Strom. Carburetor	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	...
		76,600	Studebaker Co.	76¾	78¾	76¼	78¾	+1¾
		2,500	Stutz Motor	57¾	58	57¾	57¾	...
		600	Superior Steel	38	38	37¾	37¾	—¼
		1,900	Tenn. C. & C.	14¼	14¾	14¼	14¼	—¾
		6,100	Texas Co.	224¾	226	222	223	—2¾
		100	Do., sub. rcts. 2 p.	220	220	220	220	—3

Continued at Bottom of Adjoining Column.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Million Share Days.

A turnover of 1,000,000 shares on the Stock Exchange yesterday was the heaviest that has been recorded this year. In all there have been twenty-three million-share days in 1919, all of which have come close together. The greatest number of million-share days that the Exchange has known came in 1906, when there were 111. The preceding year saw 100. In 1918 there were 44; in 1915, 75; in 1917, 23, and in 1916 there were 17. The first million-share day on the Exchange was on Dec. 14, 1886, when the trading totaled 1,000,100.

***

The West Pauses.

The West, whence has come most of the bullish leadership in recent weeks, has been checked—probably temporarily—in its wild "forward movement." The upset in the corn market and the action of the Grain Corporation in trying to put an end to speculation in flour have done something toward shaking confidence in ever-rising prices. This was not so noticeable in stocks yesterday, although there were more than the usual number of weak spots and the reactions at times were a trifle more violent than the Street had been accustomed to seeing lately. But in cotton, where the West has been holding high holiday for some weeks, there was a notable pause, and a good deal of long cotton was sold to any one who would buy it, without much regard to price. The fall in cotton futures went to about $4 a bale, which was the greatest decline for a single day seen since the upward movement started, in early March.

***

Mexican Congress Meets Today.

According to word received here the extra session of the Mexican Congress, which has been called for today, will not take up the question of subsoil rights as related to the oil companies operating in Mexico until the latter part of June. The chief subject for early consideration will be the formation of a bank of issue to be known as the Banco Unico de Emisión, which will have the right to issue new Mexican currency. This bank will take the place of the banks of issue which were controlled by the French up to 1916, when they

Figure It Out For Yourself

THE United States has an unpaid balance of some billions of dollars of war debts that must be paid if the nation is to maintain its credit-standing before the world.

And it must get the money with which to pay them from us—
—either in loans or in taxes.

There's only one choice—subscribe to the Victory Liberty Loan now.

And anybody would rather subscribe to a Victory Loan than pay a tax.

But granting that you would rather pay taxes, the matter doesn't end there.

The consequences of such a choice would affect the prosperity of this country—your individual prosperity—for years to come.

The Victory Loan Means Better Business

The Government has already had to borrow from the banks a large part of the money with which it is meeting current bills.

If we don't raise the money now to pay off those borrowings by oversubscribing the Victory Liberty Loan, the banks in turn cannot continue indefinitely to lend at a fair rate of interest to American merchants, manufacturers and exporters the money needed for the expansion of American business and the payment of good wages.

The business men MUST have bank loans in order to start industry humming, pay good wages, and bring about the period of prosperity to which we are all looking forward.

THE VICTORY LOAN MEANS BUSINESS, new enterprises started, factories enlarged, business expansion, plenty of employment and good wages.

EXCESSIVE TAXES MEAN business curtailment, credits cut down, building plans held up, factories shut down, and an ever-increasing army of unemployed.

There's no question of patriotism or sentiment involved in *that*—just hard-headed business sense.

It is true, we want to "finish up the job." We want to see that every last one of the boys who fought or prepared to fight for us is brought home, the wounded cared for, good jobs found for all. We want to go over the top in the Victory Liberty Loan, as we have each time the Government has called on us.

We want to do all these things BECAUSE WE ARE AMERICANS.

It just happens, in the matter of the Victory Loan vs. Taxes, that it is also to our best interest to do so.

INVEST

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 Broadway, N. Y.

This Space Contributed to Help Finish the Job by

Liggett & Drexel
Henry L. Doherty & Co.
R. W. Pressprich & Co.
Mackay & Co.
Farson, Son & Company
Jenks, Gwynne & Co.

MOVE TO INCREASE STOCK TRADE RATES

Exchange Governing Board Approves Higher Percentages on Two Classes of Transactions.

ADOPT ONE NEW SCHEDULE

Members Must Vote on Proposals, Which May Become Effective in One Week.

The Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange, at its regular meeting yesterday, voted to adopt the proposed increase in commission rates and to adopt a third rate in addition to the two commissions now charged for buying and selling socks. The new rates must be voted upon favorably by a majority of members of the Exchange before they become effective. Members have a full week in which to vote, and it is believed by next Thursday the new commissions will be in effect.

The new rates are: On business for parties not members of the Exchange, joint account transactions in which a non-member is interested and for firms of which Exchange members are special partners only, $7.50 per 100 shares on stocks under $10 a share; $15 on stocks at $10 a share but under $125 for each 100 shares bought or sold, and $20 per 100 shares on stocks at $125 a share and over. The minimum commission for an individual transaction was set at $1.

These commissions compare with the existing rates of $6.25 per 100 shares on stocks under $10, and $12.50 per 100 shares on stocks above $10 a share. The commission on bonds remains at one-eighth of 1 per cent. of the par value of purchase or sale.

In the same order the new commissions for floor brokers are $1.25 per 100 shares of stock under $10, $2.50 per 100 shares on $10 to $125 stock, and $3 per 100 shares on stock over $125 a share, when business is done for members of the Exchange and the principal is given up. When the principal is not given up and the floor broker himself clears the business he does, the rates will be $1.75, $3.75, and $5, respectively, except that when the amount dealt in is less than 100 shares the commission shall not be less than 1 cent per share on stocks selling below $10 and 2 cents per share on stocks selling at $10 or over.

The plan for a readjustment of commission rates has been under consideration by special committees of the Stock Exchange more than a year, and has been discussed at meetings of the Governing Committee. It is based on the sliding scale of commissions charged by brokers in other Exchanges of the world.

While it does not embrace nearly as many different charges for buying or selling shares of stock at different levels as do the continental rates, the plan just adopted was simplified only after a great deal of discussion. For a time the advisability of placing commissions on a decimal basis was talked over.

A member of the Governing Committee said after the meeting that the increase at this time is chiefly due to the big increases in expenses which brokers have had to face in the past two years. Wire houses particularly, he said, have met increases in telegraph and telephone rates of 20 and 33 per cent. In addition, Exchange members have raised wages anywhere from 15 to 30 per cent. The new commissions are expected to offset these items.

In comparison with the new schedule the following rates on the London Stock Exchange are provided:

Commissions on the London Stock Exchange for shares dealt in in the American market:

Price $5 or under	At discretion Per Share. s.	d.
Over $5 to $25	0	6
Over 25 to 50	0	9
Over 50 to 100	1	0
Over 100 to 150	1	6
Over 150 to 200	2	0

With 6d rise for every $50 or portion thereof in price.

On the Paris Bourse two methods of trading are employed—the first cash, or regular delivery, such as exists in the New York market, and the other a deferred delivery. Commissions for cash deliveries are based on percentage, and there is a sliding scale which differs for different French Government stocks and bonds and other securities. Delayed deliveries also are based on a sliding scale of percentages.

The following table shows commissions charged at Amsterdam:

All securities:	
Selling under 25	¼ of 1%
Selling 25 to 100	½ of 1%
Selling above 100	¾ of 1% of amount involved.

While it was admitted that some members favor the decimal commission, it is generally believed that the scale adopted by the Governing Committee will be acted upon favorably.

WRITING PAPER EARNINGS UP

American Company's Report Shows Increase to $10.02 a Share.

A sharp increase in earnings is shown in the annual pamphlet report of the American Writing Paper Company for last year. The gross sales amounted to $21,827,777, an increase of more than $6,000,000 over those shown in the report of the preceding year. After charges and war taxes, there was a balance of $1,253,629, or the equivalent of $10.02 a share on the preferred stock, as compared with $150,287, or $1.30 a share, in 1917. Tax allowances for last year were $225,000, an increase of $50,000.

The balance sheet shows that inventories at the close of last year were $5,459,701, or approximately $1,100,000 more than in 1917. Cash on hand amounted to $1,053,784 and Liberty bonds to $65,810. The corresponding items in the preceding year were $866,774 and $19,309. Accounts receivable amounted to $2,522,008 and accounts payable to $1,320,016.

In his remarks to stockholders, George A. Galliver, President of the company, says there is no present indication of a decline in the prices of raw materials upon which the price of paper must be predicated.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	..	4.90	..	5.00
Spelter	..	6.40	..	6.45
Antimony	..	6.75	..	6.75
Quicksilver	$75.00	..	$75.00	..
Aluminium	31.00	33.00	31.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X silicon	..	31.90	..	31.90

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15c and on the Metal Exchange at 14¾@15¼c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	76	10	0	76	10	0
Copper, futures	76	15	0	76	15	0
Tin, spot	226	5	0	226	0	0
Tin, futures	225	5	0	225	0	0
Spelter, spot	35	10	0	35	10	0
Spelter, futures	35	15	0	35	15	0
Lead, spot	24	10	0	24	10	0
Lead, futures	24	0	0	24	0	0

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	63.43	62.43	63.10	— .27
25 industrials	95.72	93.65	94.44	— .75
50 stocks	79.57	78.04	78.77	— .50

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Apr. 29	79.95	79.31	79.35	— .01
Apr. 28	79.91	78.75	79.34	+ .18
April 26	79.44	78.42	79.16	+ .58
April 25	78.96	78.12	78.58	+ .33
April 24	78.10	77.58	78.25	— .42
April 23	79.04	78.26	78.67	+ .07

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

April.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	79.95	Apr. 29	76.14	Apr. 4	79.77
1919	89.19	Apr. 22	66.22	Apr. 11	67.56
1917	85.56	Apr. 3	79.57	Apr. 23	81.39
1916	86.78	Apr. 6	80.91	Apr. 22	85.43
1915	78.36	Apr. 26	64.54	Apr. 1	72.60

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	79.95	Apr. 29	69.73	Jan. 21	79.77
†1918	70.95	Feb. 17	64.13	Jan. 15	65.04
	Full years.				
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.13	Jan. 15	73.99
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.48	Dec. 20	65.85
1916	101.52	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	86.22
1915	94.15	Oct. 23	55.90	Feb. 24	91.35

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.89	—.12	+.29	+.59

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Apr. 29	77.01	+.06	Apr. 22	76.76	..
Apr. 28	76.95	+.02	Apr. 21	76.76	—.07
Apr. 26	76.93	+.09	Apr. 19	76.83	—.15
Apr. 25	76.84	—.08	Apr. 18	Exch. closed	
Apr. 24	76.92	+.01	Apr. 17	76.98	+.04
Apr. 23	76.91	+.15	Apr. 16	76.94	+.08

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 8	76.60	Mar. 31	76.89
†1918	77.43	Jan. 21	75.77	Apr. 5	76.30
	Full Years.				
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.60	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

SHARP BREAK IN COTTON.

Selling Raid Started in West Carries Market Down 73 Points.

The cotton market yesterday suffered the worst setback it has received since the bull movement started in March. At the extreme low levels of the day July new style was down 88 points from Tuesday's closing price, while the rest of the options were off 73 to 85 points. This was the greatest decline for a single day in several weeks. At the close prices were somewhat above the low levels, but the net losses ranged from 55 to 70 points.

Nothing in the news justified the decline. The break, which started shortly after the opening, resulted largely from a mass of selling orders from the West, where the upset in the corn market appears to have shaken speculative bullish confidence a good deal and to have brought on a general liquidation which was not confined to cotton alone, but was also reported in stocks. Following the West's lead many of the Wall Street houses joined in the selling, and the ring traders, who are just now inclined to run with the mob, also contributed their bit to the liquidation. To make matters worse Liverpool and Continental interests, which have been rather heavy buyers of late, bought only sparingly yesterday, and their purchases come nowhere near absorbing the offerings.

The weekly weather report was about what the trade had expected. The low temperatures and the absence of moisture over most of the belt early in the week developed a condition unfavorable for germination and growing, but the rain at the end of the week was said to be favorable. The Norden and Jay reports on acreage were published, the former estimating the reduction over last year at 12 per cent., while the Jay report called the reduction 14.95 per cent., figuring on 31,743,000 acres, as against the Government's figures of 37,073,000 in 1918. These reports are considerably better han some of the Southerners have been talking about, with their claims of a 30 to 40 per cent. reduction. Yesterday's quotations follow:

OLD CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tuesday.
May	....	26.65	26.60	26.65	27.05
July	....	26.61	26.23	26.00@26.10	26.97
Sept.	....	....	....	24.50	25.35
Oct.	....	24.70	24.17	24.10@24.20	24.70
Dec.	....	....	....	24.10	24.50

NEW CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tuesday.
May	28.60	28.70	27.85	28.05@28.15	28.65
July	26.97	26.99	26.10	26.25@26.33	26.98
Oct.	24.88	24.98	24.20	24.48@24.52	25.06
Dec.	24.38	24.38	23.75	24.00@24.02	24.60
Jan.	24.03	24.10	23.52	23.70@23.72	24.25
March	23.75	23.79	23.21	23.35@23.40	23.95

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 50 points to 29.15c for middling upland; sales, none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.70c; New Orleans, 27.75c; Savannah, 28c; Augusta, 28.50c; Memphis, 28c; Houston, 28.10c; Little Rock, 26.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	26,764	19,753	6,483
Exports	11,115	1,200	5,500
Exports, season	8,896,230	8,753,402	8,256,607
New York stocks	88,002	82,123	178,494
Port stocks	1,261,174	1,274,318	1,441,986
N. Y. arrivals	825	923	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in good demand at 15.52d for middling and 20.66d for good middling; sales, 6,000 bales, of which 5,000 were American; imports, 22,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet, 2 to 6 points lower, and closed barely steady, 26 to 41 points down. Prices: May, 16.55d; June, 16.43d; July, 16.21d; September, 15.67d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were firm and in good demand.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, April 30.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 29 francs 43 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 89 francs 65 centimes. The dollar ranged from 6 francs 3 centimes to 6 francs 8 centimes.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Harvey D. Gibson, President of the Liberty National Bank, was the guest Tuesday evening at a dinner given him by the Liberty Bank Club at the Hotel Pennsylvania. Mr. Gibson recently returned from France, where he served as Commissioner for the American Red Cross.

The Continental Guaranty Corporation announces that the $1,000,000 additional capital stock recently authorized has been entirely subscribed, and that the additional cash capital will be available for use May 1.

E. T. Tomlinson, Jr., has been elected Vice President of Doremus & Co., advertising agents.

Samuel S. Conover, President of the Fidelity Trust Company, will be the guest at a dinner to be given by the Directors at the Hotel Biltmore, May 22. The occasion is the twelfth anniversary of the company. Among the speakers, it is expected, will be Martin W. Littleton, Gerard M. Dahl and Charles E. Rushmore.

George W. Garretson was appointed an assistant cashier of the Bank of New York at a meeting of the Board of Directors on Tuesday last.

Charles Wesley & Co. have opened offices at 50-61 Wall Street for the transaction of a general business in investment securities.

The Columbia Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the Endicott Johnson Company.

Walter G. Kimball has returned to his duties as Assistant Treasurer of the Columbia Trust Company. Mr. Kimball was a First Lieutenant with the American Expeditionary Force in France, where he was wounded and awarded the Distinguished Service Cross.

The Guaranty Trust Company has prepared a comparative yield indicator which enables one to tell at a glance the income value of tax-exempt securities, as compared with those subject to the normal Federal income tax and to surtaxes.

The Guaranty Trust Company has been appointed transfer agent for the Foreign Bond and Share Corporation, which was formed recently to deal in foreign securities.

Lawrence Chamberlain & Co. have removed their office from the National Bank of Commerce Building to 31 Nassau Street.

BANKERS MAY OFFER PLAN FOR RAILROADS

Committee of Investment Men Hopes to Work Out a Special Solution.

OPPOSE PRE-WAR CONDITION

Considering Plans for Unification Without Doing Away with Competition.

The Special Railroad Committee of the Investment Bankers Association, which met at a dinner at the Metropolitan Club on Tuesday night, does not expect to formulate a complete or detailed plan for the return of the railroads to private control at the present time. The committee, however, is studying the question closely and will probably arrive at a plan in the not far distant future. It has gone into all the plans advocated by important interests thus far and feels that none of them quite meet the situation, and for this reason hopes to bring out its own plan soon.

The members of the committee, it was confired yesterday, favor, to a greater or lesser extent, the unification of the roads into a relatively small number of systems, but how much unification there should be and how it may be accomplished are details not as yet settled. The committee has taken a very definite stand against Government ownership or operation, and believes the roads should be returned to their shareholders as soon as possible.

As has been previously stated, many of the bankers favor the principle of the so-called Oldham plan; the proposal of John E. Oldham of Boston, that the roads of the country be merged into thirteen main systems. There will possibly be some modifications of this suggestion offered, but it is believed that in principle it will be heartily advocated.

As viewed by many of the men who represent investment interests throughout the United States the Oldham plan is preferable to the others thus far suggested, in that it provides for unification of all roads into a few major systems, but does not do away with the idea of competition. One plan put forward by a prominent railroad authority called for a unification along "zone" lines; in other words, the merging of all lines in certain territories. This, it is now pointed out, would abolish competition altogether, and the bankers feel that it is undesirable that this be done.

A return of the roads to pre-war conditions, with the Government committed to a policy of advancing freight and passenger rates until a so-called "profitable level" is reached, is generally decried by the bankers, who believe that by continuing competition, but by making it competition among a few strong systems, with adequate legislation for whatever freight and traffic arrangements may be found necessary or desirable, will operate for economies which will probably make advanced rates less essential than otherwise would be the case.

SAVAGE ARMS REPORT.

Surplus for First Quarter 1919, Net, Is $850,952.

The Savage Arms Corporation for the first quarter of this year reports a surplus, after charges and taxes, of $850,952 or the equivalent of $10.64 a share on the common stock. This compares with earnings of $411,885, or $4.72 a share in the March quarter of 1918.

The total earnings of the company, after operating expenses and depreciation charges, were $1,021,619 as compared with $2,324,595 in the corresponding quarter of 1918. Reserves for taxes and the like were, however, only $170,667 for the quarter just past, whereas in the first quarter of 1918 the tax allowance was $1,889,757. The surplus for the March quarter was $729,747 after providing for dividends on the preferred and common stock.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98⅝	99⅛	6.35
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	6.00
Gov of N. F.	6	July, 1919	90¼	99¾	5.40
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100	6.00
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1950	98	98½	5.95
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	60	61	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	109	114	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	51	53	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1929	99	99½	5.55

Company Issues.

A. R. Mag. C.	7	Jan., '20-22	99½	100¼	6.68
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99¾	99¾	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100¾	100¾	5.75
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	94	96	7.80
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1923	101	102	5.75
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99⅜	100	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¾	101¼	4.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	102	102¾	5.40
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103	103⅝	5.85
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	104¼	5.70
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98	100	6.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99¾	99⅞	5.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100	100⅛	5.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	101¼	101¼	5.95
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	101⅛	101⅛	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	101⅛	101⅞	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	101⅛	101⅞	6.40
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar., '24	100⅝	101¼	5.75
Gen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	88	90	7.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98½	99½	6.20
Chi. B. & Q.	4	July 19, '21	85⅝	85⅞	5.85
Chi. R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	98	98½	6.55
Con. G. A. P.	Bal. 7	Aug., 1922	100¼	101	6.30
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¾	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅝	100⅝	5.80
Cudahy P. Co.	7	July 15, '22	102¾	103¼	6.20
Del. & Hud.	6	Aug., 1920	98¾	99	5.80
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	99¼	100	6.00
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99¼	5.75
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100¼	100⅜	5.45
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	90	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	99¼	99	6.00
Hocking Val. R. R. Sec.	6	Mar., 1924	97½	98	6.40
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	99½	99¾	6.80
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	86	87½	9.25
Met. Edison	6	Dec., 1920	92	97½	10.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅜	5.50
Okla. G. & E.	7	Apr., 1920	99	99¾	7.70
Okla. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	9.10
Ott. Ry. & L. 1st & reg.	5	June, 1924	88	91	..
Pac. G. & E.	7	Apr., 1920	97	99¼	8.80
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	97	97⅛	5.75
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96	96¼	7.20
Pitts. & S. R. A.	6	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¾	101¾	5.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102	102¼	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104	5.80
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	96¼	97	8.00
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.55
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	8.10
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	103¼	104½	..
St. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1921	97	99	7.90
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99¾	99¾	6.15
Stude Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100	100¼	6.25
Studs. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	98½	99¼	7.20
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1926	97	98	8.10
U. L. & R. Sec.	7	Apr., 1923	98	99	7.70
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '22	91	93	8.85
W. E. & M.	6	Feb 15, '20	100	100¼	5.90

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Aeroplane	1⅛	2	La Rose	20	25
B S Gas	5⅛	5	Iron Blos.	35	45
Bost Arts	..	1¼	Iron Cap.	12⅜	13
Bost Ely	1¼	1¾	Jerome V.	62	63
Bost Mon	65	66	Majestic	15	17
Bohemia	75	80	Merc Met.	10	14
Begole	25	30	Mojave T.	10	12
Butte & L.	10	12	New Balt.	1	1¼
Champ. old	2	2¼	N L & Z.	14	15
Calaveras	1	2	Nixon Nev.	18	20
Chief Cons	3½	3¾	New Dougl.	9	10
Con Cop	4¾	5	Oneco	20	40
Cortez	12	13	Onondaga	12	13
Crystal	21	23	Pilgrim	35	45
Crown Res	40	45	Ranier	75	80
Barle Eagle	..	4	Seven Mer.	22	23
Eagle B B	2¾	2⅞	S W M	1¼	1⅜
Fortuna	3	3	Texaco	87	90
Gold Lake	..	6	U V Ext.	96	97
Houghton	20	50	Victoria	80	1⅞
Hoina	33	39	Yukon	15	90

War Debts and World Trade

THE United States never before had the golden opportunity now within its grasp of securing a large share of the world's trade.

"We have the ships, we have the men, and we'll have the money, too" — when we have taken up the VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN, get our war debts out of the way, and thus put our business men, farmers, manufacturers, exporters and steamship lines in a position to give their undivided attention to business.

The prosperity that world trade can bring the United States will reach into every household in the land.

It will mean bigger factories and more of them, more jobs than there are people looking for them, plenty of money in business for good salaries and wages to everybody on the pay rolls.

Every manufacturing nation is looking forward to the time when its war debts will be paid up and it will be free to go after its share of this world trade.

After subscribing the Victory Loan, the United States will have the lowest debt in respect to its wealth of any great power. But the Victory Loan must be fully subscribed,

THE VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN will probably be the last popular loan you will be asked to subscribe to. Its success will mean that OUR war debts are provided for—that the period of world trade and general prosperity for the people of the United States can begin.

Invest in the Victory Loan
It Is Practical Patriotism

INVEST

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 Broadway, N. Y.

This space contributed to Help Finish the Job by

Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co.
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As a bank specializing in export banking business, the Anglo-South American Bank affords every facility for promoting your business interests in the foreign trade fields. We maintain ten branches in Chile, eleven in Argentina, one in Uruguay, and eight offices in Europe designed to meet your every foreign banking need. Arrangements may be made with us for financing shipments to all parts of the world through your own bank.

Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.

New York Agency
60 Wall St.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

What a Leading New York Newspaper Said Yesterday

* * *

The National City Company yesterday issued a summary of the tax exemption features of the Government war loans which attracted wide attention in the financial district. It explains that in addition to the exemption from normal income tax granted by the acts authorising the bonds there are certain exemptions running from two to five years as follows: For a period of two years after the war, income on $150,000 of bonds; from two to four years (optional three years after the war), income on $55,000 of bonds; from four to five years after the war the income on $35,000 of bonds and after five years, exemption for life on the income of $5,000 bonds. Details are given as to the class of bonds which may be purchased in the market, on which the exemption operates up to $95,000 and up to $180,000 if the bonds are secured by subscription or purchase.

* * *

Few investors know all the provisions covering total or partial exemptions on the income from Liberty bonds or Victory notes.

Send for Circular AG-820

It may be of value to you in the selection of your holdings.

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.
Correspondent Offices in 47 Cities

"Government Control and One Man Power"

Discussed in this week's issue of

THE BACHE REVIEW

The REVIEW is issued weekly and Copies may be had upon request

J. S. Bache & Co.

BANKERS ESTABLISHED 1892
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway New York
Branches and Correspondents throughout the United States.

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Head Office, Rua 15 de Novembro
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House founded in 1904 and has Branches in all the principal towns in the interior of the State of Sao Paulo.

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Complete facilities for the execution of orders in any amount.

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71 BROADWAY. Tel. 7010 BOWLING GREEN

May Coupons and Amortization Payments

FIRST mortgage serial bond issues, safeguarded under the Straus Plan, are amortized, and the amortization payments must be provided for by monthly deposits by the borrowing corporation. Each deposit is one-twelfth of the total amount of principal and interest due on the bonds during the year. Funds, therefore, are ready to meet all May coupons and serial principal payments due at our offices as listed below:

INTEREST AND SERIAL AMORTIZATION PAYMENTS DUE

Bussey Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Chicago H'se W'king Co. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Madison Term. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Seven Elms Bldg. (Oak Park, Ill.)	1st 6's
Keller Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Loeb Arcade (Minneapolis)	1st 6's
Westminster Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Maisenville Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Grove Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Blackburne Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Ryan Bldg. (St. Paul, Minn.)	1st 6's	Norwood Ct. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Vernon Ave. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Douglas Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
St. Antoine Bldg. (Detroit)	1st 6's	Rex Arms Bldg. (Detroit)	1st 6's
Jefferson Hall Bldg. (Detroit)	1st 6's	Rockford Bldg. (Rockford, Ill.)	1st 6's
California Hotel Co. (Pasadena)	1st 6's	Peterboro Bldg. (Detroit)	1st 6's
Monument Sq. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Colonial P'kway Bldg. (New York)	1st 6's
Gloucester Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Keeler Ave. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6½'s
Harvard Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Aldbon Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Ridgeway Bldg. (St. Louis, Mo.)	1st 6's	Ardmore Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Park Bldg. (St. Louis, Mo.)	1st 6's	Washington Sq. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6½'s
Easton Bldg. (St. Louis, Mo.)	1st 6's	Kedvale Ct. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
York Bldg. (St. Louis, Mo.)	1st 6's	Deplaines Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Elmwood Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	St. Michaelm Ct. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's

INTEREST COUPONS DUE

Dewe & Reynolds Co. (New York)	1st 6's	South Central Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Concord Ct. Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Standard Varnish Co. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Pelaktow Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Barnhaisel Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Broadway Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Rosenwald & Weil Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Callingwood Bldg. (Detroit)	1st 6's	Eastwood Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Agee Bldg. (Detroit)	1st 6's	Winthrop Bldg (Chicago)	1st 6's
Firwood Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's	Reynolds Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's
Mortner-Johnson Co. (Sioux Falls, S. D.)	1st 6's	Berwick Bldg. (Chicago)	1st 6's

STRAIGHT FROM GERMANY

An advertisement originated and produced for the Victory Liberty Loan by members of the American Expeditionary Forces.

For some of us the war will never be over

MAYBE you'll be going to the country in a few weeks to see the green of the new leaves, and maybe, too, you've got tickets for a corking show tonight, where there will be lights and colors and gay costumes and a happy crowd.

Well—perhaps the war is over for you.

But for some of us—

Can YOU rest or work or play or live until you have finished the work we started—before the light went out?

See it through. It's a big American job. Unless you finish it up in the old American way the battles we fought over here will have been won in vain.

INVEST

Government Loan Organization
Second Federal Reserve District
Liberty Loan Committee, 120 B'way, N.Y.

This space contributed to Help Finish the Job by

McBee, Jones & Co.
J. K. Rice, Jr., & Co.
Frederic H. Hatch & Co.
Chas. H. Jones & Co.
A. Hicks Lawrence
Hanson & Hanson
Kiely & Horton

Invest $487.50 in 100 Shares of

Carbo-Hydrogen Pfd.

The direct income is $35 per year. In addition is received 25 shares of Carbo-Hydrogen Common, having market value of $2 per share.

Present monthly earnings 16% on Common, and increasing steadily. Dividends of 7% on Preferred since organization. Product—Standard Gas for cutting steel and iron, and welding purposes. Company unable to meet demands of the trade.

	Cost—
100 shares Preferred	$487.50
25 shares Common	& accrued dividend

(Small block only remains unsold.)
Special Circular "T" on Request.

Douglas Fenwick & Co.
Standard Oil Securities
34 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. John 4220

We have issued a circular discussing the present status and possibilities of

Swift Internat'l

A copy of this circular may be obtained upon request.

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50 Gen'l Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
50 Amer. Coal Co. of Alleg.
50 Lord & Taylor 2nd Pfd.
25 Mich. Lime & Chem. Com.
100 Standard Shipbuilding
10,000 Sunday Creek Co. 6's
10,000 Consol. Copper Mines 7's

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Tel. John 3456 27 PINE ST., N. Y.

WILL CONFER AGAIN ON PRICE OF STEEL

Manufacturers Accept Invitation to Meet Industrial and Railroad Boards.

TO SET DATE FOR MEETING

Conference Probably Will Be Held in This City or in Washington Early Next Week.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The steel industry has expressed a willingness to confer again with the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce together this time with representatives of the Railroad Administration, concerning steel prices. It was learned today that an invitation extended to the steel men through a member of the board yesterday in New York was accepted.

The conference, it is understood, will be held either in Washington or New York early next week. Chairman Peek, Secretary Redfield, and Director General Hines are said to be in St. Louis today and are expected to confer and set a date for the meeting with the steel industry.

Representatives of the industry, it is understood, did not indicate a purpose to recede from their price schedule approved by the Industrial Board three months ago, which the Railroad Administration rejected as too high.

Secretary Reid of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce had a conference with Judge Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation early Tuesday morning, after which there was a two-hour meeting of members of the General Committee of the American Iron and Steel Institute. It was this committee which first approved the plan of price stabilization for the iron and steel industry as outlined by the Industrial Board. The costs of steel manufacture were considered in detail after which the Industrial Board announced minimum prices for iron and steel products which were to obtain throughout the year.

The Railroad Administration, however, refused to accept the prices announced, and the Department of Commerce through Secretary of Commerce Redfield, and the Railroad Administration through Director General Hines, petitioned President Wilson for a decision. He recommended further conferences between the Government department. A few days ago Director General Hines signified his willingness to confer with the steel producers. Up to the present the steel manufacturers have maintained that they would not make any further reduction in the price of steel products for the reason that none but the lowest cost producers can make money at the levels established.

OPPOSE STEEL PARLEY.

Trade Journals See No Benefit in Reopening Price Question.

While there has been an increase of business in certain finished steel lines producers report that they expect no substantial buying movement for at least two months and perhaps not until next Fall, according to The Iron Age. The publication expresses dissatisfaction over the continuance of parleys in an endeavor to bring about stabilization with Government support. In regard to this it says:

Further note-writing between the Industrial Board and the Railroad Administration has ended in the latter's acceptance of the board's suggestion that the Railroad Administration and the steel producers' committee confer on prices for railroad material. The steel committee considered the matter Tuesday, but its action was not made public. It is a fair presumption that if the Railroad Administration asks the steel committee to meet it in conference at Washington the steel men will go.

In the trade at large the feeling is one of disappointment that the country is not told in some decisive way that the Government has taken its hands off the steel business. Concerning railroad buying, the Railroad Administration announces that it is not delaying purchases to force down steel prices, but is using a surplus of material piled up during the war. This confirms the belief of steel producers that only moderate buying is to be expected in any event.

The slight improvement in demand has not meant immediately better employment at mills. On the contrary, the scale of operations is somewhat less than in the preceding week. In the Chicago district the average is about 60 per cent., at Pittsburgh and Youngstown 45 to 50 per cent. and in Eastern Pennsylvania about 40 per cent. There is more disposition in Buffalo that the readjustments in the industry will extend to wages.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Though leading steel producers at a meeting in New York Tuesday agreed to meet Director General Hines and allow him an opportunity to present directly his contention that the agreed fall prices are too high, they are opposed to a general reopening of the price situation with Government representatives. The general view entertained is that the present schedule of prices has been adjudged fair and reasonable with relation to present costs, by a responsible Government body; that the industry already has suffered severely from the lifeless market produced by the controversy between the Industrial Board and the Railroad Administration, and that nothing now is to be gained, and much is to be lost, by prolonging the present uncertainty and suspense. Merchant pig iron interests especially are averse to engaging in any concerted movement to revive the ineffective stabilizing plan by a reconsideration of prices. American and British steel makers appear to be making progress toward effecting international export agreements.

BOND AVERAGES.

APRIL, 1919.
40 BONDS.

	Close.	Net Ch'ge.		Close.	Net Ch'ge.
April 1	76.73		April 16	76.94	+ .08
April 2	76.86	+ .13	April 17	76.98	+ .04
April 3	76.90	+ .04	April 18	Exch. closed.	
April 4	76.88	+ .02	April 19	76.83	— .15
April 5	76.81	+ .07	April 21	76.76	— .07
April 7	76.82	+ .13	April 22	76.76	
April 8	76.92	+ .10	April 23	76.91	+ .15
April 9	76.91	— .01	April 24	76.92	+ .01
April 10	76.85	— .06	April 25	76.94	+ .02
April 11	76.82	— .03	April 26	76.98	+ .04
April 12	76.81	— .01	April 28	76.95	— .03
April 14	76.82	+ .01	April 29	77.01	+ .06
April 15	76.86	+ .04	April 30	76.89	— .12

Range for April.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1919	77.01	29	76.73	1	76.89
1918	77.77	7	76.77	7	76.81
1917	86.85	2	84.83	19	85.15
1916	86.83	10	86.19	22	86.51
1915	84.48	29	83.54	1	84.46
1914	87.17	7	86.91	21	87.02
1913	90.63	5	88.70	20	88.70

YEAR'S RANGE.

1919*	77.01	Jan. 3	76.60	Mar. 21	76.89
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sept. 27	76.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80
1916	88.16	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	86.84
1915	87.69	Mar. 24	81.53	Jan. 2	86.07
1914	90.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 3	87.04
1913	92.61	Jan. 10	86.45	Dec. 18	88.34

*To date.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.50	5.55
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5-6	5.95	5.85
Canadian North.	1919-'29	4½@5-6	6.50	6.12
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.95	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.10	5.65
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	6.80	5.25
C., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@6	6.30	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	8.00	5.35
Chicksaaw Refin.	1919-'21	6	7.50	7.00
C., O. & St. L.	1919-'28	5	6.80	5.75
Delaware & Hud.	1923	4½	5.80	5.40
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.45	5.85
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.65	5.30
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.35
Michigan Cent.	1919-'22	5 @6	6.15	5.70
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5	6.50	5.75
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'25	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.35	5.80
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1919-'25	4½@5	6.95	5.50
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1919-'22	4½	6.15	5.75
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.65	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@5-6	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. F'ght.	1919-'23	4 @4½	6.60	5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'49	4½	5.70	5.40
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.10
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.55
Southern Ry.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.35	5.75
Union Tank	1919-'30	5	6.10	5.40

APRIL TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of April aggregated 27,857,123 shares, the largest total in any corresponding month since 1905 and exceeded only once before that time by any April in the history of the Stock Exchange. The latter was in the record year 1901 and included the largest daily total ever recorded, that of 3,270,851 shares made on last business day of the month. Last month's total was an increase of 4,482,939 shares as compared with the previous month and of 20,220,469 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year. There were twenty-one full business days in the month, four Saturdays and one holiday. Of the full business days there were sixteen on which total sales reached a million shares or more, and of which the largest was 1,993,220 on the 30th, the latter the best record since May 12, 1918, when the sales were 1,733,400 shares, that in turn the highest point of dealings for the year 1918. The smallest full day's total was 793,300 on the 4th. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was 819,500 shares on the 26th and the minimum total 537,300 shares on the 5th.

The following table gives total transactions for the month of April and the first four months of this year as compared with the like periods in previous years:

	STOCKS, (SHARES.) April.	Jan. 1 to April 30.
1919	27,857,123	71,518,433
1918	7,436,714	40,465,558
1917	14,979,290	62,740,534
1916	13,534,426	65,812,808
1915	21,045,853	58,870,003
1914	7,182,854	29,389,136
1913	8,450,418	31,013,880
1912	15,996,827	48,535,723
1911	5,043,761	23,519,248
1910	14,200,198	58,317,760
1909	14,967,028	58,333,624
1908	11,410,566	54,053,614
1907	10,220,048	90,968,839
1906	24,206,611	103,883,017
1905	29,277,330	104,562,531
1904	8,163,044	40,389,741
1903	13,943,878	54,307,430
1902	20,373,513	93,349,404
1901	34,851,660	120,779,580
1900	14,648,113	68,196,170
1899	16,884,060	74,796,383
1898	6,894,908	34,139,830
1897	5,289,948	14,732,911
1896	4,956,441	18,223,197
1895	8,004,751	16,380,907
1894	4,006,861	16,409,983
1893	6,243,805	23,999,320
1892	4,872,116	23,240,445
1891	6,919,419	28,970,083
1890	4,971,588	21,419,914
1889	6,208,484	23,906,814

Dealings in corporation bonds amounted to a par value of $45,490,500, on Liberty bonds to $235,452,800, in foreign Governments to $15,893,000, in State securities to $242,950, and in New York City issues to $339,500, making a total in all classes of issues of $300,119,789, the largest trading in any April on record. Compared with the previous month there was an increase of $40,549,339 and of $179,548,349 as compared with the same month last year. The largest full day's total was $18,041,000, on the 14th, and the smallest $9,394,000, on the 25th. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $7,857,000, on the 19th, and the minimum $6,361,500, on the 12th.

Bond dealings for last month and the year to date compare as follows with previous similar periods:

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

	April.	Yr. to Date.
1919	$300,119,789	$1,076,057,839
1918	135,371,500	439,581,000
1917	96,500,500	374,339,800
1916	78,278,350	327,987,450
1915	110,009,500	278,158,500
1914	55,767,500	276,120,500
1913	55,513,500	198,316,000
1912	83,486,000	267,230,500
1911	55,565,500	233,483,500
1910	81,078,500	277,953,800
1909	134,910,700	473,286,200
1908	79,780,500	280,295,050
1907	85,554,400	413,437,400
1906	63,891,700	231,706,700
1905	76,111,800	450,827,050
1904	57,131,600	219,825,300
1903	57,442,250	253,163,500
1902	114,879,000	360,000,100
1901	115,975,800	446,779,370
1900	66,941,820	221,050,470
1899	84,518,600	410,426,870
1898	54,545,250	270,735,160
1897	23,074,500	129,626,000
1896	40,262,450	163,248,250
1895	51,610,800	154,262,150
1894	36,071,000	154,606,850
1893	51,945,400	253,495,600
1892	43,870,600	223,287,310
1891	45,026,800	135,013,400
1890	41,284,000	159,364,550
1889	34,857,100	160,029,774

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at the Auction salesrooms yesterday:

50 shares Garfield Safe Deposit Company, 90.

40 shares Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 9934.

55 shares Fifth National Bank of New York, 225.

$10,000 New York Central Railroad Company 30-year 6 per cent. convertible gold debenture bonds, due May, 1935, 87½.

229 shares Industrial Development Company, $5 lot.

10 shares United Gas and Electric Corporation (Conn.) 1st preferred, 85.

50 shares Lord & Taylor 2d preferred, 51.

3,120 shares Golden Reward Consolidated Gold Mining Company, $30 lot.

1,000 shares Carlton Investment Company, 1st preferred, $10 lot.

1,000 shares Carlton Investment Company, 2d preferred, $10 lot.

10 shares United Gas and Electric Corporation (Conn.) 1st preferred, 85.

$5,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway of Texas 1st mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due September, 1942; March, 1917, coupons attached, 43.

$6,000 Trenton, Pennington & Hopewell Street Railway 1st mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due June, 1942. Guaranteed by Trenton Street Railway, 88½.

3 shares Transit Building Corporation, $3 lot.

4,625 shares temporary stock trust certificates for common stock, Seaboard Air Line Railway Company; 4,742 shares temporary stock trust certificates for 4.5 per cent. preferred stock, Seaboard Air Line Railway Company, $40,000.

98 shares Knox Hat Company, Inc., 1st preferred, 42.

10 shares American Rice and Slate Company preferred, $18 lot.

6 shares American Rice and Slate Company common, $6 lot.

NEW NATIONS SEEK CREDITS

It was reported yesterday in the financial district that representatives of two of the new nations, Finland and Czechoslovakia, are preparing to open negotiations with American bankers looking to the establishment here of credits for those countries. Nothing definite has been done as yet, it was stated yesterday, and probably nothing will be done until the Victory Loan campaign is over. Not even the amounts which the foreign representatives are desirous of securing have been mentioned.

Bankers who have given some consideration to financing of this sort say that the initial credits will probably be in the form of bank acceptances, and that definitive bond offerings are not likely to come until later. It is believed, however, that as soon as the Victory Loan is out of the way a very considerable volume of financing ofr these nations will be undertaken, with the encouragement and possibly with the co-operation of the Government.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

APRIL, 1919.

RAILROADS (25 STOCKS)

Date.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'e.
April 1	82.14	81.77	81.96	+ .07
April 2	82.22	82.00	82.04	+ .10
April 3	82.25	81.80	81.94	+ .12
April 4	82.77	81.80	82.72	+ .78
April 5	83.06	82.61	82.67	— .06
April 7	82.85	82.44	82.69	+ .02
April 8	82.79	82.39	82.52	— .17
April 9	83.63	83.23	83.45	+ .93
April 10	83.30	82.15	83.19	— .26
April 11	82.04	81.73	81.86	— .33
April 12	81.90	81.73	81.80	— .06
April 14	83.14	81.83	81.99	+ .19
April 15	83.11	81.71	81.78	— .21
April 16	81.96	81.69	81.84	— .94
April 17	81.74	81.44	81.48	— .16
April 18	Exchange closed.			
April 19	81.70	81.45	81.59	+ .11
April 21	81.72	81.45	81.45	— .14
April 22	81.89	81.74	81.87	+ .42
April 23	82.09	83.50	83.63	+ .06
April 24	83.70	83.38	83.89	— .33
April 25	83.97	82.84	83.32	+ .43
April 26	83.90	83.65	83.73	+ .90
April 28	84.31	83.48	83.73	
April 29	83.93	83.84	83.47	— .26
April 30	83.48	83.45	83.10	— .37

INDUSTRIALS (25 STOCKS).

April 1	91.10	90.53	91.08	+ .58
April 2	91.28	90.80	91.18	+ .33
April 3	91.73	90.55	90.61	— .50
April 4	91.80	90.60	91.47	+ .86
April 5	92.00	91.18	91.41	— .06
April 7	91.74	91.55	92.06	+ .65
April 8	92.49	92.01	92.74	+ .68
April 9	94.34	92.48	93.41	+ .67
April 10	94.18	92.48	92.69	— .72
April 11	92.58	92.05	92.79	+ .10
April 12	92.77	92.35	92.52	— .27
April 14	92.77	92.35	92.49	+1.17
April 15	94.42	93.37	94.00	+ .57
April 16	94.86	93.41	93.63	— .38
April 17	94.08	93.03	93.46	— .16
April 18	Exchange closed.			
April 19	94.86	93.56	94.13	+ .66
April 21	95.56	93.96	94.59	+ .47
April 23	94.99	93.40	94.04	+ .06
April 24	95.00	94.06	94.73	+ .69
April 25	95.50	93.48	94.13	— .61
April 26	94.95	93.91	94.53	+ .23
April 28	94.90	94.00	94.46	+ .26
April 29	95.61	94.03	94.94	+ .48
April 30	94.97	94.03	94.44	— .50

COMBINED AVERAGE (50 STOCKS).

April 1	76.93	76.14	76.49	+ .19
April 2	77.05	76.46	76.71	+ .22
April 3	77.06	76.50	76.52	— .19
April 4	77.18	76.84	77.00	+ .74
April 5	77.53	76.89	77.04	— .06
April 7	77.54	76.90	77.39	+ .35
April 8	78.14	77.43	77.83	+ .94
April 9	78.43	77.40	77.92	+ .09
April 10	78.37	77.29	77.44	— .48
April 11	77.71	76.88	77.31	— .13
April 12	77.41	76.92	77.03	— .28
April 14	77.98	77.08	77.71	+ .68
April 15	78.26	77.54	77.94	+ .23
April 16	78.40	77.50	77.63	— .31
April 17	77.91	77.19	77.47	— .16
April 18	Exchange closed.			
April 19	78.05	77.51	77.85	+ .38
April 21	78.68	77.65	78.11	+ .26
April 23	78.94	77.97	78.60	+ .49
April 24	79.32	78.26	78.67	+ .07
April 25	79.10	78.20	78.45	— .22
April 26	78.96	78.13	78.58	+ .13
April 28	79.44	78.43	79.14	+ .56
April 29	79.91	78.76	79.34	+ .18
April 30	79.87	78.81	79.25	— .91
May 1	79.87	78.84	78.77	— .54

Range for April.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1919	84.31	28	81.35	21	83.10
1918	89.44	1	81.94	12	81.94
1917	86.41	2	73.32	7	73.47
1916	88.07	6	84.33	22	87.05
1915	76.89	19	76.33	1	76.46
1914	80.31	3	75.02	28	77.22
1913	88.59	4	83.62	20	83.72
1912	99.34	20	89.80	15	95.34
1911	94.88	4	91.47	24	93.33

INDUSTRIALS.

1919	95.97	29	90.53	1	94.44
1918	99.87	23	94.78	12	97.56
1917	94.81	3	86.45	20	88.71
1916	99.51	4	87.00	22	96.83
1915	91.34	30	84.96	1	70.86
1914	90.80	7	84.46	23	87.81
1913	93.51	4	84.44	30	84.68
1912	91.18	24	83.06	1	76.89
1911	86.94	6	83.94	24	85.38

COMBINED AVERAGE.

1919	79.95	29	76.14	1	78.77
1918	89.19	22	86.22	11	87.56
1917	85.56	3	79.57	23	81.29
1916	88.79	6	80.91	22	85.43
1915	78.80	30	74.54	1	72.80
1914	70.66	2	66.24	25	67.26
1913	74.41	4	69.53	30	69.70
1912	83.76	26	80.92	1	82.81
1911	80.42	4	77.20	24	78.55

Year's Range.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
*1919	84.31	Apr. 28	59.53	Jan. 9	83.10
1918	70.75	Nov. 12	56.94	Jan. 15	62.65
1917	93.22	Jan. 3	62.06	Dec. 26	69.81
1916	95.70	Nov. 8	74.83	Apr. 22	80.57
1915	91.13	Feb. 23	70.46	Jan. 2	76.46
1914	90.94	Jan. 23	66.35	July 30	68.04
1913	91.43	Jan. 9	78.82	June 10	79.79
1912	97.23	Oct. 4	88.39	Dec. 16	90.27
1911	99.05	June 22	84.40	Sep. 25	91.37

INDUSTRIALS.

*1919	95.97	Apr. 29	80.37	Feb. 10	94.44
1918	91.56	Oct. 18	71.31	Jan. 15	84.14
1917	96.74	Jan. 4	63.94	Dec. 20	71.95
1916	110.53	Nov. 21	87.00	July 14	95.80
1915	109.97	Oct. 23	81.85	Feb. 24	100.78
1914	81.88	Jan. 31	48.40	July 30	53.56
1913	87.06	Jan. 9	80.97	June 19	84.34
1912	94.15	Sep. 30	78.50	Feb. 1	84.15
1911	88.78	June 5	84.78	Dec. 26	85.38

COMBINED.

*1919	79.95	Apr. 29	69.77	Jan. 21	78.77
1918	90.13	Nov. 11	84.19	Jan. 2	87.56
1917	96.46	Jan. 4	72.26	Dec. 20	81.29
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	86.21	Apr. 22	91.43
1915	94.13	Oct. 23	84.60	Feb. 24	91.68
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	67.41	July 30	69.26
1913	87.06	Jan. 9	74.74	June 19	79.00
1912	95.83	Sep. 30	76.14	Feb. 1	82.81
1911	84.41	June 24	69.97	Sep. 25	87.50

*To date.

EARNINGS

Railroads.	1919.	1918.	Increase.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE for March—			
Gross	$5,801,891	$4,690,707	$1,110,684
Bal. aft. taxes	553,385	1,457,872	*904,487
Net op. income	504,307	1,351,203	*846,895
3 mos. gross	16,648,457	13,261,685	3,386,772
Bal. aft. taxes	2,501,697	3,163,491	*1,370,674
Net op. income	2,440,687	3,740,522	*1,299,835
BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for March—			
Gross	460,175	438,068	22,107
Bal. aft. taxes	83,990	105,862	*71,906
Net op. income	57,142	116,101	*78,958
3 mos. gross	1,340,735	1,051,801	297,983
Bal. aft. taxes	56,176	73,699	*17,551
Net op. income	65,000	144,727	*77,628
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH for March—			
Gross	1,090,280	1,419,579	*329,849
Def. aft. taxes	50,163	187,652	*137,489
Net def. income	58,038	*282,815	285,348
3 mos. gross	3,558,106	3,600,351	*42,245
Def. aft. taxes	208,506	20,004	188,501
Net op. deficit	175,314	179,224	354,538
†Income.			
CUBA RAILROAD for February—	1919.	1918.	1917.
Gross	1,165,474	1,184,564	856,631
Net after exp.	338,208	451,798	52,852
Sur. aft. chgs.	232,008	345,598	149,941
8 mos. gross	7,296,169	6,947,914	4,831,926
Net after exp.	1,612,128	2,042,241	1,224,446
Sur. aft. chgs.	869,876	1,200,837	804,230
†Deficit.			
DENVER & RIO GRANDE for March—	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	$2,853,121	$2,844,349	*113,148
Bal. aft. taxes	82,086	876,194	*490,108
Net op. income	122,579	634,653	*511,961
3 mos. gross	6,966,598	6,722,092	181,654
Bal. aft. taxes	619,414	1,332,074	*712,660
Net op. income	888,898	1,463,987	*775,092
DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON for March—			
Gross	364,148	218,915	85,586
Def. aft. taxes	70,965	48,419	31,546
Net op. deficit	47,087	57,998	*10,911
3 mos. gross	914,915	446,763	468,152
Def. aft. taxes	198,179	309,898	*111,720
Net op. deficit	306,143	359,271	*185,127
GULF, MOBILE & NORTHERN for March—			
Gross	158,481	193,341	5,139
Def. aft. taxes	37,049	†36,893	63,942
Net op. deficit	38,130	149,216	77,946
3 mos. gross	474,113	503,283	11,390
Def. aft. taxes	78,620	†101,800	174,920
Net op. deficit	67,834	†135,509	193,344
†Income.			
KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for March—			
Gross	353,326	350,549	*85,023
Def. aft. taxes	27,873	†33,209	90,881
Net op. deficit	19,567	†111,901	150,988
3 mos. gross	745,119	891,978	*146,758
Def. aft. taxes	83,403	†68,057	70,081
Net op. deficit	199,803	†167,390	365,564
†Income.			
LAKE ERIE & WESTERN for March—			
Gross	775,858	904,060	*80,784
Bal. aft. taxes	12,060	168,348	*156,288
Net op. deficit	31,207	†186,965	172,080
3 mos. gross	2,232,936	1,893,064	339,902
Def. aft. taxes	43,937	†127,244	181,182
Net op. deficit	53,681	†77,842	130,833
†Income.			
MOBILE & OHIO for March—			
Gross	1,168,163	1,089,921	78,242
Bal. aft. def.	215,421	†56,138	271,559
Net op. deficit	296,629	†90,913	386,942
3 mos. gross	3,551,424	3,007,509	513,915
Bal. aft. def.	434,866	23,978	457,164
Net op. deficit	453,161	45,465	498,626
†Income.			
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN for March—			
Gross	1,058,196	1,364,320	*282,468
Bal. aft. taxes	4,774	354,777	*349,997
Net op. deficit	5,580	†539,627	545,207
8 mos. gross	8,009,671	8,163,491	*154,750
Bal. aft. taxes	199,678	1,198,484	*998,818
Net op. income	239,384	1,200,886	*968,542
*Decrease.			
†Income.			

Public Utilities.	1919.	1918.	1917.
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT for March—			
Gross	$3,994,120	$3,940,670	$3,082,620
Net after tax.	1,388,988	1,354,348	1,548,529
Total income	1,416,316	1,378,376	1,595,449
Sur aft chg.	*433,946	718,525	897,537
9 mos gross	31,280,158	30,144,018	29,576,392
Net aft tax.	9,604,859	12,247,027	15,211,833
Total income	10,047,111	13,525,404	15,605,637
Sur. aft. chgs.	*2,174,800	5,601,780	6,740,000

*Includes accruals under Contract 3 and related certificates, amounting to $573,683 for March, 1919, and $5,511,954 for nine months ended March 31, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY for March—			
Gross	868,604	822,298	660,862
Net aft. tax.	157,883	161,838	149,941
Def. aft. chg

J.K.Rice,Jr.& Co. Buy & Sell

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GLENROCK OIL
Important developments in the Lance field are having their effects on the company's stock.
New developments are expected daily. The current issue of our Weekly Review deals with stock's position.
Among other issues treated are
North Amer. P. & P.
Sinclair Gulf
Libby McNeill & Libby
Island Oil
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All denominations bought for cash. Based on the closing we pay to-day
$48.50 for a $50—3½% Bond, 57 Coupons
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NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July,	1967	101	101¼	101
4½s June,	1965	101	101¼	101
4½s Mar.,	1963	101	101¼	101
4½s Nov.,	1957	101	101¼	101
4½s Mar.,	1957	101	101¼	101
4½s Mar.,	1960-30	96¾	96¾	96¾
4½s Mar.,	1964	96¾	96¾	96¾
4½s Mar.,	1963	96¾	96¾	96¾
4½s Mar.,	1966	96¾	96¾	96¾
4½s Sept.,	1960	96¾	96¾	96¾
4s May,	1959	91¾	91¾	91¾
4s Nov.,	1958	91¾	91¾	91¾
4s Nov.,	1957	91¾	91¾	91¾
4s Nov.,	1956	90¾	91¾	90¾
4s Nov.,	1955	90¾	91¾	90¾
4s Nov.,	1936	93¾	93½	92½
3½s Nov.,	1965	81¼	..	81¼

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
3½s Nov.,	1954	81¾	82¾	81¾
3½s May,	1954	81¼	..	81¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1961	4.65	..	4.60
4½s	1926-1938	4.65	..	4.60
4½s	1919-1923	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s	1924-1952	4.60	4.40	4.60
4½s	1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
4s	1939-1939	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s	1925-1950	4.70	4.55	4.70
4s	1919-1921	4.70	4.55	4.70
3s	1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s	1918-1938	4.70	4.60	4.70
3s	1926-1930	4.70	4.55	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,305	Cities Service	362	359	359	361
1,740	Cities Service pf	79¾	79¼	79¼	79¾
$165,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s	129¾	125¾	129½	129¾
215,500	Cities Service deb. C 7s	102½	102½	102½	102½

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	14	16
Adiron Elec Power pf	74	76
Am Gas & Electric	145	148
Am Gas & Electric pf	42	44
Am Light & Traction	244	248
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100
Am Power & Light	58	62
Am Power & Light pf	76	80
Am Public Utilities	10	15
Am Public Utilities pf	32	37
Am W W & Electric	4½	5½
Am W W & E 1st pf	52	62
Am W W & E partic	10	12
Carolina Power & L	32	35
Colorado Power	23	25
Colorado Power pf	97	103
Columbus Electric pf	70	75
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	23½	24
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	47	49
Conn Power pf	73	..
Consumers' Power pf	80	83
Eastern Texas Electric	85	60
Eastern Texas Elec pf	75	..
El Paso Electric	95	100
Electric B & S pf	93	96
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	10	11½
Federal Light & Tr. pf	46	49
Galveston-Houston Elec	15	17½
Galveston-Hous El pf	65	68

Bonds.

Am W W & E col 5s	64½	67½	
Appalach Power 1st 5s	71	74	
Arkansas Power 5s, 1953	84	85	
Cuban P & L 6s, '46	90	95	
Con Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	93½	95½
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99	99½	99½
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	
Col Power 5s, 1953	87	90	100¼
Conn Power 5s, 1965	88	94	95½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	94	95
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88	
East Tex Elec 7s, '31	98	99	97½
El Paso Elec col 5s	85	90	
Empire Gas & F 6s	97	98½	
Empire Refining 6s	93	96	
Gt West Power 5s, '46	83½	84½	91
Gt West Power 5s, '55	83½	84½	91
Middle West U 6s, '25	87	90	
Miss Riv Power 1st 5s	77	79	
Nor Ont L & Power 5s	82	86	
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	93½	95½	
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	87½	89½	
Pac Gas & El 6s, 1951	88	90	
Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	94¼	100¼	
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	83	85	90½
S W Power 5s, 1943	80	85	
Twin S G & E 5s, '53	72	78	
Un L & R 1st 5s, '52	84½	87½	
Un L & R deb 6s, '32	83	86	
Un Util ov 6s, '43	78	87	
U S Pub Svc 6s, 1927	84	91	
Utah Securities 6s, 1922	91	93	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
105	Atlantic Pet.	3	3	3
16	Balt Trust	162	162	162
10	Dav Chem	36	36	36
20	Elkhorn	28	28	28
18	Cons Coal	79¾	79¾	79¾
125	Cons Power	105¼	105	105
300	Cosden	6¼	6¼	6¼
110	Hous Oil pf	90	85¾	86¾
30	Mt Ver M	18½	18½	18½
63	M&M Pr N B	38½	38½	38½
25	Maryland As	15½	15½	15½
700	United Rys	15¾	15¾	15¾

Bonds.

$10,000	A C L C 4s	77¾	77¾
7,000	Cons C 6s	99¾	99¾
18,000	Cons P 5s	97¼	97½
7,000	Cosden 6s B	96	96
$2,000	Fla C P 6s	100¾	100¾
1,000	Ja C & I 5s	89	89
1,000	Kirby L 6s	99	99

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
41	Alaska	5¼	3¼	3¼
255	Algomah	10	10	10
100	Allouez	34¼	34¼	34¼
20	Anaconda	61¼	61¼	61¼
209	Ariz Com'l	11¾	11¼	11¼
150	Bingham	7¾	7¾	7¾
120	Calu & Ariz	59½	59½	59½
255	Davis-Daly	5¾	5¾	5¾
20	Daly-West	2¾	2¾	2¾
220	East Butte	8¼	8¼	8¼
10	Ina of N A	48¾	48¾	48¾
30	Isle Royale	25½	25½	25½
50	Lake Copper	3¾	3¾	3¾
40	Mason Valley	2¼	2¼	2¼
35	Mass Con	4¼	4¼	4¼
50	Mayflow-O C	4¼	4¼	4¼
50	Michigan	8¾	8¾	8¾
56	New Area	1¼	1¼	1¼

Railroads

8	Bos & Alb	135	135
880	Bos Elev	73½	73
543	Bos & Me	31	30
7	C&M. Class 4	61	61
15	Pitchburg pf	52	52
206	New Riv pf	68	64½
90	New Corn'a	17½	17¼
105	Nipissing	8½	8¼
50	North Butte	10	10
15	Old Dom	53	51
20	Pond Creek	14	13¾
10	Quincy	56	56
925	Seneca	14	13¾
200	Shannon	2¼	2¼
10	St Mary's	43	43
80	Trinity	34½	34½
500	Tuolumne	70c	70c
120	U S Smelt	50	49¼
40	Do pf	47	47
250	Utah Apex	2	2
125	Utah Con	7¾	7¾
23	Utah Copper	75¼	75¼

Miscellaneous.

10	Am Agr Ch	112¾	111
332	Am Sugar	120¼	120¼
1,855	Am Bosch	81¼	80
50	Am Pn Serv	1¼	1¼
10	Am Sugar	131	131
42	Do pf	118	117
263	Am T & T	106	104½
23	Am Wool pf	100	99½
125	Booth	21¼	21
59	Century Steel	14¼	14¼
370	Cuban Portl'd	15¾	15¼
576	East Boston	5¼	5¼
10	Edison	158	158
2,790	Fairbanks	63½	62¼
6	Gen Electric	161½	161½
1,450	Horton	34¼	33¼
100	Int Portland	8	7¾
10	Do pf	24	24
700	Island Oil	8¾	8¼
880	Libby	30¾	30¼

Bonds.

$30,000	Am Agr 5s	110	110
10,000	A,G&W I 5s	81	81
1,000	Cent Vt 4s	65	65
5,000	MissRivP 5s	78¼	78¼
$54,000	PuntaSug 6s	98¾	98
1,000	St Paul 5s	77½	77½
1,000	US Smelt 6s	99¾	99¾

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
620	Armour pf	104¾	104	104
850	Booth Fish	21¼	20½	21¼
25	Do pf	81	81	81
150	Chi Pneu T	66	65	65
1,710	Cudahy	121	119	121
125	Com Edison	110¼	109	110
2,150	Cent Motor	9¼	9	9¼
50	Deere & C pf	97¼	97¼	97¼
20	Dia Match	113¼	113	113¼
50	Ill Brick	60¼	60	60¼
8,460	Lib,McNeill	31¼	29¾	31
1,106	Lindsay Lt	21¼	20¼	20¼
70	Do pf	10¼	9¼	9¼
30	M Stk Yards	43	41	41
5,000	Swift 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾

Bonds.

$7,000	Chi City & Conn Ry 5s	43	41
5,000	Swift 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,355	Am Sewer P	29	27½	29
220	Am W G Ma	88¾	88¾	88¾
25	Do pf	83	83	83
35	H-W Ref pf	100	100	100
90	Lone Star G	275	274	274
210	Mfrs L & H	53	52½	53
100	Max Motors	41	41	41
680	Nat Fireproj	9	8¾	9
200	Do pf	17½	17	17
200	Ohio Fu Oil	24	24	24
430	Ohio Fu Sup	50	49½	49¾
325	Okla Gas	36¾	36¼	36½
30	Okla P & R	10¾	10¾	10¾
10	Ohio C Gas	44¾	44¼	44¾
50	Pitts Brew	5¼	5¼	5½
5,000	Pitts Jer Cp	19c.	19c.	19c.
800	Pitt McShane	30c.	30c.	30c.
380	*Pitts O & G	12¾	12¾	12¾
10	Pitts Pl Gl	118½	118½	118½
10	Penna R R	44¾	44¼	44¾
450	Riv Elec Co	7¼	7¼	7¼
500	San Toy	7c.	7c.	7c.
10	Un Nat Gas	133¾	133¾	133¾
100	Un Storage	20	20	20
10	U S Steel	99¼	99¼	99¼
212	West A B	100	108¼	108¾
85	Westing El	51¾	51¼	51¾
15	White Mot	59¼	59¼	59¼

Bonds.

$11,000	Independent Brew 6s	53	53
1,000	Pitts Brewing 6s	70	70

*Ex dividend.

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
92	Am Gas N J	65½	65½	65½
9	Am Rys pf	63	63	63
20	Camb Iron	40¾	40¾	40¾
1,145	Elec Stor	74	73¼	74¼
100	Gen As pf	100	100	100
63	Ins C of NA	30	29½	30
1,160	L Superior	19¾	19¾	19¼
118	Lehigh Nav	67¼	67¼	67¼
110	Lehigh Val	55½	55	55¼
76	L Schuylkill	42	41¾	42
7	Minehill	51	51	51
19	North Cent	73¼	72¾	72¾
30	Penn Bank	280	280	280
205	Phil C 6% pf	37	37	37
404	Phil Elec	25¾	25¾	25¼
191	Phil & W pf	29½	29¼	29½
1,045	Phil R T	24½	24¼	24¼
110	Phil Tract	67	67	67
655	Tonopah B	3¼	3¼	3¼
305	Tonopah M	3¼	3¼	3¼
250	Un Traction	38½	38	38
122	United G Im	68¼	68¼	68¼
40	W Jer & S	42	42	42
225	W Cramp&S	120	120	121
6	York Rys pf	31	31	31

Bonds.

$1,000	A G & E 5s	83¼	83¼
1,000	Elec & P 4s	69	69
5,000	L Sup Inc 5s	62¼	62
1,000	L V c ds '28	101¼	101¼
$3,000	P C tem ctfs	96¼	96¼
2,000	Phil E 1st 5s	93¾	93¾
3,000	U Ry Inv 5s	72	72
2,000	Wels Co 5s	98	98

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	20¾	21¼	21
Atlantic Refining	1350	1370	1340
Borne-Scrymser	525	526	525
Buckeye Pipe Line	101	103	102
Chesebrough Mfg	310	325	310
Continental Oil	665	675	670
Crescent Pipe Line	38	38	38
Cumberland P L	190	200	190
Eureka Pipe Line	165	170	165
Galena S. Oil com	126	125	126
Do pf, new	105	110	105
Do pf, old	140	140	140
Illinois Pipe Line	185	188	183
Indiana Pipe Line	103	107	103
Int Pet Co, Ltd	22	30	29
National Transit	23	23	22
N Y Transit	185	195	185
Northern Pipe Line	112	115	112
Ohio Oil	386	390	388
Penn-Mex Fuel Co	54	56	54
Prairie Oil & Gas	680	690	685
Prairie Pipe Line	276	280	276
Solar Refining	380	395	370
Southern Pipe Line	164	168	162
South Penn Oil	305	315	305
S W Penn	98	102	98
Stand Oil of Cal	280	287	280
Stand Oil of Ind	815	825	815
Stand Oil of Kan	640	660	640
Stand Oil of Ky	410	420	410
Stand Oil of Neb	560	580	560
Stand Oil of N. J	770	775	775
Stand Oil of N. Y	380	384	383
Stand Oil of Ohio	530	550	550
Swan & Finch	110	115	110
Union Tank	170	175	172
Vacuum Oil	436	440	436
Washington Oil	36	40	36

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Brass	218	220	215
Atlas Powder	140	146	140
Do pf	89	92	89
Babcock & Wilcox	119	123	118
Bliss	230	250	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	45	48	45
Columbia Graph	240	245	240
Do pf	95	98	95
Du Pont pf	270	280	265
Du Pont deb pf	95	96	93
Hercules	220	225	220
Do pf	107	100	107
Ingersoll-Rand Co	168	173	168
Do pf	102	103	102
Niles-Bem-Pond	114	117	114
Do pf	95	100	95
Seowill Mfg	280	275	300
Standard Screw	250	260	250
Va-Car Chem	225	*235	230

*Extra dividend.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was an improved and steadier tone to values at the close of an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Prices, except in certain specialties, had net losses from one to more than two points, but final quotations were above the low levels reached in the early afternoon. Trading was in heavy volume throughout the session. Stocks were in free supply after a generally strong opening and the list responded readily to the selling movement, which was particularly severe after midday and made the market unsettled and nervous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
29	Ajax Rubber	91¼	91¼	
195	Allis-Chalm	38¾	37¾	38
70	Am Ag Ch	113	113¾	113
590	Am B Sugar	80	77¾	80
1,715	Am Can	53¾	53¼	53¾
90	Am C & F	95	95	95¾
190	Am Cot Oil	56¾	54¾	55½
100	Am Druggists	13	13	13
350	Am H & L	37¾	37¾	37¾
350	Do pf	118	118	118
30	Am Ice	48	48	48
3,900	Am Internat	57¼	54¾	57¼
40	Am Linseed	54	53¾	54
435	Am Loco	78¾	76	74¼
1010	Am S & R	71¾	71¼	71¾
160	Am St'l Fdy	104¾	99¾	104
60	Am Sugar	131¼	129¾	129¾
1,100	Am Su Tob	110¾	105	108¾
90	Am T & T	106¼	104¾	106¼
580	Amazon Cop	32¾	31¾	31¾
70	Am Tar & P	94½	93¾	94
450	A. G & W I	145¼	142	143¾
3,040	Bald Loco	92½	90¾	91¾
10	Balt & Ohio	47¾	47¾	47¾
590	Beth St'l B	74½	73	73¾
50	Butte & Sup	22¼	21¾	22¼
190	Cal Packing	64	63¾	63¾
140	Cal Petrol	28	27¼	27¾
410	Cen Leather	70¼	70	70¾
185	Cerro de P	40¾	40¼	40¾
20	Chas & Ohio	62	61¾	61¾
120	C, M & St P	38¾	38	38
10	Do pf	67¾	67¾	67¾
3,550	Crucible St'l	72½	69¾	70
1,200	Cuba Cane S	32¾	31¾	32
130	Erie	17¼	16¾	16¾
30	Gas W & W	124¾	124¾	124¾
160	Gen Cigar	57¾	56¾	57¾
595	Gen Motors	183¼	178¾	180¾
500	Goodrich Co	73	71	72¾
120	Gt Nor pf	93	92¾	92¾
30	Gt Nor Ore	42¾	42¾	42¾
10	Greene-Can	39	39	39
230	Inspir Cop	49¼	48¾	49
1,570	Int Mer Ma	42½	39¾	41¼
1,050	Do pf	119¼	118¾	119¼
1,150	Int Nickel	26¾	25¾	26¾
480	Int Paper	52¾	50	52¼
10	Inter Con pf	13¾	13¾	13¾
10	Jewel Tea	37¾	37¾	37¾
1,100	Kan City So	27¼	26¾	27¼
90	Kelly-S Tire	127¾	124¾	125¾
110	Kenne Cop	33¼	31¾	31¾
690	Key Tire	109	104¾	108¼
80	Lack Steel	70¾	69¾	70¾
3,000	Lib,McNAL	31	30	31
1,300	Lima Loco	44¾	40¾	43
3,000	NatAn&Ch	33	31¾	33¼
200	NatCoalAL	61	60	60
100	Nat Firepfg	9¾	9¼	9¾
200	Do pf	17	17	17
6,000	NMAAfrica	4¾	4¾	4¾
100000	N Am P & P	6¾	6	6¼
700	N Y Shipbldg	44	41	42
1,500	PearsonCoal	8	7¾	8
100000	Perfec T & R	1¾	1¾	1¾
500	Peer T & M	37½	37	37
2,000	PhilipMorris	12¾	11¾	12¾
200	Poulsen W	5	5	5
450	Penn Tppa	62	61	62
6,100	Savoid Tire	43	41¼	43
1,000	Simpson C	7¾	6¼	6¾
100	Stew Mfg	46¼	46¼	46¼
1,200	Stand G&E	40	38¼	38¼
1,000	Sub B, v t c	16	15¼	15¾
4,000	Swift Int	59½	55½	59¼
200	Un Carbide	69½	69	69
4,000	Un Prof Sh	1¾	1½	1¾
1,500	U S L & H	2	2	2
6,000	U S S Co	32¾	32¼	32¾
3,000	Wayne Coal	4½	3¾	4
4,000	Lb,McNAL	31	30	31
3,000	NatAn&Ch	33	31¾	33¼
200	NatCoalAL	61	60	60
100	Nat Firepfg	9¾	9¼	9¾
200	Do pf	17	17	17
6,000	NMAAfrica	4¾	4¾	4¾
100000	N Am P & P	6¾	6	6¼
700	N Y Shipbldg	44	41	42
1,500	PearsonCoal	8	7¾	8
100000	Perfec T & R	1¾	1¾	1¾
500	Peer T & M	37½	37	37
2,000	PhilipMorris	12¾	11¾	12¾
200	Poulsen W	5	5	5
450	Penn Tppa	62	61	62
6,100	Savoid Tire	43	41¼	43
1,000	Simpson C	7¾	6¼	6¾
100	Stew Mfg	46¼	46¼	46¼
1,200	Stand G&E	40	38¼	38¼
1,000	Sub B, v t c	16	15¼	15¾
4,000	Swift Int	59½	55½	59¼
200	Un Carbide	69½	69	69
4,000	Un Prof Sh	1¾	1½	1¾
1,500	U S L & H	2	2	2
6,000	U S S Co	32¾	32¼	32¾
3,000	Wayne Coal	4½	3¾	4
3,600	National O	6¾	6¼	6¾
50	N E F O	72	70	70
16,000	†North O	76	63	66
1,000	†Ok & T O	5¼	5	5
7,000	†Om O & G	48	46	47
2,400	†Or O & G	3	2¾	3
400,000	†O N O &	1¾	1½	1¾
2,500	†Pennok Oil	16¼	15¾	15¾
15,000	††Penn Gas	35	30	30
5,000	††Queen Oil	14	13	14
87,000	†Range Oil	4¾	4¼	4¾
65,000	†R-S Pet	7	6¾	7
130,000	†Ranger Oil	2	1¾	1¾
1,900	†Rick Tex C	18	16	16½
17,350	†Rock Oil p	1¾	1¼	1¼
21,000	†Ryan Pet	2¾	2¼	2¼
500	†Salt C P	40¾	40¾	40¾
1,200	†Sap O & R	8¼	8	8¼
2,000	†Savoy Oil	14	11¾	11¾
8,000	†Sin Gulf C	54¾	52	53
1,500	†Southw Oil	47	40	47
1,500	†Sp & R	5	4¾	5
11,500	†Stanton O	1¼	1¼	1¼
7,750	†Ster O & R	5¼	4¾	5¼
18,000	†T-R P & R	4¼	3¾	3¾
1,000	†T O & R	61	60	60
900	†Tropa Oil	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,600	†Vera-C P	1	1	1
1,400	†Vic O n s	4¼	4	4¼
1,500	†Wil O & G	67	67	67
20,000	†Y O & G	1¼	1¼	1¼

MINING STOCKS.

26,730	†Alaska-Brit Col Metals	50	46	50	4,500	††MagmaChf	¼	¼	¼
2,000	††AdelphiaMA M. (a pros)	32	31	32	41,900	††Mangan of Am. (pros)	1¼	¼	1¼
18,000	††Allied Gold	1	¾	1	98,000	††MacNama	85	83	85
2,200	†Americus	¾	¾	¾	600	††Marsh Min	7	7	7
1,500	†Ariz Butte	74	70	74	22,000	††Mexca. Div. (a pros)	31	27	30
1,500	††Atlanta	5¼	5¼	5¼	1,200	††Moth Lode	41	41	41
400	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	5,100	†Nat Tin	3¾	2½	2¾
2,300	††Booth	38	34	34	7,000	††New Divide (a pros)	23	19	22
46,000	†Bos & Mon	70	60	60	6,000	††Caledonia	33	32	33
1,700	Canada Cop	1¼	1¼	1¼	7,000	††NevOphirM	24	22	24
5,200	††Candelaria	25	25	25	4,000	†Nixon Nev	20	18	19
3,650	†Chief	11	10	11	200	†OnondagaM	5¼	5¼	5¼
1,500	†Cerbat Sil	8¼	8¼	8¼	5,000	†Rex Con M

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CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—363—W. T. Wagner et al., plain., v. the City of Covington and 364—A. C. Gilligan, doing business under the name of the Eagle Bottling Works, plain., v. the City of Covington.—Continued.

368—Occidental Const. Co., plain., v. U. S.—Dismissed on authority of counsel for plain.

371—F. A. Bone, pet., v. Commissioner of Marion County.—Passed on account of sickness of counsel.

372—Great Northern Ry. Co., plain., v. the State of Wash.—Continued.

377—F. Shaw et al., aplts., v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of Interior.—Continued.

348—The Raton Water Works Co. v. the City of Raton.—Argument continued for both and concluded for Raton Water Works Co.

358—B. Rucker, plain., v. M. A. Tatlow.—Continued per stipulation.

360—W. A. Hancock et al., plain., v. City of Muskogee, Okla., et al.—Submitted.

365—The American Mfg. Co., plain., v. City of St. Louis.—Argued for plaintiff and defendant.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for May 1—Nos. 368, 379, 381, 382, (and 383,) 384, 385, 386, 389, 390, and 391.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Building, at 11 A. M.

Admiralty.

Dittmar ‹Stewart. Vasconcellos ‹SS Sarnia. Roberts ‹Tug W B Pollock. Rosenblum ‹Phoenix Ins Co. Sanie ‹Royal Ex Ins. Same ‹Western Ins. Lees Lighters ‹Moskowitz. Central Transp ‹ Bernar & Co.

Boston Prov Co ‹ S S Guyane. Act. &c., Tricolor ‹ Barge Class D L V RR ‹Liverpool, L, G Ins Co. Antwerp Nav Strs Co ‹ Hammond. Columbia ‹same. Sealy ‹same. King & Co ‹Tug G M Sorrell. Cent Un Stock Yds ‹ Moran T & T Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 331, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Trials: Thomas McGrath.

Motions: Jay W Robinson.

DISTRICT COURT—Neterer, J.—In Room 401, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury Calendar.

Nonnabo ‹Peck. Same ‹Knick Ins Co. Same ‹Whist. Zorn ‹Flinn & Booth. O'Brien ‹Hood Tire Co.

Hogan ‹McQuade Stevedoring Co. McGill ‹Moulton. U S ‹O'Leary.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A.M.—Equity calendar.

Gen Bakelite Co ‹Gen Insulate Co (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., at 9:30 A. M.—Naturalizations. At 10:30 A. M.—Common law. calendar.

Jorgenson ‹At Stev Co (on trial.) Boquel ‹S I Mid Ry. Condra ‹Hockeman.

Fisk Rubber Co ‹ Franciscus. Grinstad ‹NY Cent RR

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Sharot ‹CNY Gleason ‹Norton et al. Bertolino ‹Lehigh Val Coal Co. Stengler ‹Stand'd Gas Light Co.

Govers ‹City of New Rochelle. Carvill ‹Mirror Films, Inc.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Page, and Merrell, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

Stallman ‹Smith, Kline & French Co. Poster ‹Altman.

Arkell & Douglass ‹ Borenstein & Sons. CNY ‹U S Wood Preserving Co.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM — Part I.—Weeks, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Commonw'th Finance Co ‹St Paul Fire & Marine Ins Co, (2.) Dowd ‹Johnson. Epstein ‹Urband. N Y Bldg & Imp Co ‹ Goebel. Re Palmer. Lillienthal ‹Besselman. Stadler ‹Union Tr Co. Hamburger ‹Davidson. Re California Almonds Growers Exchange. Rutan ‹Assets Realization Co. McCarty ‹Kips Bay Brewing and Malting Co. Karp ‹Prentice. Oriental Am Trading Co ‹Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trading Co. McSpedon ‹Melrose Exp Co, (2.) Automobile Ins Co ‹ Berg. Florentino ‹Hauck. Maddaloni Olive Oil Co ‹Aquino. Re Claude M. Nankivel & Co, Inc. Kraut ‹Kobel. Rosenthal ‹McKeesport Tin Plate Co. Friedman ‹Meyer. Lawrence ‹Bernstein. Aronson ‹Edge-Dowling Lumber Co. Asler ‹Park & Tilford. Rawitzer ‹Fairfax Hotel Co. Shumway ‹Shumway. Van Amburgh ‹Dearborn. Ellerman ‹Achille, Starace & Co. N E Equit Ins Co ‹ Buffalo Copper and Brass Rolling Mill. Simon ‹Universal Film Mfg Co. Dr. A. Posner Shoes, Inc ‹Posner. McKervey ‹Kerr S S Co.

Forbes ‹Hylan. Walter ‹Walter. Re Powers. Schenker ‹Hunter, Vitcowsky ‹Kritz. Schulman ‹Schulman. Downey ‹White Co, (2.) Palmer ‹Palmer. Re De Motte. Booklovers Sales Co ‹ Pictorial Review Co. Applebaum ‹Lebenson. Wilson & Co ‹Hartford Fire Ins Co. Feigel & Brother ‹Machinery and Metals Sales Co. Sieghardt ‹Miller. Machinery Utilities Co ‹Kehoe. Hopkins ‹42d St, Man, &c, Ry Co. Nolan ‹Postal Transfer Service, Inc. Weisberg ‹Levin. Re Hurt, (Sash.) Suranvi ‹Suranvi. Hyman & Shevell Co ‹ Kananak. Sulitzer & Chamber ‹ Inter-Cont Con Co. Kleonert ‹Weisberg. Spratt ‹Merchants and Mfrs Exchange. Rau ‹French. Clark ‹Clark. Piciulo ‹McClave. Re Semel, (McDonough.) Re Nankivel & Co. Stearns Co ‹Sire. Rodgers ‹Yale Club of New York. Stevens ‹Stevens. Re P. Rosner & Bro, (Makay.) De Terrouenne ‹Stern. Lowande ‹Schilling. Clark ‹Clark. Re Lauck, (Quincy.) Schmidt ‹Spenser. Re Sleight Nev Co, Inc ‹N Tel Co. Weller ‹Kitt. Lang ‹Bilt Line Ry. Blair ‹Goldsmith.

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Romodka ‹Int Mot Co. Lavaty ‹same. Cohen ‹5,153 Maiden Lane, Inc. Lyons ‹Adilatta. Gallant ‹Boulevard Amuse Co. Slavis ‹NY Cent RR. Mencser ‹Fishgold. Brooks ‹Mallory SS. Wiener ‹Int R T. Saland ‹Day Pup Co. S Waltzer ‹NY Rys. H Waltzer ‹same. Buscarino ‹Int R T. Lipschitz ‹Strauss. Lax ‹NY Rys. Wisely ‹Strauss. Berrin ‹Keane. Earle ‹Yonkers RR. A Caltagerone ‹Martinson. R Caltagerone ‹same. Rosenblatt ‹Swan & Finch Co. Delahunty ‹White. Wartels ‹Penn RR. Pace ‹Merchants' Marine House. Jansen ‹West St Ry. Bradley Con Co ‹McGovern. Levitan ‹CNY. Petrio ‹NY Rys.

PART III.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IV.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Mtns, &c, Underwriters ‹Fire Brokers Assn.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VIII.—Devendorf, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IX.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART X.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Bulova ‹E 10th St Corp.

PART XIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Baum ‹Sexton.

PART XIV.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XV.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

PART XVII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVIII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estates:

George C. Edgar, Christ Titouris.

Wills for probate:

Frederick M Tryon, H H Nelson.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Albanos & Natals ‹ Gottlieb. Warren Products Co ‹ Bush, B & G, Inc. Ferris ‹Transmission Equipment Co. Broadwin & Fitzroy Co ‹ Borgenicht. Paletsky ‹42d St, &c, Ry.

Chandler ‹3d Av Ry. Tavolocci ‹Farrell (2.) Ryan ‹Humiston. NY County Nat Bk ‹ Morgan. Herbst ‹Pollak & Greene. Whyman ‹Yale Brevda Paper Box Mfg Co. Diamond ‹Kornblum.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Silberstein ‹Mittelman. Belden ‹Int R T. Singer ‹Bernheimer & Co. Sipkin ‹Siegel. Mischner ‹Old Shirt. Pierce ‹Donnelly. Cohen ‹King Motors. Cohen ‹Lederman. Goldman ‹Huchlerin. Hochberg ‹Sawyer. Kiehe ‹Ludwig. Weinman ‹Brown (2.) Baumshlag ‹Int R T. Greenberg ‹Gold. Mandel ‹Loose Wiles Biscuit Co. Kear ‹Corbett. Pickard ‹Corley. Callanan ‹Kuehn. Efficiency Heating Co ‹French Co. Cumming ‹Kelly. Gass ‹Logue Co. Binder ‹Lehane. Ins Co of America ‹ Bayard Prod Co. Same ‹Cook.

Nat Cash Reg Co ‹ Xenakis. Nichols ‹McGoldrick. Wolff ‹NY Rys. Novotny ‹Jacob Ruppert, Inc. Fischer ‹NY Rys. Rosner ‹Berger. Henry Comp Genle Trans. Weisfisch ‹NY Rys. Epstein ‹Int R T. Schreiber ‹D Mayer Brew Co. Blumenthal ‹Vogel. Gordon ‹Kastein. Blumstein ‹Takis. Gerst ‹Ries. Warren ‹N Y Plumbers Spec Co. Clark ‹Black & White Cab Co. Vikshtein ‹Int R T. Rosenberg ‹Monros Holding Co. Fehd ‹R T Sub Const. Beanee Dress Co ‹Progressive Dress Co.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR. Case will be Part II., for trial.

Am Central Ins Co ‹ Murray. Fromberg ‹Atkinson Warehouses, Inc.

Star Dial, &c, Co ‹ Rothman. Myers ‹Silverstein. Prosperity Co ‹Ferber. Regent Ry & Co ‹ Strauss. Zevitz ‹Md Cas Co. Mendelson ‹Jacobson. Botoshansky ‹Fox. J G Lessing Co ‹Keller Humphreys Co ‹Crowley Co.

Deck ‹Levin (2.) Macy ‹Christensen. Cadenasso ‹Bernagozzi. Douglas ‹Kohart. Langdon ‹Mulstein. Gibney ‹O'Sullivan. Stone ‹Morris. Dettmer ‹Nas E RR. Lavino ‹Lavino. Raymond ‹Ridgway. Hartfield ‹International Compositions. Municipal Liens Co ‹ Paley. Mackey ‹Ill Surety (2.)

Final Orders Signed.

Bungert ‹BK Bl SupCo McKinney ‹Cy of NY Shanley ‹Nassau R R Barnard ‹So Bklyn Ry.

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Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Wingate, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Will of:

Lydia Johnson.

Guardianship of:

Wynn infants.

Accountings of:

Wm Schultz. I Helmuth Bommer. Nathan Davis.

Joseph Eppig. Jeremiah Reid. Catherine Garvey.

Estates of:

Jane Bates. Esther Harkus. Ann McCauly.

County Court.

PART V.—Nash, J.—At 10 A. M.

Spano ‹Ruddimann. During ‹Nas Elec RR. Parker ‹Bkn Hts RR. West ‹Coney I & B RR Tapper ‹Nas Elec RR. Loersch ‹same.

Shrboshwah ‹B H RR. Fresina ‹NY Con RR. Smith ‹Rubel. Glynn ‹C I & B RR. Traficante ‹Stern.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Schmidt ‹Colton. Goldberg ‹B, Q Co & S RR Co. Herschkowits ‹Nas E RR Co. Cohen ‹Winkler's Sons, Inc, et al. Flanagan ‹Schwed & Rae. McPhillips ‹N Y & Q Co Ry Co. Norris ‹Smith & Heckscher. Sutter ‹Robins & ano.

McGann ‹Lehigh Val Coal Co et al. Sias, as admr, &c ‹ Comey Co. Starbuck ‹Laurelton Land Co. Heller, as admr, &c ‹ The Robins Dry D & Repair Co. Benes ‹Oakes Mfg Co et al. Kienzle, as admr, &c ‹same. Daupkin, as admr, &c ‹same.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:

Hill ‹NY Cons RR. O'Neill ‹same. Wright ‹Vogel. Smith, Jr ‹Premier Const Co, et al. Carpenter Co ‹Parshelsky Bros, Inc. Mayer, as admr ‹ Wittmann. Bergman ‹Prudential Life Ins Co, &c. Unger, as admx, &c ‹ Belt Line Ry. Haines ‹Taft. Robinson, an inft ‹ Famous Players, &c, et al. Albrecht ‹N Y & Q Elec Lt & Power. Raffelt ‹Bklyn Daily Times.

Krewat, as admx, &c ‹ Esposito et al. Appicalla ‹Dinn & ano. Miranda ‹Winternitz. Harper ‹Eleto Co. Merz ‹Astoria Taxicab Corp & ano. Ostrove ‹Sheffield Farms Co, Inc. Schwicker ‹CNY. Gilmartin, as admr ‹ Queens Co Sav Bk et al. Crockett ‹Crow-Elkhart Co et al. Josias ‹Sugar Products Co. Kuhn ‹Hohenstein. Hart ‹L I RR. Miller ‹Wilson.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 419.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COURT.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Platt, J.—At 10 A. M. For the hearing of motions and ex parte business.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.

Pterkovski ‹NY & S Ry Greenfield ‹Yonkers Ry Burchetta ‹Banker. Tichnor Bros ‹Sherwood. Hupfel's Sons ‹Caputo. Archer ‹Safian. Klein ‹Yonkers RR. Foster ‹Smith. Robichek Co ‹West El Supply Co. Miller ‹O'Reilly. Dee ‹Vail. Flinn ‹Springsteel. Lauszi ‹C of Yonkers. Griffin ‹Hardy. Cooper ‹Johnson.

Nelson ‹Heggen. Chambers ‹Keseler. Frasse & Co ‹Benford Mfg Co. Goldberg ‹Smith. Cunningham ‹Chatsworth Rts Rty Co. Mahlstedt Lumber & Coal Co ‹Cocks. Bradford ‹West El RR Walsh ‹Moultrie Co. Hupfel's Sons ‹Bachman. People ‹Lodes. S Jacobs & Co ‹ Schreiber.

LOST AND FOUND.

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LOST—A receipt issued by the U. S. Assay Office, No. 11,042, dated April 14, 1919, for 59 16-100 ounces gold bullion, payable to M. Jablow or order; payment has been stopped at the Assay Office, April 23, 1919. M. Jablow, 105 Canal St.

LOST—April 24, near Grand Central Station, about 8:30 P. M., a small hand bag, no handle, containing keys, check book, bond and papers; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone 2337 John, or address E. Rowell, 45 Pine St.

LOST—Diamond earring, two stones set in platinum. April 29, between 33d St. and 6th Av. and Oppenheim-Collins, or Oppenheim-Collins and Gimbel Bros.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Communicate with L. P. Galli, 76 William St.

LOST—Saturday night, diamond and onyx loop earring, between 47th St.-Madison Av. and 540 Park Av., in taxi; liberal reward; no questions. Mrs. Cadwell-Taylor, 540 Park Av., New York.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, set in platinum, with sapphires, Monday, between 12:30 and 2:30, between Madison Av. and 31st St., the Brevoort Restaurant; liberal reward. Return to 2 East 30th, 4th floor. Madison Av.

LOST—Tuesday night, on 5th Av., between 30th and 24th Sts., black velvet bag, containing sum of money, gold watch, keys, &c. Finder keep money and return watch and bag to Hollenbeck, 38 West 71st St.

LOST—Between Lexington and Madison Aves., on 53d St., afternoon of April 30, lady's blue serge coat belonging to suit, lined with blue foulard. Return to Bauer, 981 Park Av.; reward $10.

LOST—Tuesday evening, April 29, near Henry Miller Theatre, West 43d St., wrist watch, monogram outside, E. F. G.; name inside case. Will finder kindly communicate. Y 8 Times Annex.

LOST—On Staten Island ferryboat, package containing silver-mounted velvet bag, opera glass, chain with scarab in Athenian box. Liberal reward if returned to Standard Varnish Works, 90 West St.

LOST—Tuesday, between 2 and 5 P. M., child's navy blue coat, near 103d St. on Riverside Drive. Reward; return to Apartment 4A, 324 West 103d; Phone 5427, Riverside.

LOST—A sable scarf, two perfect skins, white satin lining; Morosco Theatre or taxicab to Hotel Belmont; reward. Cashier, Hotel Belmont.

LOST—Black leather seal purse, between Division and 20th St. and Broadway, initials "S. E. H." Mrs. Hattrick, Hotel Bresslin, Broadway and 29th St. Liberal reward.

LOST—Sable neckpiece, Plaza Hotel or between there and 530 West End Av. Return to Mrs. B. P. Nugent, 530 West End Av. Reward.

LOST—Black leather handbag, initials M. S. in gold; contains lady's toilet articles; left in taxi at Grand Central. Liberal reward for return to D. F. Regan, 20 East 50th St.

LOST—Monday evening, April 28, in or near Astor Theatre, jewel platinum lorgnette, with pearl chain; $100 reward. Address Y 11 Times Annex, or telephone Broad 2424.

LOST—Tuesday evening, gold watch, platinum chain, gold locket; reward. H. S. Paton, Circle 1563. Subway-Pennsylvania Station.

LOST—Wednesday, April 30, diamond lorgnette chain, between 34th and 157th Sts. Liberal reward, return to Mrs. E. J. Stivers, 3,800 Broadway, Apt. 36. Audubon 1815.

LOST—Will party giving name of Dunn who phoned office of H. J. Fisher regarding portfolio which they found please communicate with him again?

LOST — Gold meshbag, Marlborough Hotel, Friday, April 25; liberal reward, no questions asked. Phone Schuyler 8308.

LOST.—Mink scarf, Hotel Astor, ladies' room, Wednesday evening. Reward if returned to 140 Wadsworth Av., Apt. 61.

LOST—Small gold mesh pin, at aviators' ball Saturday night at Ritz; suitable reward. Miss E. Simmes, 535 Park Av.

LOST—Silver fox scarf at Woodmansten Inn Saturday night; return to 36 West 59th St. and receive liberal reward.

LOST—April 30, physician's handbag containing instruments, insurance blanks, and bottles. Return to Room 912, 220 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond and pearl circle brooch, Wednesday, April 30. Liberal reward if left for D. D. Sevillia, 117 West 58th St.

LOST—Brown fox scarf, second balcony ladies' room, Astor Theatre; liberal reward. K 26 Times.

LOST—Gold meshbag, Claridge grill; $50 reward; no questions asked. Return to Bert El. Sats, 1,604 Broadway.

LOST—On 6th Av. elevated or Staten Island ferry, lorghette, with gold frame and chain. Return Hotel Gregorian, 35th St.; reward.

LOST—Diamond ring, one carat, gold setting; please return to Room 2008 Commodore Hotel; liberal reward.

LOST—Monday, diamond stickpin, red ruby in centre; liberal reward. R. Vepp, 406 Broome St., N. Y. City.

LOST—Cameo brooch, memento; liberal reward if returned. Chas. Roberts, 1,404 Broadway.

LOST—On Sunday, diamond earring, with screw; reward for finder. A. T. D., 416 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

LOST—At Rector's, Saturday, April 26, white gold bar pin set with blue and white sapphires; reward. I. Hughes, Hotel Endicott.

LOST—White beads, April 28, near 5th Av. and 86th St. Phone Far Rockaway 2077.

$1,000 REWARD,
NO QUESTIONS ASKED,

for the return of white pasteboard box containing one diamond shell comb, diamond chain and diamond heart, fancy diamond bracelet, pearl and diamond collarette, diamond barrette, and envelope containing three loose pearls; lost Apr. 22 at the Ritz-Carlton or between Ritz and 5th Av. and 47th St.

DREICER & CO., 560 5TH AV.

$100 REWARD.

Return white gold-stripped vanity case, diamond monogram E. E. on pink enameled background; lost at Ritz-Carlton Aviation Ball April 26; no questions asked. Cartier, Jeweler, 653 5th Av.

$50 REWARD for flexible gold and platinum bracelet, set with small diamonds; lost in New York April 23.

Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs

LOST—April 21 Scotch terrier, answers name Laddie; New York State license; reward. Verney, 990 Park Av.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ANGORA Wanted.—Also cotton warp velour; Milton's overcoatings; any quantity for cash. American Piece Goods Co., 818 4th Av. Gramercy 7058-7059.

ASTRAKHAN Imported Cloths Wanted. Max Scott, 79 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Brown and taupe. Farragut 342.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear. Wants, Surplus; best grades; cash. National. Tel. Canal 4222.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders better grade infants, children's coats. 27 West 24th. 6th floor.

CHILDREN'S COATS wanted for Fall. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, Suits, Skirts, Waists, and Dresses Wanted.—For Fall, will look at lines from 1 to 5 P. M. Martha Lane Adams, 1,123 Broadway.

COATS Wanted — Placing orders on Fall coats of better grades; looking all week; call with samples mornings until 11 or afternoons after 4. 9 West 24th, 4th floor.

COATS, Suits, Plush Dolmans and Coatees Wanted.—Jobber looking all week. A. Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Will pay cash for Spring stock, for immediate delivery. 8th floor, 302 5th Av.

COATS Wanted for Fall Line.—Silvertones, bolivias, velours; also pile fabrics. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at children's and infants' cloth and pile fabric coats. 30 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber exclusively buying junior and misses' Fall cloth coats. 30 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Looking at Fall samples, ladies', misses' and juniors'. Eighth floor, 153 West 37th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber is placing orders on Fall suits and coats; call with samples all week. 8 West 19th St., 8th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber placing orders all week, cotton, plush. 48 West 22d, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's cloth and pile fabrics; placing orders all week; exclusive jobber. 48 West 22d, 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats and suits; call all week. 48 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on, Fall coats and suits. 3d floor, 1140 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall coats and suits. Call all week. 45 W. 25th, first floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall line all week. Room 1911, 15 East 26th.

COATS, Suits, Plush Dolmans and Coatees Wanted.—Jobber looking all week. A. Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

COATS-SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall coats and suits. Call all week, 14th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall coats, cloth and pile fabrics. S. & M. Silverstein, 12 West 27th, 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall coats and suits. 31 West 31st, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Ladies and intermediates; will look samples all week. Rineberg, 41 West 25th.

COATS, Suits Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on Fall garments. 118 West 27th, top floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's exclusive; jobber looking at Fall lines all week. 3 East 17th, 9th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders; bring samples. 38 West 26th, ninth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders on smart Fall coats. 32 West 27th; 10th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Placing stock orders better grade, Fall styles. 279 5th Av., first floor.

COATS Wanted,—Jobber, exclusively placing orders all week; better kind. 48 West 22d. 1st floor.

COATSWanted.—Buying children's pile fabrics and cloth coats. Neumann, 137 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Of better grade only; jobber placing orders. 339 5th Av., Room 505.

COATS Wanted.—2 to 6, 7 to 10, 8 to 14 pile fabrics and cloth. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

COTTON PLUSH, Velours, Burella. Newhouse 114 and 9 Wanted.—Any quantity, at the right price. Leo D. Greenfield & Bros., 1,372 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—What have you to sell? United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—For thread in white, flesh, and black; price must be right. Dorothy Waist Co., 38 West 20th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—We are open for several hundred pieces, three and four thread crepe. Shapiro Bros., 516 Broadway.

DOLMANS Wanted.—Spring jobs; also coats, suits; cash. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy 5,000 dresses, for cash; jobs, any quantity; georgettes, foulards, taffetas, satins, voiles, ginghams, crepes; large quantities preferred. 4th floor, 43 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES Wanted. — Nifty wash dresses, voiles, ginghams, &c.; regular numbers and jobs; no quantity too big; cash. 4th floor, 43 West 27th. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES, SERGES, SATINS, POPLINS, Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. Levine, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will place orders on taffeta dresses; bring samples. 129 West 27th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber buying better dresses, fall models. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

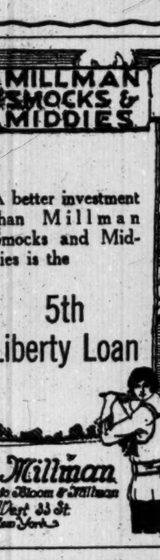
DRESSES Wanted.—Open to buy for cash any quantity better quality georgettes and crepe de chines. Madison Square 6050.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs of the best; good styles; for cash. Rodstein Bros., 37 East 28th.

DRESSES Wanted.—For cash; Georgettes, crepe de chines, taffetas, and satins; must be at a price. 319 5th Av., 2d floor.

FINE L

5000
DOLMANS
CAPES
COATS
AT
SACRIFICING
PRICES
Spot Delivery
KAPLAN BROS.
22 W. 32nd St., N. Y.

MILLMAN SMOCKS & MIDDIES
A better investment than Millman Smocks and Middies is the
5th Liberty Loan

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Successor to Bloom & Millman
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New York

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JERSEY
CLOTHS
ALL WEIGHTS WORSTED COLORS
The WILEY-BICKFORD-SWEET Co.
PHONE MAD. SQ. 3136
1140 B'WAY

Shirt Manufacturers who cater to men of correct taste, approve our famous
Pongee Brilliante
which includes modish colors especially suited to the purpose. Plenty of rich tan.
Denger-Nathan
611-21 Broadway, New York

DIMITIES
An unusually attractive array of stripes and checks in several grades —36 inches wide.
THE PRICE IS RIGHT
POTTER TEXTILE CO., Inc.
72-74 Madison Av., N. Y.

Hats

FOR
TOTS
GIRLS
& MISSES
MAX MAYER, Inc.
352 Fourth Ave., N. Y.

Tip Top
ANDERSON'S
GINGHAM
DRESSES
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY $3.75 Up
28-38 W. 32d St. & 39-34 W. 33d St.

$ WAISTS
SPOT DELIVERY
LARRY GOLDBERG
1270 B'WAY

WOOLA
Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

ASK EXTRA SESSION TO CURB HIGH RENTS

Mayor Names Committee to Put Appeal for Laws Before Governor Smith.

WANT THE CITY TO BUILD

Resolution at Meeting Calls for Stock Issue—Calder Writes to Hylan.

The Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering held a mass meeting yesterday afternoon at the City Hall, and forty-six men and women offered suggestions to curb profiteering and to aid in the housing situation. The suggestions were varied, ranging from a proposal to build houses in the cemeteries to Federal and city aid in the building of new homes.

Edward I. Hannah, a member of the Mayor's Committee, introduced a resolution calling for the appointment of a committee to request Governor Smith to call a special session of the Legislature to consider laws to curb rent profiteering. The resolution also urged that, if necessary, the city charter should be amended to permit the issuance of corporate stock to provide additional apartments. The resolution was adopted, and the Mayor, who presided at the meeting, appomted Edward I. Hannah, Assemblyman Mary E. Lilly, Alderman William Collins, Nathan Hirsch, and Judge Robert Luce.

Stories of extortion by landlords were told at the hearing, tenants complaining of notices of eviction to fall due today. They were assured that a lawyer would be on duty today in each of the Municipal Courts and that he would do his best to protect their interests. They were also instructed to call up Worth 4227, extension 96, the headquarters of the Mayor's Committee, in the Municipal Building, if further aid was desired.

The most frequent suggestion made was that the city should temporarily go into the business of building houses with money obtained through the issuance of corporate stock. Albert H. Atterbury, who said he owned or controlled 500 apartments, told of the increased cost of material and other necessities, and said that if the Legislature chose to continue taxing real estate, the additional costs would be passed on to the tenants.

Health Commissioner Copeland told of a survey showing the increasing number of persons compelled to seek charity and the larger numbers of tenants compelled to take in boarders.

United States Senator William M. Calder yesterday wrote Mayor Hylan a letter urging him to act favorably upon the bill now before him and recently passed by the Legislature, amending the city charter to limit the tax rate on real estate in the city to 2.25 per cent. on assessed valuation after 1922. He said the enactment of the measure would be an incentive to citizens of the city to build or purchase homes. His letter read in part:

"An experience of thirty years in the building of homes in the borough of Brooklyn has convinced me that there will not be, for many years, enough apartment houses or tenements for our citizens of moderate means, and our only hope lies in the construction of the small dwellings for one or two families. Since the beginning of Greater New York taxes have increased 150 per cent., and real estate has borne more than its share of the burden. In 1914 the tax rate in this city was 1.78, and by 1918, a period of but four years, it had jumped to 2.38 in Manhattan."

Short Sleeves Well Taken.

While in some parts of the country the introduction of short sleeves in the new Summer waists and dresses has been received with mingled feelings by the women who are supposed to wear them, for the most part they are said to have struck a favorable note both with buyers and consumers. The chief objection to them is on the part of the older women, who complain that wearing the new garments produces a kind of undressed" feeling that is not entirely pleasing. Women with thin arms probably feel the same way about it, but to both classes of objectors it is suggested that the difficulty can easily be met by the use of undersleeves of net or some other light, cool fabric. With the younger women, especially those of athletic leanings, short sleeves are making a distinct hit.

Fall Neckwear Ready Soon.

While some of the Fall neckwear lines have already been prepared, certain of the representative houses will not be ready with the new season's goods for about a week or so. Prospects are considered good on all sides. For the local trade at the present time, narrow ties seem to have the call, while out of town the reverse is the case and only wide goods are handled. Between-seasons novelties are featuring dark fine silks with small embroidered designs. The trade appears to feel that styles will continue conservative.

GOOD PRICES FOR FOX SKINS

1,400 Silver Foxes Sold for $225,000 at St. Louis Sale.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—The entire day of the International Fur Exchange was occupied with selling 1,400 silver foxes. There was brisk bidding throughout, and some very choice lots brought satisfactory prices. Medium qualities were well contended for and even poor pelts brought prices in excess of expectations. The highest price was $1,220 for a beautifully matched pair of brilliant black, lightly silvered.

Singles went up to $500 for choice, mediums going around $200 to $300, with some unusual specimens bringing over $400. New York paid the top prices throughout and obtained the choicest silvers. Paris bought well, and a surprise was an Amsterdam, Holland, buyer, who took several fine silvers at prices ranging between $300 and $400.

Sales for the day amounted to $225,000, bringing the sales to date to approximately $2,500,000.

The official market announcements quoted silver fox advanced 25 per cent. over January.

Gray Goods Prices Mounting.

There seems to be no end to advances in the local gray goods market. Sales of Eastern 39-inch 80 squares were made yesterday at 17¾ cents, with the Southern goods of the same construction sold at a quarter of a cent less. For 39-inch 68-72s, 13¾ cents was paid. Twelve cents was the best that could be done by buyers on 38½-inch 64-60s. Eastern makes of 38½-inch 60-48s were sold at 10 cents, with Southern goods of that construction disposed of at 9¼ cents. Large sales of bag sheetings were made during the day at high prices. Thirty-six-inch 5.50s sold for 9¾ cents, but late in the day sellers were unwilling to let them go for less than 10 cents. Five-yard sheetings brought 10½ cents, net, and the 6.15-yard goods sold for 8¾ cents, net. For four-yard 56-60 sheetings 13½ cents was the price.

Muskrats to Pass Out?

Along with other institutions that stand a chance of losing some of their popularity in these post-war days are muskrat pelts, which, in one form or another, have been strongly before the public for many years. Their chief success during this period was registered in the dyed state under the name of Hudson seal, and as a result of the continued vogue for them and their reported scarcity the prices they commanded, both raw and manufactured, have moved up very sharply in the last two or three seasons. Now there is a rumor that some of the big manufacturing furriers are trying to find a suitable substitute for them with which to pander to the style tastes of the American women. Several candidates for the job have been mentioned, most of which are known by trade-marked names.

Rug Prices Are Advanced.

Substantial advances in rugs made by the Shuttleworth Brothers Company and sold through the wholesale department of W. & J. Sloane were announced yesterday. The 9 by 12 Monroe body Brussels rugs made by the company in question were advanced to $37.85, an increase of $2.85, while for the same size in Sedan and Karnak Wiltons the advance was $5.75. This makes the new price of Sedan Wiltons $78.50 for the 9 by 12 size, while Karnak Wiltons of those proportions now cost $87.35. It was intimated in another quarter of the trade yesterday that an interesting announcement concerning some other well-known brands of rugs might be made soon.

Jewelry Sales Continue Large.

To judge from the optimistic reports coming from all branches of the jewelry trade, the prosperity of the country is unprecedented. All varieties of jewelry were said here yesterday to be selling very freely, the cheapest sharing in the increased demand as well as the more expensive articles. Among the features of the buying that is now being done are the number of orders for goods to be made up from special designs and the amount of buying of expensive platinum and diamond jewelry. In the demand for the latter the call for rings, barpins, and diamond sautoir watches stands out prominently.

Piano Export Trade Booming.

The representative of a large piano manufacturer who goes in for exports stated yesterday that he could sell twice as many player pianos as he has to sell. He gave an instance where an export order was received from a man who had never seen a piano or player piano of his particular make. The order called for nine pianos, and before they were shipped a wire was received asking that the order be doubled. From one to four pianos is considered a fair order for a sampler, at least until the buyer has seen it.

Fall Clothing Orders Double.

The failure of the mills to supply sample pieces for getting up bound samples is still holding up the clothing salesmen, and the local representative of one house will not be able to take to the road for another two weeks. In the meantime he is selling Fall clothing from the small reference samples. He said yesterday that so far the orders taken for the next season are double those of last year up to this time. One of the largest selling numbers is a double-breasted suit brought out in an unfinished worsted.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

ELWELL MAYER & CO., exporters, of 40 Wall Street—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by Robert P. Levis, attorney for Shelmyer & Co., creditors, for $1,000. The corporation made an assignment on Feb. 11.

DAVID SAX—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Sax, doing business as the Fashion Store, dealer in cloaks and suits, at 2,176 Third Avenue, by these creditors: David Getz, as $212; Celia Lonowitz, $186, and Edward P. Butler, $148. He made an assignment on Tuesday.

DAVID H. LEWIS of Albany, a salesman and agent for advertising novelties at 152 East Forty-second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $71,423 and assets of $4 cash in a trust company. Among the creditors are Fred Lewis, $50,572; Rochester Distilling Company, $3,906; Hoffheimer Brothers, Cincinnati, $3,280; Philip Hamburger, Cincinnati, $2,909, and Mechanics and Traders Bank, $2,082. A large part of the liabilities are for whisky.

WILLIAM RIEDERS, an insurance agent of 2,307 Morris Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $6,517 and no assets. Ruppert Brewing Company, $4,600, is the largest creditor. The greater part of the liabilities were contracted in Hoboken, where he was interested in a cafe and restaurant at 122 and 124 Hudson Street.

N. Y. BLACKSTONE COMPANY, INC., dealer in road-making material at Marlboro, N. Y., has filed schedules showing liabilities of $8,639 and assets of $1,000 in a drier, furnace, &c. It has only two creditors, John B. Rose Company, $6,722, and Universal Road Machinery Company, $1,917.

EULA H. POTULICKA, residing at the Hotel Leonard, at Madison Avenue and Sixty-third Street, has been granted a discharge from bankruptcy by Judge A. N. Hand.

ANIELLO DI LIETO, retail lumber dealer under the style of the Washington Square Lumber Company, at 93 West Thirty-eighth Street, has made an assignment to Frank B. Van Dusen.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Arrow Water Meter Co., Henry Kahrs and Emma M. Kahrs—T. Fisher...$4,747.43
American Railway Express Co.—J. Abraham 500.92
Brombacher, Elise (American Toy Mfg. Co.)—Claflin, Inc. 1,036.86
Bergkamp, G. B.—People's Nt. Bank of Greenport, N. Y. 4,218.27
Burke, Harry, and Dan McKetrick—J. R. Clarke et al. 705.80
Bornwallat, Arnold, and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Baase, Willard H.—Vacuum Oil Co. 229.54
Borenco Importing Corp.—Max Maxik. 1,222.71
Brown, Lillian et al.—E. Smith 50,134.34
Cohen, Samuel—P. Buchberger 125.65
Cohen, Max, and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c. 1,500.00
Cohen, Sydney—Singer Sewing Mch. Co. 202.20
Charles T. Campbell, Inc.—W. A. Bonnell 242.70
Same—Same 780.46
De Loatch, Florence—Bklyn. H. R. R. .119.53
De Valdor, Joseph—M. Walter 220.74
Dalle, Percy J.—E. H. Dalle 308.46
Delhi, Arne—W. E. Cox 230.40
Goldman, Abraham—Hahlo Co. 470.62
George's Flower Shop—Henshaw Floral Co. 408.08
Same—Same 306.75
Greer, Michael—Bachman Bros., costs. 110.00
Garthe, Justus H.—H. S. Sisson 1,071.63
Holton, Margie—A. A. Hazedorn 105.08
Heller, Harry, and Sam (Heller Bros.)—B. Kossofsky 341.88
Kreielsheimer, Leopold—Joplin Supply Co. 1,738.46
Lenefsky, Harry—S. Dershinsky 127.15
Lindquist, Edwin, and National Surety Co.—People, &c. 500.00
Lorraine, Lillian, and Fidelity and Casualty Co.—People, &c. 300.00
Pazarus, Herbert—M. Glickstein 120.85
Levine, Edward, adm.—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co., costs 111.71
Milch, Samuel—S. Wolerstein et al. 106.70
Manieri, Louis, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c. 250.00
Mallett Contracting and Supply Co.—Z. Mayhew 178.20
Manaione, Antonio, or Tony, (North Paper Stock Co.)—Hudson Bindery 161.00
Minton, Maurice M.—C. S. Austin 537.82
Mederes, Katharine—J. A. Chard 806.23
Navarro, Vincenso—A. Rickard 707.19
Palmer, Lorenzo S.—Pinsky Tailoring Co., Inc. 125.86
Schmidt, Elizabeth—D. Stewart 596.76
Seidl, Rudolph, and Frank J. Seidl (Friedman Printing and Mfg. Co.)—Hinrichs Bramann & Co. 373.75
Sparry, Charles—N. Barber 944.58
Sigman, Fred—N. Y. Butchers' Dressed Meat Co. 268.93
Siegel & Barnett, Inc.—Kutsy & Wexler 2,607.89
Sloane, Mary L.—W. F. Fletcher 535.65
Turoff, Morris—J. A. Litt 170.30
Van Hiard, H. Barse, Inc.—Vacuum Oil Co. 211.12
Wood, Martha—M. Hodge et al. 153.45

In Bronx County.

Albert, Samuel J.—B. S. Lebenthal $95.49
Brow, Michael J.—Anheuser-Busch Agency 87.62
Bernhak, Harry—S. Weiner 40.22
Kosnigsberg, John—S. Weiner 47.73
Mueller, Julius, and Mueller Valentine Co.—A. Adelman 563.83
Massoni, Paul—J. C. Crowe 286.72
Orth, Charles—S. Zamek 31.34
Rosenfeld, Hattie, and Gertrude Mandel—R. Weers 94.25
Ruppert, Jacob—E. Coraleski 30,131.96
Same—R. Coraleski 3,140.95
Whitney, James A.—V. Gates 211.35

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Baugerter, Frederick—I. H. Wolfe; Jan. 24, 1918 ..... $1,068.20
Dorsky, Nathan—A. Sachs; April 15, 1919 ..... 1,309.59
Federal Sign System (Electric)—Incandescent Supply Co.; April 15, 1919.. 3,919.33
Mead, Willard—J. F. Taylor et al.; Jan. 31, 1917 ..... 1,543.38
Seifert, Marie—F. Glittenberg; June 14, 1917 ..... 535.11
Thompson, William A.—M. A. Thompson; Feb. 17, 1919 ..... 680.48
Wehrle, Ernest—D. Isaacs; Dec. 26, 1912 ..... 181.67
Union Ry Co. of N. Y. City and Devlin Stable Co.—T. Devlin; June 4, 1918.. 300.00
Same—C. Devlin; June 5, 1918 ..... 3,681.70
Same—Same; April 2, 1919 ..... 100.54
Union Ry. Co. of N. Y.—F. E. Jabs; March 20, 1919 ..... 1,142.16
Third Ave. R. R. Co.—I. Rappaport; Feb. 25, 1919 ..... 100.00
Same—J. Graham-Maingot; Jan. 24, 1919 ..... 1,167.25
Same—E. F. Wadsworth; Dec. 19, 1918 ..... 3,328.10
Thompson, William A.—M. A. Thompson; Jan. 27, 1919 ..... 1,890.84
Strauss, David—O. Wood; April 1, 1919 ..... 337.35
Consolidated Gas and Gasoline Engine Co.—C. N. Overholt et al.; Feb. 14, 1919 ..... 177.80

In Bronx County.

Johnson, Gustaf A., and G. A. Johnson Building Co.—Indiana Flooring Co.; Jan. 24, 1919 ..... $303.99
Karst, Hanna L.—H. Farmer; June 25, 1918 ..... 85.12

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Polsky Co.; Miss Loomis, ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.

ALTOONA, Penn.—W. F. Gable Co.; J. G. Anspach, silks; 230 5th Av.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; R. J. Haynie, domestics, linens; W. H. Brittain, mdse. mgr.; Mrs. A. B. Busha, waists; 141 Madison Av.

AUSTIN, Texas—M. Snaman, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 508 5th Av., Room 717.

BALTIMORE—Wagner, Weyforth & Co.; W. O. Weyforth, cloths; Woodward.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; A. Delevre, rugs; mattings; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss F. L. Allen, notions, jewelry, leather goods; 3 West 27th.

BALTIMORE—Silverstein & Schlossberg; J. Silverstein, women's, juniors' Fall suits, women's, children's, juniors' coats; J. Schlossberg, woolens, linings, trimmings; Penn.

BALTIMORE—L. & L. Greenbaum; I. Greenbaum, waists, dresses; 1,123 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—D. Miller Co.; H. L. McLanahan, millinery; 598 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Alcazar.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; A. J. Willier, linens, 200 5th Av.; Alcazar.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. W. Seybold, stationery, sporting goods; 854 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—M. Lurie & Co.; S. Levy, silk, cotton waists; 37 West 29th.

RANGOR, Me.—Maine D. G. Co.; H. H. Epstein, general mdse.; Albert.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Parisian Co.; S. Le Bosky, jobs dresses; 212 5th Av.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss Hornstein, cloaks, furs; Miss O'Brien, skirts, suits; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; G. Lee, laces; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; W. F. Myers, silk waists; 483 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss A. Gosling, waists, basement; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, dress goods, silks; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Boston Superior Petticoat Co.; H. Aronson, petticoat materials; Continental.

BROCKTON, Mass.—H. Chabby & Co.; H. Chabby, ready-to-wear; Brostel.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; R. B. Adam, representing; 230 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Hens & Kelly; T. C. Dooley, domestics, dress goods, silks; 1,133 Broadway.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Siegrist & Fraley; H. A. Stumpf, rugs, draperies; 277 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. J. Connolly, men's furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. Merriman, women's, children's hosiery; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; G. A. Dawson, linens; L. H. Dyer, white goods; S. Feisenthal, baby merchandise; 116 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride; J. B. Callow, prints, wash goods; J. S. Littlefield, white goods, linens; 71 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. C. Goldman, furs, skirts; 368 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; S. Bamberger, shoes; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—C. B. Shane & Co.; C. B. Shane, auto apparel; Penn.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. H. Powell, muslin underwear; 115 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; W. D. Clark, dress goods, silks; 423 4th Av.; Georgian.

CINCINNATI—Kline's; Miss G. Livingstone, suits; 404 4th Av.

CINCINNATI—The Fair Store Co.; M. W. McKnight, upholstery goods, rugs; 33 E. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Mr. Kaplan, suits, furs; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—Richman Bros. Co.; N. G. Richman, woolens; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—Lewis Clothes Shop; L. A. Harris, clothing; McAlpin.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mr. Kaplan, furs; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—H. Black Co.; E. Glueck, mfr. coats, suits, skirts; 244 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Cleveland Shirtwaist Muslin-Underwear Co.; H. S. Gordon, waists, muslin underwear; Alpin.

CLEVELAND—Reed Bros. & Co.; J. L. Ballor, flowers, feathers; 621 Broadway.

CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; W. S. Schultz, untrimmed hats; 37 West 32d.

CLEVELAND—Stearns & Co.; C. L. Mann, jobs suits, dresses; 212 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; H. Streich, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.

CONCORD, N. H.—Penacook Pulp & Paper Co.; E. W. Broome, E. B. Sherrell, silks, cotton goods, notions; 116 West 32d.

DALLAS—A. Harris & Co.; E. S. Hunt, domestics, linens; 141 Madison Av.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Mr. Hirst, carpets, housefurn. goods; 19 E. 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—A. Rosenberg, Fall dresses, skirts; 1,133 Broadway, Room 601.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss M. Garlock, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; C. H. Kumler, clothing; C. F. Kumler, dry goods; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Mr. Bourne, ready-to-wear; Mr. Bindsley, boys', children's clothing; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON, Ohio—The Elder & Johnston Co.; Miss Haas, laces, embroideries; 230 5th Av.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Schmitt & Leachman; Mr. Leachman, cotton skirts; 212 5th Av., twentieth floor.

DETROIT—Zuiebach-Hartman Co.; R. Zuiebach, coats, suits, dress materials; Mc-Alpin.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; C. McDonald, hosiery, knit underwear; 225 5th av.

DETROIT—Northern Dept. Store; W. H. Flynn, general mdse.; Murray Hill.

DODGE CITY, Kan.—Eckels D. G. Co.; C. E. Eckels, men's, women's furn. goods; Wallick.

ENID, Okla.—H. Kaufmann, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—Stetger Cox Co.; W. J. Hoyle, wrap; 404 4th Av.

FLINT, Mich.—Warrick Bros.; W. E. Carr, notions; 1,123 Broadway.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; G. I. Lats, coats, suits, waists, underwear; 9 W. 32d.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass.—E. F. Hunt Co.; E. F. Hunt, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; J. J. Breen, laces, neckwear, ribbons; 106 Grand Av.

HERKIMER, N. Y.—Empire Clothing Co.; H. Copeland, clothing; Imperial.

JACKSON, Miss.—R. E. Kennington Co.; Miss A. Moore, silks, dress goods, linens, white goods; 141 Madison Av.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; M. E. Morrow, dress goods, silks; 225 5th Av.

JOHNSONBURG, Penn.—Dolches Store; J. Weiss, clothing; Penn.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; A. H. Cohen, laces, women's underwear; 37 West 20th.

KNOXVILLE—Anderson, Dulin, Varnell Co.; H. L. Dulin, dry goods; 141 Madison Av.

KEENE, N. H.—W. L. Goodnow Co.; E. A. Powers, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.

LORAIN, Ohio—A. Goldstein Sons Co.; Mr. Goldstein, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.

MANHATTAN, Kan.—Cole Bros.; Mr. Dalton, ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.

MEMPHIS—Summerfield & Co.; H. I. Summerfield, millinery; Claridge.

MEMPHIS—Bry-Bloch Mercantile Co.; H. Leppich, notions, leather goods; 1,150 B'way; Wallick.

MEMPHIS—Levy Bros.; Mr. Levy, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 303 5th Av., Room 717.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand; Wm. Miles, men's furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.; Park Av.

MILWAUKEE—Espenhain D. G. Co.; B. J. Hutchison, wall paper; Bristol.

MILWAUKEE—Espenhain D. G. Co.; J. J. Blumenfeld, general mdse.; Imperial.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Dorsen D. G. Co.; Mrs. F. Dorsen, trimmed, untrimmed hats, novelties, trimmings, skirts, waists, muslin underwear; 1,270 Broadway, Room 714.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; C. R. Coyle, silks, dress goods; 2 W. 37th.

MONTREAL—Arsene Lamy, Ltd.; R. L. Bell, general mdse.; Commodore.

MUSKEGON, Mich.—"Stack's"; Mr. Stack, Mr. Saffinsky, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.

NASHVILLE—Castner, Knott D. G. Co.; Miss G. R. Keeley, representing; 23 E. 26th.

NEWCASTLE, Penn.—Brown & Hamilton Co.; R. C. Krewson, jobs boys' pants; 6 W. 32d.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.

NORWICH, Conn.—Murphy & McGarry; T. C. Murphy, clothing; Imperial.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Kinney Bros. Co.; Mrs. M. Menke, women's knit underwear, hosiery; 141 Madison Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Eureka Cloak and Suit Co.; J. Frank, coats, suits; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Trio Waist Co.; H. Kessler, mfr. waists; 39 West 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Levin & Co.; I. T. Schriver, silk underwear, silk camisoles; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's"; H. Blauner, silk, tricolette capes; Miss Mahoney, jobs skirts; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; H. L. Birnbaum, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; G. R. Dunn, art embroideries; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Brothers; B. J. Litt, muslin underwear, basement; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—A. Hyman & Co.; A. Hyman, carpets; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss C. Head, gloves; 116 West 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. Marks, gloves, hosiery, neckwear, jewelry, leather goods; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss F. Looby, women's georgette, cotton dresses; Miss Toole, misses', juniors', children's dresses; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss M. Stern, skirts; J. M. Winters, skirts, blouses; R. J. Sutliff, carpets, rugs; 116 West 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; B. Lowenthal, skins, furs; 1,261 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; J. D. Kennedy, shoes; 470 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; B. Sherwin, furs; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufman & Barr Co.; H. Katzman, jobs suits; 404 4th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Mfrs. Outlet Co.; Miss G. Frank, women's neckwear, hdkfs.; 116 W. 32d.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; J. C. Bell, representing; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—T. Smiley Co.; Miss M. French, muslin underwear, petticoats; Latham.

RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufman & Co.; F. L. Lockett, flowers; 353 5th Av.

RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.; S. Weisberger, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 26th.

ROANOKE, Va.—S. M. Heironimus Co.; C. B. Cole, domestics, white goods; 141 Madison Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Nusbaum Silk and Fur Shop; L. Nusbaum, silks, furs; Miss Nusbaum, waists; Breslin.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy & Robinson Co.; E. Neal, notions, toilet, leather goods, jewelry; 141 Madison Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy & Robinson Co.; R. H. Gell, coats, suits; J. L. Geraghty, general mdse.; 141 Madison Av.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; W. F. Hopks, domestics, linen; 220 5th Av.

SALT LAKE CITY—Walker Bros. D. G. Co.; E. J. Donnelly, domestics, linens; Miss E. Bowman, muslin underwear, corsets; 141 Madison Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; L. H. Naghel, silks, dress goods; 15 East 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—Kelly, Hughes & Helfing; J. Hughes, millinery; Penn.

SAN FRANCISCO—M. Miller, coats, suits, dresses; Commodore.

SAN FRANCISCO—S. N. Wood & Co.; Miss Rosener, jobs jersey suits, dresses, pile fabric coats; 45 W. 18th.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—G. Eckstein Co.; J. F. Eckstein, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.

ST. LOUIS—Rutzander Brothers & Harfield; H. D. Harfield, Full suits; 215 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; M. M. Shuffelbarger, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.; Bristol.

ST. PAUL—G. M. Kahn; waists, skirts; 15 East 26th.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—L. A. Witherall; Miss N. Bemis, waists, house dresses, children's wear; Breslin.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Neal & Hyde; J. I. H. Wright, hosiery, gloves; 72 Leonard St.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse D. G. Co.; C. J. Barnard, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 15 W. 34th.

TOLEDO, Ohio—M. J. Leo; G. Osborne, millinery; 1,133 B'way.

TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; Miss M. A. Miller, millinery; 28 E. 26th.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; C. Green, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

TOLEDO—Neuhausel Bros.; M. J. Gilsdorf, coats, suits; Pennsylvania.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Style Shop; Mr. Hart, jobs Spring suits; Rooms 406, 1,123 Broadway.

WACO, Texas—Snaman & Co.; J. Snaman, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 303 5th Av., Room 717.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht & Co.; S. B. Lovelace, men's clothing; Breslin.

WATERBURY, Conn.—Scott's Cloak House; W. D. Scott, coats, suits; Grand.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—Silverman Bros.; F. Silverman, ladies', children's garments; Commodore.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Blum Bros.; H. Blum, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.; Aberdeen.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Youngstown D. G. Co.; G. J. Wallace, ready-to-wear, dress goods; W. G. Woods, piece goods, blankets; 72 Leonard.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 30.—Forty-nine new incorporations with an aggregate capitalization of $3,138,000 were chartered today. They include:

Popros Investors, Inc., Mineola, realty, $5,000; S. Rosen, B. Popkin, B. Rifkin, 992 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Central Hudson Auto Sales Co., Poughkeepsie, $20,000; D. and E. and M. Harris, Poughkeepsie.

Seneca Falls Realty Corp., Seneca Falls, $5,000; H. S. Fredenburgh, W. D. Pomeroy, N. J. Gould, Seneca Falls.

Interport Auto Trucking Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; P. B. Kaplan, S. A. Goldberg, J. A. Golby, 415 Central Park West.

Federal System of Bakeries of New York City, Inc., Manhattan, $1,000,000; J. J. Cosgrove, A. E. Blackmar, A. W. Britton, 65 Cedar St.

Vulco Steel Products Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; H. O. Lehman, D. F. Lewis, G. E. Fleming, 149 Broadway.

W. P. Anderson & Co., Manhattan, pianos, $15,000; W. P. Anderson, H. F. Ricca, G. E. Mansfield, 130 West 42d St.

Kelmet Corp., Manhattan, tools and implements, $20,000; H. L. Trisch, J. E. McCrady, L. Conover, 352 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

Charles F. Seidell, Inc., Manhattan, advertising, $9,000; C. F. Seidell, W. S. Millinen, W. F. Baxter, 15 Broad St.

Mohawk Undergarment Co., Manhattan, $15,000; N. and M. Ginsburg, S. Krisiloff, 446 East 189th St.

Smith & Sarubbi, Inc., Manhattan, footwear, $10,000; J. Canale, M. Sarubbi, F. J. Smith, 2,566 East 28th St., Brooklyn.

Ideal Live Poultry Market, Manhattan, $5,000; L. and M. Melchner, J. Wenk, 140 West 63d St.

Bimweb Corp., Manhattan, theatricals, $30,000; E. Plohn, D. K. Bimberg, M. Weber, 1,416 Broadway.

Shaw Aircraft Co., Manhattan, $5,000; G. S. Wing, M. M. Grunthal, W. B. F. Rogers, 461 Fort Washington Av.

Eggur Realty Corp., Manhattan, 5,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $25,000; F. O. March, P. and W. C. Fisk, 165 West 58th St.

New York Saved Time Corp., Manhattan, 500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $250,000; R. A. MacLean, F. H. Butehorn, A. E. Moore, 37 Wall St.

Monaghan Const. Co., Manhattan, $5,000; V. J. Kelly, C. H. Groesinger, O. J. McCann, 1,216 Seneca Av.

And all the King's Horses Corp., Manhattan, theatricals and motion pictures, $50,000; N. Clark, F. Calvin, W. K. Hall, 7 Pine St.

Keystone Paper Box Co., Manhattan, $14,000; B. Wiltchik, A. Kaplan, J. Ringer, 221 Henry St.

Sweet Clover Dairy Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; E. Stang, S. and G. Goldberg, 950 Dumont Av., Brooklyn.

Athens Supply Corp., Athens, Greene Co., coal machinery and agricultural products, $15,000; E. Mackey, G. H. Hallenbeck, E. A. Guthrie, Athens.

Aetna Motors Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; J. C. Kennedy, D. E. Jacobson, J

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Two resales of properties held at $800,000 were closed yesterday by I. Randolph and Everett Jacobs, operators. The buyers in both transactions were investors.

In the midtown loft zone the operators sold to Albert B. Gross the twelve-story commercial structure occupying a plot 80 by 100 at 158 to 162 West Twenty-seventh Street. It was held at $500,000 and shows a gross annual rental of $85,000. Spear & Co. negotiated the sale.

The second transaction involved the Wellesley, a nine-story fireproof apartment House, 67 by 100, held at $300,000 and renting for $38,000, at 127 West Eighty-second Street, which was sold by I. Randolph and Everett Jacobs to a holding company being formed by I. Kramer. The sellers purchased the property last month from the McCreery Realty Company, and both the purchase and resale were made for all cash above an existing mortgage. N. A. Berwin & Co. negotiated the transaction.

Frederick Brown Resells Four Apartment House.

J. H. Michaels, an investor, purchased from Frederick Brown, operator, the nine-story fireproof apartment house at 116 to 120 East Fifty-eighth Street, on a plot 57 by 100. The structure, which Mr. Brown purchased about a month ago, was held at $350,000, and shows a gross rental of about $47,000 a year. Byrne & Bowman negotiated the sale. Mr. Brown also resold to clients of J. S. Maxwell the two six-story structures at 565 to 571 West 175th Street and 520 West 184th Street. The 175th Street houses adjoin the corner of St. Nicholas Avenue, each occupying a plot 50 by 112, the two being held at $190,000. They are arranged in three, four, and five room suites and return a total annual rental of $25,300. The 184th Street apartment is on a plot 40 by 100 and rents for about $9,000. It was held at $65,000.

Downtown Sales.

The City Real Estate Company sold the four-story building at 25 Frankfort Street, held at $25,500, to a client of William H. Whiting & Co.

Compagnie Morana sold the building at 18 Fletcher Street, on plot 18.6 by $4,9, to Arad F. Hess, through Horace S. Ely & Co.

Greenwich Village Sale.

The six-story building at 25 Grove Street, held at $42,000, was sold through Samuel Cowen to a Mr. Birnbaum.

Browning Increases Holding.

Edward W. Browning has bought from Daniel F. Farrell and Richard S. Elliott the Bostonian apartments at 206 and 208 West 138d Street, two five-story buildings, on a plot 75 by 99.9, arranged for twenty families, in suites of seven and eight rooms. Earlier in the year Mr. Browning bought the apartment buildings at 15 to 21 West 132d Street. The Lloyd Winthrop Company was the broker.

Two Garages for Nineteenth Street.

Leonard Weill, operator and builder, bought from a Mrs. Talbot 442 and 444 West Nineteenth Street, old buildings, on plot 50 by 92. O. V. & H. D. Dike were the brokers. Mr. Weill owned 438 and 440, adjoining, and now control a plot 100 by 92, which he contemplates improving in the near future with a two-story garage. Negotiations are pending for selling the site or leasing the proposed structure.

Another deal on the same block is indicated through the formation at Albany yesterday of the 438 West Nineteenth Street Corporation, with Thomas J. Whalen, Helen D. Coughlin, and Violetta McIntyre as directors, and having a capital of $10,000. The property at that location consists of a four-story garage on a plot 50 by 92, title to which is held by J. Fred Pierson.

Buys West Side Apartment.

Mary H. Watts has sold to William Prager, of Lowenfeld & Prager, 3 and 5 West Eighty-second Street, a six-story elevator apartment house, 50 by 100, renting for $15,000, and held at $90,000. George Ranger was the broker. This is the only apartment building on Eighty-second Street between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue.

Private Dwellings.

Ennis & Sinnott resold to a physician the three-story dwelling on lot 17.6 by 100 at 130 West Eighty-eighth Street, through J. Irving Walsh.

The Whitlock Estate sold the three-story dwelling on lot 17 by 100.5 at 314 West Seventy-first Street, to a client of Tucker, Speyers & Co., through Horace S. Ely & Co.

Mrs. Edward B. Cragin sold the four-story and basement dwelling, 21 by 100, at 10 West Fiftieth Street, through Pease & Elliman.

The Van Schaick Realty Company sold the four-story and basement dwelling, 20 by 50.5, at 40 East Fifty-eighth Street, through the Duross Company.

Dr. George M. Parker purchased for occupancy the three-story and basement dwelling, held by him, at 172 East Sixty-fourth Street, through Harris & Vaughan from the estate of Charles Palm.

George W. Sosse has resold the three-story dwelling, 16.8 by 100, at 223 West 113th Street. The seller acquired the property recently from Amelia Lambert.

The Franklin Savings Bank resold the three-story and basement dwelling on lot 18.3 by 100 at 28 East 131st Street, to the Hudwill Realty Corporation, Hudson P. Rose, President, through Harry Sugarman.

Market Sold at Auction.

The Port Morris Market, consisting of twenty-one two-story brick buildings and forty-four lots, on 134th, 135th and 136th Streets, between Walnut and Locust Avenues, was sold at auction yesterday by Arthur C. Sheridan. This property went to the plaintiff for $150,000, a sum about $12,000 less than the incumbrances.

Front Street Sale.

Henry L. Young resold the three-story building, 18 by 83, at 126 Front Street, to the Lagrosip Interests, Inc., (Benjamin Lagrosip, Louis Lagrosip, and John L. Sipp,) through the Charles F. Noyes Comany. The buyers are the owners of 124 Front Street. William P. Niebrugge, attorney, represented the purchasers, while J. P. Slensby acted in the same capacity for Mr. Young.

The Bronx Market.

The Isaac Lowenfeld Realty Company has sold to a client of Elfers & Abberly the vacant plot, 70 by 100, at the northeast corner of Reboul Avenue and Ford Street, which the buyers may improve with a garage.

David Werdenschlag has sold the five-story flat, 25 by 100, at 303 West 163d Street, to an investor.

A client of Henry B. Singer sold the dwelling on lot 50 by 100 at 1,471 Rosedale Avenue through George Goldblatt.

The M. & L. Construction Company has purchased from Elizabeth A. Steinmuller a plot 104 by 100 on the northwest corner of the Grand Boulevard and Concourse and 170th Street. The buyers will erect a six-story apartment house containing suites of six and seven rooms and two baths. Albert Phelps negotiated the sale.

Restaurant Landmark Sold at Auction.

Moquin's restaurant at 454 to 458 Sixth Avenue, one of the best known of New York's eating places, was sold at auction yesterday in the Vesey Street Salesroom by Joseph P. Day, the Society of New York Hospital and others, as plaintiffs, acquiring the property on a bid of $190,000.

The realty consists of a one and three story restaurant building, 58.9 by 100, against which there are incumbrances aggregating $212,456. It was reported that the Moquin restaurant will continue to be operated under a lease, but this report could not be confirmed.

Brooklyn.

The estate of Earl C. Bacon sold the three-story and cellar stone dwelling, on lot 20 by 100, at 1,086 Bergen Street, between Nostrand and Bedford Avenues, to a client of the Bulkley & Horton Company for occupancy.

The Kensington Homes Corporation sold from plans to Harry Kaufman the two-story and attic one-family house with garage, on plot 40 by 150, held at $21,000, on the east side of Ocean Parkway, between Avenues I and J, Flatbush, which will be ready for occupancy Sept. 1. Samuel Galitzka negotiated the sale.

The United States Trust Company of New York sold the property at 384 Jay Street to clients of the Chauncey Real Estate Company, through Horace S. Ely & Co.

The six-story apartment, on plot 50 by 106, at 189 and 191 South Ninth Street, was sold by a Mr. Goldstein to an investing client of Joseph Metzger.

B. J. Sforza sold for Williams L. Gallister to John Gentile for occupancy the two-family frame cottage 1,263 Sixty-fifth Street, on a plot 90 by 100.

The Realty Associates sold 34 Wolcott Street, in the Erie Basin section, a three-story and basement frame flat, 20 by 30 by 100, to Annie Cain. The broker in the transaction was Charles Baumann.

I. Salzberg sold for M. Herlands to L. Schostock the one-family cottage at 1,221 Fiftieth Street, on a plot 40 by 100.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold to Harry Schaffer the two-story business building at 588 Third Avenue, corner of Sixteenth Street.

F. C. Sauter sold for Henry Seigle a plot 100 by 100, improved with five three-story single brick flats, known as 183, 185, 185A, 187, and 189 Eighth Street, to a client for investment.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Long Island Bond and Mortgage Company sold the two-story and cellar brick dwelling at 34 Jerome Avenue, Jamaica, to an investing client of the Bulkley & Horton Company.

Suburban Sales.

Ellis P. Earle has sold to George E. Gaddes of the American Can Company his property in Mountain Avenue, Summit, N. J., consisting of residence and outbuilding, with one acre of ground, valued at $20,000. The sale was negotiated through the offices of Frank Hughes-Taylor Company of Montclair and Robert J. Murphy of Summit.

Sunnyrae Farm, the estate of Ralph Waldo Trine, the author, on Kitchawan Hill, Croton, N. Y., and the adjoining property known as Tucker Ridge, consisting in all of 105 acres, was sold to a client of George Howe.

The two-story frame dwelling, on plot 125 by 200, at the northeast corner of Grace Church Street and Palisade Road, Rye, N. Y., was sold at auction by Bryan L. Kennelly, by order of the Rye National Bank, to William H. Browning, for $8,500.

The Gedney Farm Company, Robert E. Farley President, sold a brick residence on Du Pont Avenue, Gedney Farm, White Plains, N. Y., to Lloyd A. Collins.

Cornelius B. Fish sold his house at the corner of the Post Road and Cambridge Avenue, Scarsdale, N. Y., to Clarke O. Tennis, through Angell & Co. The same brokers sold for Mrs. F. Von B. Taintor her property on the Post Road to P. W. R. Glover and for Stephen Holden his house at 17 Myrtle Avenue, White Plains, to F. Robert Swartout.

Anna McNally sold her residence on Walworth Avenue in the Greenacres section of Scarsdale, N. Y., to Thomas J. Hallowell through Fish & Marvin. The same brokers sold for Mrs. R. M. Farries her property on the corner of Crane Road and Woodland Place, Scarsdale, to F. R. McKee.

Plans for Two Fifth Avenue Apartment Houses Filed.

Plans have been filed with the Manhattan Bureau of Buildings for the construction of two large apartment buildings on Fifth Avenue. One will be located at 845 Fifth Avenue, eleven stories high, to accommodate seventeen families and having a frontage of 50.5 feet and a depth of 149.4 feet. The 845 Fifth Avenue Corporation is the owner of record. J. E. R. Carpenter is the architect and has estimated the cost at $700,000. The other will be located at the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-eighth Street, fourteen stories high and will be an apartment hotel, with a frontage of 25.8 feet and a depth of 100 feet. The Fifth Avenue Corporation is the owner of record. George and Edward Blum are the architects and have estimated the cost at $250,000. Both buildings will be fireproof.

Realty Loan Workers Near $3,000,000.

The Real Estate Division in the Victory Loan drive yesterday reported a grand total of $2,749,650, with a total for the day of $159,450. J. P. Morgan & Co. subscribed $25,500 on their building. Other large subscriptions were $50,000 by the Broadway Realty Corporation, $10,000 by the Gerry estate, $10,000 by the Dimick estate, $12,000 by THE NEW YORK TIMES on its property, $15,000 by the Bronx Borough Bank, and $12,000 by Camman, Voorhees & Floyd.

Commercial Leases.

Rice and Hill leased for the United Cigar Stores Company to the National Shirt Shops the store at 1,647 Broadway in the new Capitol Theatre building, southwest corner of Broadway and Fifty-first Street, for a long term of years at a total rental approximating $75,000.

W. Woolworth Company leased from the Broadway-Thirty-Fifth Street Realty Corporation, represented by F. & G. Pflomm, the store and basement at the northwest corner of Broadway and Thirty-fifth Street for a term of years at an aggregate rental of approximately $800,000. A new five and ten cent store will be opened on the premises. Edward J. Hogan negotiated the transaction.

The Neville Realty Corporation leased to the P. A. Butter Market, Incorporated, the entire corner store and basement at 1,840 Second Avenue through O. D. & H. V. Dike.

Spear & Co. leased the six-story and basement building at 118 Nassau Street for the John R. Thompson Restaurant Company, to Klein's Rapid Shoe Repair Company, a concern which operates a chain of five stores in Washington, D. C. The lease is drawn for a term of fifteen years, and the aggregate rental, including taxes which are paid by the tenant, is approximately $200,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

6th Av, 454-8, e s, 49.4 ft s of 28th St, 58.9x100, and 3 story restaurant; Soc of N. Y. Hospital et al, against C. Moquin et al.; W. M. Powell, attorney; due, $209,793.35; taxes, &c., $2,663.50; to the plaintiff for $190,000.

8th Av, 2,445, w s, 229.10 ft n of 130th St, 26.9x120, 5-story tenement and stores; Franklin Savings Bank against Klaber Realty Co. et al.; W. M. Powell, attorney; due, $21,225.72; taxes, &c., $316.40; to Philip Englander for $19,800.

8th Av, 2,447, w s, 256.7 ft n of 130th St, 26.5x120; 5-story tenement and stores; Franklin Savings Bank against Dora Klaber et al.; W. M. Powell, attorney; due, $21,228.34; taxes, &c., $317.40; to the plaintiff for $19,700.

8th Av, 2,440, w s, 283 ft n of 130th St, 26.9x120, 5-story tenement and stores; Franklin Savings Bank against Sarah Frankfeld et al.; W. M. Powell, attorney; due, $21,241.24; taxes, &c., $320.60; to the plaintiff for $19,700.

83d St, 100 West, s s, 106 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x107.8x25.1x109.8, 5-story flat; M. Lynch et al. against E. L. Davis et al; S. R. Hamburger, attorney; due, $24,132.89; taxes, &c., $800; to Mrs. Rosina Vollhart for $25,125.

122d St, 70 East, s s, 100 ft w of Park Av, 20x100.11, 5-story tenement; Equitable Life Assur. Soc. against R. L. Reese et al.; Alexander Sachs, attorney; due, $14,068.94; taxes, &c., $250.65; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Henry Brady.

Hudson St, 611, n w corner 12th St, 87x24.6x irregular, 3-story and cellar store and stores; N. Y. Savings Bank against E. A. Cuyler, Jr., et al.; J. A. Dutton, attorney; due, $11,; taxes, &c., $375; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Columbia St, 86, e s, 150 ft n of Rivington St, 25x100, 5-story tenement and stores; R. S. Robertson against Aaron Gruber et al.; Myers & G., attorneys; due, $5,200; taxes, &c., $500; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

135th St, 881-913 East, n s, front between Walnut and Locust Avs, 350x101.4, two 2-story tenements and stores and five 1-story brick stores; also 134th St, 881-909; Walnut Av, 135th St and Locust Av, 350x270.11, 2-story brick loft and store buildings and six 1-story brick stores; E. S. Appleby against J. L. Doughty et al; Cannon & C., attorneys; due, $137,-837.10; taxes, &c., $21,482.56; to the plaintiff for $150,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

5th Av, 845, to an 11-story apartment, 17 families, 50.5x149.4; 845 5th Avenue Corp., 681 5th Av, owner; J. E. R. Carpenter, architect; cost $700,000.

5th Av, s e corner 78th St, for a 14-story apartment hotel, 25.8x100; Park Realty Co., 151 West 42d St, owner; G. & E. Blum, 505 5th Av, architects; cost $250,000.

5th Av, e s, 50th s to 51st Sts, for a 1-story grandstand; St. Patrick's Cathedral, owner; F. Huberti, Weehawken, N. J., architect; cost $500.

8th Av, s e corner 95th St, for a 1-story grandstand, Easter act; Adolf Hayman, owner; F. Huberti, architect; cost $250.

5th Av, e s, 97th to 98th Sts, for a 1-story grandstand; M. F. Seigman et al, 128 Broadway, owner; North Eastern Construction Co., 101 Park Av, architect; cost $8,000.

40th St, 329 to 335 West, for a 1-story garage, 80x98.9; E. J. Zehe, 111 Kimball Road, Brooklyn, owner; D. Wertman, 114 East 28th St, architect; cost $20,000.

Walton Av, n e corner 160th St, 2-story brick garage and studio, 79.7x78.6; Georgia L. Knight, 123 East 138th St, owner; M. J. Harrison, World Building, architect; cost $10,000.

Sackett Av, n e corner Munroe Av, 2-story hollow tile dwelling and garage, 25x50; Benjamin Finkel, 2,534 East 177th St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 3d Av and 148th St, architect; cost $5,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

24th St, 22 West, to a 3-story store, &c.; Cohen & Zuckerman, 20 East 33d St, owners; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; $3,500.

1st Av, 45, to a 5-story tenement and store; 11 Lexington Av Corp., 1,138 1st Av, owner; J. Fisher, 25 Av A, architect; cost $3,000.

Division St, 261-3, to a 3-story store and dwelling; S. Siegel, New Brunswick, N. J., owner; J. Fisher, architect; cost $4,000.

45d St, 19 to 21 West, to a 6-story club; N. Y. Academy of Medicine, owner; York & Sawyer, 50 East 41st St, architects; cost $175,000.

37th St, 348 West, to a 5-story tenement and store; L. Appel, 335 West 37th St, owner; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost $6,000.

60th St, 46 East, to a 4-story and basement dwelling; J. H. Johnston, 14 East 48th St, owner; M. B. Schmidt, 14 East 46th St, architect; cost $20,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With names and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, 113, s s, 25x100; Simon Hannerstein to Levi S. Hulse, trustee, 15 Myrtle St, White Plains, N. Y.; address, 66 Broadway $1

CLINTON ST, 57, w s, 20.2x50, foreclosure; William Klein, referee, to Aetna Casualty and Surety Co. of Hartford, office 100 William St, New York City; attorney, James B. Henney, 100 William St. $2,500

CONVENT AV, 311, e s, 419.6 ft n of 141st St, 20x100; Courtney Development Co. to Royal M. Cushman, 532 West 148th St, and Enoch H. Cushman, 523 West 140th St, mtg $8,500; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

EDGECOMBE AV, 461, n w corner of 165th St, 80.9x140.8x irregular; Woodmont Realty Co. to Henk, S. & Co., 118 West 120th St, mtg $116,000, April 29; attorneys, Morrison & Scheff, 320 Broadway $100

GREENE ST, 163, w s, 130.4 ft n of Houston St, 25x100; Julia A. Groh to Morris Borsodi, 241 East 25th St, b. and s., April 25; attorneys, Elkus, V. G. & P., 111 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Borsodi to Natvel Corp., 7 West 45th St, mtg $30,000, all liens, April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

HAMILTON PLACE, n e corner 139th St, 108.6x51.10x99.11x94.3; S. Morrill Bauner to Stars & Stripes Realty Co., 51 Chambers St, mtg $10,000; all liens; attorney, Jos. E. Greenberg, 299 Broadway $100

MADISON ST, 286-88, e s, 36.1x75; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Fishel Berman, on the premises, p. and s., April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

Maria Holdermann to Jacob Gross, 2,117 Mapes Av; Mtg. 3,200, April 29; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

RICHARDSON AV, 4,854, s e s, Lot 106, map of Washingtonville; Raffaela Rotando to Salvatore Ruggiere, 174 East 238d St., mtg $4,000, April 29; attorney, F. William Egert, 4,709 West Park Av $100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w s, 450 ft s w of Avenue St. John, 50x115; Louis Crosby to Nona Realty Corp., 631 Nostrand Av, Brooklyn, mtg $41,800, April 5; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

STEBBINS AV, n e s, 50 ft s w of 167th St, 30x90x30x85.4; Rudolph Hilgerman to Teckla Hilgerman, 1,102 Stebbins Av, mtg $6,000, April 30; attorney, A. Phillips, 41 Park Row $1

STEBBINS AV, w s, 538.4 ft n of 165th St, 25x142.3x25.9x135.11; Rudolph Hilgerman to Teckla Hilgerman, 1,102 Stebbins Av, mtg $1,500, April 30; attorney, A. Phillips, 41 Park Row $100

UNION AV, 1,126, e s, 40x160; Gerard B. Lambert to Tiffany Realty Co., 30 Church St, mtg $16,000, April 29; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

UNION AV, 706, e s, 20.10x92.4; Albert Reid to Sam Bachrach, 625 Jackson Av, mtg $8,000, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

UNION AV, 1,225, w s, 20x132.7; Louis Bieler to Joseph Fried, 1,225 Union Av, mtg $6,000, April 23; attorney, Frank Locker, 299 Broadway $100

VALENTINE AV, 2,527, w s, 112x81; Annie T. Reynolds, to William Melbey, 151 West 19th St, mtg $5,000, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WILLIS AV, w s, 50 ft s of 142d St, 30x90; Hy Reich and another to Pauline Peaky, 515 West 143d St, et al, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $12,430

134TH ST, 326 East, s s, 25x100; Thomas T. Dempsey to Susie L. Dempsey, 356 East 134th St, May 20, '13; attorney, Susie L. Dempsey, 356 East 134th St. $1

151ST ST, 312 East, s s, 25x118.5; Angelo V. Vilalta to Celestino Renza, 312 East 151st St, April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

202D ST, n s, 122.10 ft e of Valentine Av, 25x100; Elsie Levy to Charlotte C. Peck, 255 East 202d St, mtg $1,500, April 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

239TH ST, 245 East, n s, 40x100; Emma W. Mittelhapf to New York and Suburban Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 147 East 125th St, April 30, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. H. Bergman, 2,804 3d Av $4,400

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

HAMILTON PL, n e corner 139th St; mtg satisfied April 29, 1919; Middletown (N. Y.) Savings Bank to L. M. Banner, White Plains, N. Y.; attorney, Jos. E. Greenberg, 299 Broadway $10,000

18ST AV, n w corner 83d St; Lawyers Title and Trust Co to the Republic of Panama; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $12,000

2D AV, 1,814, s e corner 94th St; mtg now $24,000; Mary I. Nelson to North British Mercantile Insurance Co, 76 William St; attorneys, Middlebrook & Co, 46 Cedar St; int of $1,554

2D ST, 218-20 East; mtg. $7,500; Commercial Exchange Bank to Jacob Eisler, 704 East 158th St; attorney, Sol H. Eisler, 261 Broadway $100

8TH AV, w s, 49.4 ft n of 20th St, all title; mtg, $18,000; Bertha Silverstein to Harry A. Silverstein, 150 West 95th St $1

11TH, 216-220 East, mtg $23,000; Max Kobre to Alex Rosenthal and A. Rosenthal to Joseph Yidootsky, 85 Canal St; attorney, Samuel Zepris, 157 East Broadway; 2 assignments .....$100 and $3,500

44TH ST, 450 East, mtg $5,000; 143d St, as. 437.6 ft e of Broadway, mtg $8,000; Jennie G. Biddulph and another, executrices, &c., to Jennie G. Biddulph, Montclair, N. J.; attorney, Perry J. Fuller, 145 Nassau St; 2 assignments, each $1

39TH ST, 20-22 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 123th St; address, 176 Broadway; 2 assignments $30,000

56TH ST, 444 West; Adelaide M. Jones et al, extrs., &c., of Morgan Jones, to Lawyers Mortgage Co, 59 Liberty St. $17,000

61ST ST, 44 East; Charles M. Brooks to Arthur Smith, 175 East 64th St or 111 Broadway $10,000

77TH ST, 139 West; 78th St, 321 West; Manhattan Av, 405; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to New York Investors' Corp., 176 Broadway; 3 assignments .....$7,000, $15,000, and $5,500

83D ST, 139 West; mtg. $20,000; Wm. Wetsels to Clarence Bainswieser, 135 Cathedral Park W., address Joseph L. Bastenweiser. 200 5th Av $1

257TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 2d Av; Alice L. Ripley and another, extrs., &c., of Harry D. Ripley to Lawyers Mortgage Co, 59 Liberty St; attorney, S. J. Lieb, 19 Cedar St $10,000

1147TH ST, 3 West; mtg, $4,000; Isaac Goldman to Isidor Friedman, 17 East 97th St; attorney, Jacob Klein, 120 Broadway $1

127TH ST, 75 W.; A. & L. Edelmuth, extrs., to Amelia Katz; A. Katz to L. Edelmuth, and L. Edelmuth to A. Edelmuth, 51 East 96th St, ½ part; attorneys, Lachman & G., 32 Nassau St; 2 assignments .....$100 and $5,000

158TH ST, 544 to 550 West; Central Union Trust Co. of New York, trustee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St. $100,000

164TH ST, 446 to 450 West, mtg $10,000; Jennie Seligman to Henrietta Ruppin, 895 West End Av; attorneys, Feiner, F. & Mass, 100 Broadway $1

170TH ST, 508 West, mtg $32,000; Henry B. Schwab, executor, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $28,000

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,037-9; Isear Realty Co. to Theodore Jaffe, 861 Manida St; attorneys, Morrison & Co., 320 Broadway $100

CLINTON AV, 1,355; Jackson Av, 164; Union Av, 1,228-30; Tinton Av, 1,210; Hughes Av, 2,145; Anthony Av, 2,056; White Plains Av, 4,640; Bronx Place, w s, 142.5 ft n of Machanic St, 307.8x218.9x irregular; 146th St, 217 East; also lot 230, map of Section A, Tyse estate; also part of lot 5, map of Adamsville; Amanda Bussing to John Bussing, Jr., 205 East Lincoln Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; attorney, John Bussing, Jr., 205 East Lincoln Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; 13 assignments $1

COURTLANDT, 1325; Henry Hatfen to Eugenia Baer, 626 Melrose Av; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 762 Courtlandt Av. .$2,500

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,078; Marion D. Carrero to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $21,000

LOTS 113 and 114, map of Woolf vs. Woolf; Henrietta H. Woolf to James A. Benedict, at Katonah, N. Y.; attorney, James H. Robertson, 63 Wall St $8,000

TRINITY AV, 1,048; Edmund J. Lovine, executor, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,000

WASHINGTON AV, 1,477; also land in New York County; Blossom, Benj., to Blosben Corp., 128 Broadway; attorneys, Fletchery McC. & Brown, 128 Broadway $100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of Lessee.

Manhattan.

AV A, s e corner of 16th St, store, &c.; Adolph Danziger to Elias Liebman, 258 Av A, extension lease 5 years, from May 1, 1920 .....$870

BROADWAY, 3,812, store; Lowndale Realty Corp. to Max Blitz, 1,035 Tiffany St, 2½ years from Feb. 28, 1922, to Sept. 1, 1924; attorneys, Julius Ried Co., 299 Broadway $1,300

BROADWAY, 3,814, store and 4 rooms; same to same, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1919; attorney same $2,000

BROADWAY, 4,000, between 168th and 169th Sts, Apt. 2CC on 3d floor in the Manhasset; Marbrick Realty Corp. to Wm. J. Leeds, 261 West 116th St, 5 years from $1,500

COLUMBUS AV, 686, s e, 100 ft s of 94th St, all; Chas. S. Kohler to Fairbanks Baking Co., 10 years, from Oct. 1, 1919; attorneys, Rabenold & Scribner, 61 Broadway $4,000

FULTON ST, 69, all; Emily D. Van Wagenen and another, trustees, to Otto H. Quitzan, 126 East End Av, 5 years from Jan 1, 1919, 1 year renewal; attorney, Peter Klein, 253 East 72d St $2,640

HOUSTON ST, corner Chrystie st, theatre, &c.; Bertha Stener to Abe, Wm., and Herbert Minsky, 16 East 97th St, 10 years from May 1, 1918; H. Minsky, 16 East 97th St $18,000

2D AV, 2,361, corner store; Jacob Haltzer to Carl Yaynor, 2,361 2d Av, 1 year, from Harry Berlin, 53 East 103d St $600

5TH AV, 2,162, store and basement; M. Zeretsky to H. Cramer, 851 Kelly St, Bronx, from May 1, 1919; address, Harris Cramer, 128 Av $480

22D ST, 12-16 East, store and basement; Chas. A. Munn, agent, to Andrew McLean Co., 5 years, from Feb. 1, 1920; attorney, Robt. Graham, 15 William St $6,000

113TH ST, 111-115 East; Hugo Greenberger to Max Biegelman, 343 East 101st St, 3 years, from Sept. 1, 1916; address, 111 East 113th St $5,040

112TH ST, 111 East, all; Chas. and Harry Loventral to Jos. Nemno, 111 East 112th St, 3 years from Sept. 1, 1919; attorney, Chas. S. M. First, 27 Cedar St .$4,800

172D ST, 700-720 West, all; Rockville Holding Co. to 700-720 West 172d Street Corp., 5 years, from April 1, 1919; attorney, Samuel Schack, 141 Broadway $28,400

181ST ST, 725-735 West, all; College Holding Co. to Goelet Leasing Co., 115 Broadway, from March 1, 1919, to Sept. 30, 1922; attorney, S. Schack, 141 Broadway $46,000

Bronx.

PROSPECT AV, 1,131, corner store; Morris Weiss to Jacob Zimmer, 1,155 Prospect Av, 4 years from April 1, 1919; attorney J. Zimmer, 1,311 Prospect Av $576

PROSPECT AV, 1,131, barber shop; same to Joseph Gelman, same address, 3 years from April 1, 1919; attorney, J. Gelman, 1,131 Prospect Av $420

WILKINS AV, 1,417, store; Charles Helborn to Becky Leff, 1,411 Wilkins Av, 3 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, H. L. Horwitz, 93 Nassau St $1,200

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, 3,413, all; Mary Noll to William J. Lucas, 3,413 White Plains Av, 3 years from April 1, 1919; attorney, W. T. Lucas, 3,413 White Plains Road $800

174TH ST, 485 East, store; Meyer Iscar to Minnie Cohen, 485 East 174th St, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1918; attorney, M. Cohen, 485 East 174th St $516

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

WEST ST, w s, 60.5 ft n of Spring St, 20.1x62.9; Alfred J. Christiansen et al against Timothy McCarthy et al; action to foreclose mechanics' lien; attorneys, Mankel Bros.

49TH ST, e s, 225 ft e of 11th Av, 26x100.5; S. L. Snyder Co., Inc., against Elizabeth F. Buckley et al; action to foreclose mechanics' lien; attorney, L. Rosenberg.

Bronx.

LOTS Nos. 17, 18, and 19, map of property of Whitehall Realty Co., White Plains Av., between 234th St. and Nereid Av; Susan Murray Bain against Alexander D. Yeomans et al; foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. Bell.

156TH ST, n s, 200.1 ft w of Elton Av, 60x100; Blanche S. Zweighaft against Alfred J. Sterns et al; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cohen, Gutman & Richter.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

42D ST, 231 West; Charles H. Schumann, Jr., against Mary L. Cassidy, owner; foreclose mechanics' lien; attorneys, Mankel Bros.

49TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of 11th Av, 26x100.5; S. L. Snyder Co., Inc., against Elizabeth F. Buckley et al; action to foreclose mechanics' lien; attorney, L. Rosenberg.

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156TH ST, n s, 200.1 ft w of Elton Av, 60x100; Blanche S. Zweighaft against Alfred J. Sterns et al; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cohen, Gutman & Richter.

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 1½; Samuel Feinstein against Patrick Clendenin Land Co. et al., Jan. 7, 1919. $30
SAME PROPERTY; Lent & Cantor against same; Jan. 8, 1919 .....$117.50

Jeromel Realty and Construction Co., Inc., contractor, (renewal) $180
43D ST, 240 to 248 West; Charles H. Schumann, Jr., against Selwyn Realty and Corp., Inc., owner; Jeromel Realty and Construction Co., Inc., contractor, (renewal.) ..$200
52D ST, 112 West; Reubin Isaacs against Ruth A. Wallace, owner; Calumet Garage Co. $108.14
30TH ST., 800 West; Goodyear Lumber Co. against Interborough Rapid Transit Co., owner; Henry E. Fox Const. Co., contractor, (renewal.) $2,598.20
187TH ST., 899 West; Willis A. Swan against Aaron Kell, owner; B. W. Smith Co. $40.25
SAME PROPERTY; Lent & Cantor against same; Jan. 8, 1919 .....$117.50

WHY SUBMIT TO EXTORTIONATE RENT INCREASES WHEN YOU CAN BUY THIS SPLENDID HOME BY PAYING ME FOR 3 YEARS WHAT YOU NOW LOSE AS RENT?

$3,500 ON VERY EASY TERMS; LIKE RENT.

Remaining Mortgage $6,000.
Easy Commutation to N. Y. City.
Beautiful Plot, 100x169 Feet.

Ten huge rooms, three tiled baths, big open fireplace, wide concrete verandas, beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, oak, white enamel and mahogany finished trim; fine tree-covered grounds; exclusive residential neighborhood, convenient to trolley line and two Ex. R. R. stations; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lakes, and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets. As near to the business section of Manhattan as Washington Heights, Flatbush or the Bronx in travelling time, and nearer as to convenience. Write or phone GEO. R. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. C. Telephone 6864—Audubon.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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$6,854,900

on Mortgages

We have funds for good mortgage loans.

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Established 1868
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In Large Amounts for Manhattan Properties

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14 Wall St. Tel. Rector 4690.

REAL ESTATE.

SPOT CASH!

Mr. Real Estate Operator and Broker! Get busy. A big money-market is in sight. Turn your 1919 rent income into my cash and get in on the ground floor. Reasonable terms and no "red tape." Tel. Chelsea 327.

Jacob Rosenstock
100 Fifth Avenue, New York
Nothing under $5,000.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Henry Mandel, on and after May 1st, at 570 Fifth Av

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$4000—NEW JAMAICA HOUSES

Six large rooms, oak floors, steam heat, electric lights, open plumbing, all modern improvements; near railroad depot and electrics; built 2 years ago, before great advance in material and labor; best houses in Jamaica for price; small cash payments, easy monthly installments. F. L. FERGUSON, 60 Orange St., Brooklyn.

WESTBURY

Two to Ten Acre Plots

Adjoining the Ladenburg Estate and ten minutes from golf course.

CHARLES CROSBY, 47 West 34th St.

MERRICK, L. I.

Several houses of 10-12 rooms, 2-4 baths, steam or furnace heat. Garages, gardens, etc. Each of the places offered has ample grounds of 1-3 acre, and are located in the most desirable sections. The houses are in excellent condition.

R. W. FORD, 94 William Street, N. Y. Telephone John 1259.

LONG BEACH WEST

My bungalow for rent cheap; all improvements. Call at once on Thos. J. Worth. This coupon worth $5.00 when signing contract.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A cotton broker moving to Memphis permanently will sacrifice his Jersey suburban home to quick buyer for $18,000; $2,500 cash, balance easy terms, takes it. The plot is 150x284 ft. The house is of the most modern architecture, in perfect condition and complete in every detail. It has 13 rooms, a sleeping porch, and 3 tiled baths, beautifully fitted. There is a 2-car garage, steam heated, with chauffeur's room and bath. The grounds are planted with flowers for coming Summer. This property cannot be duplicated today for $25,000, and is only three years old. A bargain for some one. For details write COTTON, P. O. Box 529, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

Ready Now to Live In.

$6,500

Easy Terms

SUBURBAN HOME

7 Rooms, Tiled Bath. Plot 100x172 ft.

EASY COMMUTATION TO N. Y. CITY.

Permanent home; everything modern; electric light, steam heat, paneled walls, parquet floors; select neighborhood; water sports, golf, country club, schools, &c.; send for photo; fine living room, with huge open fireplace. You can buy this charming place with a little cash down and the money you pay now as rent. Investigate.

CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. 9837 Prospect.

LEONIA, NEW JERSEY

Large new Colonial home. Seven exceptionally large rooms. Living room 15x24, with bookcases and fireplace. Central hall, double oak floors; steam heat. Side porch 10x25. Real value at $8,000. Cash, $6,000.

LYNN G. COOVER,

23 the Junction Leonia, N. J.

JERSEY COAST

DEAL, ALLENHURST, SPRING LAKE.

N. Y. C. JOHN D. MINER Cort. 30 Bway.

LOCAL OFFICE: SPRING LAKE, N. J. 227.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEAUTIFUL SHORE FRONT

Five minutes' drive from Stamford, 52 minutes Grand Central; estate will sell at two-thirds cost and value; peerless bathing beach and sound frontage; about two acres; colonial best; people of means; modern, charming house; 7 master's rooms, 4 servants' rooms; 4 baths; anchorage for any boats; opportunity unequaled.

ALLABOUGH & SON 128 BROADWAY. Phone 4069 Cort.

A DOUBLE ROW

of noble trees shades the lawn for 200 feet, on the old Colonial road, back from the road, with fireplaces, steam heat and bath; there's an orchard, a cottage and a good big barn; of course there's a spring, with a place for a pool, and 67 acres of land; $15,000; 47 miles from New York. JOHN CRAWFORD, 7 East 42d St. Connecticut exclusively.

CHARMING MADISON HOUSE

8 rooms, tiled bath, maid's bath, steam heat, electricity, gas; kitchen; large plot; 20-mile views; excellent neighborhood; $7,100; bargain; terms. Photos here.

ALLABOUGH & SON 128 BROADWAY. Phone 4069 Cort.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

FOREST HILLS, LONG ISLAND.

15 minutes to Penn. Station.

Modern house, 9 rooms, 1 bath, completely furnished; plot 50x100; May to Oct., $175 per month.

Modern house, 7 rooms, 1 bath, completely furnished; June 15-Sept. 15, $150 per month.

KEW GARDENS, LONG ISLAND.

16 minutes to Penn. Station.

Modern house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, completely furnished; plot 75x100; June 15-Sept. 15, $1,000.

THOS. H. TODD

Carlton Chambers

No. 402 Madison Ave., corner 47th St.

Tel. Murray Hill 2890.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Wanted

Oct. 1st, 1919,

10,000 Sq. Feet

Office Space

in 42nd Street Section,

Between Park Ave. & Sixth Ave., on one, two or three floors.

BUTLER & BALDWIN,

280 Madison Ave.

Murray Hill 6633.

EMMET ARCADE

S. W. Corner 59th & Madison Av.

Large, attractive corner office (23x48) particularly suitable for broker's office or high class showroom.

Apply on premises.

Telephone, PLAZA 6782.

INDUSTRIAL SITES

Jersey City, any part of 200,000 ft., fireproof, heavy, on rail; immediate possession.

Brooklyn, any part of 250,000 ft., fireproof, heavy, on rail and water; immediate possession.

Manhattan, any part 10,000 ft., central location. We build to suit on water and rail. Same as rent.

READE & CO. 300 52d Ave., N. Y. C. Vanderbilt 222.

RELIABLE BROKER

will secure any space you desire. Stores, Lofts, Factories, or any other buildings suitable for your business. Have large list now on hand. Send me space and business required. Prompt action. T 7 Times.

WALL STREET OFFICE

2 year sublease, $5,500 per year. Immediate Possession.

FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42nd St.

Telephone Murray Hill 8513.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

FACTORY WANTED

50,000 TO 100,000 SQ. FT.

Railroad siding. Good labor market. Within 150 miles of New York City. Will purchase.

Address BUYER, Box 213-A Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

5 ROOMS, $65

Elevator apartment, all improvements; 1 block from Broadway; exceptional value; corner 141st St.

87 HAMILTON PLACE.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Brooklyn.

To Rent.—Furnished, May 16-Oct. 1, 8-room detached house in Flatbush, near Ave. H, Brighton "L"; moderate rent to responsible family. Write or phone Kenmore 3995J. V 552 Times Downtown.

Bronx.

Furnished cottage, Bedford Park, Bronx, 9 bedrooms; porch; all improvements; good neighborhood; easily reached from Grand Central and all car lines; cosey, attractive, convenient; $125 monthly. Fox, 240 East 159th.

For Sale.—3-story and basement brown-stone private dwelling, located at 338 West 51st; in first-class condition; inspection can only be arranged by applying to John Minder & Son, Washington Market. Phone 4842 Cort.

9 rooms and bath, near Fordham Road L station; plot 21x100; price $5,000; cash $1,000, balance like rent. F. Rose, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3805 Beekman.

Queens.

Two exceptionally fine houses, each with a garage, best location in Jamaica; large plots of ground; all city improvements; $7,500 and $9,500; liberal terms. W. V. Champlin, Hillside and Grand Avs., Jamaica, N. Y. Tel. 1039 Jamaica.

Richmond.

A couple with a beautiful furnished house will rent whole or part furnished to reliable adult family; within commuting distance; bathing, fishing, tennis; plenty of shade trees; veranda overlooking bay; Huguenot Park, Staten Island. P. O. Box 41. Phone 1149-M Tottenville.

STATEN ISLAND.

Will rent furnished 8-room house; electric light, steam heat; near depot, bathing; 45 minutes from lower Manhattan. S 581 Times Downtown.

City Houses Wanted.

Wanted to Rent.—A house in good repair, two baths, five bedrooms, electric light, rent not to exceed $2,500, in any of following Manhattan locations; East side, between 62d and 86th Sts., Madison and 3d Avs.; west side, between 8th and 6th Avs., 50th to 97th Sts.; west side, between 5th and 9th Avs. 9th to 12th Sts., or if on West 11th St., also west of 6th Av. Reply Chamberlain, Post Office Box 967, New York City.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Long Island.

Freeport, L. I.—Waterfront on Randall Bay; house with all modern improvements, electric lights, hot water, heat, gas, 2 large porch rooms inclosed in glass, also large sun parlor; screen and storm sashes; large garage for 2 cars and room and bath for help; large plot; will sacrifice; good reason for selling; asking $9,500, terms easy. L. G. H., 724 Times Downtown.

Far Rockaway.—Beautifully located substantially built, completely furnished house on Lenada Bay; 10 rooms, 2 bath rooms; all improvements; 4-car garage; plot 100x400; 35 minutes Penn. Station. Owner, A. T. Harrison, 110 West 34th.

Broadway, Flushing, for Sale—Practically new shingle and clapboard house, 7 rooms, bath; sleeping porch, fireplace; parquet floors; hardwood trim; electricity, gas; 5 minutes to station; easy terms. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Greeley 6306.

Modern house, 7 rooms, bath, foyer hall, laundry and pantry; all improvements; decorated; chicken house; landscaped; ten minutes from station. Owner, V 531 Times Downtown.

Jamaica Hillcrest.—7 room house, corner plot, 90x190; garage; will rent or sell furnished. X 473 Times Annex.

Forest Hills Gardens.—For sale, new, nine-room house, four baths, sun parlor, garage, near station. E 632 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

FOR RENT AT SCARSDALE.

(While They Last.)

6 Room House at $50.

6 Room House at $50

10 Room House at $150.

12 Room House at $165.

ANGELL & CO.,

Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. Scarsdale 300.

Bronxville.—7-room house, 2 baths, completed May 15; desirable location; price reasonable. Emil Lund, Builder, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

New Jersey.

An ideal home in select suburban, highly restricted residential section, finest in the State; house, seven large rooms, beautiful bath, parquet floors, every city improvement; dining and sleeping porches; large plot, with beautiful shade trees and lawns; 30 minutes from city; schools, stores, churches, golf and tennis; 60 trains daily; commutation $6.50; price $9,500 up; small cash payment and mere rent. Call, write, or phone M. D. Ayers, 148 West 38th St. Phone 4535 Greeley.

"TELEPHONE ME NOW."—Craftsman design one-family houses, 6 and 7 rooms, tile bath, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, fireplaces, steam heat, electricity, gas, fine fixtures; near schools and station; 30 minutes to 42d St., New York, for 8c commutation fare; small cash down, balance monthly; ready for occupancy; others, 6 to 11 rooms; $9,000 to $9,000. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone John 5047.

Ridgewood, N. J.—House, garage, and a most productive garden, plot 60x200, for $5,800; house contains six fine bedrooms and bath; fine situation; nice breeze all Summer; ready for occupancy May 1. Emil Junge, 1 Maiden Lane, New York. Phone 4773 Cortlandt.

6 rooms, bath; modern house; all improvements; large plot; half hour out, Erie; near station; good neighborhood; $4,200; reasonable payment down, balance monthly. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

MONTCLAIR.

10-room shingled frame residence; all modern impts.; near trolleys and D., L. & W. station; on plot 50x200; 2-car garage, with water, heat and light; $9,500; attractive proposition. Write care of P. O. Box 591, Newark, N. J.

Need $1,000 immediately, my beautiful new 6-room suburban home; every convenience; 30 minutes Manhattan; 2 railroads; 2 cents commutation. HENSCHEL, 89 9th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phones 1481-J Hackensack, 1606 Cortlandt, N. Y.

LEONIA.

A real bargain; owner forced to sell new house, decorated throughout; seven rooms, bath, sleeping porch, fireplace; oak floors, gas and electric; hot water heat; plot 47x140; high ground, 15-mile view; $8,250; $2,000 cash. Leonia Homes Realty Co., Leonia, N. J.

SOUTH ORANGE, near Mountain Station.—Magnificent residence; beautiful surroundings; latest improvements; 12 rooms; 2 tile baths, 4 bulk in showers; plot 115x190; price $23,000. H. A. Schroll, 149 Market St., Newark, N. J. Phone 4026 Market.

$6,000 buys attractive seven-room modern house, only four years old; all-gas kitchen, electricity, telephone, sleeping porch; fifteen miles out; country club community; every city advantage; absolute bargain. For details phone Bryant 2408.

Builder needing cash will sacrifice specially Colonial house of 8 rooms and bath in Montclair section for $1,000, balance $6,500 on mortgage; fine neighborhood; plot 100x150 feet; act quickly. Builder, Box 220 Times Downtown.

Attractive home, convenient, West Englewood; reception hall, living, dining, three bedrooms, bath; large plot; nicely shaded; garage; $5,500. Frank Stevens, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

Mountain Lakes, Boonton, and Northern New Jersey; residences, farm and lakes. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

Montclair.—Right rooms, modern house, high, healthy surroundings; near station. S 113 Times.

Eighteen room house, in South Orange, at a bargain; terms to suit. X 477 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NOW READY

FOR OCCUPANCY

300 Central Park West

Corner 90th St.

1-2-3 ROOMS

Furnished and Unfurnished

Restaurant on Premises

Apply on Premises or

BING & BING

119 West 40th St.

30 West 54th Street

EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS TO SUBLET

2 ROOMS & BATH with Service.

Apply Supt. on premises or to 30 W. 54th St. Co., 3010 Broadway. Phone Col. 9337.

605 WEST 141ST ST.

BETWEEN B'WAY & RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Near subway station; modern elevator building; southern exposure; efficient telephone, elevator service.

7 Large, Sunny Rooms, $90

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

New Jersey.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Completed modern residence; furnished or unfurnished, for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must sacrifice. W. L. Brower, 15 Park Row, New York.

New York State.

A GENTLEMAN'S HOME.

Five acres of land, commanding a superb view of the Hudson; dwelling of 11 rooms and 2 baths, constructed in the most substantial manner; beautiful parquet floors and woodwork; new decorations in oil done with discriminating taste; modern plumbing and heating and large rooms; big, shade trees, stone driveway, barn, and garage; acquired by foreclosure of a $10,000 mortgage and improved by judicious expenditure of several thousands more, it can be bought for $15,000, which would not replace the dwelling alone; it offers rare value, and is only an hour out; see me about it.

HOWARD GOLDSMITH, 65 Park Row.

2556 Beekman.

Massachusetts.

Italian villa and gardens, near Wellesley, Mass.; acreage on beautiful lake; 2 master bedrooms; living room, 20x40, fireplace; open loggia, with fireplace; 3-car garage with 5-room housekeeping apartment; finest Spring water; electric pumps, boats; for sale or lease, 3 years, furnished. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St.

Connecticut.

NEW CANAAN, CONN.

Gentleman's country home; 80 acres; house 9 rooms, improvements; wide verandas; fine shade; high elevation; most desirable neighborhood; liberal mortgage. Langley, New Canaan, Conn.

Country House Wanted.

Small house, unfurnished, ground; reliable, careful tenants; permanent; reasonable rent; not over hour. New York. S 563 Times Downtown.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

For absolute rest, with all the comforts of suburban home, 1 offer for rent 8-room modern house, completely furnished, at $800 season; facing ocean on south shore of Long Island; 90 minutes from New York. Todd, 406 Madison Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 8595.

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER STORE FOR RENT—ABOVE 42D STREET, 21X80; LARGE SHOW WINDOWS ON 5TH AVENUE AND STREET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D STREET.

To let, light, improved lofts, steam heated, 2,500 to 10,000 sq. ft., convenient to New York. P. D. Co., 315 Henderson St., Jersey City. Phone 800 Montgomery.

Offices to sublet, large, light, in modern building; rent reasonable. Inquire Estey Hratery Exchange, or Superintendent, 487 Broadway.

STORES.—1,573 BROADWAY, 219 WEST 47TH ST. AND 11 NEW ST. 10 OTHER STORE LOCATIONS. CHAS. F. JAY CORP., 1,971 BROADWAY. BRYANT 9864.

Lexington Av., 612.

Fine store in new building.

Ready for occupancy.

20,000 feet Storage Space.—Immediate possession; modern building; high ceilings; large elevator. Apply on premises. Gordon, 410-412 West 52d. Columbus 514.

One-story building, 25x106; all open concrete floor; suitable any business. Owner, 611 East 15th St.

Surgeon, returning from service, wishes to rent office, west side, between 42d and 100th Sts. Write F 263 Times.

Second, third, and fourth floors, warehouse, elevator building; 23x184 ft. Apply Estate John N. Brookman, 166 Broadway.

Mail privileges, $3.00; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Wanted, desk room, below Wall St. preferable. V 539 Times Downtown.

Want 2 or 3-room office, with or without furniture. S 127 Times.

One or two office rooms, downtown district. D 709 Times Downtown.

Gentleman will share his office for $20 per month at the Consolidated Stock Exchange Building. S 488 Times Downtown.

Newly furnished desk rooms; $30 month. F. A. Sales Co., 258 5th Av.

Will rent part small office; central location. Schwartz, 3 East 17th St.

5th Av., 48th St.—Large, light office; unusually attractive. Telephone Greeley 246.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFTS WANTED,

NOT LESS THAN 10,000 SQ. FT.,

ON MADISON AV.,

BETWEEN 30TH AND 33D STS.

K 29 TIMES.

Office wanted in or near automobile section by motor truck manufacturer; will consider part of large office if desirable. Room 1402, 52 Vanderbilt Av. Phone Murray Hill 8580.

One or two lofts, covering 7,500 to 10,000 square feet, steam heated, required. A 470 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

In Pelham, Mamaroneck, Larchmont, Rye, board, three Christian adults, May-September, with private family; three single rooms, verandah, lawn, near station. Discriminating. S 124 Times.

I want at Plainfield or Westfield, direct from owner, the best proposition in a home with good plot that can be had from $6,000 to $7,000. Howard Goldsmith, 65 Park Row.

ESTATES MANAGED, RENTS COLLECTED, EXPENSES CUT IN HALF BY PERSONAL ATTENTION; RESPONSIBLE PARTY. T 9 TIMES.

WANTED, HOTEL OR APARTMENT HOTEL TO LEASE; WHAT HAVE YOU TO OFFER RESPONSIBLE PARTY. T 8 TIMES.

Owners, bargain wanted; large apartment house; quick buyer. Fleming, 215 West 138th.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

HILLTOP FARM.

Southeastern exposure, 40 acres, partly cultivated, some timber, good stream, extensive view, dry air, house 8 rooms and bath, barn, apple orchard; 25 miles out; ideal country home; price $4,000. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 7718. Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY,

east, west side, long, short leases.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.,

178 West 72d St; Phone Columbus 1377.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED

East, West Side, long, short leases. Immediate possession or Oct. Choice sites. Clark Realty, 347 Mad. Av., Vanderbilt 1463.

ATTENTION! — APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 94 East 23d St. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

DOCTOR'S OR DENTIST OFFICES.

Two beautifully appointed rooms, ground floor; private entrance; magnificent modern apartment house; $1,200 year; 12-3 today. 780 Madison Av., (66th.) Lease from May.

FIFTH AV.—Apartment for 1 or 2 persons for Summer; $125 month, including maid service worth $200; grand piano; living room 20x26. Frank L. Fisher Co., 50 East 42d St., Murray Hill 8513.

FOR RENT.—Charmingly furnished apartment from date to Oct. 1; Six rooms and bath, maid's toilet; $180 per month. Inquire Superintendent, 144 East 60th.

GRAMERCY PARK 6d.—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; May 1. 1; $125 month.

LEXINGTON AV., (74th.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; attractively furnished; $90 month; inquire 780 Madison, (66th); five months, longer.

LEXINGTON AV., 798, (61st St.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Plaza 2200 or 8919.

MADISON AV., 906.—Handsomely furnished large room, bedroom, and bath. Plaza 210.

PARK AV., 1,000.—From June 1 to Oct. 1; 10 rooms, 3 baths. Lenox 2948.

SUBLET.—Furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths, from June 1 to Oct. 1; Telephone Lenox 6483 any day between 9 and 12 o'clock.

UNUSUAL values in furnished apartments; east and west side. Realty Co., 270 Park Av. Phone 7914 Murray Hill.

Furnished—West Side.

107TH, 27 WEST.—Three rooms, kitchenette; maid service; rent reasonable; until Oct. 1; $140. Call between 1 and 4.

127TH, WEST.—Sublet; tenant leaving for country house, will sublet until Oct. 1, choice 4-room front apartment; unusually well furnished; $175 per month; no children. Apply French Management Corporation, 396 Madison Av., corner 41st St.

137TH, 340 WEST.—4 ROOMS, FURNISHED UP TO DATE; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT. SHOWER BATH AND PHONE. APPLY PETRILLO, APT 5.

147TH ST., 36 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; modern; $60.

12D, 9 WEST.—Large two rooms, bath; first-class period furnishings. Steigelman.

39TH ST., 110 WEST.—3-room furnished bachelor apartments to respectable parties. $70 and $80 per month.

43D ST., 226 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom, and bath; $21 per week up; full hotel service.

43D ST., 28 WEST.—Two rooms, bath. Madison Square 4978.

46TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-3-5 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6755.

50S, (near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $115. Ellerson, 25 W. 43d.

51ST, (near Broadway.)—Furnished or unfurnished 5 rooms; all outside; sunny, attractive, high-class; May 1 or 15th to Oct. 1; $150 or $175. X 485 Times Annex.

51ST, (near 5th Av.)—Delightful 9 rooms, 2 bath, kitchenette, beautifully furnished, telephone, electricity; $150. Phone Circle 2385.

54TH, 29 WEST, (Near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsome one and two room sunny suites; private baths.

55TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—For rent, May 1st, $250 per month, four-room apartment, elegantly furnished in Italian rose and gray, including kitchen; restaurant, maid, and valet service if desired; exclusive apartment house. Telephone Circle 1081 for appointment.

55TH ST., 350 WEST.—Studio apartment, nicely furnished, 2 large rooms and bath, until Oct. 1 or longer. Apply Bonner or Supt. in building.

55TH, 105 WEST.—Two bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath; May-October; Apartment 1F; $125.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Exceptionally attractive two-room suite, with private bath; full hotel service; $90 weekly, monthly rate.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Hotel Thorndyke.)—Very desirable room with private bath; suitable for one or two persons; full hotel service; special weekly or monthly rates.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment; kitchenette; all conveniences. Telephone Circle 396.

57TH ST., 149 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, handsomely furnished, kitchen and bath; ready from May to October; seen by appointment. Phone Circle 7317.

58TH, 200 WEST.—Very desirable apartment on Washington Heights; will sublet to Oct. 1, with privilege of renewal. X 463 Times Annex.

58TH, 200 WEST.—Four-room perfectly appointed apartment for rent; suitable rooms.

59TH, (Central Park West)—Overlooking the park, 3 rooms, kitchenette, and bath; artistically furnished; for immediate possession, until Oct. 1, 1919; $350 per month. A 481 Times Downtown.

59TH, 38 WEST.—Sublet, bargain, to Oct., $175; facing Park; 2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette. Barcus.

67TH ST., 2 WEST.—For rent, beautifully furnished apartment, large drawing room, alcove dining room, kitchen, 2 bedrooms; $2,000 until Oct. 1; longer lease if desired. Telephone Columbus 1167.

67TH, 2 WEST.—Furnished apartment, duplex, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, newly furnished, 14th and 15th floors, south and west exposure. Dale. Phone Chelsea 8434.

67TH ST., 1 WEST.—Duplex apt. until Oct. 1, or longer, $300. Leonard, Apt. 815.

69TH, 245 WEST, (The New West End.)—2-3 room, bath, kitchenette; latest improvements; complete housekeeping; $60 up.

70TH, WEST.—Attractively furnished hotel apartment near Riverside; every exposure; six rooms and kitchen; $90; hotel maid service included; bargain. Phone Kuhn, Columbus 1277.

70TH, 230 WEST.—Beautifully furnished high-class apartment, May to October; 3 rooms, 2 baths. Apt. 5A. Columbus 9697.

71ST, 324 WEST.—Spacious studio apartment, 2 rooms and bath, elegantly furnished, in modern private home; $80 monthly, including service, electricity; gentlemen or business people.

71ST, 10 WEST.—Parlor floor; 2 very large, magnificently furnished rooms, dressing room, bath, kitchenette; unusual open fireplaces; maid service; breakfast optional. Columbus 9415.

72D, 108 WEST.—Apartments, 3 rooms, consisting of bedroom, living room, and kitchen, with fine bathroom and shower; ice refrigeration; $160-$175 until Oct. 1; all appointments are of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply to Manager, on premises. Telephone Columbus 7840.

72D ST., (near Broadway.)—Large studio with grand piano, bedroom, bath, until Oct. 1. Phone Col. 1813.

73D ST., 148 WEST.—Smartly furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Call between 11 and 4 or phone Columbus 5816.

72D, 152 WEST.—Parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, newly furnished; other rooms, bath, private bath; electricity; maid service.

72D SUBWAY.—Seven rooms; new building; exquisitely furnished; bargain. Col. 3974.

74TH ST., WEST.—Till Oct. 1, delightful elevator apartment, two rooms and bath; seen any time. 181 West 74th St.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)—Attractive one, two room apartment, bath, kitchenette.

76TH, 245 WEST.—Large front room; private bath, telephone; electricity; neatly furnished; $60.

77TH ST., (2,187 Broadway.)—One flight, six spacious rooms, bath, elegantly, completely furnished, linen, service; $150 month; call after 7 P. M. Phone Schuyler 8081.

76TH, 56 WEST.

Floor in private residence.

79TH, 315 WEST.—EXTREMELY DESIRABLE 7-ROOM APARTMENT; OVERLOOKING HUDSON; COMPLETELY FURNISHED; MAY TO OCTOBER; $175. SCHUYLER 917.

79TH, 307 WEST.—6 outside rooms; May-September; piano. Schuyler 1554.

80TH ST., 119 WEST.—Two large rooms, kitchenette and bath; $65. Conroy.

80S.—Attractively furnished 5 rooms, 3 baths; $125. Phone Kuba, Columbus 1277.

80S, WEST END.—5 rooms front, charmingly furnished; season; bargain. Columbus 3074.

82D ST., (near Riverside.)—Attractively furnished seven rooms; ideal for Summer; May 15 to October. Inquire Schuyler 2007.

84TH ST., WEST.—To let for the months of July and August an elegantly furnished 7-room apartment; all light rooms; terms $120 per month, payable in advance; references required. Ring telephone 8191 Schuyler any day before noon.

86TH, 139 WEST.—HIGH-CLASS, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED PARLOR FLOOR; PRIVATE TILE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

87TH, 6 WEST.—Splendidly furnished two-room apartment; all modern comforts, service, &c.; special Summer rates.

87TH, 323 WEST.—Private house; sunny parlor floor; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $100.

88TH, 315 WEST.—Five rooms and bath, furnished, $300 per month. Charles F. Jay Realty Corporation, 1,971 Broadway, (Strand corner.) Bryant 9864.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

88TH ST., 218 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment, 6 rooms, two baths, May to Sept. 15; $175. Steinhardt.

90TH.—Handsomely furnished, 6 rooms, 2 baths, 1st floor to rent for Summer months; bargain. Particulars, apply to F. De Florez, 402 Madison Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 7054.

91ST ST., 109 WEST. — Tenant leaving for country home, will sublet from June 1 to Oct. 1, 7-room apartment, completely furnished, unusually light rooms, overlooking private park; $150 per month. Call May, 2d floor, or French Management Corp., 396 Madison Av.

91ST ST., 215 WEST. (Apt. 11E.)—Exceptional Summer apartment, all outside rooms, 11th floor, new building, river view, screens and awnings; five rooms; additional maid's room; reasonable rental.

91ST, 6 WEST. (near Central Park.)—Well-furnished seven rooms, piano; May to November; $100. Apt. 3. Riverside 4783.

91ST, 231 WEST.—Beautifully furnished high class seven-room apartment, complete, 3 master baths, 2 baths. Phone 1358 Riverside.

97TH, 225 WEST.—Six rooms, 2 baths; May-October. Shloss, Riverside 6760.

98TH, 315 WEST.—Gorgeously furnished 4-room apartment; baby grand piano; real rug; $125; lease 4 to 5 months; appointment only. Phone Riverside 1406.

100TH.—Lavatory; furnished rooms; 1 baths; 5th floor; $15. Columbus 1378.

102D, 253 WEST, (near West End Av.)—One and two room apartment, bath, kitchenette. Carpenter.

113TH, 616 WEST. (NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.)—TWO ROOMS AND BATH, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; $70. PATTERSON 1000.

113TH, 565 WEST.—Seven-room apartment, corner Broadway; handsomely furnished, Apt. 3C.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Four front outside rooms, completely furnished; immediately available; rent $125. Call or phone Apt. D. Morningside 7706. 10:30 to 4:30 Thursday.

119TH, 485 WEST.—Attractive, furnished 2 rooms, bath, and kitchenette; $70 month.

120TH, 434 WEST.—2 rooms and kitchenette. Apt. 7H. Morningside 8440.

121ST ST., 537 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—7 cool rooms; $125; linen, silver, grand piano. Apply Superintendent, or phone A. E. Fountain, Jr., Chelsea 8089.

121ST, 414 WEST, (Apt. 6S.)—Attractively furnished, sunny four rooms; $100. Apply Superintendent.

124TH, 600 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 5-room apartment; spotless; $75.

135TH, 903 WEST.—Six rooms, immediate possession; river view. Apt. 6S.

139TH, 571 WEST.—Attractive 6 rooms; river view; $100; May 1.

141ST, 617 WEST, (Apartment 5A.)—Elegantly furnished 3 rooms, high-class elevator apartment between B'way and Riverside; immediate possession.

141ST, 500 WEST.—Front apartment, six rooms, furnished; May-Oct. 1. Apt. 2.

149TH ST., 547 WEST.—Five beautiful rooms and bath, elevator; facing Broadway; convenient to subway; from June 1 to Apt. 15; reasonable. Apt. 43. Telephone Auduben 2270. Hayman.

153D, 524 WEST.—4 rooms, nicely furnished apartment; from May 1; adult family; $65. F. T. Romain.

160TH, 524 WEST.—Five elegant, light rooms, elevator apartment, handsomely furnished; pianola, Victrola, linen, silver; $100. Apt. 6T.

160TH, 665 WEST.—Will sublet nicely furnished four-room apartment; May 19 to Oct. 1. Apply mornings. Apt. 2-E.

163D ST., 97 WEST.—Attractive apartment, 5 rooms; telephone, electric light, all improvements; select neighborhood; May to Nov. 1. Melrose 5662. Watson.

170TH, WEST.—Clean, well-furnished four-room apartment; 5th floor; southern exposure; $50 month. Phone Cortlandt 4319.

170TH, 716 WEST.—5 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; rent $60.

170TH, 707 WEST.—3 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; rent $55.

181ST ST., 667 WEST.—Five rooms and bath to sublet from May 15; elevator; $48.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY DESIRABLE corner apartment, facing the Drive; 7 rooms and foyer; all outside rooms, attractively furnished, including baby grand piano, Victrola, &c.; rent $200 per month. Apply 227 Riverside Drive, between 86th and 87th Sts.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.—For Spring and Summer bargain opportunities consult Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 289 W. 73d. Columbus 3074.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Family inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.

THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,

100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,

110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Furnished apartments rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks west of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

BEAUTIFULLY situated, complete and attractively furnished, five-room apartment on Washington Heights; will sublet to Oct. 1, with privilege of renewal. X 463 Times Annex.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished apartment, nine rooms, 3 baths, from June 1 to Oct. 1; vicinity 71st and Broadway. Telephone Murray Hill 7095.

BEAUTIFUL 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence, London Terrace; electricity, steam heat; unusually desirable; $75. Chelsea 3941.

BROADWAY, 3,089, (122d.) Buckingham Apartment.—3-4 beautifully furnished rooms, elevator, light, good management, reasonable prices. Morningside 9740.

BROADWAY, 3,136 (corner 126th St.)—Elevator apartment; six rooms; $65.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478.—7-room corner apartment; suitable doctor; $125 monthly.

EDGECOMBE AV., 885, (north of 155th St.)—6 rooms and bath, 5th floor; $45; beautiful location.

FLOOR in private house; bath, electricity; splendid condition; West 70s; owner living in building. X 453 Times Annex.

FROM June 1, beautiful six-room apt. on Riverside Drive; three rooms facing river; unexcelled view; price $200 per month. Phone River 4827.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 414.

High-class apartments, two rooms and bath; (new building;) rent moderate. Apply on premises or Leopold Weiss, 2,617 7th Av. Phone Audubon 4017.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Two rooms and bath; new fireproof house; elevator and hall service; $80; business and social references required. See Supt. on premises. Van Voorst Apartments, 125 Waverly Place.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 41.—Studio room and bath. Phone Spring 4117.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

BRYANT AV., 2009, (near 179th St.)—3 rooms and bath, $33; 4 rooms and bath, $41; all modern improvements; high-class house.

163D, 800 EAST.—Six large, light front rooms, all improvements, new building, for lease; $66. Apply agent, Mirvenhaus Bros., 800 East 163d.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

5-ROOM lower apartment in two-family house; separate entrance; all improvements, including large screened porch; Brighton line; Christian owner; rent $35; garage extra. Box 63 N. Y. Times Brooklyn.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

ASTORIA, N. Y.

5-room and bath modern apartments; hot water, steam heat, telephone service; two blocks from Grand Av. "L" and subway station; rent $50. Apply Superintendent, Ansonia Apartments, 640 Academy St. Phone 2356 Astoria.

HOTEL MANHATTAN SQUARE.—Parlor, chamber and bath, tastefully appointed, including piano; twelfth floor, all windows facing south, giving delightful panorama of New York; to sublet for month of June; special at $125. Schuyler 2500, Suite 1128.

Nicely furnished four-room suite, with bath; fine apartment building; two blocks from Broadway subway-Dyckman St.; to sublet until Oct. 1; $90 monthly. Inquire Murray Hill 8637, between hours 4 and 6 until Friday.

CITY leaving New York, will sublet ind

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 1,099, (81st.)—Large room, suitable two, adjoining bath; excellent board.

MADISON AV., 191-193.—Large room with bath; excellent table.

West Side.

49TH ST., 16 WEST.
Rooms with board; reference; table board.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Desirable double room; private bath; reference; excellent table

72D, 159 WEST.—Large, sunny room, second floor; also large square room; board; references.

78TH, 256 WEST.—Usual house for usual people, usual prices, electricity, large room, single room for sublet, with piano; references exchanged.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (wide, parked street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; sunroom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—2d floor front room, running water, electricity; French cuisine.

81D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

86TH, 128 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; parlor dining room; private house.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms; French cuisine; homelike; references.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Large, connecting rooms, bath; single suite; excellent meals; references.

106TH, 330 WEST.—Attractive rooms in refined house; electricity; reference.

100TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, private residence, service; surroundings unusual.

135TH ST., 223 WEST.—Will board a child 3 to 5 years. M. Lockan.

AN unusual opportunity for a parent wishing refined home and very best of care for a little one over two years old. S 129 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540.—Large double rooms; excellent board; $14 to $16. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Family House of High Standard
20 Min. Delightful Sail Downtown N. Y.
50 Lovely Rooms, Excellent Chef & Service.
Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts.
Weekly, $17 Up Per Adult, with Meals.
Ten Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH, 21.—Rooms with board, table guests accommodated, facing park.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; singles; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 524.—Large room; house thoroughly appointed; excellent table; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Active young business man, Christian, desires immediately real, congenial home, permanent, comfort, cleanliness essential; dinner, occasional breakfast; no other rooners; does not want to be annoyed taking care of laundry; references; state rate per month; vicinity 96th subway. V 528 Times Downtown.

American business man desires room and board with congenial surroundings; near Broadway; give full particulars. F 203 Times.

Young lady wants room, board with private family; state terms. S 142 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

The Marlborough, (30 minutes from Broadway,) 45 Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J. Spend the Summer in beautiful East Orange with its shady, oiled streets, green lawns, and flowers; best water in the world; a garden to rest and play in; table with excellent meals for two persons for $35 per week. Take Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. Phone Orange 2620. W. T. Reade, Proprietor.

THE EVELYN LODGE,
Facing Bay, 20 Minutes Sail Downtown;
lovely furnished; excellent chef and service; Parlors, Porches, Lawns, Comforts; $17 up; $18 Season; Capacity 75.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 W. Plains.

Riesthaven—Care of invalids and elderly; beautiful location, 594 North Broadway, Yonkers; $12 up. Phone Yonkers 1964.

Maple Hill Health Resort, Madison, N. J. Specialists nervous and rheumatic diseases; booklet.

LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J. NERVOUS AND MENTAL DISEASES.

Connecticut.

Beautiful rooms, single or en suite; weekend; permanent; tennis court, near bathing beach; excellent board, 50 minutes Grand Central, New York; reference. Mrs. I. M. Stebbins, Tower House, Sound Beach, Conn.

Exclusive modern equipped farmhouse in the Berkshires; Southern home cooking; fishing, hunting; rate $15. M. H. R., Chapinville, Conn.

New York State.

Teacher with large Catskill residence will take limited number of girls for Summer; every advantage; best reference; terms moderate. H., 3,201 Broadway.

Two large rooms in private family, with or without board; located in Catskill Valley. Phone Midwood 791.

Country Board Wanted.

A Christian family of man, wife and 4-year-old child want two bedrooms and board; commuting distance from New York; from June 1 to October or November; state full particulars and terms; private family preferred. E 811 Times Annex.

Two men desire board; June-October; Rockaway station; state terms. S 122 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, expert, conversant with all branches office routine, systematizing trial balance, profit and loss statement, controlling accounts, cashing, correspondence; salary $35. Address Efficient, 108 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, high school education, several years' experience charge of bookkeeping dept. Call, V. Schachter, Intervale 587.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, with commercial experience; first class references. X. Y., 1,418 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk, 3 years' experience; good penman; $16. T 20 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' experience, competent, desires position; salary $20. C 951 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — 2½ years' experience; high school graduate; capable; reference. V 532 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—4 years' experience; at present employed; salary $22. S 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — High school education; seven years' experience; competent; $22. D 707 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; knowledge typewriting; reference; $20. V 557 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, double entry, trial balance, knowledge of typewriting. S 134 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; college education; $25. Stuyvesant 7040. 835 Fox St., Box 2.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 2 years' experience; $15; reference. Blanche Wunsch, 215 East 112th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience; knowledge of typing; reference; neat and willing worker; salary $22. S 538 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, (28,) single, thoroughly experienced driver, able mechanic, neat, clean and courteous, wishes position; private, city or country; best references. F 315 Times.

CLERICAL.—Young lady, energetic and reliable, desires position at clerical work; best references; salary $18. S 144 Times.

CLERICAL.—Girl, 17, wishes position in office afternoons. K. Goldberg, 114 St. Mark's Place.

CORRESPONDENT, office executive; experienced young woman; superior education; opportunity more important than initial salary. S 141 Times.

COUPLE wish position in country, with people who would appreciate honesty; wife good cook, excellent housekeeper; man active, intelligent, handy at anything. L 375 Times.

DENTIST'S ASSISTANT.—Competent woman of experience, cultured, with knowledge of dentistry and general office work, desires position in high-class dental office; unexceptionable references. A 350 Times.

DRESSMAKING.—Experienced designer, fitting; day work, families, $3. Leiter, 471 West 147th St.

EXPERIENCED HOUSEHOLD EXECUTIVE, SUPERVISOR, SECRETARY, TUTOR, COMPANION, DESIRES POSITION PRIVATE FAMILY; COUNTRY PREFERRED. 33 WEST 74TH. PHONE COLUMBUS 3988.

FILE CLERK.
Chief file clerk, refined, Christian, familiar with various systems of filing, desires position; 10 years' experience; excellent references; salary $22. C 967 Times Harlem.

FRENCH nursery governess wants position for small children, not over 4 years; best references. Mlle. Gerardine, 253 West 24th St.

GIRL, Spanish-American, good concern; general office experience. Lopez, 128 West 54th St.

GOVERNESS, visiting; young Parisian; diplomas, French, English; kindergarten. Write Pianist, 2,429 Broadway.

LAUNDRY WORK done at home reasonably. Mrs. Bessie Plummer, 256 West 134th St.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, scalp treatment. Florence Russell, 565 Broad St., one block Hudson tubes. Tel. Market 2343. Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th. Riverside 3829.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; late methods La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N.J.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, French, wishes position; children, 2 to 6; references. S 134 Times.

NURSE, refined infant; competent, experienced, middle-age; take entire charge of one baby not over two months; best of reference; answer by letter only. 29 West 91st St. Phone River 7587.

NURSE wishing to go to England will accompany semi-invalid or child in return for passage. E 815 Times Annex.

NURSE, would care for invalid or elderly person part of day; highest references. M. Thorp, 223 West 88th.

NURSE, used to travel, wishes permanent position; city or country. T 18 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Knowledge of typewriting; one year's experience. S 542 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, lady, expert verbatim stenographer, cultured, well-educated, formerly high school teacher, desires position beginning in fall with professional man, preferably writer or lecturer; references, Roberts, 547 West 140th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires position with reliable firm; 5 years' automobile experience; excellent references; salary $25. Miss I. M. Michelman, 1,119 43d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Firm desires to place very competent, absolutely reliable stenographer in employ five years; do not request interview unless prepared to pay $20 per week as a minimum. Room 28, 157 Cedar St.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant, highly educated, cultured secretarial training; 7 years' engineering construction, banking, oil experience; attractive personality; conscientious, reliable, not afraid work; $30; unquestionable references. S 412 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean-cut, refined business girl; five years' experience; touch operator; good speller; quick comprehension; accurate transcriptions; highest credentials; $20. D 668 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, neat, willing worker, business school graduate, desires position, Anna Sambetti, 37 East 59th St. Phone Plaza 2968.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; business school graduate, neat, accurate, reliable; willing worker. May Brady, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2904.

STENOGRAPHER.—7 years with large corporation, credits, collections, superintendent's and manager's offices, secretarial experience; competent, conscientious, with initiative; salary $25. S 131 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; possesses executive ability; reference; $18. E 645 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER available for emergency work; expert, technical and legal; highest references. Gramercy 1440, Apt. 4.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; understands office work; references; $15. E 638 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, wishes position; mornings; export. F 296 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires temporary position; $20. S. A., 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, five years' experience, college education; Christian; $25. T 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, FRENCH-ENGLISH, THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; MACHINERY PREFERRED. B 200 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; rapid, accurate, initiative; splendid references; $22. S 116 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, long experience, capable, desires permanent position; $22 per week. F 311 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—General office assistant; 2 years' experience, rapid, accurate; $15. V 534 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and French translator; competent and reliable; knowledge office routine. S 130 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, possessing common sense; good personality salary $18. D 700 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; competent, willing; $18. Helen B. Parnass, 51 East 97th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, any and all kinds of office work; busy office preferred. F 310 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, high school graduate, 3 years' experience; $23. Melrose 6977.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, neat, accurate, reliable. Dorothy Shaw, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced, conscientious worker; references; $22. V 566 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, accurate; high school graduate; $20. S 123 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, typist, file clerk, general office assistant; 7 years' experience, wide awake, cultured, high school graduate, good appearance; not afraid of work; excellent memory, above ordinary; reference; $15. J 717 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wishes position where courtesy, ability, and good common sense required; six years' experience. Lottie Jameson, 1,477 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wishes position; references. H. A. Burke, 239 West 122d St., city.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; pleasant voice, good memory; $15. V 538 Times Downtown.

TUTORING.—Smith College graduate will take Summer students. Greenwich, Stamford, or vicinity; elementary and college entrance subjects; experience; references. Miss E. Randall, 2 West 101st.

WOMAN.—Washing, ironing, $3 daily. Zakhar, 326 East 74th, basement, back, left.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, attractive appearance, personality, ten years' successful varied experience, salesmanship, seeks affiliation with reliable firm; salary $2,500 start; immediate opportunity of increase; refused many offers, can afford to discriminate. Phone Cathedral 7486.

YOUNG WOMAN of education and business ability whose best recommendation is her interlocution to promote the interests of her employers, desires responsible position with wholesale or retail firm. F 302 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN, (3,) desire employment as clerks, large mountain hotel; Summer season; stenographer, bookkeeper. W 792 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, capable executive, desires good connection; salary $5,000; best references. L 396 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS. — Books closed, opened, kept part time; statements made up. D 894 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, experienced, wishes to connect with C. P. A. firm as semi-senior or junior. N 426 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, full or part time; now employed part time. A 307 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—EXPERT.
Books opened, audited, systematized; spare-time bookkeeping arrangements; tax reports; reasonable. Greene, 12 West 27th St. Telephone Madison 3054.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, Christian, 38; possessing executive ability; thoroughly reliable, capable, and—efficient; financial statements, office routine, etc.; highest credentials; salary $50. T 13 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 152 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, three years public accounting, plus twelve years general bookkeeping qualifies me to take complete charge of your accounting department. Auditor, V 520 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, cashier, reference 5 years' each two positions, office executive, full charge; bond; $40. Box 459 Times, 2 Rector St.

ACCOUNTANT AND OFFICE MANAGER, several years' experience, desires connection with established firm. Address H. R. S., 31 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, closed, audited; will keep books for firm not employing bookkeeper; moderate fees. S 519 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, accountancy trained, thorough bookkeeper, tact, ability, wants to connect as junior or semi-senior. F 270 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, broad gauged, well trained man; twelve years' experience largest corporations; one year public accountant; tax reports; permanent. D 697 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTING student, good typist, 3 years' general business experience, desires position with public accountants. A 376 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, thoroughly experienced, desires permanent connection accounting firm. E 671 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, closed, audited; spare time; bookkeeping arrangements; moderate fees. C 953 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, wide experience, commercial, financial, difficult problems, desires employment. D 704 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN 27, released from army; seeks advertising position with manufacturer or mercantile concern; 5 years' experience, college graduate; worker; excellent references. A 217 Times.

ADVERTISING man, seven years' experience in general lines, desires position with future; university man; highest credentials. S 139 Times.

ASSISTANT PURCHASING AGENT OF LARGE OIL REFINERY ABOUT TO MAKE A CHANGE DESIRES POSITION OF SIMILAR NATURE REQUIRING ABILITY AND INTEGRITY; HIGHEST REFERENCES FROM PRESENT EMPLOYERS AND OTHERS; UNIVERSITY GRADUATE, 40 YEARS OLD, MARRIED. P 85 TIMES.

ATTENTION.
EASTERN BUSINESS INTERESTS!
Having spent most of my life, or at least the last thirteen years, in traveling various countries, especially India, South Africa, and most Eastern ports, and having also in this way accumulated a fair business education, I now, at the age of 28, offer my services to some reliable firm or individual with Eastern interests. I have just returned from four years' service in the late war. Had three years' service in trenches with original C. E. F. in France and Belgium. Can furnish best references. Should you be interested, address James Wilson, 10 Bailey Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOKKEEPER, COST ACCOUNTANT, highly educated, clean cut; experienced corporation controlling accounts; books opened, closed, balanced; financial statements rendered, entanglements adjusted; seeks permanency with reputable concern; $30. V 420 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 22 years' experience with manufacturing concerns at present employed, wishes permanent position with manufacturing or mercantile concern; thoroughly familiar with all details and modern methods; A1 references. Tiedeman, 102 Oak Street, Weehawken, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, 24, just returned from France, desires position with advancement; have 8 years experience; can take care of correspondence; best of references; salary $25. J. S., 451 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, credit man, long experience, wishes position with reputable firm; best references. A 347 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience; charge entire set of books; controls trial balances, statements; capable, accurate; $22. S 83 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, auditor, fair stenographer, experienced, credentials and board; any position of trust. H 962 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (23,) married, thoroughly experienced manufacturing, importing, exporting; unquestionable references. D 708 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) thoroughly experienced, seeks permanent connection. Herbst, 1,448 5th Av., city.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 24; take full charge of department; college education. T 23 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT — Thoroughly experienced controlling accounts, cost methods, $225. C 936 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (27,) highest qualifications, capable, accurate, wishes permanent position. V 541 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, ledger clerk, 21; 2 years experience; best references. L 392 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (45,) fifteen years' bookkeeping and accounting experience; Christian; $25. K 21 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ten years' experience, complete charge, trial balance; references. C 952 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) commercial and public accounting experience; speaks Italian; references; $25. D 701 Times Downtown.

BUYER, Assistant Manager, or Accountant.—Young man, 27 years of age, recently released from service, college education, formerly engaged in export business, desires position in export concern. L 347 Times.

CHEMIST, graduate of Pratt Institute, with good general experience, absolutely reliable, ambitious, and willing to work, wants industrial position; single; available immediately. Address Chemist, Box 14, 1,358 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, high grade, A1 mechanic, having toured United States and Canada; careful driver, married, city, family, 7 years old, over 5 years' experience; having best references; elderly people preferred; no gardening, valet or house man; salary $35 week; party having country home if possible. K 30 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—AN A1 MAN DESIRES IMMEDIATE CONNECTION WITH SMALL FAMILY; PREFERABLY CADILLAC; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES. F 264 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 2 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; wishes position with private family; 15 years' references from best private families; make all repairs. B. Harvey, 140 Vermilyea Av., Tel. 8656 St. Nicholas.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced, highly recommended; able mechanic; strictly temperate, neat, pleasing personality; city or country. Telephone Greeley 4956.

CHAUFFEUR, married, honorably discharged, Sergeant of the Motor Transport Corps with 10 years' experience, wishes position with private family, in or around New York preferred. J. Flynn, 1,985 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 35; married, with small family; wishes permanent position; city, country; 12 years' experience; 3 years' last position. Care Eggers, 705 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 25, wishes position, drive and keep in good condition any car; 5 years in former position; best reference. Hoffman, 242 West 98th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married, 30, desires position, city; recently discharged from army; good all around man; salary reasonable. Fischer, 71 Cannon St. 'Phone Orchard 2687.

CHAUFFEUR.—Owner, leaving city, desires to place his first-class chauffeur and mechanic with private family. E 657 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, English, single, abstainer; useful, make repairs, now in garage, wishes private position anywhere; moderate salary. S 84 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, long experience driving and repair shop, wishes position driver; willing other work; go anywhere; references. Thon, 141 E. 50th St.

CHAUFFEUR - GARDENER, 35, careful driver; willing, obliging; 8 years'; references. S 145 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 15 years' experience driving and factory, on high grade; will go anywhere; travelling preferred. F 267 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wants position, city only; 20 months last place; salary $35. Frank Germain, 1,227 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, English, wants position in private family; excellent references. Warnes, 378 East 84th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 16 years' experience; cook; Swedish couple; references. Write Swedish, 708 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR—Useful, good, careful driver wishes position. Suominen, 815 42d St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, single man, (40,) experienced, careful, good mechanic, best references. S 119 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, private; 5 years' experience; city or country, J. Rickard, 64 Prospect St., Long Island City. Phone Astoria 2113.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, experienced on repair, wishes position; best references. Phone Rhinelander 3825.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, reliable, steady; any make car; good references; own repairs; married. V. O'Neal, 223 East 70th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, expert, 12 years' experience, desires to make change; salary $35. Tanhouser, 177 West 83d. Riverside 9016.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; 6 years' experience; 5 years at one place; best references; city or country. A 372 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, young Christian, knowledge of stocks and trading, desires connection with brokerage house; references. Box 460 Times Downtown.

COMPETENT, conscientious college man, 35, having experience in law, railroad traffic-exporting, auditing, clerical and stenographic work, desires position; salary commensurate; recently returned from France. W 544 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT or office salesman position desired by young man, 21. S 559 Times Downtown.

COUPLE.—Young Finnish couple desire positions in country; man as chauffeur and useful; wife for housework; references. Salo, 321 West 22d St.

DRAFTSMAN.—Engineer, man, 31, married, fair education, 10 years' experience in subsurface construction in New York, a good draftsman, desires position. C 935 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN.—Engineer; 12 years' designing and shop experience; all mechanical and electrical lines; ideas developed, patents. S 70 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; 4 years' experience on automobiles, motor trucks and general machinery; evening student mechanical engineering. A 256 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, general, honorably discharged Engineer Sergeant, willing to act as plant superintendent's assistant; good references. S 54 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—3 years' experience, some technical education, wishes position mechanical line; just discharged; best references. V 1301 Times Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN.—High-class designer of automatic and special machinery; original ideas and factory experience. V 546 Times Downtown.

EDITOR wants connection with technical, trade, or literary publication. S 134 Times.

ELECTRICAL.
YOUNG MARRIED MAN, TECHNICAL EDUCATION, 10 YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, INSTALLATION, REPAIRS, SALES AND OFFICE, SEEKS CONNECTION WITH UNLIMITED ADVANCEMENT. ARMY DISCHARGE. V 542 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE.—Advertising man, sales organizer; just back from France; 27 years of age; college education; technical; business experience, general merchandise; record of past performances will satisfy the most exacting man of business; salary $2,500. T 39 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—For seven years general manager of large real estate concern; capable executive, correspondent, bookkeeper; desires responsible position with opportunity. Executive, 838 Woolworth Building.

EXECUTIVE AND SALESMAN, STEEL AND IRON; 15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, PURCHASING, SELLING, ESTIMATING. S 554 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HEADWAITER, English, for club; city or country; first-class references; just demobilized. C. H. H., 508 W. 424 St.

JAPANESE, young man, expert cook, butler general housework, very competent in every way; desires position small family; city, country; references. Sam, Murray Hill 2966.

LAWYER, married, fifteen years' business claim experience, desires position, commercial house, bank, trust or surety company. W 1302 Times Bronx.

MACHINIST, lathe experience, desires position. G. V. Berger, 557 West 124th St., Heywood St., Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURERS' EXECUTIVE, experienced in metal and electrical products, office and factory details. F 314 Times.

OFFICE MAN—Married, 38 years of age, 10 years' experience in bookkeeping, shipping, freight claims and rates, desires more progressive opportunities. F 287 Times.

OFFICE MAN, thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, payrolls, mail orders, and general assistant; can also sell inside; executive ability. Max Miller, 718 East 6th St.

OFFICE BOY to make himself generally useful. Apply New Toy Co., room 206, 200 5th Av.

PEP! Lots of it!
A college trained young man, with an ability to write exceptionally good sales letter, desires position as sales correspondent or equivalent.
CAN you use it?
T 2 Times.

PHYSICIAN.—Young licensed physician, class 1918, B. S., desires position medical laboratory. Fletcher Store, 362 Lenox Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Chief yeoman, (chief clerk,) 25, expecting discharge from navy in immediate future, desires position as private secretary to man in private life or business, or position as head stenographer in corporation or other business; high school and college education; instructor; expert stenographer; general office clerk and confidential man; seven years' experience; can furnish best credentials; salary desired $150. X 441 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE.—Experienced, all details, management of houses. Wall, telephone Academy 2220.

SALESMAN.—College graduate with wide experience in colors, varnishes, gums, adhesives, and chemicals in general, seeks to represent some reliable house dealing in these or allied commodities; would consider position on commission basis. A 357 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, high school graduate, experienced, desires position; haberdashery preferred. S 552 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, hustler, desires connection with manufacturer, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. D 699 Times Downtown.

Salesman calling on jobbers in New England wants specialty line; commission basis. K 27 Times.

SALESMAN, hardware, New England, desires side line. Ross, 301 East 79th St.

SECRETARY, executive, 32, broad, valuable experience as stenographer, correspondent, secretary, manager, capable organizer and systematizer, accustomed to handling subordinates and producing results, seeks corporate requiring unusual executive ability; $3,000 a year up. D 705 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 29 years; married; five years' experience in the waist and dress line; capable of taking complete charge. Expert, 47 16 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 27, married; discharged from army; ambitious; hard worker. C 944 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, clean cut, exceptionally neat, qualified by experience, accustomed technical dictation; excellent grammarian, mathematician; fluent correspondent; no clock watcher; have brains, executive ability; highest credentials; $25. F 402 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; thoroughly capable; business and high school graduate; willing, reliable. John Duane, 37 East 59th, Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER; neat, conscientious, reliable worker; 2 years' experience; best references. A 378 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, experienced, high school graduate, desires position; age 18. F 506 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, American, no children, employed, high-class apartment, wishes change; capable in every respect to take full charge. S. J., 99 Times.

TAILOR, experienced, civilian and uniform, wishes manager's position, hotel, club, institution; best references. Box 20, 1,508 2d Av., N. Y.

TECHNICAL MAN, (26,) desires position with firm, offering opportunity for advancement, where technical knowledge may be required; discharged as Lieutenant of engineers. Address M. A., 605 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

TRAFFIC WORK—Young man, six years' experience with railroad and commercial house, familiar with freight rates. S 82 Times.

TRANSLATOR.—Spanish-English and correspondent, with experience in large export house; wishes position. S 118 Times.

TYPIST, office assistant, Underwood operator, young man, American, desires position. F 254 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, good education, will start at reasonable salary with view to working up in iron and steel or building concern; does not desire "white collar job." S 81 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) stenographer, knowledge of bookkeeping, thoroughly experienced in all office work, three years' experience, desires position with advancement. C 954 Times Downtown.

YOUNG COLLEGE student, (24,) ex-soldier, experienced auto driver, correspondent and typist, sociable, refined, desires position; secretary-chauffeur. S 121 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—23; executive ability, A-1 office experience, correspondent, knowledge of bookkeeping; ambitious, energetic outside man. E 804 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) neat, executive and sales ability; seven years' experience, knowledge stenography, released from navy. T 27 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, good habits, discharged Corporal, A. E. F.; clerical, wholesale house. Arthur W. Sheridan, 2,883 Briggs Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN desires position; 13 years' experience purchasing supplies steamship company; best reference. S 453 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, released from service, desires clerical position while some reliable concern; six years' office experience; salary minor importance. V 554 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (31,) wishes position, dry cleaning est., packing, shipping, clerical, &c.; experienced; speak French fluently. S 120 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires responsible position, clerk, assistant or duty executive; secretary; good education; unquestionable references. T 15 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, year's clerical experience, ex-service A. E. F., wishes position with reliable firm or office. Gary, 4,643 White Plains Av.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) desires position, three years of exceptional experience in both export and domestic traffic. V 525 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, honorably discharged; excellent business foundation and experience, desires connection with reputable concern. T 17 Times.

YOUNG MAN, twenty-three, would like to connect with reliable concern; has eight years' experience in ladies' underwear, selling, inside. T 19 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires clerical position, accurate, conscientious, excellent references. C 938 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 20, college education, desires clerical position, established firm. M. K., 88 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, bookkeeper, salesman, two years' experience, desires position. A 351 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position with reliable concern, with advancement. F 303 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorable discharge U. S. N. hard worker, honest; reliable. D 698 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wishes position general office work; banking experience; salary $14. B 292 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) best reference, seeks position anything; selling experience. S 113 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, wishes position with future. S 546 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, office clerk, shipping assistant, wishes chance advancement. D 702 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position; intelligent, well educated; good talker. F 305 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) high school education, desires position, with advancement. F 300 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced general work in real estate office; best references. Walter Boacher, 1,160 West Farms Rd.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position in office or to learn a business. V 543 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes work evenings after 6 P. M.; civil service junior cost accountant. Weiss, 146 West 46th.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with future; references. K., 3,764 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 5 years' office and stock experience, desires position. L 887 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, reliable, wishes position with buying concern. F 204 Times.

YOUNG MAN, handy with tools, desires position. G. V. Berger, 557 West 124th St.

YOUNG MAN desires position where hard work will earn advancement. S 126 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN,
Store hours, 9 A.M. to 5:30 P. M.

SALESWOMEN.

Have vacancies in the following departments for saleswomen:

COTTON DRESS GOODS,
SHOES,
LINENS,
SHIRTWAISTS,
MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
HOSIERY.

Apply at office of Superintendent, Mezzanine Floor, East Building.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER for busy office; quick, accurate, and industrious; state age, salary, and experience. F 304 Times.

BILLING CLERK, acquainted with Moon-Hopkins billing machine or willing to learn; quick, accurate; good opportunity for advancement. Woodlife Co., 263 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER for downtown importing-exporting house, quick and accurate at figures; Christian; state experience, religion; opportunity for woman capable and willing. Address Competent, X 497 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer, competent; permanent position and interesting work for young lady with ability, brains, and experience; $25 to $30 weekly. Phone Murray Hill 9087.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced assistant, quick, accurate, good penman, preferably typist, capable of developing with fast-growing concern. Woodlife Co., 263 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, with knowledge of stenography; good handwriting essential; salary $12. D. D., 807 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—By a muslin underwear house, capable of taking full charge and can handle own correspondence; good opportunity; state particulars. K 33 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, thoroughly experienced in both; must have appearance and experience in meeting callers. B. Hoesry Co., 381 4th Av., New York.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced double entry; monthly trial balance, controlling accounts. Apply Samuel Miller & Co., 207 Greene St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, experienced, double entry, trial balance; permanent; state age, experience, and salary expected. D 712 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, long experience; commercial line; stenography; references. V 549 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; must be thoroughly experienced in both, for millinery concern; state full particulars. A. L., 801 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in dressmaking trade; knowledge of stenography desirable. Apply only between 9 and 6:30 P. M., Bloue, 13 West 56th St. Ask to see Mr. Gedal.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, to take complete charge of set of books; also possess initiative; state salary. A 478 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, with knowledge stenography and typewriting; state qualifications, reference, salary, &c., in own handwriting. F 313 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with knowledge of typewriting; state age, experience, references, salary desired. Opportunity, 1,515 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; one who has had experience in a shirt house; closed Saturday and work Sunday. A 488 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Reliable, competent; references. 310 East 22d, 9th floor.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; state salary and experience. R. K. W., 263 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, experienced; chance for advancement. Call 10 A. M., 456 4th Av., Room 804.

CASHIERS.

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D ST.,

require competent

CASHIERS.

Good salaries. Apply at 9 A. M.,

Supt.'s Office, or by letter.

CHAMBERMAIDS, &c.—2 sisters, mother and daughter, or 2 friends as second chambermaid and kitchen maid; permanent position; country in Summer, city in Winter; must have best of references. Call Friday, 12:30 till 2 P. M., at 900 Park Av.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted; small family; good wages; call Thursday. 128 West 183d. Carfare paid. Phone 2934 Fordham.

CHAMBERMAID and Seamstress.—A capable young woman as chambermaid and seamstress wanted. Telephone Circle 1999, on Thursday, from 12 to 2.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress; inquire 52 E. 61

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR - Stenographer; engineering; $23; Christian firm. David Agency, 17 West 42d.

CLERKS (2); claim adjusters, $23-$24; shipping, $24; city factory. Agency, 643 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, $16-$18; assistant bookkeepers, $18; dictaphone, typists, clerks. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESMAN.

Require a salesman having a thorough knowledge of leather, to sell suitcases and pulleys. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

ACCOUNTANT.

We require an experienced, a man who is not content to stick to his figures, but has the personality, the ambition, and the ability to get things done that will make him a permanent job; the opportunity for the man who can show results is exceptional; call at once.

Knickerbocker Mail Order Co., 8 West 19th St.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, commence as stenographer and report typist in office C. P. A. firm; American or Canadian nationality preferred; excellent opportunity to learn the profession; salary $18-$20. V 853 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, with large railroad experience, wanted by prominent firm of public accountants; professional experience preferred; excellent prospects; state experience fully and salary desired. D 708 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Young man for large publishing concern, familiar with cost and branch accounts; state age, experience, and salary expected. D 809 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS for souvenir program and guide; permanent; 20 and 25 per cent. commission; bring your list of calls. Room 1406 Broadway, at 42d St. Call before 10 at 1 after 5.

ADVERTISING agency forwarding man wanted, with some knowledge of engraving; young man. Call Room 1,308, 110 West 34th St.

ARTIST wanted, for general commercial work; must be good in lettering and figure work; bring samples; apply Friday and Saturday A. M. Schack Advertising Agency, 910 Union Bldg., Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

ARTIST.—Good mechanical artist and retoucher. Misgen & Co., 276 Broadway.

ASSISTANT to portrait painter wanted who can interest commissioners; artist is well known for his successful work; man moving in good circles may add to his income; liberal percentage on price paid; letters treated as entirely confidential. X 186 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER.—R. Moses, who answered our ad in Sunday's Times for an assistant sales manager, his address having been mislaid, kindly call again. Mac-Mages Corporation.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, requires an assistant bookkeeper; one who speaks Yiddish preferred; salary to start $12 per week. Apply with credentials at 10 A. M.

ASSEMBLERS for fine instruments; state age, religion, nationality, married or single, last three places worked at, with length of time, and salary desired. V 847 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR and chief accountant in New York office of a large textile corporation who is thoroughly versed in modern methods of accounting; familiar with tax law requirements, and willing to take very active charge of office. Address Graniteville Mill Co., 8 West 19th St.

AUDITOR wanted by a New York jute company, man thoroughly familiar with all the duties of a bank auditor; state experience and salary expected. V 851 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS.

Must be thoroughly experienced in all branches of the work; sober and willing to work; no others need apply; steady position; references required. Standard Truck Corporation, 539 West 57th St.

AN OPPORTUNITY.

Young man, between 22 and 30 years of age, with experience in wholesale, jobbing or mail order houses as order pickers, checkers, packers, shippers; permanent positions with opportunity for advancement open to conscientious workers, in large wholesale house. In reply state age, experience, giving names of employers and wages received. Confidential. V 853 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERK.—Downtown bank wants an experienced clerk; one familiar with tellers' and bookkeepers' departments preferred. S 849 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK acquainted with Moon-Hopkins billing machine or willing to learn; quick accurate; good opportunity for advancement. Woodlife Co., 263 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BILL CLERK.—Elliot-Fisher machine; rapid worker; must figure well; state salary and experience. V 855 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced assistant, quick, accurate, good penman, preferably typist; capable of developing with fast-growing concern. Woodlife Co., 263 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, age 19-23; must be accurate at figures and have knowledge of typewriting; lumber yard; state age, qualifications, and salary desired A 619 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, good penman, quick, accurate, experienced shirt manufacturing office preferred; closed Saturdays, open Sundays; state age, references, and salary. V 850 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—First-class, one who worked in restaurant preferred; steady, good salary. Lexington Pastry Parlor, 129 Lexington Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, whose record will stand close investigation; state salary wanted; letter with full information. E. A., 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, with knowledge of typewriting; must be quick at figures. Address Assistant, Box 48, Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good opportunity for bright young man; state age, experience, and salary desired. F 820 Times.

BOYS

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines. Employment offices open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 463 WEST ST.

Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY

Excellent opportunity to learn advertising business from bottom up; advancement assured to willing worker; this is an unusual opportunity; state age, experience, if any, and salary desired. V 870 Times Downtown.

BOYS WANTED

FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK.

MUST BE 16 YEARS OF AGE.

GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO., 420 EAST 149TH ST.

BOYS AND MEN (100 wanted) to sell stirring program for the big Victory Loan parade Saturday, May 3; liberal commission; to go and 'A. S.,' Newsboys' Home, 244 William St., New York City.

BOY, 17 TO 19, AND NEAT, 15-16, FOR OFFICE; FINE CHANCE; POSITION WITH OPPORTUNITY OF ADVANCEMENT. P 14 TIMES.

BOYS wanted as messengers by downtown banking house; $10-$13 per week; must come well recommended. A 867 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—A fine chance to learn jewelers' trade, boys 16 or over to start at $10 per week. William Feldhaber, 47 Ann St., New York.

BOY for messenger service on large daily newspaper; hours, 8:30-5:30; salary to start, $21; excellent opportunity. Apply 220 West 42d St., second floor.

BOYS.—Two bright young boys wanted for our stock department; with experience in yelling line preferred; state references and salary expected. K 84 Times.

BOYS wanted in office of large export house; must be intelligent and come well recommended; advancement assured to right kind of boys. E 602 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15-17, in office of steamship company; an unusual opportunity for a bright, industrious boy; please state salary expected. S 544 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, about 17, wanted in export office; must come well recommended; one capable operating typewriter. M. J. Stark, Inc., 377 Broadway.

BOY wanted, ambitious, willing, good penman, for general office work in large wholesale house; opportunity for advancement to state age. A 486 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-16, bright, industrious, in large establishment; excellent opportunity for permanent position and bright future. C. Q., 104 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, bright, intelligent, 16 to 18 years of age, for office and messenger work in a large office with good opportunities. A 474 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY, bright, to do general office work; must have bicycle; auburn hair; steady. Hughes, 1133 Mulberry St.

BOY, shopping department, hours 8-5, half day Saturday; $10 start. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Co., 434 West 26d.

BOY.—Opportunity for advancement for industrious boy. F. O. Box 485 City Hall Station.

BOY wanted by expert house to do office work and errands. Call Room 1,308, 17 Battery Place.

BOYS, two (2), wanted to run errands and do general office work. Apply Caldwell & Co., 86 Broad St., N. Y. C.

BOY wanted by wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. Willing, 496 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 16; Christian machinery concern; office work; good prospects. T 11 Times.

BOY for errands. Georgette Hats, 36 West 38th St.

BOY wanted in law office; salary $6. Room 900, 2 Rector St.

BOY for office work; wholesale Silks. T 15 Times Annex.

CANVASSER, experienced, to solicit trade for the lice business; salary, J. H. Soda, 156 East 33d.

CARPENTERS.—Union men; several first-class all-around men. Apply 60 Pratt Av., Brooklyn.

CASHIER for restaurant; experienced; rapid writer; must understand French. Call after 8 A. M., 80 West 40th.

COATMAKERS.—Italian coatmakers wanted; apply direct, quick; good wages, steady work. McKay, 606 Cherry St., Macon, Ga.

COMPOSITOR, good jobber, wanted. Smith & Smyth, 127 White St., New York.

CORRESPONDENT.—One of the largest law and collection offices in Boston requires the services of a thoroughly experienced correspondent on out-of-town claims. The position affords an unusual opportunity for advancement; applicants must give full particulars as to age, training, experience, present employment, salary, &c., but all replies will be considered strictly confidential. S 861 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.

well educated, with mercantile experience; moderate salary start. McCall, 253 West 97th.

COTTON GOODS.—Man, experienced converting, jobbing, selling cotton goods; join new started mill house; give full particulars first letter; confidential. D 812 Times Annex.

COUPLE wanted; a reliable man and wife for cooking and housework in country home in West Virginia; Japanese, Chinese, or colored; must have references. X 497 Times Annex.

DEPARTMENT MANAGER, Columbia Graphola, to install and manage department in furniture store; must be aggressive and experienced; state experience and salary expected in first letter; no application will be considered. A 478 Times Downtown.

DICTATING MACHINE TRANSCRIBER and office assistant for small office; start $20. Edwin C. Barnes & Bros., 114 Liberty St.

DRAFTSMEN

First class fix fixture and tool designer, also high grade machine designers, detailers and tracers; desirable openings exist with large organization for men who can qualify along the above lines; state experience fully, also salary expected and when available. Location, Newark, N. J. T. 830 Times.

DRAFTSMEN for light and fixtures, also mechanical draftsmen. Apply employment office, Margarethaler Linotype Co., Front Av. and Hall St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, wanted for specifications and estimating; knowledge of general building laws essential. S. E., 128 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, all around; $35 to start. K 25 Times.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT HEAD, one who has had a thorough experience, understands service work and is a good judge for fitting right man or woman to job under consideration. In reply advise your age, complete history of experience and salary wanted; position located in Greater New York. 535 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK.—Young man; must be experienced typist, for manufacturing house; give particulars. Post Office Box 468, City Hall Station.

EDITOR.—Writer to finish a number of lectures; must be mechanically acquainted with automobiles and tractors. B 197 Times.

ENGINEERS.—Technical graduates preferred; experience on production work and rate setting for position in Greater New York; give age and complete history of experience and salary wanted; large concern and opportunity for right men. V 836 Times Downtown.

FEEDER on Gordon presses. Smith & Smyth, 127 White St., New York.

FINISHING FOREMAN.—Large Philadelphia furniture factory manufacturing over a million dollars' worth of phonograph cases yearly, needs services of competent finishing room foreman; must be a thoroughly practical, experienced man understanding all details in up-to-date finishing practice, able to handle men and get efficient results; position with pay first-class salary to man who qualifies; write fully stating where employed and what capacity last ten years, age, your idea of salary, &c.; letters held in confidence. X 5 Times Annex.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE MAN wanted by a well known New York City trust company; a man about 30 years old; familiar with foreign exchange in all details, including bookkeeping; must speak French or Italian; one having been previously employed by a bank preferred; state full details as to previous experience and salary expected. K 86 Times.

GOLD NIB GRINDER wanted, by English house; must be man with first-class experience; permanent position and good salary to right man; passage paid to England; state age, experience, salary required and other particulars. Y 5 Times Annex.

HARDWARE SALESMAN, indoor, for large establishment; excellent opportunity; state age, experience. Sterling, 267 Times Downtown.

HAT SALESMEN.

First-class, experienced men wanted in district east of Miss. and north of Ohio, States of Ill., Ind., Ohio, Wis., Mich.; district west of Miss. and north of Missouri, States of Iowa, N. and S. Dak., Minn., Mont.; district west of Miss. and South of Missouri, States of Mo., Kan., Ark., Texas, La., Okla.; must be well acquainted with best hat trade in good-sized towns and cities, and have good standing in territory; to introduce and build up trade on high-quality, nationally advertised line of hats, caps, and gloves, direct from manufacturer to dealer. To the right men we offer permanent positions with fine proposition. Give full particulars, including proposal for salary or comm. in letter addressed X 886 Times Annex.

HELPERS around house departments; go errands; youths over 16. 411 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORKER.—Man and wife for general housework, in Pelham Manor; good references required. Telephone P. F. Hall, Gramercy 1063, between 10 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. or Pelham 1946W, after 7 P. M.

JEWELER AND ENGRAVER wanted, first-class; send references in first letter; will start with $35 a week. Apply Jacob Bennett, Inc., 213 Main St., Norfolk, Va.

LEDGER CLERK,

one year's experience, with knowledge of double entry. McCall, 236 West 37th.

LITHOGRAPHIC PROCESS ARTISTS, first-class men only; steady employment to those who qualify. Apply Brett Litho. Co., Meadow and Pearson Sts., near Hunters Point Av. subway station, L. I. City.

LITHOGRAPHIC PRESS BOYS wanted; steady employment. Apply Brett Litho. Co., Meadow and Pearson Sts., near Hunters Point Av. subway station, L. I. City.

LITHOGRAPHIC OFF-SET PRESSMAN wanted. Address Off-set, Box 48 Long Island City.

MAN, about 30 years of age, with executive ability and common sense, to take charge of an institution necessitating twelve hours' work, six nights a week; must be energetic, conscientious, and loyal; of temperate habits, and have control of employes; state experience, &c.; a minimum salary to start. K 90 Times.

MAN.—To canvass subscriptions for well-known national trade magazine; splendid opportunity for one acquainted with cutting-up trade, department stores, manufacturers and jobbers for same; salary or drawing account based on commission. A 409 Times Downtown.

MAN WANTED, EXPERIENCED IN ANILINE DYES; ONE FAMILIAR WITH BUYING AND SELLING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; WRITE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE. V 531 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN, 25 to 30 years old; must be good convincing talker on telephone to make appointments for salesmen; salary $25, with chance of advancement; permanent. K 40 Times.

MAN, experienced in handling show rabbits, one of best known rabbitutes in country; answer, stating experience, salary, references. A 488 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted with buying and managing experience in popular-priced women's and children's ready-to-wear for large basement department. Apply S. Solomon, 470 4th Av.

MAN wanted, familiar with card index systems, follow-ups, inventories, and shipping experience; good wages. Call 151 5th Av., New York City, 12th floor.

MECHANIC.—First-class, reliable automobile mechanic as shop foreman; salary and commission; references. Auto Service Co., Hackensack, N. J.

MECHANICS wanted, for operating punching machine for a structural shop. Harris Structural Steel Co., New Market, N. J., or apply 1,480 Broadway.

MECHANIC.—Experienced; must understand repairing Ford car. Levi Bros. & Co., Broadway and Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MEN.—Two discharged soldiers re-enlist in army; period one year; two men now in service may finish college; pay each man $35. Howard Gilek, Company E, Camp Morgan, N. J.

MEN to canvass membership for well-known national institution; must speak Yiddish and English; splendid opportunity for the right person; commission. D 740 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY SALESMAN.

High grade representative, with a good following, to travel our territory for a high grade ladies' trimmed hat house; unusual opportunity for the right man; salary and commission. F 207 Times.

MINERAL WATER BOTTLING PLANT EXPERT TO GO TO CUBA FOR INSTALLING AND OPERATING COMPLETE PLANT OF LARGE CAPACITY; STATE SALARY AND REFERENCES. S 114 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMAN.

One of the largest motor truck manufacturers has an excellent position open for thoroughly experienced motor truck salesman who has executive ability, initiative, and export experience. When reply state age, motor truck selling experience, export experience, if any, and salary expected. H 804 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.

A HIGH-GRADE EXECUTIVE, WITH TECHNICAL TRAINING, IS REQUIRED BY A LARGE EASTERN SHOE MANUFACTURER. ADDRESS Y 16 TIMES' ANNEX.

OFFICE BOY.—Large corporation needs services of office boy to take care of mail desk and office duties; must have good references and good appearance; apply after 9:30 A. M., Public Exchange, Inc., 1,600 Broadway, New York City.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, by wholesale woolen house; must understand bookkeeping; state age, references, and salary expected. Worker, 841 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Steamship company requires bright, ambitious office boy; one familiar, particularly for advancement; apply 423 and salary expected. H 854 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, (2), wanted by a large and well known fire insurance company; opportunities for advancement. 71 Trinity Place, Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Permanent position with good future offered to bright boy of 16 or over 15; salary to start, $8. T 24 Times.

OFFICE BOY, 16 to 18 years old; $8 to start. Call 9 A. M. to 10 A. M. after 10.

PAINT manufacturing during summer of two months and one month during winter; the Commercial Paint Co., 1 Hudson St., Hudson Terminal Bldg., Cortlandt and Church Sts., New York City.

POLISH writer wanted to file insurance agency; one not afraid of work; $25 to start. Call 9 A. M. to 10 A. M. after 10.

PORTER wanted, by leading concern; steady employment. Apply 9 A. M., 37 Cliff St., N. Y.

PROOFREADERS wanted, good, at the Record Shop, East Aurora, N. Y.; correspondence solicited.

RENTING BROKER, having experience in downtown district; drawing account and commission; references required; must be good manager; connection. T 844 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Advertising, who has had actual successful experience in selling advertising for ads, weekly or monthly installment publications; a real opportunity for the right man; state full particulars as to experience, connections, territory, &c.; the Advertising Development and Sales Co., Suite 907, 1,560 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN, calling on automobile accessories and hardware trade, jobbers and retailers; low price line of specialties; liberal commission. Gross, 107 West 125th St.

SALESMAN. — Experienced, bathing suits, sweaters, or leather lettering with men's wear; all territories; regular or side line; best line on market; references; commission. X 478 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, with personality, references, to sell motor trucks; liberal commissions; commission basis, with exceptional opportunity. Call Thursday or Friday, 111 West 39th St.

SALESMAN.—Downtown dentist has unusual opening for young man experienced selling Columbia records; state age, experience and salary desired. D 710 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell Ford cars to commission basis; territory Greater New York; opportunity for a live wire. Hinchcliffe Auto Co., 1,471 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN, with commission to handle Ford trucks; must be well known in every car owner and garage trade there. Call Trucker Rim Corporation Co., 218 6th Av.

SALESMEN to sell dividend-paying securities; opportunity for large income; leads furnished; good commission. Address F 217 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell high-grade office devices, (commission basis); state if contact man preferred. A 483 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for outdoor work to sell advertising; salary and commission. Mee Lord & Son, 126 Walker St.

SALESMEN for disinfectants and for insecticides; liberal commission; will travel 12 and 13 Thursday, leave 315 Macon St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, for health quinine and kidney remedy; exceptional proposition to right party. A. E. Stevens, 1 Madison Av.

SALESMAN to sell automobile artist attached to sewing machine; side line; commission basis. Rembedt Mfg., 81 West 38th.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

If you are making $100 weekly and want to make more, this is the best opportunity you have ever had; combination of oil and utility proposition; best men in the country identified with it; indorsed by three biggest banks in New York and Chicago; we offer you permanency; connection and change to make from $500 month up; commission basis. Rishell & Co., 1906, 220 West 42d St.

SHOE MAN.—EXPERIENCED RETAIL SALESMAN FOR SELLING POSITION IN EASTERN STATES FOR WELL-KNOWN LINE; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR AN AGGRESSIVE YOUNG RETAIL SHOE SALESMAN TO SECURE A ROAD POSITION EXCELLENT SALARY TO START, WITH RAPID ADVANCEMENT; POSITION WORTH FROM $4,000 TO $5,000 FIRST YEAR; ADDRESS, STATING FULL PARTICULARS ABOUT YOUR PRESENT CONNECTION, REFERENCES, AGE, &C. NATIONAL ADVERTISER, V 848 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SILK EXAMINER, finish of goods, with long experience, who understands merchandise, wanted by large textile house. J. R., 11411 Times.

SILK ORDER CLERK wanted, male or female; one thoroughly experienced in cutting and handling of orders. Silk, 11 Times.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT; young man over 16; all-around assistants. N 414 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, wanted, by cotton converter. Phoenix Mfg. Co., 377 Broadway.

SILVERSMITHS.

TIFFANY & CO.

REQUIRE FIRST-CLASS SILVER-SMITHS.

TIFFANY & CO., FOREST HILL, NEWARK, N. J.

STATIONERY STOCK CLERK required in large business house to fill, pack, and deliver stationery; application to receive consideration must state age, experience, and salary desired. Address Box D 711 Times Downtown.

STEEL EXPORTERS INVITE APPLICATIONS FROM GENTLEMEN WITH GOOD KNOWLEDGE OF IRON AND STEEL AND WELL ACQUAINTED AMONG NEW YORK EXPORTERS AS MANAGER FOR THEIR CITY SALES DEPARTMENT; STATE FULLY PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, QUALIFICATIONS, AND SALARY DESIRED; ALL APPLICATIONS TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. A 464 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, with experience in export business and thorough knowledge of Spanish, for position in Cincinnati; excellent chance for promotion. Apply Friday morning. Cincinnati Soap Co., 43 Leonard St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, excellent opportunity to learn advertising business; apply any time, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., Thursday. Kansas City Star, 5 Rector St., Room 808.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, stenographer and typewriter, to make himself useful in office; from 12-1 P. M. Thursday.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must be thoroughly competent and experienced; state age, experience and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 86, Hempstead, Long Island.

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent; good opportunity; only competent need apply; state age, experience, references; $30 to start. S 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young man with office experience in sales office; good position for right one. Connecticut Electric Mfg. Co., 50 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER, about 21; Christian firm; steady position; state salary desired. J 12 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in investment house. Address "L. U.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell on a strictly commission basis; an industrial security. W 786 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Investment house wants experienced man to sell out of town the stock of a manufacturing company; actual expenses advanced against a commission of 12½ per cent. to man who can give proper credentials as to his character and selling ability; state age, experience, references. W 787 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN for New York and New England States; one of the best promotion issues; liberal commission; no advance; our proposition does not need it. 1,481 Broadway, Room 507, afternoons.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Experienced man with clientele to sell an industrial stock on commission. W 785 Times Downtown.

TEACHER for Catholic school; Vergil, geometry, civics; state experience. C 160 Times Harlem.

TEACHER of Spanish, native, to give lessons. Evening hours. 231 East Tuesday morning at 9.

HELP WANTED—Male.

TIMEKEEPER wanted, for building construction; must be able to receive and check material; state experience; reference necessary. Apply in own handwriting. X 478 Times Annex.

TINPLATE makers, experienced, for circular shop. Harris (formerly) Steel Co., New Market, N. J., or apply 1,480 Broadway.

TOOLMAKER AND DESIGNER.

For automobile ignition parts and accessories firm doing stamping, riveting, screw, milling, and assembling work; state experience, age, salary expected. A. T. W., 141 Times.

TRUCKING FOREMAN, well acquainted with trucking conditions; references required for right house; give full details as to qualifications; in reply state age and salary expected. D 718 Times Downtown.

TUTOR to give English lessons to foreigner in Roosevelt Park, evenings; give age and experience. X 41 Times.

WANTED—

MISSION SALES MANAGER FOR LARGE IRON AND STEEL COMPANY; ONLY MEN OF LARGE EXPERIENCE AND HIGHEST PERSONAL QUALIFICATIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED; SALARY COMMENSURATE WITH REQUIREMENTS; APPLICATIONS WILL BE TREATED IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE AND WILL BE RETURNED ON REQUEST; STATE FULLY. BOX A 485 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN.—Is opportunity for a fellow to attend to young man capable of supervising small plant ladies' underwear; must be good mathematician, able to take care of orders and shipping, and be well recommended; state experience, age, and salary expected. M. P., 807 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN STOCK OF WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 480 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20, as assistant in contractor's office; some experience in drafting (structural); state salary, experience, &c.; good chance advancement. S 481 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, 18 years old, wanted, in a large office, to work in supply dept.; must be willing and anxious to learn the business; references should state age, salary and experience if any to Industry, S 848 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with wholesale optical experience to assist manager and take charge of stock; splendid opportunity. American Spectacle Co., 37 West 24th.

YOUNG MAN wanted by manufacturing optician to run errands and handle shipping department; state salary, &c. V Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20, in office of wholesale dealers in paints, oils, and varnishes; must be quick at figures and accurate at typewriting; state salary expected. V 844 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with clerical work in large shirt house; must have had experience in this line; state age, experience, salary to start $18. A 484 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21 years old, good at figures, to assist in office and to learn general clerical work; excellent chance for advancement; reply, stating references and salary desired. S 846 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with wholesale optical experience, to assist manager and take charge of stock; splendid opportunity. American Spectacle Co., 37 West 24th.

YOUNG MAN wanted by manufacturing optician to run errands and handle shipping department; state salary, &c. V Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20, in office of wholesale dealers in paints, oils, and varnishes; must be quick at figures and accurate at typewriting; state salary expected. V 844 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in jewelry line, in office of watch importer; references required. Call 7, Bulova Co., 1 John St.

YOUNG MAN, pure wholesale grocery, to learning case of stock. N 411 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for architect's office to do copying and office work; 111 Room 511 Vanderbilt Av.

YOUNG MEN wanted, between the ages of 18 and 20, as messengers by downtown banking house; $10 to $13 per week. A 867 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Quick, accurate at figures; state age, salary, experience. Y 6 Times.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANTS IN BIG DEMAND.

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BOOKKEEPERS, CASHIERS, SCHOOL teachers, office workers, stenographers, and all capable men and women, either with or without bookkeeping experience. We guarantee to raise you if ambitious to get into accounting position paying

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NEARLY EVERY LARGE CORPORATION in the country is calling for additional cost and general accountants to facilitate industrial expansion, to figure costs accurately, Federal income and excess profit taxes and to make regular audits.

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I WOULD LIKE TO TALK WITH YOU about this matter SOLELY FROM THE STANDPOINT OF YOUR OWN INTEREST.

IF IT DEVELOPS THAT I CANNOT serve you in the way I have in mind, I will tell you so frankly.

A ten or fifteen minute interview will decide the matter one way or the other.

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A. G. McAUGHTRY, REGISTRAR, 116 West 40th St., New York. Telephone 1981 Bryant.

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BODEE Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 18 W. 44th St., N.Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., Brklyn.

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BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

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Drafting in all its branches; our 13 weeks' day course fits you for a paying position; we have placed scores of graduates in good jobs; call, write, or telephone today for free pass. 127 East 59th St., New York. Tel. Lenox 3051.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINING payroll; call or write Mr. Cressman, 211 Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted; demand based on speed; we qualify you in 30 days by the self-teaching system. Moon's School. Central Branch, 1547 Lexington Av.

HOW TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 303 West 57th.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER, (18 to 21); salary $20 to $25 per month; some Spanish; advance; immediate employment. The Boss Agency, Flatiron, New York.

SOCKKEEPER (downtown); prefer man 40 or 50 years old; $35.

BOOKKEEPER (assistant-cashier); $35-$30.

SALES MANAGER (textile); $4,000.

STENOGRAPHERS (2); $90 monthly; investigate this branch of business.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT; $30.

TYPIST, beginner; $14.

No Registration Fee.

Direct Agency,

30 Vesey St.

STENOGRAPHERS. — $20-$18. Christian; office boys. David Agency, 17 West 42d St.

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CADILLAC 4-PASS. PHAETON, 1917.

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1,700 BROADWAY, at 53d St. DIRECT.

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Chandler 7-passenger touring, 1917; extra folding seat in rear; electric starter; dandy year cord tire. 306 West 79th.

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1918 OVERLAND Country Club Victoria Top.

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1917 CADILLAC 7-Passenger Touring.

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1917 STEARNS Sedan.

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1916 STUTZ Speedster.

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NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,

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BUICK 6-45, 1918 roadster, 1918 touring, Winter top; 1917 touring; bargains at once; must new. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 4-cylinder 7-passenger touring car, in fine condition. Russell and Maxwell, 134 West 54th Street.

BUICK 6-B-45, 1918, in A1 condition, overhauled, new paint; can be seen at 219 East 57th St., owner's car.

BUICK 1918 runabout for sale, in excellent condition. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

BUICK 1918 7-passenger Roadster; excellent condition. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 B'way.

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BUICK 1918 four cylinder; 800 miles. Call Columbus 2137, between 12-1.

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DANIELS 1917 SPORTING ROADSTER.

DANIELS 1918 COLLAPSIBLE BROUGHAM

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PACKARD 1918 4-PASS. SEDAN.

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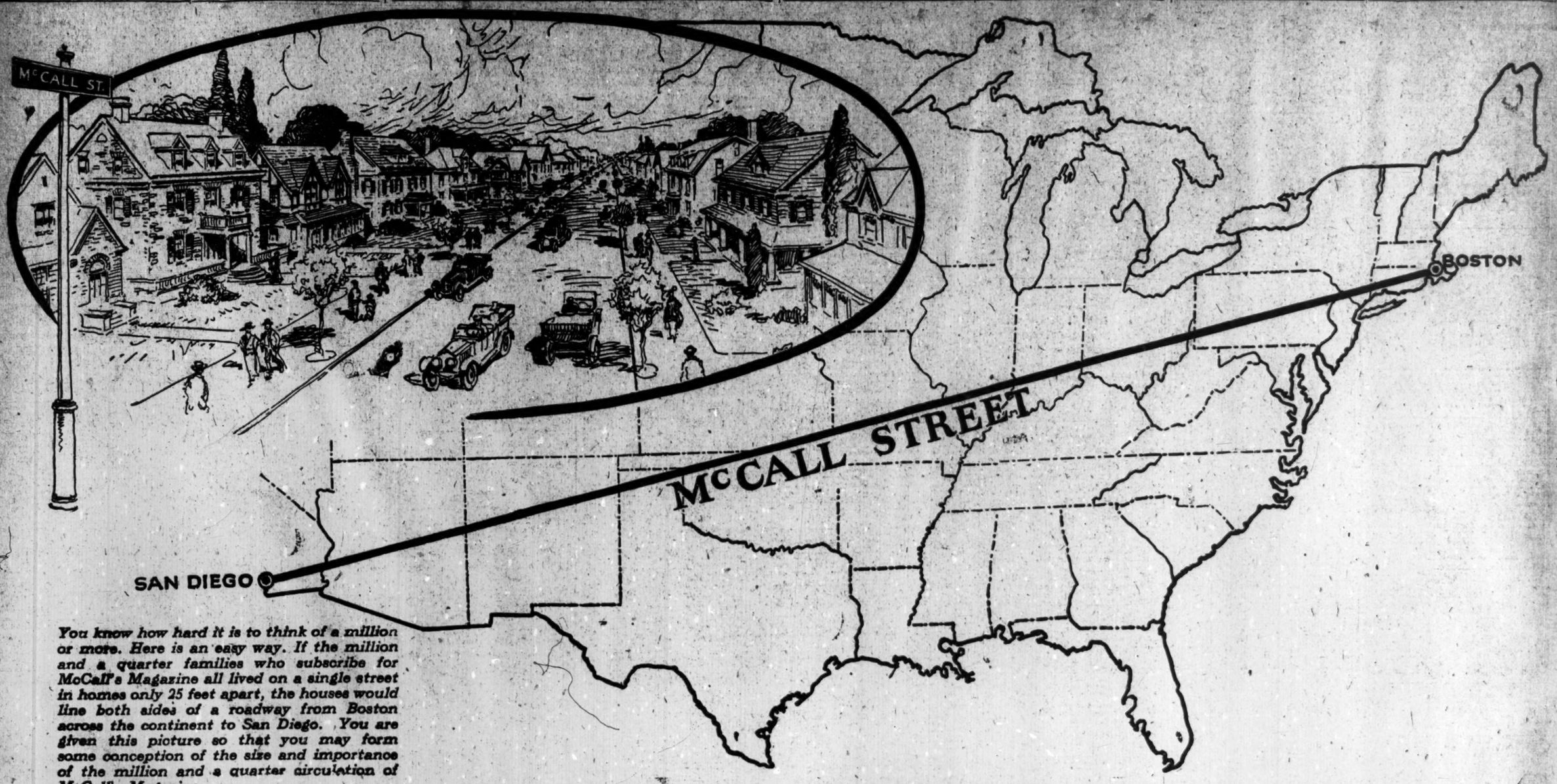

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